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FINANCIALTIMES

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# Go-ahead for **UN** peace force in Yugoslavia

FT No. 31,684 • THE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1992

A United Nations peacekeeping operation in Yugoslavia could get under way within weeks after UN secretary-general Boutros Boutros Ghali said he would recommend the send-ing of a 10,000 strong force.

The operation, expected to be largely made up of Euro-peans, is likely to cost \$400m in its first year. Page 14; Marching to different tunes,

Storms kill six Southern California's worst storms for 100 years have killed at least six people. Many more are feared swept away by sudden torrents gushing along normally dry river beds.

Moslems die in raid Two Moslem militants and a soldier were killed in a raid on a military barracks in Algiers. Moslems are campaigning for a return to free elections. Page 4

Nasa head sacked Former astronaut Admiral Richard Truly was fired as head of the US National Aeronautics and Space Administration. Page 4

Ethnic tension in CIS Pormer Soviet foreign minister Eduard Shevardnadze said ethnic tension was growing in the Commonwealth of Independent States, but predicted that conflict in his native Georgia could be settled this year.

Plea from Rushdie **Author Salman Rushdie** appealed to the UK government to persuade Iran to lift the death sentence against him passed three years ago today after publication of his novel The Satanic Verses.

Kashmiri march ended Indian police in Srinagar dispersed 4,000 pro-independence Kashmiris who planned to march from the Pakistani side of the disputed Jammu and

IRA killer to return IRA fugitive Joe Doherty lost his eight-year fight to avoid deportation from the US. He is expected to be returned to Belfast within days to resume an SAS man.

Fraud office option

The UK government would consider allowing the Serious Fraud Office to opt for civil instead of criminal proceeding in prosecuting large fraud cases, corporate affairs minister John Redwood said in an Interview with the Financial Times. Page 6

Earter CFC ben Denmark will ban the use of ozone-destroying CFC gases from the end of 1994, five years

earlier than planned. Second homes attacked France's ultra-right National Front party said the growing numbers of British, Dutch and in rural France were forcing

farmers from their land. Honour for rock singer American rock singer and song Writer Lou Reed is to become an officer of the French Order of Arts and Letters, France's second highest artistic honour.

# Weekend

Tomorrow: The high-rolling life and violent death of a gambling king

The artistic traveller's guide to Berlin

CONTENTS

Long road to an Emu .

political upheaval .....



# **Business Summary US economy** begins to show signs of recovery

US retail sales jumped 0.6 per cent in January while previous months' figures were revised sharply upwards, providing tentative evidence that the economy is in better shape than some analysts feared.

At the same time sales fig-ures from Ford and General Motors for the first 10 days of February were stronger than expected, suggesting a recov-ery of demand in the car industry. Page 14

JAPAN'S trade surplus for January recorded a fourfold year-on-year increase to \$3.84bn.

KENYAN government has reassured the banking sector after the Central Bank began an operation this week to rescue two banks facing liquidity problems. Page 4

BRITISH Petroleum held its final dividend, blaming poor fourth-quarter results which saw profits plunge to £72m (\$130m) from £456m. Page 15; Lex, Page 14; Chairman's role questioned, Page 16

COLGATE-PALMOLIVE, US household products company, is to buy Mennen Company, privately owned personal care products manufacturer, for about \$670m. Page 15

HANSON, Anglo-US conglomerate, announced a new dividend policy to minimise its tax charge as it reported a 6 per cent fall in pre-tax profits in the first quarter to the end of December 1991. Page 15

UNILEVER, Anglo-Dutch food and consumer products company, has put up for sale most of its agribusiness interests. Page 15; Lex, Page 14

BANK of England governor, Robin Leigh-Pemberton, said European economic and mone tary union need not lead to federalism in the European Community. Page 14; Editorial Comment, Page 12

of the unification boom has pushed orders for west German manufactured goods back to mid-1988 levels, Page 2

**FUJISANKEI** Communications holder of 25 per cent of Virgin Music Group, is likely to sell its stake if moves to bring in a new majority shareholder are successful Page 16; Home

but not alone, Page 9 HONDA, Japanese carmaker, has protested against a US gov-ernment ruling that cars assembled at its Ontario plant fail to comply with the duty-free threshold of the US-Can-

ada free trade pact. Page 3 AUSTRALIA'S unemployment rate dropped in January to 10.3 per cent from a record 10.6 per cent in December. Page 4

UNITAS, Finnish banking group, announced a FM128m (\$29.3m) profit for 1991, compared with FM480m for the previous 12 months. Page 16

CBS, US media group, posted a net loss of \$85.8m for 1991, after an after-tax loss of \$195.5m from its baseball and football coverage. Page 17

NEW ZRALAND dairy farmers, who suffered a disastrous season last year, face a brighter future thanks to currency changes and firmer international demand. Page 24

New 'Swedish model': Prime minister Carl Bildt aims to restore national dynamism ......2

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opment of the Global Environment Facility .....5

Richard Branson: The Virgin group founder still believes in 'small is beautiful'

Editorial Comments Piling jobs on the pyre;

Henson: Likely candidates to take over at the

Scotland: Why businessmen fear a possible

ucts are expected after changes to the law ... 19

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acquisitive UK conglomerate .......

Sony's Akio Morita says why Japan must 'reinvent' itself



imi. Capital Markets ....

.... 32 Letters ...

"Japan must change We are doing business all over the world, society is becoming borderless. The concept of competition must be considered in that light in the long run we have to harmonise conditions."

London .. Unit Trusts

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STERLING New York (un \$1,7695 \$1,7705 (1,7885) DM2.8725 (2.875) FFr9.7875 (9.7925) SFr2.58 (2.5725) Y226.0 (228.0)

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information company, was shown to have provided politi-cians and executives with cut-

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SFr1.4575 (1.4385) 3259.17 (-17.68) S&P Comp 414.83 (-2.30) Tokyo close: 127.33 Tokyo: Nikkei 21,391,02 (-150,62) LONDON MONEY 3-month interbank: 1016% (same)

# Steep rise in UK to Conservatives

By Peter Marsh and Philip Stephens in London

A SHARP rise in UK unemployment last month delivered a sharp blow yesterday to the ruling Conservative party's confidence about the economy.

Together with news of record house repossessions and

an early cut in interest rates and action to help the economy in next month's budget.

Seasonally adjusted unem-ployment rose in January by 58,000, nearly twice the figure expected by analysts and the biggest monthly increase since August. The increase brought to just over Im the headline count of job losses since British unemployment started ris-ing in March 1990. Repossession of homes by

mortgage lenders reached more than 75,000 in 1991, while factories cut their capital spending the previous 12 months.

There were angry exchanges in Parliament, where Mr Neil Kinnock, the Labour opposition leader, said the unemployment figures were "devastating" and accused the government of having caused Mr Kinnock made clear that

Labour would keep the govern-ment's economic record at the heart of the general election

**UK unemployment** 

million - seasonally adjusted

ມີນຄ'87 88 89 90 91 92 that the unemployment figures were "disappointing", other

government ministers hinted that the March 10 budget, as well as cutting income tax, would include measures to help the unemployed.
The 22nd consecutive monthly rise in unemployment pushed the adjusted jobless fig-ure to 2.6m, the highest for

> cent of the workforce were without jobs last month, up from 9.0 per cent in December, and marks an apparent quickening in the pace of unemploy-The figures follow a spate of announcements of big job losses across industry, and

four years. It means 9.2 per

indications of a decline in business confidence - which some believe may put back an upturn until well into this

Mr Peter Spencer, UK econoprime minister, acknowledged Brothers, a US securities

house, said: "A lot of compa nies are giving up the ghost on any early recovery, and are moving to cut costs by shed-ding labour."

One piece of good news for Mr Lamont was that the index

of underlying earnings across the economy rose in the 12 months to December by 7% per cent, compared with the November figure of 7% per cent. The rise, the smallest since the late 1960s, underlines the decline in inflationary pressures which the government believes will lead on to a sustained recovery.

Looking ahead to the budget,

Mr Michael Howard, employment secretary, said he had "no doubt at all" that the budget measures would help boost

employment. Mr John Maples, a Treasury minister, said that the tax burden would continue to fail "this year and next", as it had done since 1981.

But the prime minister faced strong attacks from both Mr Kitmock and Mr Paddy Ashdown, the Liberal Democrat leader, over his refusal to introduce an emergency package of measures to stimulate the economy. As Mr Major insisted that

the government's strategy had laid the foundations for sustained economic recovery, some ministers joined a growing chorus of calls from backbench Conservative MPs for an immediate cut in interest rates.

Tide fails to turn for the job-less in manufacturing, Page 6 Editorial Comment, Page 12

Ford announces loss of \$2.26bn in 1991



# **Democrats** reconsider candidacy as Clinton's edge wanes

D 8523A

By Lione! Barber

SEVERAL US congressional Democrats are taking a second look at entering the 1992 presidential campaign because of fears that Governor Bill Clinton's chances have been irreparably damaged by charges of draft-dodging.

The leading contenders include Senator Lloyd Bentsen of Texas, Congressman Rich ard Gephardt of Missouri, the House Majority leader, and Senator Jay Rockefeller of West Virginia. None has shown his hand, but neither have they cut off speculation about a future candidacy.

Much will depend on the outcome of next Tuesday's primary election in New Hamp-shire, where Mr Clinton, once the overwhelming favourite, has seen his lead vanish in the wake of allegations of adultery and renewed controversy over draft-evasion 23 years ago.

A prominent Democratic strategist on Capitol Hill said yesterday: "Clinton is finished. Electability is the issue and Clinton cannot make that case anymore,"

Another Democrat speculated that if Mr Clinton, gover-nor of Arkansas, fared poorly in New Hampshire, a group of southern senators and congressmen and regional officials would press for a national figure such as Mr Bentsen, Mr Gephardt or Sena tor Albert Gore of Tennessee to enter the race.

These arguments are propelled by general dissatisfac-tion with the quality of the current Democratic candidates, most of whom are viewed as "second tier". Mr Clinton, a centrist southerner with broad appeal among liberals and conservatives, was seen as the best candidate to beat President George Bush in

November.
The problem for new contenders is that filing deadlines for 27 states will have passed after the New Hampshire primary, covering almost 60 per cent of the delegates to the national convention which will select the presidential nominee. This makes a late entry hard, but not impossible if Mr Clinton throws his delegates to another contender who has national stature and can raise money.

Pressure for a Southern can-didate will increase if former Senator Paul Tsongas of Massachusetts scores a blg victory next Tuesday, because his Continued on page 14

### fourth quarter figures, but is widely expected to lose between \$550m and \$750m in In the fourth quarter alone, Ford said that there was a net the quarter, before any special loss of \$475.7m, or around \$1.03

after tax in 1991, further underlining the severe problems faced by the US car industry. a share, compared with a \$518.5m deficit a year earlier. The Detroit carmaker had already issued warnings of

FORD, the second biggest US

motor manufacturer, yesterday revealed that it lost \$2.26bn

losses for the second half of 1991, and the fourth quarter

JAPAN witnessed the

JAPAN witnessed the ceremonial start yesterday to another long-playing scandal. Investigators raided company offices and gangster haunts, and hinted that they were following a trail of alleged bribery likely to lead to the upper ranks of the ruling Liberal Democratic party (LDP).

Details of the Sagawa Kyubin Scandal have been common knowledge for several

mon knowledge for several months, and the first whispers were heard a year ago. But a

scandal does not become a Scandal in Japan until police

and prosecutors, in the presence of television cameras, go through the motions of a large-scale raid, signifying to the

nation that the game has

For the moment, the targets

of police questioning are two former executives of the Tokyo

sagawa Kyubin, the country's second largest parcel delivery company, and members of inagawakai, the gangster group also entangled in the securities industry scandals last year.

However, it was quickly noted that the net figure was flattered by a large tax credit - \$395.4m for the year - and described the underlying perhestrinen the underlying performance as "disappointing". By lunchtime, Ford shares were one half higher at \$35%.

Ford's results follow a \$74m pre-tax loss by Chrysler in the fourth quarter, and a warning by the smallest of the "Dis

better than some had feared.

by the smallest of the "Big Three" Detroit motor compa-

MPs suspected as Japan

faces yet another scandal

Prosecutors allege that the former Tokyo Sagawa execu-tives, Mr Hiroyasu Watanabe

and Mr Jun Saotome, had abused their authority by

organising Y528bn (\$4.29bn) in loans and guarantees, much of it for land and stock speculation. And, the prosecutors suggest, some of the funds eventually.

ally came to rest in the bank accounts of leading MPs, both

television stations with charts

showing the complex route fol-lowed by the parcel company's

money, Japanese were left wondering last night whether

they would be eventually treated to another spate of

political resignations or

whether prosecutors will be content to put a few allegedly corrupt executives in the

The case resembles the

Recruit Scandal of three years ago, when Recruit, a business

While prosecutors furnished

government and opposition

nies that it might lose substan-tially more than that in the earnings figure was slightly first quarter of 1992. General Motors, the largest US carmaker, has yet to report

charges, and with a loss for the full year of several billion dol-

Ford's full-year loss compares with a profit of \$860.1m in 1990. The company said that

price shares in return for assistance to the ambitious and

fast-expanding company.

Mr Noboru Takeshita was

forced to resign as prime min-ister and the LDP was badly

bruised in an upper house elec-

tion. Yet only two minor politi-clans were indicted on bribery

charges, and many implicated MPs have returned to high office, including the present prime minister, Mr Kiichi

Like Recruit, Tokyo Sagawa

Kyubin was a corporate upstart, having become the

largest and most successful subisidary of Sagawa Kyubin,

a Kyoto company founded in 1957. And like Recruit, a few

executives at the parcel deliv-

ery company had sought to win friends and influence peo-

ple within important Japanese

institutions, including the government and the gangs.

The very public investiga-

tion is now focused on whether

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FT-SE Eurotrack 100:

FT-SE 100: Yield 4.87

worldwide sales totalled \$88.3bn, down by 9.6 per cent from 1990. Within the overall profits total, the automotive operations lost \$3.19bn (compared with earnings of \$98.7m in the previous year), while the financial services group contributed a \$927.5m profit, up 22 per cent on the previous year. Automotive losses within the US reached \$2.2bn, a huge increase on the 1990 loss of \$17m. Outside the US, Ford's problems stemmed principally

from the UK - with Ford of Britain making a \$761m deficit and Jaguar returning a \$354m loss. Together, these outweighed profits in continental Europe, and brought losses outside the US to \$970m.

The company lost share in the US, ending the year with around 20.1 per cent of the market, down by 1 percentage point on 1990.

Lex, Page 14; Background, Page 15

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# over economic failure in east

By Quentin Peel in Bonn

THE GERMAN government was accused yesterday of presiding over the de-industrialisation of the former East Germany, and failing to develop a coherent industrial policy to

The charge was made by opposition speakers, who blamed the government for excessive optimism about economic recovery in the east, and for underestimating the cost of its collapse for the western

Members of the government insisted recovery was on the way, and accused the opposition of blocking tax reforms to gain electoral advantage, although all the benefit would

The angry exchanges domi-nated the parliamentary debate on the annual economic report of the government, and on the parallel debate on the tax reforms, currently deadlocked between the Bundestag and Bundesrat, the two houses of

the German parliament.
The increasingly bitter German economic debate takes place against a background of conflicting conclusions about the east German economy, with Chancellor Helmut Kohl and his colleagues talking about recovery within five years, while economists say it will take 20 years or more to latest study by the Prognos institute in Basle (carried out for the federal Economics Ministry) predicts that by 2010, per capita GNP in the east will be about 87 per cent of that in the

Mr Wolfgang Roth, economics spokesman for the opposi-tion Social Democrats (SPD), said east Germany was threat-ened with "broad stretches of de-industrialisation". The government was presiding over a "catastrophic development" in eastern industry, because it refused to draw up a coherent

industrial policy. He called for a coherent, and legally-based, rehabilitation policy for the Treuhand agency, which has hitherto concentrated overwhelmingly on privatisation of east Ger-

man industry.

He also called for a specific policy of public support for "structurally-essential" indus-tries, to prevent entire industrial areas from closing. And he proposed a "co-operation policy" to bring together cen-tral government, the state governments, employers, unions and the Treuhand, to agree on

Mr Jürgen Möllemann, the economics minister, repeated his plea to unions and employers to show restraint in the current wage round to bring inflation back below 4 per cent.

# Kohl attacked | UN troops set to march to different tunes | Solchaga '

Judy Dempsey and Laura Silber on conflicting Yugoslav views about the forces' goal

BARRING a complete breakdown of the cease-fire, more than 10,000 United Nations peacekeeping troops will soon be on their way to the former Yugoslav republic of Croatia. Mr Cyrus Vance, the UN

envoy, has managed to secure agreement for their deploy-ment from Serbia's President Slobodan Milosevic, Croatia's President Franjo Tudiman, and the federal army. Mr Milan Babic, head of the self-pro-claimed Serbian republic of Krajina in south-western Croa-tia, has yet to fully commit

Under terms proposed last December, it was suggested that the UN force would con-sist of about 10 infantry battalions, 100 military observers, 500 police monitors, and neces-sary civilian and military support. These would be deployed in three areas in Croatia to be designated as UN Protected Areas (UNPAs).

It is in these regions – east-ern and western Slavonia, eastern and central Croatia, and the Serb enclave of Krajina - where Serbs form either a majority or or a substantial minority, and where tensions between Serbs and Croats have led to local civil wars.

areas, the UN wants to demilitarise them rapidly, withdraw, disband, or demobilise all armed forces; and protect people living there from attack.

The UN is insisting that Croatia's territorial defence units, and other units in the UNPAs, must hand over all

**OECD** sees

Portugal in

ERM entry

membership of the exchange rate mechanism of the Euro-

pean Monetary System would help bring down inflation and

curb the country's growing economic imbalances, the

Organisation for Economic

Co-operation and Development

suggests today. In its latest report on the

principal weak point in its gen-

The Paris-based secretariat

entry into the EC's system of

exchange rate management

Portuguese

gains for

By David Marsh,

European Editor

As a means of stabilising the

weapons to the federal army, Croatia's National Guard, or to UN forces; that all units of the

public order in the UNPAs will be the responsibility of local police forces who would reflect the national composition of the local population, and who lived in the region before the conflict broke out on June 25.

Having learned from the 14 ceasefires brokered by the European Community, UN

negotiators have ironed out all possible ambiguities in the text for deploying troops. Nevertheless, all sides in the conflict hold different views about the UN's goals.

wants the troops in the repub-lic for a minimum period to

facilitate local, parliamentary and presidential elections. The UN has said its mandate will be reviewed every six months. Croat officials also believe that any extended UN presence would coment the gains of Serb militants and Serbia at the

expense of regaining for Croatia that third of its territory held by the federal army.

For this reason, Zagreb wants the UN mandate to go to include helping Croatia regain all its territory. The UN has repeatedly stated that any deployment of troops "would not prejudge the outcome of political negotiations for a comprehensive settlement of the Yugoslav crisis". That

remains the EC's task. Serbia wants the UN troops deployed not only because maintaining the federal army has become too expensive, but also because Mr Milosevic believes the UN will consolidate some Serbian gains.

However, the growing con-sensus among Croat and Serb liberals is that Serb militants in certain regions in Croatia are likely to quit once the fed-eral army, their supporters,

have withdrawn.
As for Mr Babic, he fears for the safety of Serbs in Krajina if local Serbs disarm. In a letter sent yesterday to Mr Boutros Ghali, UN secretary-general, he warned the safety of UN troops could not be guaranteed.

Western diplomats in Belgrade believe the longer the delay in deploying the troops the greater the chance of the ceasefire collapsing, and all

territorial entitles claiming independence, and to point to the isolation of the Russians in

other republics Though he was not invited, Mr Dmitri Vasiliev emerged as

a dominating personality. He is

overtly racist organisation which claims to be the leader

of the patriotic movement by

its early articulation of the theme of a Russia threatened

by cosmopolitan culture and

capital - dominated of course

Other speakers inveighed

against those radicals who

have proposed that Russia

must allow its separate

national groupings a national statehood within the federa-

tion - as Mr Yeltsin once did,

by international Jewry.

ader of Pamyat (Memory), an

Banco Santander, and a sharp rise in car sales in January, putting the country in a qui-etly confident mood. It also seems clear that the spring wage round, which is getting into its stride with a series of predictable public

Community colleagues next month and it promises rigor-ously to attack public spend-ing. His problem is in implementation, and whether he can win support from Mr Felige Gonzalez, the prime minister, and the socialist party hierar-

noamericano, insists that 1983; inflation of between 5.5 and 6.0 per cent is probable and that the commercial bank interest rate cuts are not necessarily based on healthy projections for domestic inflation.

Rather, he and other analysts agree that the strains being placed on the peseta by the weakness of the pound sterling in the exchange rate mechanism of the the European Monetary System could force cuts in official Spanish rates.

Certainly, if UK interest rates are cut before a general election, the Spanish are unlikely to try to resist a corresponding cut themselves.

# Deployment areas for UN peacekeeping forces SLOVENIA CROATIA VOJVODINA Osljek ROMANIA Petrinia **BOSNIA** SERBIA MONTENEGRO BULGARIA KOSOVO MACEDONIA 75 miles GREECE 120 km

# federal army be relocated outside Croatia; and that all Ser-bian territorial, paramilitary, irregular and volunteer units not from the region withdraw

By John Lloyd in Moscow

PRESIDENT Boris Yeltsin

arrives in Minsk today laden with political baggage. The meeting of Commonwealth of Independent States leaders

brings together men who will ostensibly seek ways of fur-thering CIS interests, but who

are actually immersed in the

inevitably divisive process of

building nations. Mr Yeltsin is well aware of

the nationalist voices in the

CIS. He has recently heard them on his own doorstep in

Moscow. But Russia, as heir apparent to most of the central

structures and foreign policy of the former Soviet Union, has

an inherent interest in sustain-

ing the Commonwealth. The

Minsk meetings are essential for maintaining some form of

collective command system but they are also a centri-fuge – without momentum,

This means that little can be

expected from the Common-

wealth and that everything

depends on the political forces

which succeed in articulating

the components separate.

nomic programme.

The Croatian government

CIS bobs on the nationalist tide

restore stability which would

conference of "patriotic" organ A FURTHER dilution of the economic reform programme isations, led by the small Christian Democrat and Conwas signalled yesterday by Mr Buris Yeltsin, writes John Lloyd. He told parliament: "It's clear we need a range of measures, which cannot be delayed, to stimulate our ecostitutional Democrat (Cadet) parties. Delegates met to express their frustration with the disintegration of the Russian Federation into ethnic and

Government ministers, including the two deputy prime ministers, Mr Yegor Galdar and Mr Alexander Shokhin, have both prepared the ground for shifts in policy – saying that social protection would have to be increased because of a higher than expected rise in prices. Ministers believe the changes so far decreed - by a cut in

the 28 per cent rate of VAT to nil on canteen meals and to 15 per cent on a range of food and other products, coupled with profits limits — are regrettable but will not fundamentally affect their ability to cut the vast budget deficit.

However, any further decisions to increase wages and state benefits, coupled with further reductions of taxes, would, they believe, break the budget and destroy reform.

At the centre is Russia. Mr attracted large numbers but Yeltsin has promised that Rus-sia has ceased to be imperial in its thinking; but he is hard pressed by politicians with a different aim.

Last weekend, two kinds of opposition forces held gather- and the St Andrew's Cross. ings in Moscow. The first were - There is little doubt that it is the reconstituted Communists, demanding the end of a government which had brought ruin to the people. They

are hampered by their ideology: the leaders are nostalgic for Soviet communism, yet marching with them were vari-ous Russian-nationalists waving the old imperial standard the nation, not the Union or communism, to which most

eople now look in his period of opposition to More coherent was a two-day Mr Mikhail Gorbachev. people now look.

# Vnesheconombank to be split into three

reasons. Vnesheconombank has refused to issue cash to its ers and appears to have

# inflation success

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By Peter Bruce in Madrid

FOR THE past two weeks Spain's veteran finance minis-ter, Mr Carlos Soichaga, has been telling the country that inflation for January of any-thing less than 2 per card thing less than 2 per cent would be a great success.

would be a great success.
Yesterday, he seemed to
have engineered himself a victory with a figure of 1.5 per
cent, even though it was still
one of the strongest monthly
rises in the past three years,
taking year-on-year inflation to
5.9 per cent and clearly breaking with the downward trend ing with the downward trend since last summer. Spain ended 1991 with inflation of 5.5

The Madrid stock market The Madrid stock market reacted happily to the news, rising slightly, and the government, naturally, trumpetedia success. January's inflation figure was always going to be had since average VAT rates have risen from 12 per cent to 13 per cent this year.

The January inflation figure did not include an annual revision of house price increase. Analysts say this implies the figures are understated by 0.4 percentage points.

The inflation figurefollows interest rate cuts of half a point by Spain's two most aggressive commercial banks. Banco Bilbao Vizcaya and

transport strikes in Madrid and Barcelona, will see salary rises of about one percentage point less than last year. For the moment, Mr Solchaga is sticking to an inflation "target" of around 5 per cent for the year. It is assumed that February and March price rises coul take inflation to close to 7 per cent a year, but the govern-ment is obviously having some success in slowing down the

Mr Solchaga is also prepar-ing to present Spain's Conver-gence Plan to his European

Mr Jorge Hay, chief economist at Banco Central Hispe-

while revenue is drawn dispro-

# Manufacturing falls to 1988 levels

By Christopher Parkes in Bonn and Leslie Colitt in Berlin

THE end of Germany's unification boom has pushed orders for west German manufactured goods and plant utilisation in factories back to mid-1988 levels, according to fig-ures published today by the Ifo economics institute in Frank-

Industrialists expect stagna-tion "at best" for the coming months, the institute says, and they are increasingly doubtful that use of existing capacity will reach "satisfactory" levels in the year ahead. Investment goods makers, for example, which are now working at 84.8 per cent capacity, expect continuing contraction. The new data and opinions,

lar business surveys, suggest that hopes of improvement depend more on increased overseas demand than any The delicacy of the economic

balance is underscored by a claim from the DIW institute in Berlin that west Germany's real gross national product (GNP) fell by half a percentage point in the last quarter of 1991. If confirmed, this would be the third decline in succes-

"The latest industrial orders figures show that the western economy is going through a difficult phase," DIW says in a report to be published today. The institute, a recognised authority on east Germany, also claims that real GNP in the east fell 30 per cent last year, compared with the hitherto accepted estimate of 20 per The correction stems partly,

the institute says, from the discovery that increases in output from the construction industry have been "clearly over-esti-mated". Construction is one of the main motors driving the eastern economy towards offi-cially forecast growth of 10 per cent this year.
The DIW also reported that the Treuhand privatisation

instead of using the money to modernise and restructure The institute said the Treu-

agency was increasing liquid-ity loans to its ailing east Ger-man companies this year

# **Manufacturing orders** 3.25

year DM9.9bn, nearly one third of the Treuhand's budget, went toward restructuring its com-panies while DM4.5bn was

DIW proposed that instead of subsidising wages, the Treu-hand should give reducing wage subsidies for a limited period of time to companies which are to be restructured. It also suggested that old debts of companies be cancelled and be transfered to the federal budget. Both Bonn and the Treu-hand recently suggested that the east German state govern-ments might want to invest in not otherwise be rescued. But the Länder governments them-

"uncontrollable purposes."
Instead, investment loans and company capitalisation should be increased - up to a fixed limit - and be tied to the level of non-guaranteed bank loans obtained by the companies. They would also be required to achieve profitability by a given The institute said that last

funds to only DM11.5bn, according to DIW.

selves almost totally depend on funds from Bonn which faces a myriad of financial demands

from east Germany.

# Portuguese economy, the OECD pimpoints the failure to meet inflation targets as a erally good economic performance since joining the EC in

which were using them for

spent on guaranteed liquidity loans. These were largely used to pay wages, salaries and other running costs. This year the Treuband plans to guaran-tee DM8bn in liquidity loans while boosting restructuring

# hand should stop guaranteeing

"could help to ease the costs of lowering inflation". It would prepare Portugal for the eventual goal of European Mone tary Union. However, the OECD recognised the difficulties of bringing the escudo into the ERM during a period of high inflation.
Consumer price inflation stood at 11.4 per cent last year – compared with an EC average of 4.8 per cent. It is likely

to fall only slowly to 10.5 per cent this year and 9.9 per cent in 1993, well above the government's target of 8 per cent.

Steady growth of gross domestic product is expected over the next two years - 2.6 per cent this year, and 2.7 per cent in 1993. Last year's growth of 2.7 per cent represented a sharp fall compared with the average growth of 4.5 per cent

in the preceding five years.

Although the OECD praised
Portugal's "excellent output
performance" since EC membership, it pointed to increasing imbalances as a result of high wage growth and booming private consumption. Real wages rose 5 per cent in 1991 and would continue to outstrip the OECD said.

The visible trade deficit, already 11.5 per cent of GDP in 1991, is likely to widen further,

leading to a growing shortfall on current account - forecast at 2.5 per cent of GDP next

### THE TOP executives of the bankrupt Soviet Vneshecon-ombank (Bank for Foreign Economic Affairs) have been

suspended and replaced by Mr Yuri Ponomaryev, former vice-president of the Parisbased. Soviet-owned Eurobank and former head of the mone-

tary department of the Soviet third to strive to continue acting as a conduit for the repay-Mr Ponomaryev's main to wil be to divide the bank into three parts: one to merge with the Vneshtorgbank, or Russian trade bank; the second to launch itself as an indepen-

ment of Soviet debt. No principal on the debt - estimated at \$70bn-\$80bn - is being paid, by agreement with creditors, and interest payments have slipped in recent weeks for "technical"

used hard currency deposits of its Soviet customers to pay off debt. Its inability to guarantee deposits has helped stimulate a massive flight of capital to foreign bank accounts.

# Commission fends off attacks on spending plans

By David Buchan in Brussels and Alice Rawsthorn in Paris share of the current EC five-THE European Commission

yesterday defended its proposal to increase EC spending by a third by 1997 as "balanced and coherent", and suggested a spe-cial summit in April to approve the plan, if the British election was over by then.
These confident claims from

the Commission contrasted with the reaction from most member states, particularly the biggest actual or potential net contributors to the EC budget. German diplomats in Brussels noted that Bonn's finances were now under greater pres-sure than in 1988 when it

year financing plan. Britain and France, the other two net contributors, would see their contributions rise by around Eculbn (£710m) for Britain, say UK officials. Italy, hitherto a net beneficiary from the EC, is set for "a bitter awakening", according to Mr Carlo Ripa di Meana, one of Italy's EC commissioners. Mr John Major,the UK prime

minister, yesterday added to criticism of the proposed increases, saying there was already scope for raising further money under existing

The prime minister told parliament: "There is already scope for significantly increased expenditure within the existing 'own resources'

The fate of the Commission plan to increase spending from Ecu66.6bn to Ecu87.5bn over the next five years will become clearer when BC foreign ministers discuss it on March 2. Mr Jacques Delors, the Commission president, wants the Por-tinguese presidency of the EC to call a special "budget" sum-mit in April. Lisbon has baulked at this,

cials do not privately contest this prediction, but say EC leaders need a first stab at the problem to achieve final success at the Lisbon summit in In place of the periodic rows over how much to give the

would fail. Commission offi-

Community, Mr Pierre Bérégo-voy, France's finance minister, yesterday suggested an EC tax, whose receipts would go auto-matically to Brussels. But no state backed this idea when the Commission raised it last

portionately from countries where consumption is high in relation to wealth. Britain, with a relatively small farm sector but high consumption (as measured by its value added tax base), is doubly hit. Its net contribution would be Ecusion this year (more than half Germany's) were it not for its rebate, negotiated in 1984 and reconfirmed in 1988. This rebate which the second reconfirmed in 1988. rebate, which returns to Lon-don two-thirds of the difference between most of the UK's EC payments and receipts, brings the UK net contribution down to Ecu3bn in 1992.

Bildt: trying to restore

# Zealous premier charts a fresh course for Sweden

MR Carl Bildt, the Conservative Swedish prime minister, is a 42-year-old intellectual who combines the looks of a technocratic college boy with the zeal of a revolutionary.

The "Swedish model" forged through 60 years of Social Democrat-dominated social welfare and state corporatism is dead. Mr Bildt, in

office since October, is presiding over a free-market programme of economic and social reform designed to restore the country's lost dynamism. He is trying to break the mould in foreign policy too. On his way to the US for an official visit next week, he observes drily that Americans have grown used to Swedish government aders "aligning themselves with rev-

olutionary tendencies in the third world" But Mr Bildt wants to end Sweden's semi-isolation from the rest of Europe and even talks of his country becom-

ing an "active player" in collective European security. During an interview this week, Mr rule of Mrs Margaret Thatcher - a

lenges. Weathering its second successive year of economic contraction, Sweden is undergoing its worst recession since the 1920s. Traditionally-low Swedish unemployment is set to rise sharply this year from 3 to 5 per cent.

David Marsh and Robert Taylor interview the Swedish prime minister

He insists there can be no turning back on his ambitious plans for cut-ting taxes, privatising state industry and restoring incentives for wealth creation. After two decades in the economic doldrums, his objective is to put Sweden on track for a 3 per centplus growth rate from the mid-1990s Mr Bildt likes to quote a phrase

made famous in Britain during the

politician he admires far less than German Chancellor Helmut Kohl. "There is no alternative." he expounds. Look at the other possible ways. Subsidising industry - no-one thinks it works. We tried devaluation that was wrong. The Social Democrats now are proposing more taxes and more spending. They don't seriously believe in it themselves."

Heading a four-party government without a parliamentary majority, Mr.

Bildt has surprised even his friends by his skill in easing coalition strains and giving his administration a sense of purpose. He has so far lived up to his election promises to promote budgetary austerity. And he plans to con-front the power of Sweden's huge pub-lic service sector with radical plans to curb spending and improve efficiency. Most striking of all, he is on a colli-sion course with Volvo, Sweden's largest company, over its plan to take over Procordia, the diversified conglomerate jointly owned by the state and the Gothenburg-based car maker.

Sweden's industrialists have wel-omed Mr Bildt. But by rejecting Vol-make Sweden a full member by Janucomed Mr Bildt. But by rejecting Vol-vo's bid for a company which is high on the government's list of privatisation candidates, Mr Bildt has sent a signal to the boardrooms that the old style of doing business is no longer acceptable.

Chastising Mr Pehr Gyllenhammar. the Volvo chairman, for trying to push the deal through without full consultation, Mr Bildt remarks: "We do things somewhat differently under this government."
Mr Bildt's missionary enthusiasm

extends to the goal of European inte-gration. He envisages Sweden eventually leading a "Nordic revival" - both by entering the European Community and strengthening ties to the emerg-ing democracies of the east, particu-larly the Baltic states and the St Petersburg region of Russia.

Sweden's change of heart on Europe was signalled by the previous Social Democrat administration, which applied to join last July. Mr

ary 1 1995. This involves a painful period of adjustment – and the tightest of timetables. Constitutional requirements mean that the country needs an agreement on accession by December 1993, nine months before the next general election. Otherwise, the earliest date for EC membership would be delayed until 1998.

The government wants early membership of the European Monetary System - perhaps as soon as the end

Mr Bildt brushes aside the sugges tion that Swedish voters will see his pro-Europe policies as the basic cause of rising unemployment - an out-come which could cause rejection of EC membership in the referendum planned for 1994. "I don't see the risk they will blame Europe. They will blame the government," he declares. Staying true to his European convic-tions, he adds: "And that will be a

The Financial Times (Enrope) Ltd Published by The Financial Times (Enrope) Ltd. Frankfurt Branch, Nibelangenplatz 3, 6000 Frankfurt-am-Main I: Telephone 49 69 156850; Pax 49 69 3964481; Telex 416193. Represented by E. Hago, Frankfurt/Main, and, as members of the Board of Directors, R.A.F., McClean, G.T.S. Damer, A.C. Miller, D.R.P. Palmer, London, Printer: DVM GmbH-Hürriyet International, 6078 Neu-Isenberg 4, Frankfurt Responsible editor: Richard Lambert, Financial Times, Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1, 9HL. The Financial Times, Ltd. 1992.

Ltd. 1992
Registered office: Number One, Southwark Bridge, Londom SEI 9HL. Company incorporated under the laws of England and Water. Chairman: D.E.P. Palmer. Main shareholders: The Financial News Limited, Publishing director: J. Rolley, 168 Rue de Rivoli, 75044 Paris Codex Ul. Tel: (01) 4297 0621; Faz: (01) 4297 0629. Editor: Richard Lambert-Printer: SA Nord Eclair, 15/21 Rue de Calve, 59100 Resbalk Cedex I. ISSN: ISSN 1148-2753. Commission Paritaire No 67808D.

Funncial Times (Scandinavia) Visuand-skaftet 42A, DK-1161 Copunhagen-K, Denmark, Telephone (33) 13 44 41, Fax (33) 935335.

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**US** over ruling

for tighter and clearer rules of

origin in the Nafta pact. Can-

ada is likely to refer the Honda ruling to a bilateral dispute settlement panel.

Honda's US subsidiary con-

ciudes in a letter sent to US Customs Commissioner, Mrs

that it "is only the first of

many Canadian manufacturers

who will face irrational and

absurd interpretations of the FTA by Customs, essentially

nullifying much of the benefits

The FTA allows cars built in Canada to be imported duty-free to the US provided they

have a minimum North Ameri-

can content of 50 per cent. The

dispute centres on what consti-tutes local content. While Can-

ada issued rules-of-origin guidelines to the automotive industry in 1988, the US only produced guidelines last month. According to Honda, most of the US guidelines "take the opposite position from those adopted by Canada, although both are interpreting

although both are interpreting the same FTA language". For instance, the Customs Service has disallowed spend-

ing on worker health and safety as well as environmen-tal protection on the grounds that they are not "directly incurred" in producing cars.

of that treaty for Canada".

By Bernard Simon in Toronto

HONDA, the Japanese car

maker, has angrily protested against a US government rul-ing that cars assembled at its

Ontario plant fail to comply

with the duty-free threshold of the US-Canada free trade

agreement (FTA).
A Honda Canada official said

yesterday the plant was cur-

rently operating at full capac-ity and would not be affected

by the ruling for the moment.

The decision could result in a

Besides concern that the rul-

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gled out cross-border shopping as an important factor in their difficulties, manifested in the recent collapse of several well-known clothing chains.

Thousands of Canadians clog border crossings each weekend to take advantage of lower prices and wider variety in US shopping mails. Canadian households are also bombarded with catalogues from low-cost US mail-order companies, many of which accept telephone orders 24 hours a day. In

THE CANADIAN government an attempt to improve the price competitiveness of Canadian stores, the revenue minister, Mr Otto Jelinek, said that duties of up to 12.6 per cent will be removed immediately from a number of consumer durables, including microwave ovens and video recorders.

> Duties on these items, none of which is produced locally, total about C\$60m (£28.7m) a year. As a disincentive to mailorder, the government is halving, to C\$20, the duty-free ceil-ing on packages from the US. Canada Post will also in future collect a C\$5 "handling fee" on every dutiable parcel.

The measures come amid indications that the cross-bor-

### **NEWS IN BRIEF**

hard-pressed retailers

# Genscher warns Japan on Uruguay Round

MR Hans-Dietrich Genscher (right), the German foreign minister, warned during talks in Japan yesterday that the responsibility to ensure the success of the Uruguay Round of multilateral trade negotiations, writes Robert Thomson in Token

In an apparent hint to Japa-nese leaders that they should open the rice market, Mr Gen-scher said that Japan and Ger-many have a competitive edge in industrial exports, but that international markets for those products would be threatened



by protectionism if the Uru-guay Round collapses over the agriculture issue. Tokyo indicated this week that it may not put rice on a list of food items and suggested tariffs due to be submitted by March 1 under a proposal to replace existing trade barriers with a tariff regime. Mr Genscher, ending a three-day visit, said the Uruguay Round "must not be permitted to fail".

# Thais shelve AMX fighter deal

THE Royal Thai Air Force has shelved plans to buy 38 Italian-Brazilian AMX fighter aircraft in a package worth about \$750m (£414m) incinding training, support and maintenance, in the face of the Thai government's unwillingness to fund the purchase, writes Victor Mailet in Bangkok.

"There is no money to buy the fleet," General Pow Sarasin, deputy prime minister, said after the air force withdrew a request for government financing of the deal over 10 years. Thailand would have been the first foreign buyer of the jet, which is manufactured by Alenia of Italy and Embraer of Brazil.

# Toll proposal for Malacca strait

President Subarto of Indonesia yesterday suggested the collection of toils from ships passing through the Malacca strait to raise emergency funds against pollution of the passage, Mr Emil Salim, the minister for environment said, AP-DJ reports from Jakarta. Mr Salim said the president wanted Indonesia, Malaysia and Singapore to discuss and jointly draw an emergency plan to protect the Malacca strait from pollution caused by stranded ships. Mr Salim said a similar system has been used in the Strait of Gibraltar and in the Suez Canal.

### Iveco and Tatra in joint venture

lveco, the truck and industrial vehicle subsidiary of Fiat, yester-day signed a letter of intent to form a joint venture with Tatra, the Czech automotive producer, in a further expansion of the group's interests in eastern Europe, writes Robert Graham in Rome. Tatra is Czechoslovakia's leading producer of heavy vehicles with production of 10,000 units year, of which 60 per cent are exported to former east bloc countries. Iveco is also expected to supply components and back-up for existing Tatra models.

# Goldstar loses dumping appeal

The European Court of Justice yesterday dismissed an appeal from Goldstar of South Korea against anti-dumping duties levied in 1990 on imports of its compact disc players into the EC, AP reports from Luxembourg. In the appeal, Goldstar claimed the 26.1 per cent duty was wrongly calculated. But the court upheld the calculations of the EC Commission.

# Honda criticises | Heavyweights of power slug it out

Winning is everything for three giants in generating equipment, writes Andrew Baxter

on Canada plant A NEW power struggle is developing in a business where the global battle for contracts has never been one for the faint-hearted, and where victory is always a heavy blow for the losers. Europe's big three suppliers

of power generating equipment - GEC Alsthom, Siemens and Asea Brown Boveri - are slugging it out, with the help of powerful allies, for leadership of the world market for combined-cycle gas turbine power stations, the fastest-growing sector of the thermal power generation market.
Widespread availability of

natural gas, environmental pressures, and the need for greater efficiency and shorter lead-times have turned com-bined-cycle generation into the preferred system of power sup-ply for many utilities in the 1990s.

spending on serospace gas tur-bines, the combined-cycle pro-cess uses the waste gases from a heavy-duty gas turbine to power a secondary steam tur-bine, raising thermal efficiency wall above 50 per cent well above 50 per cent. For the first time, therefore,

Sparred indirectly by heavy

large power stations are produ-cing more power than they lose - the best coal-fired plants typically have a thermal effi-ciency of about 40 per cent. All three companies are

EUROPE'S BIG THREE SUPPLIERS Major combined cycle orders since the beginning of 1991 reting (MW) Rye House, UK (Units 11-13) Belawan, Indonesia (Unit 2) Eems, Netherlands Connah's Quay, UK Didcot (UK)

Barking Reach (UK)

Deeside, UK Orlando, US

Tanjung Prick, Indonesia

spending heavily to remain competitive in a market with hig growth potential. Mr Klaus Riedle, head of Siemens' KWU power generation business, says worldwide orders for com-bined cycle could reach 250 gig-awatts this decade – around four times the power output of

the electricity companies in England and Wales.

So far this year there has been a spate of combined-cycle orders for power stations from North Wales to Jakarta, and most of the laurels have gone to GEC Alsthom.

Last week, the Anglo-French group announced it had been

chosen as main contractor for Consen as main contractor for PowerGen's 1,360MW station at Connah's Quay in North Wales. That followed closely on another big UK order in east London, and a contract for a

1.700MW station in the north of the Netherlands, one of the largest outside Japan. The fourth big order this year, for a 1,170MW combined cycle oil/ gas fired plant near Jakarta, went to ABB.

Executives of GEC Alsthom and their 90 per cent-owned European Gas Turbines (EGT) unit are cock-a-hoop about their run of victories, claiming they are establishing a clear

lead with the help of the world's largest turbine, a 212-226MW machine developed jointly with General Electric of

Mr Kelvin Bray, EGT's chairman and chief executive, believes the company has a technology lead of some two years over its rivals, and says the GE-GEC Alsthom 9F turbine is the most efficient in the world with a 54 per cent rating. Rivals agree that the odd 1 per cent of thermal efficiency

could make a difference in markets where orders are decided on technology rather than availability of finance, but neither Siemens and ABB are willing to accept GEC Als-thom has established a lead. At Siemens, Mr Riedle shrugs off the loss of the Connah's Quay order as "merely technical." The German company had snapped up two large contracts from PowerGen over the past two years, but all utili-

ties, he says, like to spread their orders. Mr Göran Lundberg, head of ABB's power plants business, says the Swiss-Swedish group is at the same level as GEC Alsthom in thermal efficiency. "We will be up to 55 per cent in a while," he says. "We remain rather confident."

The arguments over effi-ciency might yet turn into a sterile propaganda war with

few returns for any of the three players. None of them, after all, expect it to be easy to push efficiency much beyond 55 per cent. Even so, utilities which are particularly responsive to technology arguments could still be persuaded by a small thermal efficiency advan-

tage, says Mr Riedle. The three European rivals cannot, perhaps, be blamed for trying to establish technology leadership when there is little to chose between them otherwise. "I don't think anybody's going to be dominant," says Mr Robert McCoy of McCoy Power Reports in the US. "Their tech-nologies are fairly close, and nobody has leapfrogged." All three, too, have plenty of

experience in turnkey contracting, which is becoming increaswho no longer want the responsibility and financial risk of such a role. And they all have links, to a greater or lesser extent, with aerospace turbine research, which some believe gives them an advan-tage over the other big world player, the Mitsubishi/Westinghouse partnership. If the forecasts prove correct, there will be plenty of opportunities for all four rivals to score some

But GE and GEC Alsthom are emerging as the team that the others have to beat.

# Chinese progress on Gatt

By Frances Williams In

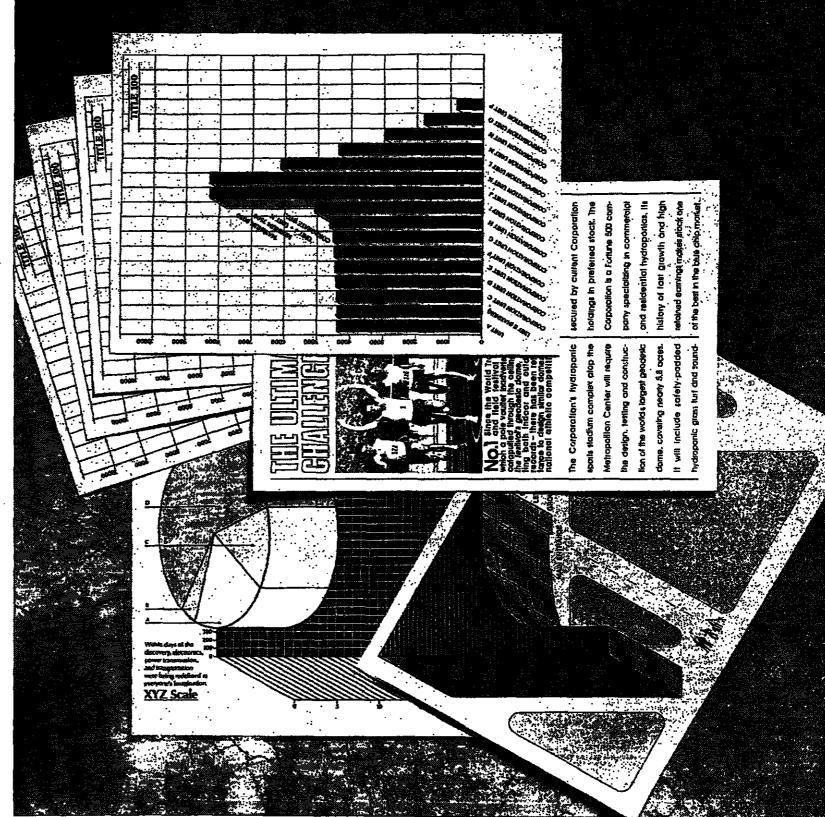
CHINA's longstanding application to rejoin the Gen eral Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (Gatt) appears to be making headway after more than two years of delay - a development that may be linked to a possible go-ahead

for Taiwan's application.
At yesterday's opening ses sion of a two-day meeting of the working party considering China's application, both the US and the EC welcomed the progress made in reforming the country's state-dominated economy, while arguing that China still had a long way to go before its trade regime com-

plied with Gatt rules.
China has recently pushed hard to reactivate negotiations on its 1986 request to rejoin. Talks have been stalled since 1989 and Beijing's crackdown on the pro-democracy movement and signs of a slowdown in economic reforms. A founding member, China left Gatt in 1950 after the Communist takeover, Taiwan was obliged to leave when China replaced it in the UN in 1971.

Next month Gatt's govern-ing council could well approve the establishment of a working party to consider Taiwan's membership application.

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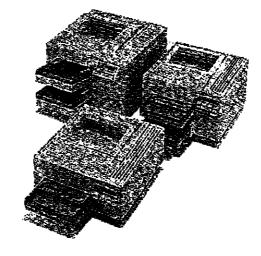
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"probably" about it.

THE POSSIBILITY MADE REALITY.

# INTERNATIONAL NEWS

# Kenyan banking authorities caught by the political fall-out

Julian Ozanne reports on a complex rescue operation designed to reassure a sector hit by bad debts and questionable business ventures

coupled with western donor demands for better ecothe fact that at least two of the country's banks have serious liquid-

ity problems.

Evidence of the difficulties, stemming from a long history of bad lending and an insecure deposit base, emerged this week, when the Kenyan Central Bank began an operation to rescue the two worst affected local banks.

It amounts to a complex restructuring of the liabilities of Trade Bank and Pan African Bank, both registered in Kenya. A Central Bank document sent to the Finan-cial Times said the banks had been experiencing a "liquidity crisis" fol-lowing a "loss of public confidence". In a press statement on Wednes-day, the Central Bank reassured the market, saying that any problems in the banking sector "will be eliminated without causing instability to the industry or loss to depositors". It added that sufficient measures were in place to ensure that "no bank should suffer on account of

liquidity shortfall".

The Bank's intervention follows the fall from power last November of Mr Nicholas Biwott, the dis-

graced ex-minister and former confi-dant of President Daniel arap Moi. Mr Biwott's liabilities were estimated by bankers last week at Kshl.2bn-Kshl.4bn (\$41m-\$48m). Trade Bank and Pan African Bank, the fifth largest in Kenya, are

Unease in the business commu-nity deepened following the departure from Kenya in the same month of Mr Ketan Somaia, a Kenyan Asian tycoon with large banking and commercial interests in Kenya. Mr Somaia made a brief visit to Natrobi last weekend.

The development highlights a weakness in the Kenyan banking system. Some of the indigenously owned banks were created in the 1980s with the backing of politi-cians. Several of these banks obtained much of their funds

obtained much of their funds
through large deposits from state
owned companies, acting under
directions from the political elite.
The deposits would then be lent
on to politicians, government officials, or business surrogates, often
without adequate security, and used
to develop their commercial intercets Many of these hanks also have ests. Many of these banks also have a large portfolio of non-performing loans. The accounts of state owned companies are now coming under

tion programme.

At least four banks, apart from Trade Bank and Pan African Bank, are struggling to deal with the com-bined pressures of large outstand-ing loans, many of them non-per-

In an interview with the Financial Times earlier this week, Professor George Saitoti, vice-president and minister of finance, acknowledged that "there have been major withdrawals of money from the small banks in the last two months. The era of multi-party politics has brought insecurity and there was a kind of a panic.'

In the Central Bank document outlining the rescue package, Trade Bank and Pan African Bank were described as having "experienced a

Among the reasons cited were loss of deposits following bad publicity surrounding Mr Biwott's HZ Group, described as Trade Bank's main client, and large non-performing loans both banks provided to Mr Biwott's group of companies. In the document, the official

ed that "the resources of the Deposit Protection Fund now amount to more than Kshl.5bn and

scrutiny as western donors urge faster implementation of the privatisation of the privatisation.

Trade Bank, which was 75 per cent owned by Mr Biwott and his business associate Mr Gad Zeevi until 1989, is owed Ksh450m by Mr Biwott's HZ Group, according to the

It says the bank was undercapi-talised and suffering from diversion of funds worth Ksh200m to construct Trade Bank Centre, a business block in Nairobi, and Rsh500m to finance an associated company. A Trade Bank executive said the correct amounts were Ksh170m and

Ksh108m respectively.
Pan African Bank forged close ties with Mr Biwott during his nineyear stint as energy minister and handles the banking business for the Kenya National Oil Company, the state owned oil importer. It is owed Ksh250-Ksh300m, secured against Mr Biwott's Yaya Centre a Nairobi commercial complex. The Central Bank document said

Pan African had suffered an erosion of confidence after the death last December of its executive chairman. The bank was also struggling to cope with the diversion of depositors' funds to construct the Meridien Hotel, which Pan African owns. The total cost of the project is



Saitoti: 'a kind of panic'

Ksh1.27bn, as is due for completion in June. Other insider loans, though secured, are said to exceed permit-

An official at Pan African said last week that borrowings from the Central Bank were "in the course of normal business for a bank which finances the country's oil imports".

Loans to Mr Biwott were performing and well secured, he said.

In a bid to stabilise the market,

the Central Bank has intervened. According to Prof Saitoti, a deal was signed on Monday which would enable Mr Riwott to pay off some of his heavy debts to the banks. Prof Saitoti said a consortium of banks led by the Kenya Commercial Bank, a majority state-owned com-pany, would lend the Deposit Pro-

tection Fund Ksh600m, which in turn would lend Trade Bank Ksh600m to buy Yaya Centre. The loan will be for one year.

Of the Ksh600m, Ksh200m-300m will be paid to Pan African Bank and Ksh800m-400m to Trade Bank.

This deal combined with the Cen-

This deal, combined with the Central Bank waiving penalties on the banks' overdrafts, will provide sub-stantial relief to the two banks affected, said Prof Saitoti. He said Trade Bank had agreed to

ne said Trade Hank had agreed to sell Diners Cinb, an associate com-pany, to inject Ksh150m of new cap-ital into the bank by February 29 and was closing a Ksh200m sale of its Trade Bank Centre. Trade Bank myth the sale make of the building of puts the sale price of the building at Ksh270m. A Trade Bank executive said of

the restructuring exercise: "The Trade Bank since 1989 has been professionsily managed and we have taken dynamic measures to deal with the situation we inherited. We

have now corrected the HZ debt problem by the assignment of Yaya Centre to Trade Bank thus eliminating any loans to any of Mr Biwott's

companies from Trade Bank." Trade Bank "now have a very small proportion of parastatal deposits," he said: "We have restored confidence in the bank and its management."
The Central Bank has confirmed

that Pan African bank is trying to sell assets including Pan African sell assets including Pan African Building Society, Corporate Insurance and the Meridden project. The bank document disclosed that the government had appointed a manager "to assume control of the affairs of the bank until such a time that irregularities have been eliminated".

However several senior Nairobi bankers say the package arranged by the Central Bank will still leave ignificant sums owed by Mr Biwott to be collected or written off.
Yet to be tackled is a possible Yet to be tackled is a possible link between state owned compenies and some of the smaller banks. As an editorial in Nairobi's Daily Nation this week put it. "Why are some institutions enjoying unlimited access to deposits from the National Social Security Fund ... while most of the rest are not?"

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# Gap between US and Israel grows on loan guarantees

By Hugh Carnegy in Jerusalem

A WIDE gap has opened between Israel and the US over Washington's terms for granting \$10bn in loan guarantees to fund immigration absorption. This has deflated government optimism that it could win the assistance without compromising its commitment to expand Jewish settlements in the occu-pied West Bank and Gaza

Tough positions taken by Washington on the issue in recent days have led officials in Mr Yitzhak Shamir's govern-ment to suspect that the US is deliberately holding back to undermine the ruling Likud party in the approach to the June 23 general election. The Likud badly wants to secure the long guarantees to

secure the loan guarantees to help it cope with the severe economic strains caused by mass Jewish immigration from the former Soviet Union. They are the key to securing more than \$20bn in foreign borrow-ing over the next five years needed to cover the costs of

immigration.
Winning the guarantees would blunt damaging opposition attacks on the governomy. But Mr Shamir is extremely reluctant to back down on the Likud's refusal to freeze settlement building as

already under construction in deal.

By Emilia Tagaza in Canberra

AUSTRALIA'S unemployment

rate dropped in January to 10.3

per cent from a record 10.6 per cent in December, and the rul-ing Labor government yester-

day suggested that the recession may have bottomed-out.

The official Statistics Bureau reported that the number of

unemployed fell to 886,100 in

January from 910,300 in December. Full-time employ-

ment rose by almost 47,000 in January, the second consecu-tive month it has increased.

Mr Kim Beazley, the employ-ment minister, said the figures were supported by leading indi-cators suggesting steady employment levels. "These probably indicate that the recession has bottomed-out."

Israel's police minister, Mr Ronni Milo, said yesterday a police investigation had cleared interrogators of wrongdoing in the case of a Palestinian detainee whose death in custody last week was said by a US pathologist to have been brought on by maltreatment in jail. Mr Mustafa Abdullah Awaki died of a heart attack, but Dr Michael Baden, a New York police pathologist who attended the autopsy, said his death was triggered by beatings, sleep deprivation, being held hooded and shackled for long spells in freezing temperatures and inadequate medical atten-

the settlements. But in the last week it has dropped to 6,000 from 9,000 the number it tion, less than half the number Israel has claimed.

It intends in addition to deduct a sum from the loan guarantees equivalent to sums spent by Israel on the settlements and has also signalled that it will include in a freeze Jewish construction in Arab East Jerusalem which Israel

treats as part of Israel proper. These conditions have forced Mr Shamir to restate publicly the US is demanding.

The US is prepared to accept the completion of houses is clear he still wants to do a

However, Mr Beazley warned of some factors that might sub-

stantially change the trend in the coming months. He said the shift in strong retail sales

from pre-Christmas to the Jan-uary stocktaking season may not have been picked-up by the seasonal adjustment proce-

dures used by the Statistics

Bureau. There were also the thousands of school-leavers in

**Unemployment rate falls** 

to 10.3% in Australia

# Militants in Kashmir are thwarted on both sides

perse several thousand Kash-miri militants. The militants were defying a curiew to sup-port a pro-independence march from the Pakistani side of the disputed Himalayan kingdom. Earlier this week Pakistani troops had thwarted volunteers of the Jammu and Kashmir Liberation Front (JKLF) from crossing from the Pakistanruled part of Kashmir into the region controlled by India. Police in India said some 4,000 demonstrators stoned security forces trying to enforce the indefinite curiew, imposed on Monday before the

December who were expected to enter the labour market. Mr Paul Keating, the prime minister, is committed to defend the gains achieved so far through fiscal expansion, and the top priority in his eco-nomic statement set for Febru-ary 26 will be employment-creating growth march started.
In Muzeffarabad, Pakistan,
Mr Amanullah Khan, the JKLF
leader, said be had called off the march to avoid further loss of life. At least three people were killed in police shooting

INDIAN police yesterday used teargas in Srinagar, summer capital of the Indian state of Jammu and Kashmir, to dis-

because it feared an incursion along the United Nations-moni-tored ceasefire line could lead to another conflict with India, which ordered troops guarding the line to let no one across and mined likely crossing The line which the militants

attempted to cross is known officially as the "line of actual control", drawn at positions held at the end of the 1971 India-Pakistan war over Bangladesh. The two armies still face each other across the line.
The demarcation line was set by the Simla agreement of 1972, which laid down the process of normalisation of relations between the two countries. The accord stipulated a step-by-step approach with Kashmir as the last issue to be settled.

However, the two countries have failed to take steps to encourage confidence-building measures despite repeated bilateral meetings. India refuses to take part in substan-tial discussions on Kashmir, accusing Pakistan of trying to internationalise the dispute.

New Delhi regards the area east of the "line of actual con-

trol" as an integral part of India whose accession to the union is not up for discussion. But the current tension bears testimony to the fact that three years of effort by New Delhi has failed to wean the popula-tion from supporting the mili-

If anything, the liberation movement has gained strength in the valley, the heart of Kashmir, whose population is kept under control by armed troops. Pakistan strongly sup-ports the "freedom fighters" but denies charges it is directly arming and training them.

# Japan's carmakers take a long look at South Africa

Roy Garner asks whether Nissan and Toyota may be poised for a rapid expansion in the region

A S barriers to South African trade fall, Japanese carmakers with factories in the country are expecting to expand sales to neighbouring states.

neighbouring states. Nissan, for example, shipped 500 cars to other African countries last year, but will more than double exports this year, according to Japan's Nikkan Kogyo Shimbun newspa-per.From April it hopes to send 1,000-2,000 vehicles to neigh-bouring countries, including

Botswana and Mozambique. Japanese business leaders agree that for many companies the Japanese government's resumption this January of full diplomatic relations with South Africa, stalled at con-sular level since 1952, marked

sular level since 1952, marked the higgest incentive yet towards new large scale investment in South Africa.

They are optimistic that such developments could be further facilitated if President F W de Klerk visits Japen this year, something Japanese for eign ministry officials say is now under consideration.

So far, however, South Africa has not been the most Africa has not been the most attractive manufacturing base for the Japanese. As in the case of so many other foreign companies, the factories of such industry leaders as Toyota and Nissan are 100 per cent locally owned, and neither these nor the other three Japa-

nese carmakers represented -Mazda, Honda and Mitsubishi - have direct capital participa-South African manufactur-ing still largely involves mod-els considered obsolete in Japan and elsewhere, while export opportunities are also threatened by rising labour costs and local-content require-ments. This would make it dif-

mens. This would make it difficult for Japanese companies to contemplate the radical injection of investment and technology essential to make the country a player on world Some analysts even question the future viability of the South African industry if it falls to substitute its emphasis

fails to substitute its emphasis on self-sufficiency with the longer-term aim of international competitive parity.

Toyota said in Tokyo that the company had no specific plans for new investment.

"There can be no rush into South Africa," it said.

Local-content requirements

Local-content requirements (75 per cent of value by 1997) and tariffs to stem capital out-flow have produced local, but

future of South Africa, then we must think in terms of the world market," he said, "and therefore advanced technology is inherently required."
This was best introduced with new models. In Japan, model changes with technical upgrades were made every four years, but this was not feasible in South Africa because it took two or three years to make arrangements to meet local-

arrangements to meet localcontent requirements.
For example, the Toyota
"Creedis" had been produced
unchanged in South Africa for
eight years during which time
two new models had been
introduced in Japan. Thus, he
said, even technologies being
deployed now in South Africa
could already be out of date in
Japan.

**Escalating labour** costs, strikes and technological backwardness have to be offset against the new political climate in the country

Escalating labour costs were also of concern. The average annual increase in wages is 17 per cent now, but there are fears that wage demands will grow with the changing political climate. Some expect more frequent strikes, too. Both would jeopardise competitiveness, even within African markets.

This trend would imply the This trend would imply the need for increased automation, but for a variety of reasons such technological upgrades might be hard to effect. This vicious circle, he argued, might then imperil South Africa's brightest immediate hope, that of becoming the supply base for southern Africa.

Nevertheless, there remains among the Japanese a strong perception of South Africa as a regional production hase and a general optimism for the poten-

general production base and a general optimizm for the poten-tial of the domestic market. This, says the National Associ-ation of Motor Manufacturers, could grow from 3.5m passen-ger cars now in use to 4.5m by

Japanese manufacturers already have about 50 per cent

of the market. Nissan figures show Toyota as the market leader in passenger cars, with 28.1 per cent, against Nissan's 7.4 per cent. In commercial vehicles, the top three are Toyota (34.1 per cent), Nissan (22.4 per cent) and Delta (14.3 For the rest of Africa, reli-

shie sales figures are unavail-able, but Toyota suggests that Japanese makers account for around 60 per cent of total vehicle sales, excluding government aid-related shipments. At Nissan South Africa near Pretoria, where 6,500 staff turn out 252 vehicles a day, shop-floor manager Bill Middleton says he is convinced that increased production effi-ciency, which he attributes mainly to Nissan's genba kanri (shop-floor management), has left the company well-placed to compete in other African coun-

"Numerous inquiries" were being received from dealers currently importing cars from Japan, including those in Malawi and Mozambique. They were, he said, hoping to import South Africa's more durable

models. Each of the Japanese models they produce is subject to a 2-to-4 year "Africa conversion process, during which the vehicles are equipped for what are considered among the world's most severe perfor-

mance tolerances.
Nissan board member Hideo
Nagafuchi said in Tokyo that, while his company also had no plans for direct investment, it was encouraged by recent political openings and was strengthening its technology transfers to the factory near Pretoria.

This, he said, was done just as it would have been at other plants of comparable size, regardless of ownership and location. More staff from the factory were visiting Japan for training - now about three or

four a month — and at least 10
Japanese advisers were based
in South Africa.

Mr Nagafuchi declared that
Nissan, with its 28-year
involvement in South Africa,
believed that the country
would grow in importance would grow in importance.
"If from now on, through
real industrialisation, South

Africa can be raised to world levels of manufacture, it could become the market pivot for Africa."

# Zambia's new president in debt relief plea

PRESIDENT Frederick Chiluba of Zambia yesterday appealed for external debt relief, warn-ing that without help the country risked "social strife and fratricidal feuds," Our Foreign Staff writes.

President Chiluba, who won office last October in Zambia's first multi-party elections for 22 years, was speaking to the Royal Commonwealth Society in London during a visit to Britain. He is to meet Mr John Major, prime minister, today.

Unless the international community helps our cash flow while we exert ourselves to the utmost ... a young democracy risks decomposing into social strife and fratricidal feuds," Mr Chiluba said.

"While we await enhanced local activity and an inflow of foreign investment, we need immediate debt relief ... help from the international community is urgently needed." Zambia's external debt is about \$8bn, he said.

# Banks seek support for Algerian debt refinancing

A European Community loan guarantee is at risk if there is no accord, writes Francis Ghilès

IGHT international banks meet in Paris today to decide whether they have sufficient support from 130 or so of their peers to proceed with a \$1.5bn loan intended to refinance Algeria's principal com-mercial bank debt between October 1 1991 and March 31 1993.

A total of \$1.4bn out of \$1.5bn was committed before the first round on December 26 of Algaria's now can-celled elections and still apparently is. But continuing reluctance of some lenders might delay the completion of the package. Failure to reach agree-ment would endanger the second and smaller disbursement of an Ecn400m (\$510m) loan guarantee agreed by the European Community last autumn. The guarantee was provided on the understanding that commercial bank

debt would be refinanced. Under normal circumstances places could be taken by other private insti-tutions, but some banks made their commitment conditional on the deal gaining support of all Algeria's commercial bank creditors. However, most key banks are determined to ensure final success of the package.

The immediate consequence of the agreement to launch the refinancing agreement to launch the remaining reached four months ago between the Algerian banks led by Credit Populaire d'Algeria and the eight "core group" of international banks led by Credit Lyunnals was to allow Algeria and the defen about \$25km worth of princito defer about \$350m worth of principal repayments which were owed to commercial banks in the last quarter

But Algeria will need more than an agreement with its bankers if it is to succeed in reducing what has been for four years a crippling repayment bur-den. The ratio of debt service to exports was 74 per cent last year, 57 per cent of which was accounted for by repayments of principal.

Algeria can be likened to an oil company with a cash flow problem. The debt is not large if related to export earnings of just over \$12hn last year and a projected \$11.3bn in 1992, a figure due to rise as Algeria opens its figure due to rise as Algeria opens its existing wells to foreign oil companies and increases its exports of natural gas to European buyers such as Italy.

Rescheduling, which Algerian rulers are adamant they want to avoid,

credit standing but would be strongly opposed by Japanese banks which are owed two-thirds of the country's bank debt. Japan has also extended a balance of payments loan to Algeria and supported co-financing with the

Algeria will need more than an agreement with its bankers if it is to reduce what has been for the past four years a crippling repayment burden

World Bank. Altogether Japanese institutions probably hold nearly as much Algerian paper as French ones.

The high debt service ratio is slowly but surely throttling private and state industry. It has forced a sharp cut in imports. Many factories are running at one-third of their cancilly leving off problems and way. capacity, laying off workers and run-ning up huge debts with Algerian banks as they are increasingly

cessed goods and spare parts.

Unemployment is nearly 50 per cent among the 16-24 age group, thus providing fertile ground for the Islamic Salvation Front.

Roughly \$5bn of Algeria's \$23.9bn foreign debt is owed to commercial banks, \$3.5bm in the form of mediumterms loans, the balance made up of 12-month trade finance. Credits from international financial institutions account for \$3.5bm, bond issues and account for \$3.5bn, bond issues and lease financings for \$1.5bn each, with the remaining \$15.5bn made up of bilateral and supplier credits.

Nearly half this figure is accounted to be broaded.

Nearly half this figure is accounted for by French government guaranteed credits which France has, to date, insisted it will not consider refinancing. This reluctance has proved a major obstacle to the policy of refinancing its debt doggedly pursued by the Algerian authorities.

Whereas Haly offered Algeria \$2.7hn to refinance state guaranteed loans falling due between January 1991 and January 1993. France has been ada-

January 1993, France has been adamant that it will do no such thing. Senior officials acknowledge that a lender can easily refinance bilateral

military debt - hence France's agreement initialled with Iraq on the eve of the invasion of Kuwait to refinance an estimated FFr50bn (\$9.14bn) worth of military credits guaranteed by the state credit guarantee organisation, Coface. Unfortunately Algeria's esti-mated FF785m debt with Coface is civilian and according to senior French Treasury officials not susceptible to such treatment. Senior members of the Ministry of

Finance in Paris have been unconvinced of the policy of refinencing, not least because they are fearful of creating a precedent while their Ministry of Foreign Affairs colleagues are mindful of extending a helping hand to a country that they feel is key to future French interests at a time when it desperately needs support.
France will have to decide whether

it considers Algeria's financial stability to be one of its strategic interests, as the US did with Marico during the letter's 1929 debt entire. latter's 1982 debt crisis. A move to support Algeria taken in Paris would undoubtedly strike a positive response in other capitals, such as Brussels and Tokyo.

### Mass protest planned today

ALGERIAN state radio yesterday reported a new attack on the country's security forces, and student protests continued at four universities as the authorities braced themselves for an articles. themselves for an unauthor-ised march by Moslem funda-mentalists, AP-DJ reports from Algiers.

Supporters of the Islamic Salvation Front, which the government is seating to ban, spread word that the protest march in Algiers would go ahead after today's weekly. prayers despite a ban on dem-

The military-backed ruling council imposed a 12-month state of emergency early this week and said it was initiating legal steps to ban the Salvation Front,

state radio said yesterday that a sailor in the Algerian navy and two assailants died in the latest clash of a wave of attacks on security forces. The authorities say that, since the emergency decree, at least ten members of the security forces had been killed.

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### **AMERICAN NEWS**

# Bush sacks Nasa chief over policy

By George Graham in Washington

THE US National Aeronautics and Space Administration (Nasa) has been left leaderless after President George Bush fired the former astronaut who had headed it for the last three

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Admiral Richard Truly com-manded two space shuttle missions and then took over the realing shuttle programme after the explosion of the Challenger rocket in 1986. He stepped into Nasa's top job in

He was asked to resign because of a widening rift with the Bush administration over the space agency's role and aims. Adm Truly has clashed repeatedly with the National Space Council, an advisory committee headed by the vice-president, Mr Dan Quayle, which has overruled Nasa deci-

The sacking of Adm Truly will leave Nasa doubly bereft,

in that the post of Nasa deputy administrator has been empty since Mr James Thompson resigned in November. As a former astronaut, Adm

Truly has been viewed as a staunch defender of manned space flight in general, and of the shuttle programme in particular, against those who wished to divert more of Nasa's money to scientific programmes launched by cheaper, throwaway rockets.

Nasa's budget is under increasing pressure. After years of double digit increases, Congress authorised only a 3.5 per cent increase last year to \$14.3bn.

The administration has asked for a 4.7 per cent increase to \$14.99hn this year.

Outside commissions have been critical of the agency's concentration on the shuttle which costs more per launch than a lower technology rocket

and cannot carry such large payloads. Mr Quayle's council has now decreed that Nasa will order no more shuttles after Endeavour, which is due to start flying this year as the fourth vessel in Nasa's space

ordered to develop a new generation of unmanned space launch vehicles. However, Nasa and the Quayle council have teamed up

Instead, Nasa has been

Quayle council have teamed up to fight off outside criticism, notably on the \$40bm Freedom space station project.

Widely derided by the US scientific community for draining funds from other more immediately useful scientific research, the space station has also been attacked by a commission headed by Mr Thomas Stafford, a former Apollo astronaut, which said it would be scarcely more advanced than Skylah, more advanced than Skylah, launched in 1973 at a fraction

sion headed by Mr Norman Augustine, chairman of Martin Marietta — one of the prime contractors for the shuttle and the space station - also recom-mended reducing the space station project and shifting funds to scientific projects. Nasa claimed the Augustine

report as an endorsement of the space station, however, because it did not recommend its outright cancellation and the Bush administration has continued to make the station

its top space priority.

The station barely survived last year, when key Congress-men narrowly failed in an attempt to eliminate the programme's funding. This year, the administration budget requests a \$2.24bn authorisation for the space station, a 13
per cent increase, but will once
again face a hard fight to keep
any funding at all.

names new

treasurer

By Michael Prowse

MRS Jessica Einhorn, 44, was

yesterday appointed treasurer of the World Bank in succes-

sion to Mr Donald Roth, who is

leaving for the private sector.
As senior financial officer,

Mrs Einhorn will be one of 16 vice-presidents, the top tier of management below the office

of Mr Lewis Preston, the president. She is the first woman to

achieve this rank through

internal promotion.

The only previous woman vice-president was Dr Anne

Krueger, who served as chief economist in the early 1980s. Mrs Einhorn joined the bank

in 1981, having served in the US Treasury and State



### Peru receives IMF's praise World Bank By Sally Bowen in Lima

MR Michel Camdessus, managing director of the inter-national Monetary Fund, has praised the success of Peru's 18-month-old structural adjust-ment programme as "an examment programme as an exam-ple for many countries around the world". However, he warned that continuing inter-national support for Peru's efforts would depend on sub-stantial improvements in tax collection levels.

The tax system was "a weak-ness that Peru still has to con-front", said Mr Camdessus on Wednesday during a two-day visit to Lima. Collections, while twice the level of a year ago, are still equivalent to only 8 per cent of gross domestic product. This figure needs to double again, and quickly, he

Even if the name

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other watch would be

capable of bearing it.

the dangers of "adjustment fatigue", both for Peruvians suffering the direct consequences of economic stabilisaquences of economic stabilisa-tion and for those abroad supporting it.

Peruvian businessmen, increasingly impatient with ongoing recession, are demanding government intervention to cut internationally uncompetitude. tive interest charges and to fix an export-promoting exchange

Congress, meanwhile, has rejected government proposals for raising direct taxes on income and company assets. It has also passed an emergency law to restore subsidies to beleaguered farmers. The com-bination could unbalance Peru's budget for this year, carefully agreed with the IMF. When President Alberto Fujideficit. After meeting Mr Cam-dessus in New York, Mr Fujimori imposed harsh austerity measures to control inflation, eliminated subsidies and

floated the exchange rate.

Peru has been paying \$50m a

month to the IMF, World Bank
and International Development office. The IMF approved Peru's economic programme last September. The same month Peru reached a resched-uling agreement on its \$6.5bn debt to the Paris Club of creditor nations.

Earlier this month Mr Fujimori signed a \$115m loan agreement with the Andean

# **US** probe urged on breast implants

CONGRESSMAN Ted Weiss chairman of the subcommittee that oversees the US Food & Drug Administration (FDA), is urging a criminal investigation into whether Dow Corning misled plastic surgeons and the government on the safety of its breast implant devices, writes Karen Zagor from New York.

This week Dow Corning, the biggest maker of silicone breast implants, published company memos and documents dating back to 1971 which included some reservations about their safety.

Mr Weiss also attacked the FDA over its decision to revoke the voting powers of a member of its advisory panel on silicone implants.

Mr Norman Anderson, asse Air Norman Anderson, asso-ciate professor of medicine and surgery at Johns Hopkins Uni-versity medical, was stripped of his vote after he told Time magazine the implants should be removed from the market. Mr Anderson is credited with bringing safety problems with the implants to the FDA's attention.

Mr Welss warned that the change might undermine the credibility of the advisory panel.

The FDA said Dr Anderson's voting powers were removed because he appeared to have already made up his mind about the devices.

The advisory panel will meet next week to consider new information about implants and decide whether they should remain on the market

The FDA is not bound by the panel's recommendations, but usually abides by them.

# Financing a green future in a planet without borders

Michael Prowse on a review of the World Bank and United Nations' Global Environment Facility

ONCERN about environmental threats seems to mount almost daily. But industrial and developing countries have so far made little progress in creating an institutional framework for tackling these shared problems. In Geneva, today, repre-sentatives from 24 countries will discuss the future of the Global Environment Facility (GEF) - a pilot project that could eventually form the foundation for effective global

action.

The GEF was established in November 1990 for a three-year experimental period. It is jointly managed by the World Bank and the United Nations Development and Environment Programmes and, in principle, can commit up to SDR1bn can commit up to SDRIbn (\$1.3bn) in grants and technical assistance to help developing countries tackle environmental problems. It focuses on four areas: global warming; pollution of international waters; destruction of biological diver-sity through degradation of natural habitats; and depletion

of the ozone layer. GRF funding is reserved for countries with a per capita income of less than \$4,000 a year. To qualify for funding benefit the global environment, not just the country in ques-tion. The aim, therefore, is to give developing countries a financial incentive to pay attention to externalities costs that are borne by the

world as a whole.

For example, the World Bank might provide a loan for a coal-fired power station. For an additional sum — say an extra 20 per cent - the energy could be provided by natural gas. But the country is not pre-pared to pay the extra for what s seen as a global benefit lower carbon emissions. The GEF's role is to cover the dif**Global Environment Facility** 

Available funding

Resource allocation internationa

Developing countries will need as much as \$125bn a year to introduce the measures likely to be approved at the United Nations Earth Summit in Rio de Janeiro in June, according to Mr Maurice Strong, secretary-general of the summit, writes David Lascelles. Some of this would come from existing aid programmes, but new money of \$75bm a year would

also be required.

Mr Strong said in London yesterday these figures assumed that all aid programmes would start at once, which was unlikely. The figures were likely to be confirmed by the World Bank's forthcoming World Development Report, he said, and could be achieved if industrial countries merely fulfilled their proclaimed sid targets.

ference between what the of a globally benign technol-

The GEF has \$450m of pro-jects under consideration. Pro-jects already approved include investments to limit green-house emissions in China and to encourage biodiversity in

Polish forests.

Most of the impetus behind the GEF has been supplied by European countries, particu-larly France and Germany where environmental movements are strong. But its strength today lies in the breadth of international support: 24 countries (nine from the developing world) have already pledged a total of \$800m to its core fund. A fur-

1st March, 1992

ference between what the country will pay and the cost in joining. Additional cash has of a globally benign technol-been pledged through co-finanng arrai however, is conspicuous for failing to support the core

> In Geneva, participants will review ways of developing the GEF beyond the initial threeyear pilot phase which expires in 1994. Three options have been proposed:

> Prolongation of the facility along existing lines with no increase in funding. • Incremental development of functions with enhanced fund-

• Creation of a permanent, independent institution to manage global environment

Most participating govern-ments agree that a mere extension of present arrangements would not be a sufficient response to environmental challenges. Negotiations on international conventions governing climate change and biodiversity are well advanced.

There is near unanimity that the CEE month provide an

the GEF would provide an ideal umbrella organisation for disbursing funds agreed under different conventions. It already serves as a conduit for the \$200m provided by the Montreal Protocol on ozone demonreal revocation of desireda-pleting emissions. A prolifera-tion of funding mechanisms for different aspects of the envi-ronmental challenge is widely regarded as undesirable.

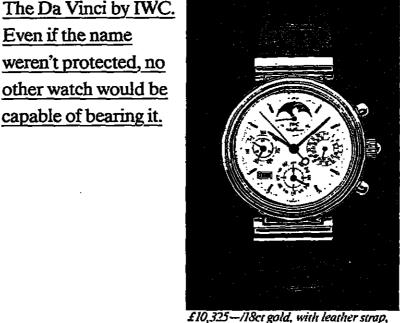
Participants are reluctant to Participants are reluctant to talk about future funding levels for an expanded GEF. But some observers believe that funding levels could profitably be doubted or tripled once the pilot phase is completed. Much depends on the remit of an expanded GEF: whether it should intervene only to prevent national policies having adverse still-over effects on adverse spill-over effects on other countries, or whether it should seek to influence the development of coherent domestic policies on the envi-

In practice, say experts, it is often difficult to draw a clear dividing line between policies that do, and policies that do not, have international ramifi-

The third option - the creation of a free-standing global agency - is widely regarded as premature and will receive premature and will receive scant attention in Geneva.

In the long run, the GEF – or a successor body – will not be able to operate effectively submerged within the bureaucracy of three separate agencies. Ironically, the environment is one of relatively few arrest general submar alphal comparations.

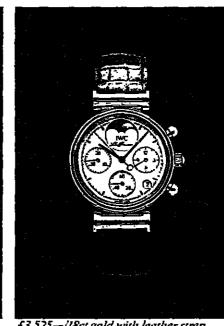
ment is one of relatively few areas where global co-opera-tion is genuinely unavoidable: there is only the one planet. The case for a free standing agency capable of providing global leadership — an IMF of the environment — is thus



Also available on bracelet. It has to be a chronograph with perpetual calendar and moon phase display up to the year 2499. That stops the time exactly to an eighth of a second and thereby automatically counts the minutes and hours. A chronograph that even knows automatically whether the month has 28, 29, 30 or 31 days-for centuries to come. A chronograph that shows, day in day out, the position of the moon in the sky. And automatically changes the date, weekday, month, and even the year - without the need for any correction - up to New Year's Eve

2199. A chronograph with a mechanical masterpiece, the precision of which others have to measure up to. A chronograph with a case crafted in 18ct yellow gold on which the individual serial number and your own name is engraved on

Even in the most unlikely event of you ever coming across a watch with these astonishing features, there would still be one significant feature missing: The Da Vinci is made by IWC.



£3,525—/18ct gold with leather strap. Also available on bracelet. It has to be a chronograph that's slim enough to fit on a woman's

A chronograph that makes it easier to find excuses for being late for an appointment - to the second precisely, where otherwise you could only excuse yourself for the delay of minutes or hours. A chronograph that cannot tell you what is written in the stars, but will accurately inform you of the moon phase at any given time. A chronograph with date display. And with an individual serial number engraved on the solid gold case. On which a name may be engraved that is equally worthy of the Da Vinci by IWC: Your own name.

Effective date of adjustment: (Japan time) FAMILYMART CO., LTD.
By: Dai-Ichi Kangyo Trust Company of New York
as Disbursement Agent

Subscription Price before adjustment: Yen 8.456.70

Subscription Price after adjustment: Yen 7,047.30

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FAMILYMART CO., LTD.

U.S.\$200,000,000 414 PER CENT. BONDS due 1995

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Pursuant to Clause 4(A) and (B) of the Instrument dated 1st March, 1991 (the "Instrument") relating to the above captioned warrants (the "Warrants"), notice is hereby given as follows:
In accordance with the resolutions of the Board of Directors of FamilyMart Co., Ltd. (the "Company") adopted at the meeting held on 17th January, 1992, the Company will make a free distribution of shares of its common stock (the "Shares") to its shareholders of record as of 29th February, 1992 by way of a stock split in the ratio of 0.2 Share for each Share held.

Consequently, the Subscription Price of the Warrants (as defined in the Instrument) will be adjusted pursuant to Clause 3(i) of the Instrument as set forth below:

Dated: 14th February, 1992

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# Minister rejects Labour call for Lloyd's reform

By Richard Lapper, David Owen and Ralph Atkins

Fraud office may

win right to use

civil law courts

MR JOHN Redwood, corporate affairs minister, yesterday hit out at calls by the Labour opposition to bring the Lloyd's of London insurance market under an independent regulatory

Speaking in response to allegations that Lloyd's syndicates had been favouring Names working within the market by off-loading bad risks on to outside Names, Mr Redwood said that advocates of change would first have to demonstrate there had been "failings" under the present structure. Names are the individuals whose assets provide Lloyd's capital.

Mr Redwood accused Ms Marjorie

Mowlam, Labour's City affairs spokes-

By David Owen and Richard Waters

BRITAIN'S Serious Fraud

Office (SFO) could be allowed to opt for civil instead of crimi-

nai proceedings in prosecuting large fraud cases, Mr John Redwood, corporate affairs

minister, said yesterday. He also agreed to consider any SFO request for greater

investigative powers, but added it was important to

examine how effectively existing powers are used, he

suggested.
Mr Redwood's comments,

coming at the culmination of the Barlow Clowes, Blue Arrow

woman, of "jumping too many hurdles all at the same time" when calling for Lloyd's to be brought within the terms of the Financial Services Act which regulates the rest of the

He suggested that - if concerns about the malpractices were serious enough - the Names should take them to the Serious Fraud Office but said there was not as yet enough evidence to suggest a change in the market's regulatory regime was

The political controversy surrounding Lloyd's intensified after demands from the Labour party for an independent inquiry into the allegations.

civil and criminal proceedings.

Mrs Barbara Mills, the outgo-ing head of the SFO, is known to hold that fraud should remain a criminal offence. She

is thought unlikely to make any request for the SFO to be given civil powers. That posi-tion could change under her

successor, though no replacement has yet been named.

Mr Redwood expressed satisfaction with current success rates in bringing cases to

court, saying "roughly one in two" of company investiga-tions yielded material that

required criminal action.
He would be "very worried" if the success rate fell "a long

way below" current levels, but he would equally be concerned if a perfect hit rate was

achieved. "That would mean we were not investigating

enough," he said.

Mr Redwood rejected

Labour's claim that there was

doubling of effort among bod-

ies with fraud-related responsi-bilities, saying: "If the SFO goes in, we do not then send in DTI inspectors."

The claims had been made by a group of Names, including Conservative MPs, and prompted calls for an investigation in four Parliamentary motions by two Lahour MPs, Mr Brian

dgemore and Mr Dennis Skinner. Earlier a delegation of Names, including Mr Paul Mariand, a Conservative MP, met Mr Redwood. It included the chairmen of three action groups for syndicates suffering heavy losses as a result of catastrophe claims, as well as Mr Marland, who was a member of syndicates managed Rose Thomson Young and Gooda

Names on the catastrophe syndicates were facing losses of more than

The suggestions in the early day motions that working Names, those who work in the market, were being given preferential access to some better-performing syndicates, were dis-missed as an "unwarranted slur" by Mr David Coleridge, chairman of

loyd's.
Mr Coleridge said a recent report into Lloyd's by a market task force had shown that in the last three underwriting years external members had enjoyed higher returns than

Labour motions were 45 (managed by the Benkside agency), 138 (Bailey), 179 (Anton), 183 (Ashley), 372 (Clare-mount), 481 (Wren), 960 (Sturge), 990 (Morgan), 994 (Kellett) and 1028 (Wel-

But of the 10 syndicates, four (179, 183, 990 and 1028) returned losses in 1988 (the last year for which final figures are available).

According to Chatset, the group that provides independent analysis of Lloyd's syndicates, over the most recently available six years, only two of the named syndicates (45 and 960) had been among the top performers in the market.

# Walker until his resignation from Lloyd's at the beginning of this year. One member of the delegation said working members. Insider syndicates listed in the the Hunting in Britain

 Mumbers involved All field sports (including tishing): Hunt subscribers:

 Registered packs
 Foxhound packs: Fell foxhounds.

Basset hounds: Mink hounds: Deer hounds:

Mark:

Today a Labour MP will try to win parliament's support for a ban on hunting in Britain with a Wild Mammals (Protection) Bill. MPs have a "free-vote", unfettered by party policy, and although the measure is unlikely to become law, because of lack of parliamentary time, it is the first full debate on the controversial subject for half a century

# and Guinness fraud trials, leave open the possibility of a review of the way fraud cases are handled in the UK. are handled in the UK. Under civil law, prosecuting authorities need to establish their case only on a "balance of probabilities," rather than meeting the "beyond reasonable doubt" requirement in criminal proceedings. criminal proceedings. Mr Redwood's remarks fol-

lowed a statement from Labour that it would consider giving prosecuting authorities the opportunity to choose between

Japanese aid

recovery in

car industry

components

the reports says.
It forecasts the effect will be

felt throughout Europe as indigenous manufacturers are

forced to adopt Japanese "lean

production" methods. Component makers will ben-

efit as Japanese-style,

long-term partnerships develop between vehicle mak-

ers and suppliers, in contrast to the adversarial relationship which has traditionally

existed elsewhere.

The report warns component

suppliers which look only to Europe are "already behind in

the race".

Highlighting the rationalisation in the UK components industry over the past decade, the report identifies the emer-

gence of "a core of successful

international players with a lean manufacturing base and a

global perspective". These include GKN, T&N and Lucas.

By John Griffiths

# Provincial cities lobby for transatlantic links

By Paul Betts and Daniel Green

MR MALCOLM RIFKIND, the transport secretary, is coming under increasing pressure to relax the regulations on transatlantic flights between Britain and the US on the eve of a new round of THE VEHICLE components industry is being revitalised by a surge of inward investgovernment talks on this controversial

Midlands MPs yesterday asked Mr Rifkind to allow American Airlines to ment "the like of which has according to an Economist Intelligence Unit report.

The wave of investment is led by Japanese vehicle mak-ers, which will have the capacate daily services from Chicago to Bir-mingham International Airport. The initiative coincides with talks ity to produce more than 700,000 units a year by 1995,

Hicks, a Conservative MP in the central English city of Wolverhampton, said the Midlands business community was-anxious to see daily transatiantic ser-vices operated from Birmingham to boost the region's overall economic

prospects.

British Airways currently has rights to operate a service from Birmingham to the US. But the UK flag carrier has so far not been prepared to start trans-atlantic flights from Birmingham because it feels they would be unprofit-

between UK and US government officials starting in Washington on Monday
to review the existing bilateral air
agreement between the two countries.
The politicians led by Mrs Maureen

The bilines to operate a service to Birmingham

although this is currently ruled out in the existing UK-US bilateral air agree-

American Airlines is also seeking a licence to operate transatiantic flights from Nashville, Tennessee, to London BA said yesterday it did not object to the UK granting rights to US carriers to

provided UK airlines were offered "something worthwhile" in return.

The UK flag carrier has also argued. that future air agreements with the US should be negotiated at a European level rather than on a bilateral basis because this would strengthen Europe's

Mr Robert Crandall, the chairman of American Airlines, warned in Dallas this week that the recession was prompting increasingly protectionist moves by governments to shield their

"I fear there will be more protection-ism from governments over the next year," he said.

ment for preventing his attaine from flying between Chicago and Birming-ham and Nashville and Stansted. US carriers have also become con-cerned by the tougher attitude now-heing adopted by France and Germany on their respective bilisteral air agree-ments with the US.

# Prestwick airport to be run by local consortium

By James Buxton, Scottish Correspondent

BAA, the airports' operator, has agreed to sell Prestwick airport in south west Scotland. The airport will now be largely owned by a consortium of local authorities and businessmen chaired by Mr George Younger, the local Conserva-tive MP and chairman of Royal

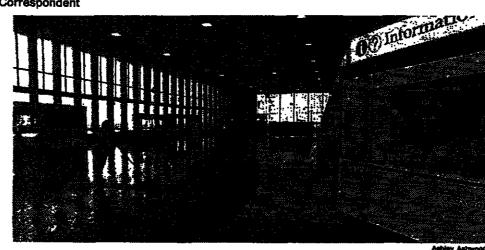
Bank of Scotland. Under a deal finalised yesterday BAA will sell the airport to British Aerospace (BAe) which manufactures civilian aircraft at Prestwick.

BAe will then sell the airport facilities to Ayrshire Community Airport Project (Acap), but retain the freehold of the runways, which it will lease to

The report also identifies a growing list of inward investments in component ventures extending to several hundred Acap.

BAA has wanted to sell Prestwick ever since March 1990 million pounds.

The largest include a £100m alternator an electronic comtwick ever since March 1990
when the government removed
its monopoly on long-haul passenger flights from Scotland.
Airlines using Prestwick immediately moved their operations
to Glasgow and in the year to
March 1991 the airport lost
£4.8m on revenue of £5.1m.
Mr Younger said that staff
levels at Prestwick would have ponents plant set up in south Wales by Robert Bosch, the German component maker, and a £65m air conditioning. beating and radiator plant in



Terminal fatigue: Prestwick has emptied since airlines moved services to Glasgow

to be cut from 80 to 55. The employees of PIK, the new operating company to be formed by Acap, would be expected to accept job-sharing, multi-skilling and job flexibility. Former BAA staff would be given migrity allocation of given priority in allocation of

Mr Younger said that Pres-twick would build on its exist-ing airfreight business which is operated by Air Canada and

Federal Express.

It would then hope to re-establish its charter business. He said he expected PIK, whose name derives from Prestwick's at low levels of traffic.
"In the US you wouldn't find an airport with this level of traffic having the staff struc-

radio call-sign, to make a profit in its first year.

PIK argues that with a smaller, flexible workforce Prestwick can be made to pay

BAe became involved in the transaction because it needed to safeguard Prestwick's runway in order to safeguard its manufacturing operation making the Jetstream passenger aircraft. It also operates a flying school at Prestwick. Under the deal it will also acquire the freehold to its own plant at the

airport.
If BAe were to end manufacturing at Prestwick Acap would have first refusal on the

would have first refusal on the sale of runway.

The value of the transaction is not being disclosed, although Acap said it was paying a "substantial seven figure sum" for the airport.

Kyle & Carrick district council, the local authority, is providing £1.5m for the purchase of the airport and is taking a stake in Acap.

stake in Acap.
Strathchyde regional council
has promised to lend film to
ACAP at favourable rates of interest. Airport staff are to be offered shares in Acap.

# Shropshire set up by Nippon-denso of Japan and Fiat sub-sidiary Magneti Marelli. Tide fails to turn for the jobless in manufacturing

Is a fresh wave of job losses about to hit industry? Daniel Green and Andrew Baxter investigate S Britain's manufacturing industry undergoing a sec-ond wave of job cuts after the heavy retrenchment of last year? Are companies which have fought desperately to hang on to skilled labour now looking at the outlook and

reluctantly biting the bullet-Yesterday's unemployment figures, and the spate of recent redundancies which have yet to be reflected in official statistics, suggest the answer to questions which are becoming increasingly sensitive as the election approaches is an

continuing as we have always forecast,"

Last December, the EEF pre-dicted a further fall of 70,000 UK engineering jobs in the year from the fourth quarter of 1991, reducing the total to 1.82m. But recent events in industries as diverse as aerospace and machine tools suggest that could be a conserva-

tive estimate.
On the one hand there are companies which are not planning any further job cuts, even though they see no immediate In fact, the answer is a qualified "No". As the Engineering the defence, medical equip-

Employers Federation put it ment and luxury car group, yesterday: "There isn't a second wave, but the first wave is Rolls-Royce car plant in Crewe, but says: "The pain was last

> In contrast, a second wave of job cuts is visible in chemicals. "Companies are having to bring forward redundancies they were hoping to put off," said the Chemicals Industries Association. Individual companies were, however, reluctant to concede

they had miscalculated the length of the recession. Bulk chemicals supplier Albright & Wilson, part of Tenneco, the US conglomerate, said it "started to wield the weeks after heavy cuts last jobs] axe in June 1991. We are year. Mr David Barrell, direc-

now turning our focus to other areas of cost savings". It is at the heavlest end of tor general of the Federation of Manufacturers of Construction Equipment & Cranes, said the industry, petrochemicals. many companies are "holding their breath and hoping they where a new round of jobs cuts is most apparent. Only yester-day, BP Chemicals announced the loss of 180 jobs at two sites. do not have to make any more cuts. All it does is weaken the

redundancies in the past few

industry". In aerospace, the recent job cuts at British Aerospace are Late last year, BP Chemicals management told each manu-facturing site to look for ways part of a longer process, but are contributing to lay-offs in subcontractor companies of reducing costs. Only three sites have so far revealed job cuts but the exercise is conwhich had hitherto avoided timping.
The construction equipment industry is suffering a "second wavelet" with a series of small

In other sectors, the current round of job cuts is the "first wave" of this recession. The chine tool industry fought off heavy redundancies last year in the hope that condi-

Over the past few weeks. however, some 600 job cuts have been announced in machine tool factories from Brighton to Bridlington, threatening the permanent loss of highly-skilled engineers from the workforce.

The long term decline of the textile industry in the UK remains a fact of life. "Redundancies are continuing at 4,000 to 5,000 a quarter out of a workforce of 420,000," said Mr Colin Purvis, of the British Textile Federation. "This is related to companies' own performances. Most people are fairly sceptical about economic forecasts."

# BRITAIN IN



# Labour likely to retain equity plans

Mr Chris Smith, a Labour party treasury spokesman, has given the firmest indication yet that a Labour government would not abolish Personal

He told the Financial Times:
"We believe Peps do have a
role to play within the savings
and investment market." Personal Equity Plans, introduced by Mr Nigel Lawson as chancellor in the Budget of 1986, allow investors to shelter equity investments from capital gains tax and

income tax. Labour has maintained the option of abolishing Peps since they were introduced, but never made this a direct commitment. It has always said that tax reliefs on existing Peps will be honoured and that no changes will be made retrospectively.

### Fewer days lost to strike

The lowest number of days were lost through strikes last year since records began 100 years ago, according to figures published by the Department

of Employment.
Provisional estimates put days lost in 1991 through industrial disputes at 0.8m -the first time the figure has dropped below 1m since 1940. The figure compares with an annual average of 7.2m days lost for the 1980s.

Manufacturing investment falls Investment by manufacturing industries in capital goods fell by 15 per cent last year compared with 1990.

Spending on vehicles suf-fered the biggest decline, down by 39 per cent on the previous year while spending on plant and machinery dropped by 15 per cent.

# BP to end pay bargaining

BP Chemicals plans to end collective pay bargaining at its Bagian Bay, south Wales, plant in a rare example of a large UK company derecognising blue collar worker unions for pay purposes. The company's plan,

announced together with pro-posals to cut 130 jobs from the 900-strong plant and change working practices, sparked fears among unions that other BP plants would follow Ragian Bay's example. Lex, page 14

### Repossesions reach 75,540

The number of homes repossessed by mortgage lenders because their owners could not keep up with their monthly payments reached 75.540 last year. The total, by far the highest

ever recorded, was 72 per cent up on 1990. It was slightly below forecasts of 80,000, how-ever, and the Council for Mort-gage Lenders indicated that the worst might now be over. The council believes the decline in eviction rates reflects the fall in mortgage

## Government to replace ships

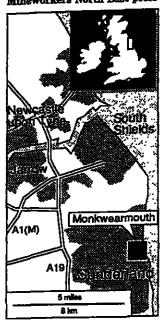
The government confirmed plans worth some £500m to replace and update ships required for amphibious mili-

tary operations. The announcement in the Commons by Mr Alan Clark, Defence Procurement Minister, was seen as a bid to offset the impact of recent job cuts in the defence industry, including at British Aerospace and the ship-yards VSEL and Vosper Thornycroft.

It was welcomed by warship builders struggling for new orders and by the Navy, since it secures the role of the Royal Marines.

# Two men die in pit accident

Investigations have begun into an accident 1,000 feet under-ground at Wearmouth Col-liery, in Sunderland, Tyne and Wear, in which two men died and three were seriously injured. The National Union of Mineworkers North East presi-



dent Mr Davy Guy said the union believed serious accidents in the coalfield were increasing as the number of miners was cut and working hours lengthened.

Production at the 160-yearold pit, where 1,050 men work, was suspended as the Health and Safety Executive's Mines Inspectorate, British Coal safety officials and the mining unions started their inquiry.

### BR subsidies to remain

Plans to eliminate the heavy annual subsidy received by British Rail's Network South-East division have been abandoned, according to the Department of Transport's annual

report.
The figures highlight the difficulty the government faces in fulfilling its pre-election prom-ise of privatising loss-making

commuter services.

The last corporate plan agreed by the government and British Rail, published in December 1989, aimed to cut Network SouthRast's subsidy from £141m in 1989/90 to zero in the forthcoming year.

### Union concern at break-ins The Prison Officers Associa-

tion, the union representing jail staff, has claimed that four thefts of sensitive computer information from its North London headquarters fitted a pattern of similar break-ins suffered by the three main political parties.

The disclosures follow revelations that MPs have suffered

a spate of thefts, some apparently aimed at sensitive computer information. The union said it believed the thefts, which started last August, could not be dismissed as coincidence.

### Love's labours far from lost on business of St Valentine's Day

It is on Valentine's Day, today, that the British let on

that they may have a sense of fun after all. Legend says that the birds choose their mates on February 14. Today English-speakers

embark on, or renew, their love affairs with a card or a token gift. And in spite of the recession, a survey published yesterday said Britons have great as estimated \$225500. spent an estimated 2745m on Valentine gifts this year.

The survey found the most popular gifts for women were flowers and chocolates while the favourite present for men was a bottle of aftershave. Most newspapers, meanwhile, are full of classified advertisements on St Valentine's placed by Sugar Lump, requesting an exchange of vows with Twinkletoes.

The UK travel industry also regards Valentine's Day with particular affection. Thomas Cook says that bookings for many of its Valen-

George Mikes, the Hungarian-born writer, once said that while the Continentals have sex lives, the British have bot water hottles.

The state of the up 50 per cent on last year.
Among the breaks requested
by customers are a weekend in
an Alaskan igloo and the opportunity to roll over Nia-gara Falls in a barrel.

Paris is the most popular conventional destination , although with England due to meet France in the Five Nations rugby championship tomorrow, hotel rooms are hard to find.

Hoseasons Holidays, the riverboat charter company, is even offering a 'loveboat' on the Norfolk Broads complete with four-poster bed.

Tonight will provide a much-needed boost for Britain's res-taurants. But Valentine's night is not an unmixed blessing for is not an unmixed blessing for restaurateurs. What happens if, despite the pink champagne and sensitive service, the romantic evening does not live up to its promise? The staff frequently find themselves dispensing sympathy and the odd tissue. In many restaurant clockrooms, Valentine's night adds a new dimension to the expression not a dry eye in the expression 'not a dry eye in the house'.

 $\rho^{468} b^{(ab)} b^$ 

# HOWMANY

# CHAIRMEN

# DOES IT TAKE

# TO CHANGE

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THE COLUMN AND THE STATE OF THE COLUMN AND COLMAN. ROVER, SHELL TESCO, UNITED GLASS, WELLCOMING AND COLMAN. ROVER, SHELL TESCO, WELLCOMING AND COLMAN.

or the last three years
Professor Jim Hewit's
team in the Department
of Mechanical Engineering at
the Loughborough University
of Technology has been
looking at cows' udders with
more than a passing interest.

Talking to colleagues at the Agricultural and Food Research Council they discovered that if cows could be milked as often as the cows themselves wanted, milk production would increase.

The stress on the cows of

being rounded up for milking would also be reduced, which could improve milk quality. And farmers would need less equipment, as milking would be spread throughout the day, not compressed into the traditional early and late shifts.

The Loughborness have

The Loughborough team has developed a robotic machine to milk the cows automatically. The system incorporates a thermal imaging system attached to a contraption of booms and telescopic tubing. The solution appeared by accident. Hewit discovered a

thermal imaging system in the lab from a previous project. Wondering whether this might distinguish cold teats from hot udders the team tested it on cows on an Oxfordshire farm. Not only did it pick out the teats on the cow when the animal entered the milking stall, without the need for human guidance, it also picked out a teat diseased with mastitis, which appeared black to the imaging system. The cow's owner was shocked, but grateful, and so were the Loughborough engineers: in a surprise spin-off the robot had become

a dual milking and diagnostic imaging system.

Work will begin in May on the remaining hurdle: making the imaging systems rugged enough and cheap enough for life on the farm. At present an effective imaging system costs around £30,000, says Hewit, and he is worried that a roaring trade in robot rustling might develop.

might develop.

Eventually he believes unattended milking stalls will appear on the farm. Cows will wander in as they please or be called in by the tape-recorded lowings of suckling calves.

Steven Sonsino

eading cosmetics companies are now battling for the mouths and minds of some of the world's most discerning consumers — wearers of lipstick.

Gone are the days when wax, oil and a splash of colour was the order of the day. Now

sumers — wearers of lipstick.

Gone are the days when wax, oil and a splash of colour was the order of the day. Now those with the pennies as well as the pout are being offered "performance" lipsticks — which colour, moisturise, heal and caress.

In Europe alone the whole-

In Europe alone the wholesale market for lipstick is worth more than Ecul50m (£107m), and a successful lipstick can increase a company's sales in the colour sector (lipstick and nail varnish) by more than 50 per cent in the year of the launch, says Patricia Fuchs, director of Genevabased European Forecasts.

Since Lancome, a leading French manufacturer, introduced its Rouge Absolu in the UK in September 1990, for example, the lipstick has outsold, in unit terms, any other product Lancome has introduced into the UK market.

For the up-market cosmetics companies the test has been how to differentiate themselves from the cheaper brands, which have "cannibalised" the market, according to Fuchs, because of the large range of colours and finishes that the more popular suppliers offer.

The easiest route for the likes of Elizabeth Arden, Lancome and Helena Rubinstein has been to incorporate a

moisturising element in their products.

Traditionally lipstick has had one of two drawbacks: if the colour endured then the formula was harsh on the skin; if the lipstick was gentle on the lips the colour faded rapidly.

So the test for the lipstick

lips the colour faded rapidly.

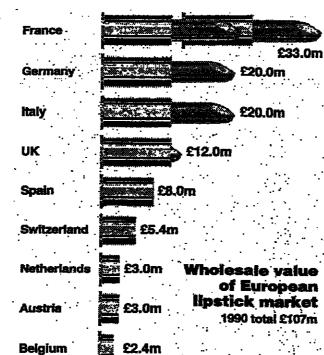
So the test for the lipstick makers has been to produce a stick which combines the best of both worlds. "Customers want to have a treatment lipstick. They want a colour guarantee and protection." says a spokesperson for Helena Rubinstein, now part of the French L'Oréal group, about its Rouge Forever lipstick.

To do this the largest cos-

metic companies have turned to their pharmaceutical and even their food divisions to enliven their traditional spotions. Edith Clar, director of scientific communications at Lancome, in Paris, says there is now a two-way flow of ideas between research laboratories in the L'Oréal group (which owns Lancome). The organisation includes shampoo and perfume companies as well as the more traditional cosmetic mak-

Lipstick is becoming more of a science and less of an art, writes **Della Bradshaw** 

A smear campaign



Source: European Forecasts."

ible with water. The technology for emulsification came

from the Unilever food division

where it has been well-tested in the production of marga-

rines such as Flora, Stork,

Delight and Krona.
Also included in the potion

are liposomes, which are being investigated by pharmaceutical

companies as a way of trans-

porting drugs into the body. In

cosmetics they wrap themselves around the active sub-

stances to make it easier for

those constituents to penetrate

the other hand, uses a technique called active gel net-

work, which took three years

of specific research to develop, says Clar. The stick incorpo-

rates a gel-like network of

ultra-fine links. As pressure is

Lâncome's Rouge Absolu, on

the skin.

This move has been facilitated by the acquisition of the big brand name cosmetics companies by multinational consumer products organisations. Unilever, the Anglo-Dutch company, famous for Persil soap powder and Oxo stock cubes, has acquired Elizabeth Arden, Calvin Klein Cosmetics, Chesebrough-Ponds and

Fabergé.

At Elizabeth Arden, the skills of 18 multinational chemists were taxed to produce Lip Spa, a lipstick already available in the US and to be launched in the UK in early March. The more conventional lipstick could be formulated by a single chemist.

Lip Spa incorporates water

a task which is inherently
difficult because the oils and
waxes in lipstick are incompat-

applied when the lipstick is put on, the colour and the active ingredients – vitamin E, ultraviolet filters, musk rose oil, et al – adhere to the lips. As the pressure is removed the gellike network reforms, trapping the pigments and oils on the surface of the lips.

Helena Rubinstein uses a similar approach with its Rouge Forever. The pigment is encased in polymeric microparticles which double up as a moisturiser. As the lipstick is applied the micro-particles release the colour on to the lips

Fuchs does not believe that the recession will reduce the demand for up-market lipsticks, which generally sell in the £10 to £15 price range. "In an economic recession if women can't take themselves

on a skiing holiday at least they can buy themselves a luxury product," she believes. "A lipstick is really an entry product to a consumer that is aspiring to an up-market brand." However, the traditional upmarket European and US cosmetics companies are coming under increasing pressure in their home markets from Japa-

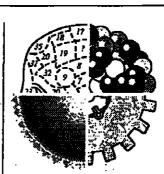
nese manufacturers, such as Shiseido and Kao.
Shiseido has been selling lipstick in its Le Marquillage range for the past three years which combines colour and moisturising properties, developed by its skincare division.
The colour elements are

The colour elements are immersed in a waterproof and oil-proof coating, says the company, so the colour remains on the lips and does not change, however acidic or alkaline the skin. A second component is an oil which binds water from the atmosphere to it, so moisturising the lips.

Shiseido's low profile in Europe – unlike its European and US counterparts it does not have multi-million pound advertising campaigns – serves to emphasise its upmarket image. Its products are only available in 10 outlets in the UK, including Harrods in London

Helena Rubinstein is now following a similar strategy in trying to consolidate its sophisticated image. Where once its products were sold through 270 stores in the UK, that figure has been reduced to 23.

The big cosmetics companies are also under increasing pressure as product strategies change. "The rhythm of launches is getting faster and faster, as we've already seen in the fragrance market," says Fuchs. "You can be successful for 18 months but then a rival product comes along."



### WORTH WATCHING by Della Bradshaw

Top prizes in the invention stakes

A MEDICAL system which could enable doctors to test for illnesses in their surgery — without sending blood or urine samples off to the laboratory — won a team of scientists at the Wolfson research laboratories at Birmigham University the top prize in the UK's Toshiba year of invention competition

The printed liquidic circuit system — resembling a large electronic circuit — uses standard chemistry tests, but carries them out automatically in a single device — unlike previous more complicated methods.

The device consists of a single layer of filter paper on to which a pattern of wax tracks is printed, defining the channels through which the body fluid flows. The device contains a layer of antibodies to which the antigens in the blood or urine, if present, bind. At the end of the test a colourmetric device shows whether antigens are present.

• A FIFTEEN-year-old schools category of the awards with an energy-saving device which could cut the electricity

bills of schools and factories.
After noticing that the lights at local school were often left switched on at night, Richard Mead, of Cheltenham College, set about designing a series of clips which can be attached over the lighting circuits in the fuse boxes.
Attached on top of the wir-

Attached on top of the wiring insulation the clips detect
the magnetic field when
power passes through the
wiring. The clips in turn are
wired to a central electronic
box with a series of red lights
on the top. When the lights
are left on, corresponding
ones on the box light up too.

A HAND-HELD instrument
which helps owners of oil rice

or power stations to cut their repair bilis won two divers the individual award category. The device, sold by instrument and Inspection Services. of London, is used by repair workers carrying out remedial grinding on huge metal joints a process in which the sharp edges of the cracked surface are smoothed away to help prevent further deteri oration. The gauge accurately calculates the thickness of the metal left by subtracting the depth of the grinding from

the metal remaining.

THE small business calegory of the Toehiba awards was won by London architect Brian Perry for developing a fire escape system using non-incandescent light. Intended for use in public places, the continuous luminescent beams can be used to identify escape routes and can be activated automatically by fire or smoke detectors.

The non-incandescent light becomes highly visible when the minute particles present in smoke and dust from the fire act as a diffuser.

### Chorus of chips in stereo sound

FOR those who want all the bells and whistles on their personal computer, AdLib, of Quebec City, has developed a computer board that upgrades your PC to give high-quality stereo sound.

The Ad Lib Gold cards, sold in the UK by Mindscape, of West Sussex, can produce 22 stereophonic voices—compared with only 11 for previous boards. The boards can be used for multimedia

### Compact discs go on record

computer games — since they comply with multimedia PC specifications.

This compact disc revolution has taken the music industry by storm, but music lovers are still waiting for the day when they will be able to record their favourite tunes on their own, in digital sound writes Michiyo Nakamoto.

Plasmon, a Cambridgebased manufacturer of optical

Plasmon, a Cambridgebased manufacturer of optical discs such as CDs, is entering the market for recordable CDs in a joint development agreement with Cibe Geigy, the Swiss chemical company. The UK-Swiss team believes it has a more stable chemical which can be used to coat CDs and make them recordable as well as give them a life expectancy of up to 50 years. Each disc would be recordable only once. Cha-Gelov will provide the

be recordable only once.

Cibs-Gelgy will provide the chemical know-how while plasmon will be the engineering and production vehicle. The two companies expect to start shipping samples in June and to go into production by the end of this year.

Apart from recording music, recordable CDs have a range of applications from photo CD to date storage.

# Little disc has a big heart

EVEN the hardest-hearted technologists show their more romantic side on St Valentine's day. Researchers at IBM's Almaden Research Centre, in San Jose, California, have unearthed a tiny heart deep inside IBM's most advanced hard disc drive recording head. Just 100 millionths of a metre wide the heart-shaped metal yoke has enabled IBM scientists to write more than 1bn bits of information on to a square inch of magnetic disc space.

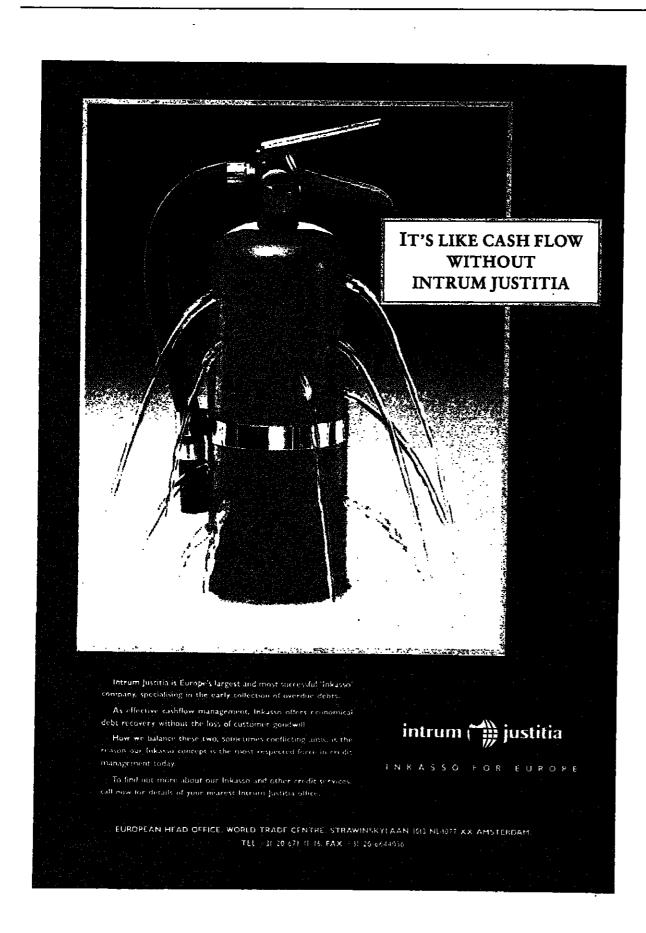


# Watching high blood pressure

CASIO Computer, of Japan, has developed a watch which enables wearers to tell their blood pressure as well as the time. All the wearer needs to do is place a finger on the watch and wait 30 seconds. Two sensors inside the watch then measure the blood preserved.

The watch will go on sale in Japan later this month for Y19,000 (£85) and worldwide sales are planned.

Contacta: Toshiba: Japan, 03 3457
4511, Toshiba year of invention
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FINANCIAL TIMES CONFERENCES

THE

# EUROPEAN WATER INDUSTRY

London - 10 & 11 March, 1992

The implications of the pressures that are being maintained to raise standards to the levels demanded by the European Community and its member states will be addressed at the FT's third conference on the European Water Industry. Developments in the economic regulation of the privatised UK water industry, comparisons with regimes in other Western countries and finance for the industry will be among the range of issues to be examined.

Speakers include:

Mr David Trippier MP Minister for the Environment and Countryside, UK

The Rt Hon The Lord Crickhowell PC National Rivers Authority

Mr William Courtney CBE Water Services Association

Mr Francis Carpenter European Investment Bank

Mr Anthony Pellegrini The World Bank Mr Laurens Jan Brinkhorst\*
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### MANAGEMENT

Lucy Kellaway takes tea with Richard Branson in the snug and friendly surroundings of his Holland Park mansion

# Home but not alone



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school; desks remind him of school; so he abominates desks. Instead he lounges, top three shirt buttons undone, on a pale apricot sofa in his double-fronted MY OFFICE private mansion in Holland Park.

From here, the founder of Britain's best known private company does deals and makes vate company does deals and makes sure that his personal image is coming across right. The phone placed in front of him on a large, low coffee table rings incessently.

"Look Trevor, I like these people, and I think they want to do a deal. But we shouldn't sign anything, unless we can live with it." Replacing the preciver he explains the the

ing the receiver, he explains that he has always worked from home ever since a teenager because it is "snug, cosy and friendly".

Until two years ago he worked and lived on a houseboat on the Thames, but the meetings got bigger and so did the kids".

Now he lives in splendour in Not-ting Hill Gate in a house bought at the peak of the market. He works at one end of a 40 foot sitting room, while his children have piano lessons at the other.

"It's really Joan my wife who put it together. She used to work in a bric-a-brac shop," he says, casting an eye over the festooning curtains, art

Big boardroom pay rises in Britain nearly always provoke public criticism

and sometimes anger among

from misunderstandings by commentators armed with

Richard Branson was unhappy at school; desks rococo mirrors with naked cherubs carved into the frames. The room is dotted with family photographs, including wedding shots of Branson and his wife with their two children on a beach, everyone in white satin, and everyone blond and very beauti-

> Branson draws attention to the heavy, ornate mantelpiece, which is groaning with airline trophies. "We have a lot of people coming here to lunches. We try to get across that Virgin is the best airline in the world," he says.

Branson is trying to turn the conversation his way and later admits as much. "The only interview that Will (his press only interview that Will (his press man) will let me do are ones that will help the airline. I always try and direct the conversation towards it," he says, letting his smooth mask drop for one minute.

The approach apparently works: a recent appearance on a lightweight TV chat show brought a record 38,000 calls to the airline the following week which he helieves was

ing week, which he believes was directly linked to his personal performance.

What message does Branson think his office gets across about him, or his company? He hesitates, seems unable to answer. The phone goes again. 'Hi, look, how much will I be in the film? Do you think we are going to get some nasty feedback? Right Right Right."

deco lamps and the overbearing screams at the visitor. Judging from the surroundings, Branson wants to remain an unconventional guy, and refuses to enter the corporate main-stream. He holds no board meetings, does not go out unless he wants to, and puts up visiting businessmen in his house, chatting to them over breakfast with the family.

This style did not go well with being a public company and was part of the reason for his retreat from the stockmarket. He also did not enjoy the public scrutiny — and criticism - that comes from being a public company. Indeed even now, Branson reacts angrily to any adverse publicity, however slight -something which is apparently not just a matter of personal vanity. "If someone doesn't like my sweater.

someone neem i me my sweater, that's a potential negative against the airline," he says.

A slightly scruffy young woman brings in a cup of tea. She is one of a team of four personal helpers who work in the house. "There's a girl work in the house. There's a girl called Penny, a girl called Emma, a girl called Clodagh and a guy called John," he says. The guy and the girls spend a big part of their time dealing with the 200 letters which arrive every day, turning the relevant energy into a two line summer. vant ones into a two line summary, so that Branson has time to read

Despite the £1bn-odd turnover of his companies, Branson clings to his distrust of the big organisation. "I believe in 'small is beautiful', and tight. Right. Right."

that companies should be run from the bottom up, rather than the top



Tony Andrews Richard Branson: "How much will I be in the film? Do you think we are going to get some nasty feedback?"

dotted around a dozen buildings in Notting Rill, none employing more than 50 or 60 people. "We've got 30 different switchboards in the area it might be more expensive, but it's much more personal."

His most important business aid is a large, black-lined notebook. This sits in front of him on the table, with a proof copy of his 1993 Who's Who entry sticking out of it. In this book

down." The Virgin companies are he writes down "all my meetings and all my ideas. I have numbers 1 to 50 every day. If something comes

up, I jot it down".

The book goes with him around the world. "At any excuse I jump on a plane to New York, LA or Tokyo," he says. He then goes out of his way to chat to the 400 passengers and the 20 or so crew, which also yields 50 different "thoughts, ideas and sug-gestions" which he writes down in

tance of dealing with complaints and striving to improve the service. It all sounds as if Branson is becoming a convert to fashionable

his book. He talks about the impor-

management notions. "Total Quality Management? I've never heard of it." he says. "No, I've never read any books with suggestions of how to run a business," he adds. The strong implication is that he doesn't need

elusive quality T f a company tells you it has a Total Quality

Such an

Management programme, it is trying to prove that it is a go-ahead organisation striving to do as well as possible all the time.

Don't be fooled. It seems that all but a few quality programmes fail, usually because the management failed to set realistic goals or look for measurable benefits at the outset.

According to a survey by A T Kearney, the international management consultants, and TQM magazine, 80 per cent of such programmes do not produce any tangible benefit. The findings are significant because TQM has become one of the main techniques being used in Britain to improve corporate performance. Earlier research by A T Kearney showed that the notion of TQM had become so fashionable that nine out of 10 chief executives said they planned

However the latest study reveals that only 20 per cent of companies which have introduced a TQM programme report tangible results in the last 12 months.

Among the findings are: Successful TQM
programmes typically have
a greater focus on the
customer and aim to give employees more authority to make decisions.

Companies which have successfully introduced TQM are twice as likely to have made an objective study of their competitors through "benchmarking".

 Where TQM has failed to generate tangible results the quality manager, rather than responsible for the programme.

Companies which practise TOM successfully share four common characteristics; an emphasis on tangible results, insistence on performance measurement, an integrated programme and a clear commitment from top management. In addition they ensure that they "retain ownership of the programme" instead of relying upon outside

Paul Taylor

# When honesty pays off in the boardroom

Paul Taylor explains how executives can avoid criticism when their salaries rise

shareholders.

But companies often have only themselves to blame when insufficient information about the large salary rises of their senior executives hit the head-lines, according to Monks Partthe components of a chairman's or highest paid direcnership, the company remunertor's pay. The common misconation advisers.

Monks' latest publication\*
details good and bad practice ception that an increase results from a rise in base salary rather than, say, a maturing

in company annual reports, is a case in point. and points out that getting the section on directors' remuneration right plainly causes some companies difficulty. Simon Rodwell, Monks' assoings generally receive a better hearing, for the simple reason that they are taking the trou-ble to explain actions which, in clate director, argues that much of the media criticism over the past year has arisen

performance-related bonus -"Those companies which make full and informative dis-closure of their directors' earn-

most cases, are reasonable and defensible," says Rodwell.

But he warns that "those who choose to withhold information and surprise public and shareholders alike with a sud-den, unexplained increase in their chairman's earnings, should not feel aggrieved if they get a rough ride at the AGM or in the financial col-40 companies whose annual reports are used by Monks as umns". Based on a survey of about 1.100 annual reports,

Monks says that a growing number of companies, particu-larly the largest, are beginning to disclose more than the legally required minimum about boardroom pay.
Full disclosure in itself is no

guarantee of escaping the headlines, witness the outcry over this week's £750,000 pay-off for Laurence Cooklin, the head of Burton. Indeed, Burton is among the

**BUSINESSES FOR SALE** 

examples of good practice in the way they handle aspects of boardroom pay. The others include Boots, W H Smith, Marks & Spencer and Tesco, BOC, Courtaulds, Glaxo, Brit-ish Gas and Welsh Water. However many companies are still failing to provide more "minimal disclosure" -

sufficient only to meet company law, stock exchange and other requirements. Based on its survey. Monks says that while more than 80 per cent of directors are entitled to bonuses, only about one in 10 company annual reports makes even scant mention of bonus earnines.

Companies like BET, British Steel and Lucas Industries provide more than the minimum legal requirement and "are ead of practice in the overwhelming majority of accounts," says Monks, but are criticised for not conforming to

best practice and for falling short of the recommendations of the Institutional Shareholders' Committee. The Monks report does not single out indi-vidual companies for criticism, but does contain several examples of bad practice, based on company annual reports but with altered figures to show how misunderstandings occur.

Monks' report suggests guidelines for good disclosure practice designed to give shareholders and other annual report readers a clear picture of how and why directors emoluments have changed.

Total board emoluments should be divided under five headings: fees, fixed remunera-tion, annual bonus, longerterm bonus where applicable and pension contributions, the report says.
The emoluments of the

chairman or the highest paid director should also be subdivided between fixed and variable amounts and footnotes to the emoluments tables should include details of changes in board composition and explanations of performance mea-sures used to determine bonuses. Each tranche of share options should be shown separately.

\*Disclosing Board Earnings in Company Annual Reports, £115 from Monks Partnership, Debden Green, Saffron Walden, Essex CB11 3LX

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to 3,500 m. all at them located in the Campeche Bay in the Gulf of Mexico with water depths from 47 m. to 62 m. Registration for this tender will commence with the publication of this invitation and February 14th, 1992. Opening of bids will be on March 24th, 1992. All necessary information to participate in this render should be requested by fax or telex, to the following numbers: telex, to the following numbers: In Mexico City, fax: (\$25) 254-7608, telex 1773062 PMITME or 1773513 PMITME: tel: (\$25) 255 4214: Attn. Mr Alejandro Marquez. January 31st 1992

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- Versus M/s. Asea Stal AB and others ...... DEFENDANTS

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1) Chase Manhatian N.a.
London Branch, Box 16, Woolgate
House, Colemant Street, London ECSP
2ND United Kingdom (Defendant No. 5)

4) P.K. Banken (Now troom as Nordbanken)
Box 2561, S-403 17, Gothenberg, Sweden (Oetendant No. 8)
5) Standhartska Enekki da Benken Kungsthudgerdageken 8, S-105 40 Stackholm, Sweden (Detendants No. 9)
6) Cetgotabenken Smalendsgaten 4, S. 103 52 Stockholm, Sweden (Detendant No. 10)
7) Sparthenbernas Bank Kungstmägerdagelan 2, S-103 28 Stockholm, Sweden (Detendant No. 11)
Whereas Mas Indian Charge Chroma Limited, Choudwar, Orissa, India has Instituted Tide Suit No. 2021 of 1991 against you, you are hereby summoned to appear in this courf in person or by a pleader duly instructed and eleis to saveer all material questions relating to the suit on the 27th day of February month of 1982 at 10,30 of eleck to answer the claim and hartner you are hereby directed to the on that days written streamers of your detence and to produce on the add day all documents in your possession or power upon which you base your detence.
Take notice that is default of your appearance on the day before mentioned the suit the heard and determined in your absence.
Given under my hand and the seel of the

No. 00125 of 1992 IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE CHANCERY DIVISION THE HONOURABLE NR JUSTICE MUMMERY MONDAY THE SRD OF FEBRUARY 1993 IN THE MATTER OF

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Order of NOTICE IS MEREBY GIVEN that the Order of the Nigh Court of Justice (Chancery Division) dated 3rd February, 1992 confirming the reduction of the capital of the above-named Company from £3.750,000 to £4.891,187,95 was registered by the Register of Compa-nics on 4th February, 1992 DATED this 14th day of February, 1992 Mediarlanes.

EN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT

Macterianes, 10 Norwich Street, London ECAA 1BD. (Ref: A2/152050) Solicitors for the above-named Company.

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"Berlin is like London in the 1960s; the opportunities are enormous...companies wishing to invest can expect generous profits...Ber-

lin is an investor's paradise." "There has been a huge speculator-driven bubble that in the last month has started to burst. Banks are refusing to lend money on land because it

These contrasting views \_\_ from two of the many UK advisers who have flocked to Berlin in recent months - illustrate the uncertainties that exist in Europe's most unusual property market

The uncertainties are reflected in the differing levels of interest and investment attracted by the market. Berlin agents are besieged by visi-tors demanding information. Yet to date, there has been more talk than action. In the past 18 months, there have been barely 20 investment

The doubts over Berlin focus more on short-term rather than long term prospects. In the long term, Berlin's role as

the seat of government will guarantee its future as Germany's most important city. Moreover, Berlin's growth will be powered by one of the strongest economies in the

Berlin's expansion will create a huge demand for new commercial buildings. Office space in the city will increase from 13.5m square

# More talk than action in Berlin

By Vanessa Houlder

metres to 29m sq m by 2010; over the same period population is fore-cast to grow from 3.4m to 5m, according to the Institut für Stadtforschung und Strukturpolitik, a planning institute. The opportunities, therefore, for developers over the next 15 years are enormous, particularly as 70 per cent of the existing office stock is obsolete.

It is Berlin's short term prospects that are unclear. Already, one of the most sluggish markets in Germany has been transformed into one of the most expensive. Buildings that

stood half empty two years ago have seen their rents quadruple.

And while the worldwide property recession has restricted the funds available for investment, the funds available for investment, the grim forecasts on the future growth in property prices has made Berlin's landowners reluctant to sell their buildings. The shortage of high quality buildings on the market have forced yields down to 5 per-cent, even where there is little prospect of continued rental growth. The reasons for the caution, how-ever, go beyond the short term fluc-

tuations in prices. There is extraor-**CAPITAL GROWTH (%)** All Properties Year to Dec 91 -2.1 0.2 0.0 -7.9 -3.1 -1.3 Month of Dec 91

dinary uncertainty about the future pattern of demand and supply.

In the time since the Berlin wall was torn down in 1989, demand from tenants has vastly outstripped supply. Companies wanting to be represented in Berlin have clamoured for a share of the inadequate stock of office space.

But it is unclear whether this pressure for space will be sustained over the next few years. Berlin's poor infrastructure, the lack of trained workers and the high cost of accommodation may deter companies from moving to Berlin.

There is additional uncertainty as

to when and how long it will take to transfer the seat of government from Bonn to Berlin - a move which will also see embassies, inter-national agencies, employers' federations, trades union headquarters and the media follow suit. Anything from between five and 15 years has been mentioned.
Yet there are other problems

which will bog down developers.
For instance, disputes about the ownership of sites that were expropriated by the former communist regime will slowdown virtually every developer on the eastern side of the city. Although a recent court case found that the claims of a pre-vious owner should not be allowed to hold up development, nobody expects the arguments to be

resolved swiftly.
So it is unclear when the first new building will be erected on the



Since the Berlin wall came down, demand for a share of the city's inadequate stock of office space has vastly outstripped supply

eastern side of the city. The favoureastern size of the city. The lavour-ite is the 120,000 sq m complex in Friedrichstrasse, to be built by a consortium including the US prop-erty company Tishman Speyer Properties, Bouygues, the French construction company, and the French Galleries Lafayette depart-ment store. Work will probably start at the end of this year, although the consortium is facing the inevitable legal challenge on its ownership of part of the land.

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Even when questions of owner-ship have been clarified, developers can still expect to be held up by the planning process. No scheme on the eastern side of the city has yet received planning permission, according to Mr Stuart Reid of Weatherall Green & Smith, the

chartered surveyors. It is hardly surprising that deal-ing with the planning authorities is a drawn out process. The city is determined to do justice to the historical and symbolic importance of the land that has been cleared by the destruction of the wall.

Potsdamer Platz, the huge area of wasteland near the Brandenburg Gate, which was once packed with glitzy hotels, cares and stores, and where Adolf Hitler committed suicide in his bunker, is the most controversial site of all.

First, the European Commission is investigating whether Daimler Benz and Sony, which bought much of the site relatively cheaply, received illegal subsidies from the city authorities. Second, the design of the square is the subject of heated debate. Daimler Benz claims that the planners' decision to restrict the height of buildings to 35m will produce monolithic facades, while Sony has called the planners' model unimaginative.

planners' model unimaginative.
Another planning debate is likely
to be opened up in the next few
weeks when Berlin unveils its master plan for the eastern side of the city. This will go some way to moulding the future shape of the

Agents believe that prime areas in the western side (such as Kurfurstenmann) and the eastern side (such as Unter den Linden, the majestic avenue stretching out from the Brandenburg Gate) will ulti-mately resemble the west end of London and the City of London respectively.

The problems of determing future rents lie in assessing the impor-

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tance of the areas that fall outside the core city areas. "It is really a guessing game," says Mr Harry Gross of Zadelhoff Deutschland, real estate consultants. He believes that a significant oversupply of office space may develop over the next five to six years outside the core areas of the city.

The western side of the city will, on average, command higher values than the eastern side, thanks to the higher quality of its infrastructure, shops and residential areas. The snops and residential areas. The task of bringing the east of the city up to the same standards as the west is formidable.

"There is just too much to do there." says Mr Gross. "In some parts it looks like the Russian tanks have just moved out," he adds. The future pattern of rents in the city may also be affected by developments in the hinterland of Berlin. One such project which has already One such project which has already

one such project which has already won planning approval is a DM 1.5m business park at Beelitz by the UK's Carroll Group.

So how well will the increase in demand match the increase in supply? In the face of so many difficult questions it is no surprise that ansate questions, it is no surprise that ana-

questions, it is no surprise that analysts disagree.

According to Mr Guy Duckworth of Healey & Baker, chartered surveyors, prime rents of DM 90 per sq m, may fall to DM 70-DM 75 in three years, as new buildings come on stream. "If you bought in the last year, you have a good chance of getting your fingers burned." he says.

Mr Stuart Reid of Weatherall Green & Smith, however, thinks demand will rise to match supply. In any case, the fundamental strengths of Berlin and its place in history will sustain continued intercept from preparty companies. est from property companies.
"Every long term investor will want real estate here," he says.

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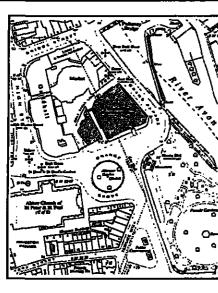
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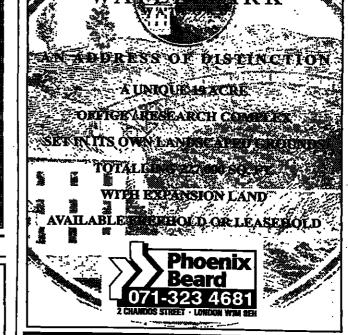
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If you pass near Trafalgar Square any time between now and March 29, this is your chance to see the "Madonna and Child with the Pinks" by Raphael. This and although and a second a second and a second a second and a second a second and a second and a second and a second and lovely masterpiece was painted when Raphael was in his mid-twenties. It was rediscovered only last year, hanging in Ainwick Castle, home of the dukes of

Northumberland.

The "Madonna with the Pinks" was bought in Rome by Algernon the 4th Duke in 1853. The duke savoured the Duke in 1833. The duke savoured the pleasure of owning a superb work by Raphael, who enjoyed the status of a minor deity in the eyes of 19th-century art lovers. But within a few years scholars had started to question whether it really was by Raphael. Then in 1897, the continue's fate anneared scaled when painting's fate appeared sealed when Bernard Berenson pronounced it a copy by Giulio Romano.

It was too much to bear, the painting was banished to a corridor. Here it was spotted last spring by the sharp eye of Nicholas Penny, the Clore curator of Renaissance painting at the National Gallery. After technical examination in London, the "Madonna and Child with Pinks" was found to be the celebrated lost original. Now cleaned and restored, this lovely picture can be compared with the Gallery's own two paintings of the Madonna and Child by the young

Perhaps it has been a year or two, or longer still since you last visited the National Gallery. Perhaps you have done the Sainsbury Wing and not realised that the "old" Gallery is undergoing profound changes. The latest stage is a new display of the early 19th-century collection recently opened in three handsomely restored rooms in the east wing. (The galleries were paid for by Haziett, Gooden & Fox, with matching funds from the Wolfson Foundation.)

Roughly speaking, the first two rooms exhibit what used to be called the "French School", artists such as Delacroix, Ingres, Corot, Courbet, Fan-tin-Latour and Moreau. The walls are clad in a deep red-pink fabric, almost the shade of the executioner's tights in Delaroche's "Execution of Lady Jane Grey". For good or ill, this huge history



'Richard Gallo and his dog Dick' by Gustave Caillebotte, on loan from the Josefowitz Collection

painting dominates the room. Rather comically, on the adjacent wall there is Puvis de Chavanne's "Beheading of St John the Baptist".

The third room is the first devoted to Impressionism. The others, which reopened last year, have incorporated the riches of the Berggruen Collection. False ceilings and hessian wall-covering have gone, the carpets have been taken off the wooden floors. There is now air-conditioning in these rooms although by no means everywhere else. Impressionists and Post-Impressionists hang against a grey fabric which my eye tends to register as denim blue. A chronological walk now takes you

from young ingres in Rome in 1811, painting the portrait of Napoleon's Chief of Police to the spectacular Picasso portraits from the Berggruen collection. The Sainsbury Wing has taken pressure off space so that many painting will be express upon the pressure of space so that many painting will be expressed. ings will be coming up from the reserve collection where they have been visible, although relatively few visitors pene-

There is one striking oddity about the new hang. Why are the Goyas interspersed with Ingres? It is hardly an Illuminating point that the two artists are so different. Compare and contrast, when "le grand Louvre" is rehung, it

as they say, Goya's "Dona Isabel de Porcelor", a romantic portrait of an animated and sensual young woman, with "Madame Moitessier", close by Ingres presented his wealthy sitter less as a flesh and blood woman than as a kind of salon Sphinx or a piece of gorgeously upholstered Second Empire furniture. The Spanish interloper's presence in this otherwise resolutely French room is because the National Gallery is now taking a bolder, freer line with its hanging. Neil McGregor, the National Gallery's Director, feels transplanting Goya is understandable because of the intense interest artists in early 19th-century France showed in many

foreign artists - Italian, of course, but also English and Spanish. Delacroix, for example, visited Spain and noted the Goyas he saw in his diary.
"There is a huge disjunction between art history as taught and as it is hung", McGregor points out. He speaks of the "enfeebling notion" of national schools which dominated museum display from the 19th century; the Gallery's new plan will "undo the nationalist thrust". In this respect, as in so many others,

will be along rigidly nationalistic lines. At Trafalgar Square, the very word "Schools" has been banished from the labelling. The curators believe that to the unsophisticated public it conveys nothing at all - except occasional puzzlement as to precisely where these mysterious schools could have been located. The grand plan is that when the entire Gallery is completed – and that relies on sponsors coming forward it will have a firm chronological backbone.

However, conservative readers need not feel unduly alarmed. A "no frontiers" policy has so far been only timidly applied. One example is a small room where Tintoretto, Elsheimer and El Greco hang together. Another is an international room grouping 17th-century full-length portraits 17th-century full-length portraits including famous paintings by Velasquez, Van Dyck and Rembrandt. The "new" National Gallery which is slowly emerging may well have its oddities. Yet we can be confident that it will also be better babilled better for will also be better labelled, better for the pictures, and a setting which visually will be vastly more in keeping with a great national collection.

Patricia Morison

# Eric Clapton

ALBERT HALL

Eric Clapton's annual cool and undemonstrative as residency at the Albert Hall ever, driving home the long ago ceased to be a string contrast between the man and of concerts, let alone rock concerts. Like Horovitz with his piano and Stern with his violin Clapton is the total guitar master, the genius of his generation. Even more than Horovitz and Stern he makes it look easy, as he bends his guitar to strike out cries of human anguish and pleasure. I doubt if he even practices: you feel that if he could force his fingers on to bum notes the sounds would somehow come

right. No, the concerts are now just as opportunity to assess Eric's health, mental rather than musical. And the good news is that the man is just fine. Dressed darkly by Versace, his hair trimmed and his beard glinting grizzly in the spotlights, he could be a Mayfair art dealer, or perhaps a night club manager. He is as

contrast between the man and the tingling, manic, sounds that come from his guitar. He has been accepted as God

by his fans since the 1960s and

none of the disciples in the

audience would want to forget the real trauma he suffered in the past year: the loss, through a tragic accident, of his young son. But Clapton has used the experiencemusically, not cashing in but apparently expiating his grief through songs like "Tears in Heaven" and "The Circus left Town", performed seated and acoustically in line with his bass man Nathan East and guitar support Andy Fairweather-Lowe. The songs sounded maudlin rather than elegiac but it was a sensitive moment and earned Clapton a

bouquet of red roses.

Around this subdued heart there was the anticipated

ritual. There is no way he can escape from "Layla" however much he changes the intro, and the lovers in the audience (vastly outnumbered by parents giving their children a sight of stardom) would have expired if he had not played "Wonderful Tonight". It is done so tastefully, with such craftsmanship, that the craftsmanship, that the banality almost becomes a human truth.

There was Cream for encores "Crossroads" and "Sunshine of Your Love". Clapton is using a slightly larger band this year and with Fairweather-Lowe offering a spikey sound against Clapton's gold chipped playing the music was funkier, more rousing, than in the past. It might have nothing to do with contemporary art but it is a marvellous expression of

**Antony Thorncroft** 

# Birthday

It is difficult to understand just what the Cholmondeleys (Lea Anderson's all-girl troupe) and the Featherstonehaughs (their male companions) seek to do as dance and theatre. Maybe the clue lies in a belief that the jokey titles of the ensembles are sufficient guarantee of style, and that supposedly humorous mime, thinly armatured with dance, is justification for professional existence. What I have seen with these two ensembles in the past amounts to strip-cartoon theatre of the flimsiest kind, and Lea Anderson's new *Birthday*, unveiled this week as part of the Spring Loaded season at The Place, is as anaemic

theatrically as it is uncertain

in dance terms.

troupe are involved in what I take to be satiric comments upon the idea of celebration from putting on one's glad-rags to not being wildly happy with the presents that one is given. The cast nip in and out of various outlits, groom each other (a not wildly appealing sight), and spend far too much time playing with silver balloons. The creative process amounts to scenes of laboured dramatics interspersed with dance of minimal interest and curiously repetitive form. "If three people do it, it must be choreography" seems Miss Anderson's motto, and we see again those massed stamping and wheelings, those fraught trudgings, that I associate with her earlier work. The dancers n dance terms.

The six dancers of each air, and fulfil tiny tasks, whose

most vivacious moment comes their dressing gowns.
Nowhere did I detect

choreography as a valid means of exploring situation or character, nor a concern for dance as an art self-sufficient and powerful. Miss Anderson's sense of movement and her theatrical vocabulary provide an evening ineffably heavy-handed, with gesture as a emphatic decoration to dull steps. An accompanying score by Steve Blake was played by a jazz trio - The Victims of Death - and sounded muddy and rebarbative. It reflected exactly the quality of the evening. Birthday is the fruit of a Barclays New Stages

Clement Crisp

# The Creation

**ROYAL FESTIVAL HALL** 

The heading above is not accidental. Although the Academy of St. Martin-in-the-Fields Chorus and Orchestra have recently returned from giving performances of Haydn's oratorio in Germany, they per-formed it there in English, which may have surprised audiences accustomed to bear-

ing the piece as *Die Schöpfung*.
There are no great claims for authenticity to be made on this matter. A text in English was the spur for the oratorio's composition, but it was the German version, adapted and translated by Baron Gottfried van Swieten, that Haydn set to music. Performances in English (a re-translation back from van Swieten's German) are an inessential by-product

of the work's history. Unless the singers' use of the language gives new insights. At Tuesday's performance we had the tenor Anthony Rolfe Johnson, an artist one is always glad to see on stage, but not often as welcome as he was here. For not only did the make the English text come alive; he was the only partici-pant who really wanted to put across the character of Haydn's score. Every phrase added something, down to the little aside "He made the stars also", sung with a twinkle in the eye that was delicious humour and wonderment, all in one.

The other two soloists were Amanda Roocroft and Michael George, a mostly appealing duo in this music, especially Miss Roocroft, whose youthfully radiant voice makes her one of the brightest hopes among British singers of the younger generation. But they did not take the opportunity to impart any new or deeper meaning

through the words. Unfortunately it was not that kind of evening. Neville Marriner has long ago settled what the classical style gener-ally means to him and draws from his ASMF Chorus and Orchestra performances of high technical quality according to those precepts. Put in front of him a score which goes beyond the basic classical gestures, as The Creation does with its musical pictures, its humour, its reaching-out towards real profundity, and almost everything that matters about the work passes him by. The warning signs came early on. When the choir intoned those magical words "And there was light", the effect was neat, clipped - and absolutely trite. Haydn's unique masterpiece was about to be despatched, with verve

# Chamber ensembles

ST JOHN'S, SMITH SQUARE/PURCELL ROOM

Such is the demand for major artists that musical events are often planned a year or two in advance. It has taken that long for the economic slowdown to catch up with musical life in London, but the period since Christmas has been ominously oniet and there seems little doubt that recession has now arrive

In the circumstances one is even more grateful than usual for groups such as the Nash Ensemble and the younger Ondine, who rely upon a certain degree of adventure to keep up their momentum. At St John's, Smith Square the Nash presented two Russian programmes during the past week. According to a favourite recipe each was leavened with vocal items at its centre, but the real purpose was to provide a showcase for a pair of new Russian works.

The first of these was a Nash Ensemble commission, Dedicase for flute, clarinet and string quartet by Edison Denisov. This was receiving its first performance. A single note is intoned and then the other instruments cluster and marvellous accuracy and unfailing tonal beauty. But around, pressing first above in pitch and then below, until gradually the scope is widened. A clear academic idea is at despatched it was all the same.

most beguiling aspect is the way it combines string and wind sonorities, often in the same register, to produce some strange and beautiful sounds. At under 20 minutes, not a By crossing the river smartly major premiere, but a pleasing from St John's I was able to

Wherever Denisov is heard. the music of Elena Firsova is not usually far behind. Unlike her compatriot, Firsova has chosen to remain in Russia and yet her style admits even more of the cosmopolitan, often French influences than does

At the second Nash Ensemble recital on Wednesday that was certainly the case with her Odyssey Op.44, for mixed wind and string sextet with percussion. A delicately Gallic appreciation of sound was always to the fore, but there is a greater, more personal expressive content with Firsova and the music moved quickly through different

In this respect it was a journey, as its title implies, culminating in a visionary final section, where the music disappeared up and away into a mysterious ether of string harmonics, harp and bells. Like the strange traveller who Richard Fairman | work here, but the music's commissioned the work.

claiming it would be taken on a unique voyage by a lone rower from Russia to the US, and then went off never to be seen again.

follow the Firsova work (a first UK performance) with the second half of Ondine's French programme at the Purcell Room. This included a rare performance of Fauré's song-cycle La Bonne Chanson in the arrangement which the composer made for string quartet and piano, only to regret the idea fairly soon afterwards. In fact, it worked well in this venue, the voice fairly easily audible, the strings (including the optional double-bass) adding an attractive depth of resonance. The soloist was the soprano Patricia Rozario, who has a nice mix of purity and heartwarming grace in her voice. As long as a stream of relaxed tone was called for, her singing was indeed wholly lovely, but there was not enough bite to the sound or a sufficient grip on the words to dig much deeper. An attractive programme nonetheless, decently well played, worth seeking out.

# Self Portrait ORANGE TREE THEATRE, RICHMOND

Gwen John was the sister of Augustus, perhaps the best known British painter of his time around the First World War, she was attracted to women, but was also a mistress and inspiration of the sculptor, Rodin. Born in Wales and disliking London, she spent most of her adult life in France. She became a catholic in 1912, was remarkably attached to cats, some of which feature in her paintings and drawings. She died in 1939, a strange and haunting woman.

Her brother remarked presciently that her work would be remembered long after his own fame had declined. Augustus was right it is Gwen John's painting, not his, that is prominent in the major galleries today, though it took an American patron, John Quinn, to persuade her that her work was worth buying.

Even oversimplified like that, this is a big and complex story, perhaps too much so to be put successfully on stage. But it certainly has its attractions, especially to women. The main question is whether it can be adapted in a way comprehensible to people unfamiliar with the background. Sheila Yeger has had a shot at it, encouraged by the director Annie

The first performance was in 1987 at Theatr Clwyd, which commissioned it. The production at the excellent Orange Tree Theatre in Richmond is new, but is again directed by Ms Castle-dine. Undoubtedly it has its charms. The conventional criticism of Gwen John's work when she was alive was that the scale was too small. Here a score or so of her canvasses are shown from the ceiling, others appear periodically on slides. There can be few questions now about the quality: it is outstanding.

Rather than simply try to tell the Gwen John story, however, Ms Yeger has sought to draw a moral. The setting is a contemporary exhibition of her work. The gallery is run, and the private view attended, by some pretty stock characters: all-purpose arts journalist; neurotic female tryntily well played, worthing out.

Richard Fairman

ing to write a novel; and a TV arts producer.
Their quarrels alternate with Gwen John's drama, her scenes with Rodin and so on, enacted on the gallery floor. The moral is that

PARIS



Alester Mur Barbara Marten as Gwen John

unhappy women today can draw encouragement from her example.

That seems to be pushing it a bit. Gwen John was an extraordinary character by any stan-dards; the contemporary characters in Ms Yeger's play are made out of cardboard. Thus there is no parallel between past and present. The complexity of the plot is also made hard to follow by multi-part playing. Richard Howard plays the TV producer, Edwin John - Gwen's lather; Augustus John: and Rodin. He is at his

hest as Rodin Barbara Marten plays only Gwen John and at times does it remarkably well, never more so than when she is modelling for Rodin. This is a splendid part slightly bogged down in more mundane material. The gallery where the action takes place is designed with some flair by Steven Richardson. But in the end it is an intriguing rather than a compelling evening.

Malcolm Rutherford

# INTERNATIONAL Preview & EXHIBITIONS

The Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra is celebrating its 150th anniversary with a series of concerts around the world during the next six weeks. A self-governing body made up almost exclusively of Viennese-born and trained musicians, it has long enjoyed a reputation as one of the world's great orchestras, its first conductor was Otto Nicolai, and others closely associated with it over the years have included Hans Richter, Gustav Mahler, Wilhelm Furtwängler, Bruno Walter and Herbert von Karajan. instead of having a music director, the orchestra regularly invites the world's leading conductors to direct it in a concert series, which it organises outside its work for the Vienna State Opera. The anniversary liself falts at the end of March, and will be marked in Vienna's Musikvereinsaal by concerts conducted by Riccardo Muti (March 22) and Claudio Abbado (March 26 and 29). Before

that, the orchestra undertakes

at the Theatre des

a world tour. The opening concerts

Champs-Elysées in Paris (Feb 23 and 24) will be conducted by Carlos Kielber. The orchestra then files to New

York for two concerts at Carnegle Hall conducted by Lorin Maszei (Feb 27 and 28) and one concert in Washington (March 1). Japan will be the finel destination of the tour. Carlos Kleiber will conduct in Ozaka (March 5 and 6), Nagoya (March 7) and Tokyo (March 9, 10, 12, 13).

vienna stages its annual dance festival (Tanz '92) over the next three weeks, with most events taking place at Ronacher (tel 513 taking place at Ronacher (tel 513 8565). Highlights include a Roland Petit production entitled Ma Paviova with the Ballet National de Marseille (Feb 24, 25, 26), Mats Ek's Culiberg Ballet production of Swan Lake (March 3, 4, 5), the National Ballet of Zaire (March 2, 2, 8) and the modern dance. 6, 7, 8, 9) and five modern dance groups from New York. The estival opens next Tuesday with the Braman Theater's production of Macbeth. The Doug Elkins Dance Company gives the final two performances (March 28 and

**EXHIBITIONS GUIDE** 

BALTIMORE Walters Art Gallery The Art of Sir Lawrence Alma-Tadema (1836-1912): 49 works spanning the career of the Dutch painter who specialised in genre scenes set in Greece, Rome and Ancient Egypt, and who settled in England in 1870. Ende April 5. Closed Tues (800 N Charles St, 410-547 9000) BARCELONA Museu Picasso Picasso: Rose Period 1905-1906. An exhibition

most important loan is Acrobate à la Boule from Moscow's Pushkin Museum, Ends April 19. Closed Fundacio Joan Miró Art Works: a selection of paintings from the

Peter Stuyvesant Foundation, covering a wide range of artistic movements in the postwar era, with work by Max Bill, Dibbets, Dorazio, Blais, Calvo, A R Penk and Warhol. Ends March 22. Also Paco Vacas: the latest in a series of exhibitions entitled The Vigour of the Ephemeral, exploring the process of evolution in the act of artistic creation. Ends March 1. Closed Mon

of 18 oils and nearly 120 drawings

and gouaches, covering that most cherished chapter in Picasso's

harlequins, jesters, acrobats and

development his portrayal of

other circus entertainers. The

Fundacio la Cabra Modest Urgeil (1839-1919): 70 drawings and paintings by the pre-Symbolist artist whose favourite subject was the rural landscape of his native Catalonia. Ends April 5. Closed Mon DUSSELDORF

Kunstmuseum Venice's Fame In the North: a major show of 155 outstanding Venetian 18th century paintings and drawings by Carlevaris, Tiecolo, Piranesi and others, on loan from an ' international range of museums. Ends April 26, Closed Mon FRANKFURT

Stadel Max Klinger (1857-1920): the most comprehensive collection yet assembled of sculptures, paintings and drawings by the Leipzig artist. Ends June 7. Daily Deutsches Architekturmuseum Antonio Sant'Ella: 400 drawinos

by the revolutionary italian architect who devised the Citta Nuova project of a utopian metropolis shortly before his premature death in 1916. Ends May 17. Closed Mon **GLÁSGOW** 

Hunterian Art Gallery Scottish Drawings and Watercolours: McTaggart, Walton, Mackintosh, Redpath and Eardley are among the artists represented in this exhibition of 50 works covering the period 1870-1970. Ends April 16. Closed Sun LAUSANNE

Fondation de l'Hermitage Fifty Years of Vaudois Art: 200 paintings, drawings and sculptures from the period 1890-1940, by artists including Bocion, Chinet and Vallotton. Ends May 10. Closed Mon Musée d'art contemporain Robert

Mapplethorpe: 170 black and white photographs, ranging from portraits to still lifes, nudes and erotic scenes, by the New York artist who died of Aids in 1989. Ends March 15. Daily Musée des Beaux-Arts Louis Ducros (1748-1810); a selection of the 450 works in the museum's

Ducros collection, illustrating the influence on the Vaudois artist of his Italian travels. Ends March 22. Closed Mon Case Rusca Alberto Burri (b1915): retrospective of the Umbrian artist known for his thematic cycles,

collage effects. Ends March 1 LONDON institute of Contemporary Arts Ian Hamilton Finlay: Instruments of Revolution. The Scottish artist uses landscape gardening,

expressive colours and lacerated

fragments of classical architecture. concrete poetry and epithets from the French Revolution to launch a witty assault on the follies of modern times. Ends April 5. Daily Tate Gailery Turner: watercolours and drawings 1830-1840. A survey of Turner's development as a draughtsman during a decade when he was at the peak of his maturity, including dramatic colour sketches of Venice and an engraved\_series of picturesque views in England and Wales. Ends May 10. Daily National Gallery Raphael's Madonna with the Pinks: first public display of a painting

discovered recently at Alnwick Castle in the collection of the Duke of Northumberland. Ends March 29. Daily Victoria and Albert Museum Green images: graphic design in environmental protection campaigns. Ends May 25. Also 25 years of the Queensbury Hunt Design Group. Ends May 1. Also

probably made in 1508. Long assumed to be lost, it was

the Art of Death. Ends March 22. Royal Academy of Arts Andrea Mantegna: major collection of work by the great early Renalssance painter. Ends April 5. Daily (Tickets can be booked

in advance on 071-287 9579) NEW YORK Metropolitan Museum of Art Barbizon: paintings, drawings and pastels by six masters of the French 19th century school of naturalist landscape. Ends May 3. Closed Mon

Museum of Modern Art The William S Paley Collection: paintings, sculpture and drawings from the late 19th century to the 1970s, including works by Cézanne, Gauguin, Degas, Picasso and Matisse. Ends April 7. Closed

Grand Palais Toulouse-Lautrec: to cope with the large numbers of visitors expected at this major exhibition opening on Feb 22, a system of advance booking has been organised. Tickets can be booked by phone on 4804 3886 Musée des Antiquités nationales The Stuart Court at Saint Germain en Laye at the time of Louis XIV: 35 paintings by Gennari, Largillière, Mignard, De Troy, Belle and others dating from the French exile of James II and the Old Pretender. Ends April 27. Closed Tues (Chateau de St Germain en Laye, more information on 3451 5365) Fondation Mona Bismarck Masters of the Goodwood Collection: mainly 18th century paintings. furniture, porcelain and objets d'art collected by the Dukes of Richmond and D'Aubigny. Ends March 22. Closed Sun (34 ave de New York) Musée des arts decoratifs René Lalique: goldsmith and artist in glass, who works in the art

nouveau style. Ends April 5. Closed Tues (107 rue de Rivoli) Musee des arts decoratils (Palais du Louvre) Dubuffet. Ends March 29. Closed Mon and Tues (pavillon de Marsan, 107 rue de Rivoll) Artcurial Zao Wou-Ki: abstract paintings 1976-1991. Ends March 28 (9 ave Matignon) Musée des Arts de la Mode Elegance and Fashion in 18th century France; 80 exhibits from French Regency to the Revolution.

Ends March 31. Closed Mon and Tues (107 rue de Rivoli) Musée d'Art moderne Alberto Giacometti. Ends March 15. Closed Mon (11 ave President Wilson)

WASHINGTON National Portrait Gallery The Levy Franks Family Colonial Portraits: seven portraits dating from 1725-1735, among the few surviving paintings of this type from the colonial era, plus correspondence and family silver. Ends May 31. Also Lincoln and His Contemporaries: Photographs by Mathew Brady, More than 60 prints from the original glass plate negatives. Ends July 12. Daily Corcoran Gallery of Art Songs of My People: 150 black and white photos documenting African-American culture and family life. Ends May 3. Also Photographs by Sebastiao Salgado focusing on oppression and poverty around the world. Ends March 22. Closed Mon (500 17th St., N.W.)
National Gallery of Art Gerard
David's St Anne Altarpiece. Ends
May 10. Ends March 1. Daily

Textile Museum Language of Stitches: folk embroideries of India and Pakistan. Ends July 27. Daily Hirshhorn Museum Martin Puryear: 35 works by the Washington-born sculptor. Ends May 10. Daily

Graphische Sammlung der ETH Joseph Beuys: 50 pencil drawings from the Grinten Collection, distinguished by their gentle appearance, precision and underlying energy. Ends April 10. Closed Sat and Sun (Ramistrasse 101, Tram 6, 9, 10)

# **FINANCIAL TIMES**

NUMBER ONE SOUTHWARK BRIDGE, LONDON SE1 9HL Telephone: 071-873 3000 Telex: 922186 Fax: 071-407 5700

Friday February 14 1992

# Piling jobs on the pyre

have come as a surprise either economists. Changes in unemployment always lag the eco-nomic cycle, as the chancellor was wont to observe last year while sniffing for shoots of economic recovery. But these shoots, if they ever really existed, have browned and died over the last few months, as the renewed acceleration in unemployment belatedly confirms. The result is that it is the Labour party, not the econ-

omy or the government, that now has a spring in its step. Talking up the recovery was always going to to be a risky strategy for the government. Last autumn's pick-up in confi-dence was neither reflected in higher spending nor rising output. The patience of businesses, their bank managers, and perhaps voters too, cannot last indefinitely.

Little wonder that confi-

dence has dived, to be followed by a new wave of redundan-cies. Unemployment has now risen by a hair short of a million since the recession began similar in sum to the last recession but at a faster pace in its early stages.

ployment unusually rapid early on? Hiring and firing is certainly easier in deregulated post-Thatcherite Britain, espe-cially in the non-unionised service sector. But unemployment also rose more quickly in man-ufacturing. Perhaps exporters have taken on board the need to remain cost competitive within the European exchange rate mechanism. Manufactur-ing unit labour costs may still be growing faster than in other European countries; but they are growing at half their rate of June last year.

Job-shedding

Sadly, this adjustment to the ERM has so far occurred pre-dominantly through job-shedding rather than lower pay inflation. Wage inflation remains stuck above 7 per cent, higher than in pre-reces sion Germany. Manufacturing (though not service) pay settlements do appear to have fallen further, though not far enough. Manufacturers, needing to reduce unit costs and apparently unable to reduce pay

YESTERDAY'S sharp rise in awards, have resorted to the UK unemployment should not only other means available: cutting jobs. Output per head has been on a rising trend since March of last year, a full quarter earlier than at the same stage of the cycle in 1980-81. It has risen, despite falling output, because employ-ment has fallen faster. Nowhere is this Neanderthal approach to reducing pay costs more stark than at high pay-ing, low productivity, loss-mak-ing, job-shedding, Ford UK.

### Squeezed margins

Yet despite the pain, the adjustment to the ERM is not yet half complete. UK wage inflation remains twice as high as it must be if what remains of British industry is to hold its ground in Europe. Producer price inflation has fallen, but only at the expense of squeezed profit margins.

Only when wage inflation has fallen below 4 per cent will full adjustment be in sight. Tragically for the long-run health of the economy, as well as the short-run health of many of its citizens, unemployment is the only mechanism that anyone is willing to use to get there. More rational solutions involving more co-ordina-tion, synchronisation and discussion about sustainable rates of wage inflation have simply, and shamefully, been ignored.

At least the current, southern-biased recession means that manufacturers of traded goods, and their ex-employees, are not bearing the full adjustment cost. The wider and deeper the recession, the swifter the adjustment to European rates of inflation and the better the prospects for sustained recovery.

Yet this prolonged, and maybe even deepening, reces-sion will damage the govern-ment's confidence in its election prospects. Recovery will not begin until affluent, southern consumers start feeling confident about borrowing again, something that Mr Lamont will no longer be willing to count on. That the Department of Employment felt the need, yesterday, to issue a new book-let entitled Jobhunting — A Guide for Managers, Execu-tives and Professionals sug-gests the recovery may still be

# **Long road** to an Emu

MAASTRICHT represented the end of the beginning in the European Community's progress towards economic and monetary union. The heads of government of the European Community there agreed on an apparently final deadline of 1999. But, as perusal of yester-day's speech by the governor of the Bank of England, Mr Robin Leigh-Pemberton, makes clear, much that will determine Emu's workings and much that will prove politi-cally challenging remain

obscure.

Emu raises many questions, some technical; but the most important are political. As the governor stresses, the Emu now agreed has become feasible only because of the prevailing consensus on free markets and price stability. Emu will come about only if that consensus is acted upon

sus is acted upon.

The governor believes it will be. In view of the loss of credibility that would now follow failure, one must hope he is right that "assuming no really major disruptions, the relevant major distriptions, the relevant question is perhaps not whether Stage 3 will start in this century, but how many countries it will involve, and which they will be". Yet even if Emu will happen, it remains unclear how it will work will there he monetary

work. Will there be monetary targets and, if so, how will they be determined? Should there be reserve requirements: And where might the European central bank be located? (In lovely, liquid London, pleads the governor).

### Fundamental questions

These matters, important though they are, pale next to the fundamental political questions raised by Emu. Above all, the workability of Emu depends on acceptance of the German approach to economic policy. This does not mean that monetary policy becomes a technical matter, like cleaning the drains, it means that politi-cal decisions can be legiti-mately taken by a non-elected

body. The Bundesbank does not pursue a precise objective labelled "price stability". On the contrary, the D-Mark has lost more than two-thirds of its value since 1948. What the Bundesbank tries to do, instead, is to hold down the

rate of change of prices. This policy involves large doses of judgment, not merely about policy means, but about ends; about, for example, how much disinflation may be appropriate to achieve how rapid a reduction in inflation.

### German consensus

What permits the Bundes-bank to make such judgments is the German consensus on what policies should be like, not merely monetary policies, but fiscal and exchange rate policies as well. The governor is right to stress that consen-sus not any treaty is what sus, not any treaty, is what will make Emu workable. If the German consensus were shared by all main participants, they would not force inflationary exchange rate poli-cies upon the ECB; nor would they pursue irresponsible fiscal policies. But there can be no guarantee that the German consensus - some might say the erstwhile German consensus - will operate throughout the EC, a worry that has now seized a German polity already shaken by German economic and monetary union. If the consensus were to disappear, so would Emu. Emu will also have large

implications for fiscal policy. It is almost inconceivable, for example, that greater efforts would not be made to prevent a country from adopting a fiscal policy as anti-communautaire as the one the Germans are pursuing today.

Contrary to the governor's view, fiscal transfers will also increase - not merely because the poor countries want them. It is not that transfers are needed to achieve convergence and integration (though they would be if the EC were to implement the more nonsensi-cal parts of its proposed social charter). It is rather that larger transfers will be needed to deal with regionally differentiated shocks in the absence of

exchange rate flexibility.

At Masstricht the EC agreed on a long and difficult journey. But this is not just an economic journey. Emu demands political commitment and requires political consensus. Greater political integration will be the outcome of a successful Emu; but a deep consensus is the principal precondition for its success.

r Akio Morita, the chairman of Sony, stood on the trading floor of a Wall Street stockbroking company, filled with bright young men watching computer screens dis-playing flickering share prices. He turned to one of them and posed his question about the nature of American capitalism: "How far ahead do you look when you make decisions?"

The young man shrugged: The revelation shook the questioner: "It was a big shock for me because usually we look 10 years ahead."

What the stockbroker's remark revealed - however facetiously - was the extent of the clash between the cultures and values of Japanese and American capitalism. It is a conflict that increasingly preoccupies Mr Morita, Sony's co-

He has good reason to be concerned that relations between Japan and America are becoming more strained and distant. Sony's business depends upon a cultural bridge between the two countries.

The consumer electronic hardware for which Sony is hardware for which Sony is famous – stereo systems, tape recorders, video-cassetts players, televisions – largely entertain people by playing American films, programmes and music made in the US: entertainment software, in the

industry jargon.

Sony's financial power is founded upon the success of its manufacturing base in Japan. This has funded its recent acquisitions in the US entertainment software business most notably the \$6.5bn it paid for Columbia Pictures in 1989 and the \$2bn acquisition of CBS records the year before. By buying these businesses, Sony is seeking control over both software and hardware.

As the company stands on legs spread between Japan and the US, it is not suprising that Mr Morita believes it impera-tive that trade conflict should not pull them apart.

The career of the 70-year-old Mr Morita was in part devoted to increasing exports of con-sumer electronics, the very products that have come to form a large part of the trade surplus which trading partners complain so loudly about. Now in the twilight of his career, he sees his role as soothing the tensions generated by the sur-

Mr Morita founded the Tokyo Telecommunications Engineering Corporation with his partner, Mr Masaru Buka, in 1946, two years after grad-uating from Osaka Imperial University's physics department. The company's name was changed to Sony in 1958. He is widely admired by fellow engineers and senior executives in the west and Japan for his combination of technological prowess and business acumen. He has turned the company into a multinational group with 1990 sales of Y2,880bn (£12.6bn) and pre-tax profits of Y267bn. His ingennity in inventing the Walkman portable personal cassette player has made him a more public figure than almost any

other Japanese industrialist.

A glint in his shiny blue eyes narks his passion for bright ideas and unconventional thinking. But that is only one side of him. He can also fix people with the steely gaze of a highly determined and driven

Akio Morita, chairman of Sony, shares his views with Charles Leadbeater

# Japan's Talkman



Sony's Akio Morita: 'Japan must change'

In the west he is widely acknowledged as the epitome of Japanese business success. Inside Japan, however, he is more often seen as a maverick, a self-appointed apostle of radi-cal reform in debates about Janan's future economic and political role in the world, a subject most executives discreetly steer clear of.

He entered the fray last month with a controversial article in the Bungei Shunju, the monthly business and cultural magazine which called on Japan to "re-invent itself to blend with the prevailing attitudes and practices of international business", or face mounting attacks from the US and Europe for being closed to foreign competition.

Mr Morita believes that gov-

ernment agreements to manage trade frictions do not attack the heart of the issue. What will resolve tension in the long run is a deeper recon-cliation of the values and cus-toms of Japan, Europe and the US, particularly in their attitudes towards work. Mr Morita's idea is what he

calls a long-term harmonisa-tion of social structures and customs to establish a fair basis for global competition. He explained: "Japan must change. We are doing business all over the world, society is ming borderless. The concept of competition must be

considered in that light. The social costs of Japanese compa-nies might be less than those US and European companies pay. It may be that difference which makes it difficult for them to compete. So in the long run we have to harmonise social conditions."

Over time, Mr Morita says, Japan should develop some of the characteristics of the European and US economies: instead of wealth accumulating in the hands of companies more of it should pass into the hands of workers and cons ers in the form of longer holi-days, better pay, a shorter working life, a better environment and quality of life, partic-ularly improved housing. Mr Morita believes Europe

and the US have to change a lot, too. His implication is that they are still too slow to learn from what has made Japanese companies successful. Western companies pay top management far too much and those executives often have the wrong attitudes. "Top management must regard employees Indeed, he suggests that many of the difficulties of

western companies stem from the shortcomings of senior executives. Although he found his experience on the Wall Street trading floor shocking, he does not accept that short-termism is simply the fault of financiers. Companies are also

to blame, he says.

While Mr Morita believes
Japan should rethink aspects
of its work culture, he does not
believe Sony's business strategy is in new years a similarly
farrescaling. far-reaching reassessment despite the sense that growth is slowing in the consumer

electronics industry.
Sony's pre-tax profits fell by
25.7 per cent in the six months
to last September and it
warned that business conditions in the second half would be even more severe. Along with its competitors, Sony is pumping huge sums into new products, such as high-definiion television, which are still long way from earning ade-

Mr Morita faces down this gloom with a bullish account of the outlook. "Consumer electronics will continue to grow because we have many, many new applications of electronic technology for consumers, not just for entertainment but for household uses and in communications." He is confident on

several fronts.
The technology inside consumer products will become increasingly sophisticated to make them easier to use, he says. Simple devices like video recorders and televisions already contain small computers which control them. Those computers will become increasingly powerful, making the products they run ever more flexible and intelligent.

Computers as such account for very little of Sony's sales. But it has set itself the goal of making 10 per cent of sales from computers in the late 1990s, partly through forging alliances with groups such as Apple Computer, the US personal computer maker.
The integration of computers and consumer electronics will

be matched by the growing integration of software and hardware, he believes.
Mr Morita identifies three other factors which should feed the industry's growth: the extension, mobility and inter-connection of products.

Electronics will spread, to transform products which as yet it has only just touched: notebooks and diaries will be replaced by small computers. Ordinary kitchen appliances will be controlled by them.

Products will also become increasingly mobile; they will

be linked to people rather than places. Mr Morita thinks the portable telephone will be an important product for the This profusion of more mobile products will only be possible if they are connected to one another by telecommunications and satellite links.

The growth of consumer prod-ucts will rest upon these infra-structures being extended internationally.

Mr Morita has been like a powerful micro-processor, pumping away inside his company, turning ideas into technology, technology into preducts and products into money. ucts and products into money. But is it now time for a younger generation of management to take over? The be no changes in our adminis-

tration this year."
Having called the Japanese
to consider working fewer hours, some might suggest he should take a lead by retiring. At that kind of remark the gilnt in the Moritz eye dims and the determined gaze

# Waiting in the wings

Charles Leadbeater and Roland Rudd on the Hanson succession

hen Lord Hanson, chairman of the acquisitive conglomerate that bears his name, rises to address fund managers rises to address fund managers in London today, they will be keeping a close eye on his shirt cuffs to see what he has hidden up his sleeve.

Something is hiding there. At Hanson's annual meeting last month, the 70-year-old chairman told shareholders that successors had been iden-

that successors had been iden-tified to take over from him and the 69-year-old co-founder

and the dryear-out co-toined of the group, Lord White. But he declined to name them.

Their identity is unlikely to be revealed at today's first full presentation to British institutional shareholders since 1988. Yet the question will increasingly be asked: who are the mystery men? The lords have tried to

defuse the issue since they announced last year that they amounced last year that they would stay on until 1997.

The briefing today is the latest step. Lord Hanson will parade a clutch of his top managers, including Mr Iri Englehardt, president of Peabody mining, Mr Donald Borst, chairman of SCM Chemicals from the US, Mr Ronald Fulford, chairman of Imperial Tobacco, and Mr David Snow-

Tobacco, and Mr David Snowdon, managing director of the London Brick Company. But they will not be presented as potential successors. The point is to show that there is strength in depth. As one adviser to Hanson put it:
"James (Hanson) has been stung by criticism surrounding his management style. He in anxious to show the world today that there is a lot of talent in his company that will continue with or without him.

So there is no need to name a successor."

It is unlikely to allay the concerns of some institutional shareholders, who are growing restive. They are particularly concerned about the role of Lord White, following the controversy over the use of company funds to make failed investments in bloodstack.

investments in bloodstock. Lord Hausun's loyalty to his partner is unconditional. The partner is uncommonal. Ine two have complementary skills: Hanson is the operator and administrator, White the deal maker. Having risen together, they will probably step down together. So the task is not just to find a couple of able executives but a part-nership which provides that

They could reach deep into the organisation to bring up a young entrepreneurial execuive with the energy and flair they exhibited when they together in 1963. The problem is that because the two lords play such a central role in the company, people with entre-preneurial ambitions have

ended to leave. Former Hanson executives are flowering in British industry, most notably Mr Greg Hutchings at the conglomerate

Tomkins. One option would be to bring back someone like Mr Hutchings, possibly through a takeover. The drawback might be Lord Hanson's sense of loy-alty to those around him, which might prevent him installing an outsider. It is unlikely that Lord Han-

son would appoint a pair of senior divisional operating executives to the top posts. While such managers are highly skilled at running indi-vidual parts of the business, they have no record of identi-fying and masterminding the lying and mastermining the type of big acquisitions that fuelled Hanson's growth in the 1980s. The appointment of operating chiefs would signal to shareholders that Hanson

was shifting strategy.

The main candidates are thus likely to be a group of long-serving Hanson senior executives who are responsible for broader aspects of the over-

all business.
Mr Derek Bonham, the 48 year-old finance director is a prime contender, the architect of Hanson's sophisticated tax and financial systems which have played a vital role in maintaining the group's financial performance despite recent poor trading results. A former colleague says of him: He is very bright, has a grasp of the whole business, a formidable character."

Mr Tony Alexander, Hanson's 53-year-old chief operat-ing officer in the UK, is described by one Hanson financial adviser as "clinically ruthless and extremely able". Mr Alexander is the man who often goes into acquired com-panies to start rationalisation. A conglomerates analyst says:
"There is something of the
grim reaper about him."
His counterpart in the US,
Mr David Clark — described
by Lord White as a brilliant

manager – is also a candidate Yet Hanson still has the feel of an old-fashioned family business and there are two family options. Mr Christop Collins, director of corporate development, is a former jockey married to Lord Hauson's niece. He is a chartered accountant, reputed to be per-sonally wealthy after selling sonany weattry after setting his family's Goya perfume business. He played a central role in deciding that Hanson should buy its 2.8 per cent stake in ICL.

The other is Lord Hanson's 30-year-old son Mr Robert Hanson, who trained as a merchant banker. The row over Hanson's personalised man-agement style in the past year must make it less likely that the top seat will be handed

However, a former Hanson executive warns against expecting the lords to do any-thing obvious. "They will be thinking how best to serve the shareholders," he says. "That could involve something really dramatic, like selling most of the businesses and giving the money back to shareholders."

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## Tale of two sisters

The contrast between the management styles of BP and Royal Dutch Shell can rarely have been sharper than now Yesterday saw Royal Dutch Shell quietly reshuffle its top management team, with Sir Peter Holmes being annointed to take over from Lo van Wachem as top dog. While over at BP a terrible set of figures underlines the questions already being asked about the performance of chairman Bob

Horton. Horton gave a slick presentation, and if there are political machinations going on, they can only be guessed at. Since he has only been in the job a couple of years there is no need for there to be a clear successor yet. On the other hand, his apparent unpopularity with segments of his own staff and with a swatch of the investment community, does raise the

The problem is that unlike Shell, where Cornelius Herkströter is already being groomed to take over from Sir Peter, BP has no obvious successor to Horton. But while Royal Dutch Shell's conservative and bureaucratic management style has its attractions, it also has its

disadvantages. Sadly for Holmes, who hasn't much time to make his mark on what is one of the fatter of the old seven sisters, even the strongest punches can be smothered by red tape.

Out of touch ■ It may be called the New

York Metals Exchange (Nymex), but don't expect it to deal in metal. Such at least is the impression just gained by Impala Platinum. The beleaguered South

industry. They're popular because they're familiar, he African producer has had to buy a total of 70,000 ounces of platinum in the market because of production



Gilbertson, now reports that the company has received a "snotty" letter from the chairman of Nymex. If Impala continued to insist on taking delivery of metal, it said, Nymex would have to consid blacklisting the company.
Apparently the Nymex argument is that the exchange is merely in the business of supplying a price. But Gilbertson reckons it is very frustrating to have the price set by someone who will not take or deliver metal.

"If ever there's an argument for producer pricing, this is it," he maintains.

shortfalls caused by labour

unrest. A proportion of this was obtained by taking

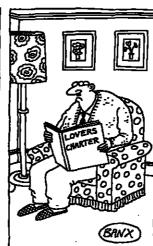
physical delivery on out-standing futures contracts. Impala's chairman, Brian

Torch songs ■ For golden disc, read "Red Sun". Sales of a cassette album

with that name have soared to 1.7m copies in China, to the pique of the reformists struggling against conservatives in the country' leadership. The album, which might be subtitled "Hits of the Cultural Revolution", consists of 30 songs deifying Mao Tse-tung which were popular when his devotees were burning books, smashing temples and purging intellectuals in the late 1960s

and early 70s. The cassette is produced by China Record's Shanghai branch whose manager, Zhou Jianchao, says his company decided to "dig up" the songs as a change from the Taiwan ese and Hong Kong pop that dominates China's music

But they jar the ears of Shanghai's Liberation Daily paper. Calling on China's music writers to come up with new songs more suited to the



es, it declared: "We cannot again create a god and a personality cult."

### Invisible

■ Nelson Mandela went out of his way on his recent Lon-don visit to encourage foreign investment in a post-apartheid South Africa. But the message, as usual, does not seem to have reached his colleagues in the African National Congress. Some 20 merchant bankers

the middlemen for future investment - have just held a seminar in Johannesburg sponsored by British Invisibles the City's committee on invisi-ble exports. Officials of the ANC's economics department were invited, and would have found it a useful gathering... if they'd bothered to show up.

### Misbehaviour

■ Nice to see Francis Maude, the minister in charge of the citizen's charter, wearing his name-badge at a seminar organised by London Electriccharter. As he pointed out, the charter requires increasing numbers of faceless bureaucrats to wear badges on the assumption that they will behave differently if they can be identified by name. However, departing from

his usual anonymity didn't seem to prompt Maude to behave differently from the ministerial norm. Not only did his speech begin 20 minutes later than scheduled, but he failed to offer financial recompense to the audience.

Perhaps he'd forgotten that
the citizen's charter encourages the swift dispensation of £10 notes to customers kept

walting by meter readers, repair men and suchlike.

Pride swallowed Yesterday being the 300th anniversary of the Glencoe massacre, how did the Macdonalds end their ceremonies to mark the treacherous slaughter of 37 of their ancestors by troops headed by Archibald Campbell, 10th Duke of Argyll? They had lunch at the Glencoe Hotel. And what is its manager's pame? its manager's name? Lorne Campbell

In the kisser ■ On this, St Valentine's day,

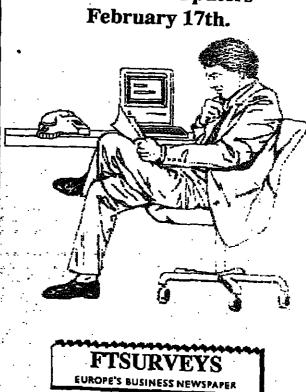
Observer is happy to pass on some hints from "Snogging – a beginner's guide to the art of kissing".

For a start, amateurs should realise that a kiss which speaks volumes is seldom a first edition, and a first is a woman who thinks it's every man for herself. And if you tell your lover "I love you terri-bly" you run the risk that he/ she may agree with you. Moreover, those of a certain age should remember they can keep their teeth out of the way

by slipping them in a pocket. The book, which lists the pros and cons of inviting your first date to share a pew with you in church, is published by HarperCollins Religious Publishing. Observer is gobsmacked

# FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY

To be aware of the latest developments in **Portable Computers** and what the implications are for you and your business read the **Financial Times** feature on **Portable Computers** 



tutional change after the British general election whether devolution or out-right independence — is send-ing shivers through Scotland's business community.

The unmistakeably urgent

tones in which the possibility of political reform is being disor pointeal reform is being dis-cussed suggest that proposals from the Scottish Nationalist party and the Labour party are being taken seriously for the first time by businessmen. Both parties have put it firmly on their agenda. The former endorses outright independence, the latter a devolved parliament with the power to raise some taxes. Even the Conservative party, faced with opinion polls that indicate most Scottish people favour independence, may have to

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consider some form of devolu-tion if it is returned to power. "Independence would be a disaster and a tax-raising assembly almost as bad, as it would take us well down the road to independence," says Lord Weir, chairman of the Weir Group, the Glasgow-based engineering company. He fears the political uncer-

tainty which would arise from a period of transition to a new system of government, and higher taxes. He believes Scot-tish-based companies which do not depend on the Scottish market might move their headquarters, probably to England, if they were taxed more

heavily in a separate Scotland. Lord Weir's reaction is typical of the anxiety of business-men about the consequences they fear for Scotland and for their companies if constitutional changes are enacted.

Such radical political upheaval has crucial implica-tions for how Scotland would be financed. Mr Ian Begg, an economist at Cambridge University and an expert on the Scottish economy, estimates that Scotland receives between 10.5 per cent and 11 per cent of all UK public spending but only provides between 8 and 8.25 per cent of UK tax reve-8.25 per cent of UK tax revenues and duties. The resulting gap is estimated by most economists to be just under £4bn. Labour and the SNP have different proposals for filling this shortfall.

• Under Labour's plan, a Scottish parliament would receive all income tax and value added tax raised in Scotland, and the gap would be made up with a grant from Westmins

In addition, Labour intends that a Scottish parliament would be able, as the party puts it in policy statements to "vary" the rate of income tax in Scotland by up to 3p in the pound. Labour politicians believe that Scots would agree to pay higher taxes for greater

# Nervousness north of the border

Scotland's business community is worried about possible political upheaval, writes James Buxton

Scotland	i e ch		<b>~6</b> +1		mio
General gove					ui:io
£ per head	1988-69		19 <del>89-9</del> 0		1990-91
Scotland	2,748	· . · .	2,957		"3,196 ·
England .	2,119		2,338		2,586
Wales	2,487		2,680	**:-	2,964
Northern tretand	3,540	٠	3,714	٠.	3,842
Total: :::	2,232	• :	2,448	٠	2,694
GDP	• • • •				: ,
Çm⊞on :	1989	(%)		1990	(%)
Scotland	35,740	(8.3)	. 3	8,738	(8.2)
England	368,035	(85.4)	40	2,207	(85.4)
Wales 🐟	18,306	(4.2)	. 2	0.053	(4.3)
Northern Ireland	9,116	(2.1)	e	9,821	(2.1)
UK.	438,774	(100)	47	7,747	· (100) .
Population :					6
MEDION	1989.	(%)		1990	· (%)
Scotland	5,1	(8.9)	•	5.1	(8.9)
England	47.7	(83.3)		47.8	(83.3)
Wales	. 2.9	(5.0)	٠	.29	(5.0)
Northern ireland.	1.6	(2.8)	70	1.6,	(2.8)
UK .	57.2	(100)	-	57.4	(100)

services – such as better services — such as better health, education and housing provision. A recent Mort poll gave support to this claim, showing that 49 per cent of respondents were willing to pay higher taxes compared with 45 per cent who corposed with 46 per cent who opposed

 Under the SNP's independence proposal, the gap would be filled by oil revenues. The SNP argues that Scotland is entitled to 90 per cent of the oil and gas reserves in the North Sea. It says that although the tax revenues from the North Sea this year are likely to be only £1.2bn, increased produc-tion arising from new oil fields and higher oil prices could raise revenues to about £5bn in the last half of the 1990s.

Opponents of independence say this strategy begs many questions. Much depends on where England and Scotland would agree to locate the line between their sectors of the

If the line of the land border between the two countries, which runs in a northeasterly direction up to Berwick-upon-Tweed, were projected into the North Sea, a big part of the oil and gas fields would end up in



the English sector, and Scot-land might have less than 70 per cent of the revenues. Oil revenues seem, how

to be an uncertain basis for filling Scotland's revenue gap, and are volatile, varying greatly from year to year depending on the oil price, production levels and tax write-offs by the oil companies. Mr Begg believes that even if Scotland obtained all North Sea oil, it would still have a

substantial borrowing require singumulai borrowing requirement because of the gap between tax revenues and expenditure. "It would be laughed out of the financial markets," he says, and higher taxes might be necessary.

Nevertheless, an independent Scotland would have a researchly well-helenced acons. reasonably well-balanced econ-

omy, not only with considerable oil and gas production but a relatively large, export-oriented manufacturing base and a big financial services industry. It might have a gross domestic product of about 255bn, putting it below Den-mark and Norway in western Europe but above Greece, Por-tugal and Ireland. For businessmen bewildered by the speed with which the

issue of independence has come to the fore, the main problem is making business ical climate. A senior executive of a Scottish company explains: "We don't know what's going to happen in the election, the economic issues don't get discussed enough and the whole debate is conducted in a manufacture of the base of the land footnoted.

in a vacuum so that hard facts are never established." The finance director of a quoted Scottish manufacturing company says he knows of two Scottish companies which have established subsidiaries in England through which to pay their Scottish workforce, as a

precaution against the higher income tax which an Edin-burgh parliament might impose on them. Mr Brian Stewart, chief executive of Scottish & Newcastle, the drinks and leisure group which operates in both England and Scotland, fears that independence or devolution may reduce the access of Scottish companies to the Ringlish market.

The planned single European market is not regarded as an adequate solution either, because it will for many years

be much less integrated than the UK market. That concern is shared by Mr Malcolm Murray, chief executive of Scottish Life, the life assurer. He says that even if there were no tax differential between an independent Scot-land and England, there might be consumer resistance or even discrimination in England against buying life policies from a Scottish company. England is the biggest market for most of Scotland's life com-

panies and banks.

My personal preference is for the status quo, but that's not an option any more," he

Says.

For the companies that do support constitutional change, devolution is preferred to independence. One businessman running an engineering concern in Glasgow argues that Scottish business would receive a better hearing in a Scottish assembly than it does at Westminster, and that a Scottish assembly would be more likely to tackle the prob-lems of the region's transport

lems of the region's transport infrastructure.

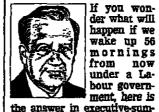
Other supporters of devolution argue that higher taxes would be an acceptable price to pay for improved services such as health and education. This is the view of Tom McGregor, an acceptance of the region o an engineering consultant, who will soon launch an organisation of businesspeople called Scotland Says Yes! (to devolu-

tion).
While the idea of devolution gathers some support, few senior members of the Scottish semor memoers of the Scottish business community approve of outright independence. But there are some singular voices of support. Mr Robin Angus, an investment analyst with County Natwest Woodmac in Ediabutch believes as inde-Edinburgh, believes an inde-pendent Scotland could give its financial services industry favourable tax treatment, particularly for one of its specialities, investment trusts. Sir Iain Noble, who chairs the Edinburgh issuing house

Noble & Co, and is a pillar of the Scottish establishment, says he would be content with either a Scottish parliament inside Britain but dealing direct with Brussels, or an independent Scotland within

"It is axiomatic," Sir lair says, "that taxes in Scotland would be lower than those in England, otherwise there would be a brain drain and a flight of capital. We would establish the simplest company law in the EC, attract corporate head offices and thrive on our financial and legal services. Whether indepe was a success would depend entirely on our ability to be entrepreneurial and innova-

# Joe Rogaly Milk and water



bour governthe answer in executive-sum-mary shorthand: Britain will become a regulatory state. If he gets the chance, Mr Nell Kinnock will try to achieve by means of regulation and tax incentives or penalties what his party could not deliver when it tried nationalisation, demand management and the perpetual expansion of the public sector. Labour has abandoned socialism, but it means to civilise capitalism.

means to civinse capitalism.
This is evident from a close study of the several policy documents published by the party over the past two years, but there is no need to consult them again. Reading through all that bollerplate is no need to consult them again. anyway not worth doing for less than \$1,000 an hour, and it would take the seller of the service many long hours. We can turn instead to Next Left, a slim pamphlet about to be published by the institute for Public Policy Research\*. It is not a party document, but in

its general thrust it might as well be. The IPPR is Labour's thinktank in the same way as the Centre for Policy Studies, the Institute for Economic Affairs and the Adam Smith Institute are the Conservatives'. Two of the four authors of Next Left are confidentes of Mr Kinnock. I fancy I detect the voice of Dr John Eatwell, the Labour leader's economic adviser, in some of the argu-ments. So while it would be wrong to pin details of its proposals on the Labour party, we may safely ascribe the pamphler's tentative theorising to some of Mr Kinnock's favoured thinkers.

Do not get too excited. This is no Das Kapital. It is not even a viable synopsis for a 1990s equivalent of Tony Crossos. land's The Future of Social-ism, which famously sought to modernise Labour thinking in the 1950s. But it is probably the best that British socialists can do at this stage of picking up the pieces left by the col-lapse of the command econo-mies. A small thing, but The essence of it is that the

kind of capitalism nurtured by the Conservatives "badly needs reform". It suffers from what the authors call the two "fallacies" of laisser faire. The first is that markets come first and social intervention thereafter. On the contrary, they argue, the state creates and sustains markets, "the important point being that it should do so in such a way that the individual energies released lead to socially desir-

able results". The second so-called fallacy is that the pursuit of individ-ual self-interest will, by the magic of the hidden hand, produce the greatest good of the greatest number. Not so, say our Kinnockites, "markets have to be designed to maximise social good ... markets are created by political rules ... and different rules produce different results."

This is in tune with the until the results of Paris Version 1. writings of David Marquand, a Liberal Democrat and pro-fessor of politics at Sheffield University, whose centrist volume, The Unprincipled

If Labour is elected it means to civilise capitalism

Society (Jonathan Cape, 1988). is as serious a work as Cros-land's. Professor Marquand asserted in a recent article in the New Statesman that "the capitalisms of Britain and the United States are hopelessly unproductive and inefficient". What he favours is "a developmental or social capitalism, which has been hammered out, without benefit of theory, in the solidaristic, consensual political economies of central Europe and in the similarly solidaristic political economy of Japan". All this was a prelude to a warning to Mr Paddy Ashdown not to take the Liberal Democrats too far down the road leading to Anglo-American capitalism. Mr Ashdown should stick to

If Next Left is any guide, a Labour government would travel in the central European that is, German - direction. The key Thatcherite liberalisations of the past decade would be reversed. "In our view," the authors state,

"these changes have been lit tle short of disastrous; collective re-regulation of the economy is essential." Re-regulation of the credit market could be attempted by introd-ucing a two-tier lending rate, a reserve asset regime for banks and constraints on consumer credit growth. Industrial regulation would, in takeover cases, include the transfer of the onus of "public interest" proof from target to

predator. That apart, Labour's industrial interventions would not be outstandingly different say, Mr Michael Heseltine were to be rewarded for his past 14 months of virtue by being enabled to realise his dreams as super-secretary for industry in a Major adminis-

This is not true of the broad sweep of Next Left thinking. sweep of Next Left thinking. It is far away from contemporary Tory orthodoxy. Pension fund trust law would be "overhauled", in the interest of combatting short-termism. The regulatory approach is proposed for the labour market, which means the minimum wage and much else, and — three cheers — for and - three cheers - for environmental protection. Let have alluded to will not neces sarily become formal Labour policies. The most likely out-come under a Kinnock gov-ernment would be the dilution of the extensive regulatory regime implied by following Labour's current thinking to a logical conclusion. It would be milk-and-water regulation by a party that throughout most of its career in government practised milk-and-water socialism. But nobody can say that the voters wouldn't have

a choice.
In spite of yesterday's dour news on unemployment and house repossessions that choice is still - just - more likely to be Tory than Labour. As one minister commented: "Look at the 91 per cent in work. For them, average earnings are still running about 3 percentage points ahead of inflation. When election day comes, those are the figures that will count."

Tessa Blackstone, James Cornford, Patricia Hewitt and David Milliband, IPPR 30/32 Southampton Street, WC2E

# LETTERS

# no conflicts in MMC research

From K.E. Ludvigsen.
Sir, You will be aware that
some motor vehicle producers alleged conflict of interest in alleged conflict of interest in the comparative car price research that we as consul-tants carried out for the Monopolies and Mergers Com-mission study of the UK car market. The allegation was made in a letter from Vauxhall published by you (October 11 1991) and reneated in your 1991) and repeated in your article about the MMC report (February 6 1992).

Our consultants carried out highly technical research, anal-ysis and reconciliation of car prices in a rigorous manner, strictly in accordance with the methodology agreed in advance with the MMC. Had conflicts of interest led their work to be biased in any way this would surely have become evident with the publication of the report, to the detriment of our professional reputation. The MMC report provides ample and convincing evidence that Ludvigsen Associates was impartial and objective in all respects in its work for the

In its report the MMC stated its satisfaction that our work "in providing specification-ad-justed list prices was not undermined by any bias or potential bias or by any suggested conflict of interest and can be relied on for the further detailed work we ourselves carried out in order to establish the extent of price K E Ludvigsen,

chairman, Ludvigsen Associates, Pond Str 105/106 New Bond Street, London W1Y 9LG

### Some do bounce back

From E G Abel. Sir, Lex made a telling point in reviewing Amstrad (February 12) by ending: "As the old maxim has it, when they fall that far they never come back." An excellent maxim, but it is the joy of investing to find the occasional exception would that I had bought Grand Metropolitan at 20p in the 1974 shake out.

# Consultant says Spending power answer to environmentally sound trade promotion

From Parotz Dabir-Alai.
Sir, The promotion of trade and good environmental policies need not be competing objectives as your leader (February 12) implies. Further, your underlying assumption encapsulated in your very last sentence ("...this concern should not pollute world trade and therefore dany the poor what the rich take for granted"), is that enhanced world trade necessarily benefits the poor.

contestable in the short term. In many developing countries

important cause of disrespec for the environment as the well-documented cases involv-

west-documented cases involv-ing tree-felling demonstrate. Enhancement of world trade would be achieved more effec-tively in the long run if the developing world had more of the world's spending power. More trade per se does not More trade per se does not guarantee this. Parviz Dahir-Alai lecturer in economics, Richmond College,

ally available data as the

this debate could serve a useful purpose if it led to better information being available on an office by office basis. Clearly, from Mr Scurfield's letter (February)

ruary 1), at least one office is in such a position and there-fore could take a leading initia-

However, information is not

enough on its own and it needs to be translated in action.

Examination of the practices

and selling methods of the bet-

ter performing offices would help everyone within the industry to be more effective,

and the regulators to see what

practices they should be

acouraging in the interests of

The industry needs to take a

positive attitude towards the

value of insurance and the pro-

fessionalism of the large major-

ity of advisers. Too often criti-

cism engenders negative

reactions like trying to shoot

LETTERS may be issued on 071-673 6938. They should be clearly typed and no

the messenger.
Nick Anderton

Surrey RH4 1HG

Fax service

Dorking,

managing director.

The Old Dutch House, 134 High Street,

would like to suggest that

report made clear.

Insurance industry should tackle issues, says author of SIB report

From Mr Nick Anderton. Sir, The debate in your pages about insurance office "early" termination rates has focused the concern this creates within the insurance industry.

the insurance industry.

Perhaps, as the person commissioned to produce the report for the Securities and Investments Board, I can try to isolate what I feel are the underlying problems that the industry should be concentrations on

A long term insurance contract incurs the majority of the expense associated with it at outset. This covers the cost of providing consumers, those who buy as well as those who do not, with information and advice about the products available.

Consequently early termination of a policy is a matter of concern to the issuing company, because it represents a considerable investment on which the anticipated return will not be obtained either by the company, or policyholder.

Any shortfall in the compa

ny's expectations will largely fall on other policyholders (in with profit funds), and share-holders. Therefore the level of terminations of policies, and their impact, is a matter of concern to advisers offering

hest advice. prepared to tackle an issue which had been consigned to the "too difficult" pile, despite

Japan and its nuclear future From Mr David R Kyd.

Sir, Michael Cross's article, "Japan sidies towards a nuclear future" (January 25), in our view contains a number of misconceptions. However, I will confine myself to setting the record straight on just three items of direct relevance

First, the IAEA already inspects all the nuclear power plants in Japan. In addition, agency inspects all other types of Japanese nuclear facil-ities, including research reactors and fuel fabrication

Second, there is no evidence that these inspections alarm the public, as implied by Mr Cross. Quite the reverse.

Third, Japan — one of the big contributors to the IAEA's budget - has always co-oper-ated fully with the agency in the safeguards field. David R Kyd, director,

division of public information, International Atomic Energy Agency, Wagramerstrasse 5, PO Box 100, A-1400 Vienna, Austria

## Deterring the cynical

From Mr Stan Mendham. Str. The arguments made by the Credit Protection Association (CPA) against interest on overdue commercial debts ("Interest on late debts attacked", February 5) are illinformed and fundamentally flawed. Such a statute would not give customers extended credit but where unauthorised credit was taken would impose the costs incurred on the late

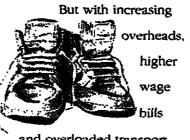
Businesses which pay late already use their suppliers as unpaid bankers; statutory interest would make them pay for the privilege. Efficient collection of debts

will, of course, still be important. But by deterring the cyni-cal and calculating late payer, it will be easier to identify and pursue high-risk debts at an early stage. Stan Mendham,

chief executive, Forum of Private Business, Ruskin Chambers, Drury Lane, Knutsford. Cheshire WA16 6HA

In a Perfect World relaxation would be just a quick step away. You've got to be to a place that

pretty fast on your feet to keep up with the pace of business these days.



and overloaded transport systems, you can often feel you're running only to stand still.

logical step

and move your business

quality of life - and yet still

offers the same if not more business advantages than your present location. In Gwent you'll find

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training institutions; smooth easy communications with the rest of the UK .... and a full

range of leisure facilities to boot. Whether you ballroom dancing, or simply putting your feet

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first step

for further information or write to:-

Gordon Probert County Planning Officer, Gwent County Council,

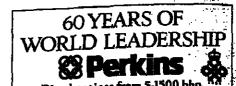
County Hall, Cwmbran, Gwent.



THE FIRST COUNTY IN SOUTH WALES

# **FINANCIAL TIMES**

Friday February 14 1992



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Revised retail figures and sharply increased demand for cars give analysts new hope

# US economy shows signs of recovery

By Michael Prowse in Washington

US RETAIL sales jumped 0.6 per cent in January while previous months' figures were revised sharply upwards, pro-viding tentative evidence that the economy is in better shape than some analysts feared.

At the same time sales fig-ures from Ford and General Motors for the first 10 days of February were stronger than expected, suggesting a recov-ery of demand in the car industry. Preliminary figures showed domestic car sales running at a 6.6m annual rate, compared with the consensus forecast of 5.8m.

which do not allow for inflation - indicate that retail sales were flat in November and December, a hig improvement on previous estimates, which pointed to declines of 0.5 per

cent and 0.4 per cent.
The rewriting of history by statisticians suggests the Christmas season was not quite as bleak as portrayed. On Wall Street, the stronger than expected sales figures dashed hopes of an imminent cut in interest rates. Bond prices fell sharply in early trading and the dollar gained ground against leading curren-cies. Share prices slipped from

etary policy would not be eased in the near future. Mr Robert Brusca, chief economist at Nikko Securities in New York, said the latest figures could lead to a signifi-cant upward revision to esti-mates of growth in the fourth quarter. Gross domestic prod-

record highs on fears that mon-

uct might have increased at an annual rate of 0.6-1.0 per cent rather than the 0.3 per cent originally reported.

Ms Susan Phillips, a governor at the Federal Reserve, told bankers yesterday that the economic fundamentals were not as bad as the pervasive gloom suggested. Positive signals in the economy outweighed negative ones, she

Many analysts, however, will hesitate to place too much emphasis on the retail figures. Figures for January can give a misleading signal of underlying trends because retailers strive to clear surplus stocks after the Christmas period. Other statistics remain gloomy. Payroll employment and factory orders have fallen sharply in recent months. Con-sumer confidence is near record lows. Figures for indus-trial production in January, due out tomorrow, are likely to show a sharp decline.

The January sales figures, however, showed evidence of a rebound in most sectors. Durable goods rose 0.5 per cent, with particular strength in building materials, which posted a monthly gain of 5.4 per cent. Car sales rose 0.4 per cent. Among non-durable goods, department store sales were up 2.1 per cent. Overall sales were 3.9 per cent higher than in January last year, which was artificially depressed by the Gulf war.

# Japan's trade surplus records fourfold rise

By Robert Thomson in Tokyo

JAPAN'S trade surplus for January recorded a fourfold year-on-year increase to \$3.84bn, heightening govern-ment fears that world trade tension will rise in tandem

with the surging surplus. Customs-cleared figures released yesterday by the Min-istry of Finance showed rises in the politically sensitive sur-pluses with the US and European Community, and an over-all 9.7 per cent rise to \$23.94bn in exports coupled with a 3.8 per cent fall in imports to \$20.10bn.

The seasonally adjusted surplus for January was \$8.37bn. up from \$7.95bn in December, with exports for the month ris-ing 6.9 per cent to \$28.57bn, with imports 7.6 per cent

higher at \$20.20bn.
Japanese officials were particularly concerned by a 33 per cent increase in the surplus with the EC, with exports to the region rising 12.4 per cent to \$5.1bn and imports only 0.2 per cent higher at \$2.9bn.

Car exports to the EC rose 24

EC luxury goods continued to plunge, with imports of art works down 84.6 per cent. Meanwhile. Japanese car exports to the US fell 12.3 per cent on a year earlier.

Japan's total exports to the US rose 1 per cent to \$6.7bn, while imports from the US were 0.3 per cent higher at \$4.3bn. Imports of aircraft were

sharply higher and imports of cars rose 15 per cent, providing some evidence for Tokyo that demand for US-made cars is on

Ms Chiharu Shima, econo-

mist at UBS Phillips & Drew, said the slowing of domestic demand had encouraged Japanese companies to increase their exports and the threat of US criticism had prompted some companies to target the European market.

"Some of the large increase in January can be explained by currency fluctuations and lower energy prices, but you shouldn't underestimate the longer-term effects of weak domestic demand". Ms Sumita

The largest increases in

Japanese exports were seen in transport machinery (up 13.5 per cent), electric machines (up per cent, electric machines (up 10.2 per cent), and precision instruments (up 10.2 per cent). Japan's imports of textiles rose 16.6 per cent and of foodstuffs by 14 per cent.

Trade with the newly industrialised economies of Asia expanded modestly during the period after strong growth for

period after strong growth for much of last year. However, exports to China were 39.4 per cent higher than in the same month last year, and imports from China rose 14.9 per cent.

# yet another big scandal

the two Tokyo Sagawa execu-tives violated the commercial code by allegedly raising the Y528bn in funds between 1987 gawakai, the gangster group.
Prosecutors say they will
concentrate on whether politicians took bribes from the

Whatever the investigation's outcome, the Sagawa Kyuhin scandal again emphasises to

case will keep prosecutors pre-occupied until after an upper house election due in July,

# Japan faces

and mid-1991. Prosecutors say that more than Y100bn went to companies associated with Inacompany and whether dona-tions to politicians violated the Political Fund Control Law.

Japanese that the structure of the country's political system makes corruption inevitable Unholy alliances are prompted by the gift-giving and palm-greasing which are part of the daily political routine.

LDP officials are hoping the

# Continued from Page 1

continues, the forthcoming

# BP turns the tap off

FT-SE Index: 2,522.6 (-1.1)

Share price relative to Shell Transport and Trading share price

50

general election may prove

general election may prove even more finely balanced than the opinion polls suggest. The notion that the regional pat-tern of unemployment might actually benefit the govern-ment in marginal constituen-cies looks slightly weakened by the widespread nature of the most recent job losses.

The political equation is fur-

The political equation is further complicated by the welcome news that the annual

inflation are obvious. The

question is whether the voters will care more about stable prices than unstable jobs.

the company is up to with its dividend policy. Until yester-day, buyers of the shares could

day, buyers of the shares could expect 11p per share of dividends — assuming an unchanged payment — by next February. They will now have to wait until April, with the amount being doled out in four parts instead of two. In terms of present value the difference

of present value, the difference

also claimed to make no real

difference to the group's tax

payments in terms of cash flow. So what is Hanson up to?

means that only half the

The answer seems a little depressing. Because the changeover to the new system

probably immaterial. It is

Hanson :

1980 82 84 86 88 90 92

group's development. The tra-ditional case for investing in BP shares was that a stated policy of at least maintaining the dividend in real terms protected shareholders from their

exposure to volatile oil prices. After yesterday's announcement of an increase just below the headline rate of inflation, that policy is in question. More fundamentally, the company is shrinking. As that message sinks in, the remorseless underperformance of the underperformance of the shares may well continue.

A few years from now, investors may well look back on yesterday's results from BP

It is not easy to see where BP goes from here. Last year's capital spending of £4.5bn produced a net cash outflow of £1.1bn, bringing gearing to just under 80 per cent. In the sec-ond half, replacement cost profit was a mere £200m. Given that the immediate trading outlook is unchanged, it seems fair to conclude that earnings can no longer support the cost of the £227m quarterly dividend. Failing a rise in the oil price, a further cut in the real dividend seems only a matter

dividend seems only a matter of time.

Granted, the group will be doing its utmost to stem the cash outflow this year. The capital budget has been slashed for all but the exploration and downstream operations. The assumption must be that further disposals will be needed to close the funding gap. As a strategy, it smacks of damage control rather than forward planning.

BP could conceivably be rescued by the oil price. But like the US oil companies, it must be close to giving up hope on this score. After all, the entire industry is suffering from the come news that the annual increase in average earnings has fallen below 7% per cent for the first time in 25 years. Moreover, it will doubtless fall again as large pay increases from a year ago fall out of the equation: the three-month rate of increase is already touching 5 per cent and heading lower. The benefits to come from inflation are obvious. The There are times when Han-son seems gripped by an imp of perversity. As London's ana-lysts: and fund, managers gather inday to hear the com-pany expound its grand strat-egy, they will be distracted by confusion over what on earth the company is up to with its this score. After all, the entire industry is suffering from the past assumption, that price rises would justify investment. If BP's difficulties are worse than most, it is because its balance sheet was weakened by the 1987 buy-back of the Kuwaiti holding at precisely the wrong point in the cycle. There seems little point in berating Mr Robert Hoston, BP's hapless chairman, The wider issue is whether that single miscalculation will in the end

bring the company's long term future into question. UK economy

Government ministers rarely go so far as to admit that unemployment figures are horrible. But the employment secretary was unusually muted in his response to yesterday's heavy increase. If the trend

miscalculation will in the end

annual payment will be declared in Hanson's current financial year, it will have the cosmetic effect of reducing the group's huge and doubtless growing ACT liability. This means the tax charge gives the appearance of dropping this appearance of dropping this year, to some 18 per cent, before reverting to some 24 per cent next year. As a result of this, earnings per share in this year's first quarter were unchanged despite an unprecedented and embarrassing 6 per cent drop in pre-tax profits.

Without this kind of fancy frotwork, Hanson could put un

footwork, Hanson could put up a reasonable case for its invest-ment attractions. As Hoare-Govett argues this week, the company's solid portfolio in natural resources and low gearing means there is simply no need for a break-up or final blockbusting takeover. Looking ahead to the milleanium. Hanson could present a combination of modest organic combination of modest organic-growth and occasional sequini-tions on the Beazer model. It is the kind of strategy which could plausibly be entrusted to the next generation of profi sional managers. But if Lords Hanson and White wish to present their creation as transformed into a boring and stability investment, they are going the wrong way about it.

Unilever

Yesterday's announcement by Unilever that its heavil loss-making animal feed and ish farming businesses are too sale is further evidence of what the recession is doing to Use food and agriculture. Recent weeks have brought measure and consolidation in sectors and doment of the consolidation in sectors and doment on the consolidation in sectors are delivered to the consolidation of diverse as dairy, chickens ice cream. The news will sweeten tempers at BP, was put its own animal feed by ness up for sale only 10 ago. But unlike BP. Unlive has no urgent need for cash More likely, its patience of finally snapped with but nesses which have absorbed management resources

decades.

The sale will bring to virth
completion Unilever's objects
of diamantling its histor
structure of vertical integr tion. With oil milling, packaging and animal feed out of the way, the company has simplified its portfolio down. higher-margin consumer g and speciality chemicals. Uni lever would probably not d that the process has taken for the investor's viewpoint, how ever, it confirms the impression of long-term strategy patiently pursued.

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Trucks line the loading dock yesterday of the parcel delivery company Tokyo Sagawa Kyubin, two of whose former executives – Hiroyasu Watanabe (left) and Jun Saotome (right) – are at the centre of the new loan scandal

# UN prepares to send force to Yugoslavia

THE first United Nations matter yesterday with repre-peacekeeping operation in con-sentatives of the US, Britain, tinental Europe could get underway in a few weeks after Mr Boutros Boutros Ghali, the UN secretary-general, announced last night that he would recommend that the Security Council despatch a 10,000 strong force to Yugo-

slavia. The first contingent could be in place within 15 days of the formal decision by the Council which may be taken as soon as the end of next week. Mr Boutros Ghali's move. after weeks of hesitation during which he repeatedly insisted the time was not ripe for UN military intervention, agreement. He discussed the agreed, however, with Mr

France, Russia and China, the Council's permanent members. before making the statement. The force, expected to be largely made up of European contingents, would be the largest such UN operation since the intervention in the Congo

in the 1960s. It is likely to cost \$400m for the first year of operations.
In a statement issued last night, Mr Boutros Ghali mentioned "a number of unan-swered questions concerning this operation". He said he felt strongly that its success was "predicated upon the full co-operation and support of all the parties in Yugoslavia". He

Cyrus Vance, his special envoy, that the risks of not intervening were greater and that the ceasefire might col-lapse if the UN failed to move

Only last week, Mr Boutros Ghali advised the Security Council that quick action was needed to prevent an unravelling of the truce. But at the time he said that it still was not possible to recommend deployment of a large UN

Mr Franjo Tudjman, president of Croatia, has subsequently assured Mr Vance that he "fully accepts all the terms of reference of the peace plan" prepared by the sec-retary-general Mr Milan Babic. head of the self-proclaimed Serb Republic of Krajina in southern Croatia, who earlier refused to permit the deployment of UN peacekeepers there, is said to have now been brought into line under pressure from other Serbian lead-

Under the UN plan the Serb-dominated Federal Army would be withdrawn from Croatian territory and all paramili-tary forces, including Serbian units, would be disarmed.

Mr Marrack Golding, the UN

undersecretary-general in charge of peacekeeping, last night met the ambassadors of some 30 countries that might contribute troops. The countries bordering Yugoslavia are not expected to be asked to

# **Democrats** reconsider candidacy

Continued from page 1

is rated as limited.

Equally, southern supporters of Mr Clinton are nervous about Governor Mario Cuomo of New York stepping in, since he is viewed as too liberal to win next November. Cuomo supporters are urging voters to write his name on to the ballot paper in New Hamp-shire. This campaign, if mod-erately successful, would highlight the weakness of the

ight the weakness of the current Democratic crop.

Mr Clinton has blamed a Republican smear campaign for the controversy over his actions during the Vietnam war. On Wednesday, he was forced to release a 1969 letter in which he acknowledged misleading an Arbanese. misleading an Arkansas reserve officer about his oppo-sition to the war and thanked the officer for "saving me from the draft".

The three-page letter —

filled with anti-war sentiment - could be particularly damaging in his native south, which has a strong military tradition. The disclosure, coming less than five days before the primary, leaves him little chance to parry the charges. However, he has fought back, pointing out that the let-ter - written while he was a Rhodes scholar at Oxford - reflected the anguish of many young men of his generation. In the end, Mr Clinton made himself eligible for the draft, though he did not serve because he received a high lot-

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# Bank governor positive on Emu prospects

By Peter Norman, Economics Correspondent

EUROPEAN economic and monetary union need not lead to federalism in the European Community. Mr Robin Leigh-Pemberton, governor of the Bank of England, said last night. He underlined, however, that

Emu would only work if all sectors of society in participat-ing countries accepted "the key objective of price stability allied to open, flexible and competitive markets".

Presenting an Oxford college lecture, Mr Leigh-Pemberton said monetary union did not have to involve such features as a sizeable EC budget, a European parliament with powers of taxation and the development of larger spending

departments in Brussels. Such demands - reflected in the latest Commission plans to expand the Community budget by more than a third over the next five years - ignored the benefits of the economic convergence that would have to be achieved in the move towards

Emu, he said. Poorer EC members could gain as much from Emu as richer countries, he claimed. They would, for example, be able to attract inward investment and benefit from lower interest rates so that "there should not be inexorable economic pressures making for a

Mr Leigh-Pemberton said Britain's policy of delaying its decision on whether to join Emu fully did not put it at a disadvantage in preparing for union. Britain was as well placed as other EC states to qualify for Emu, he said. He warned Euro-sceptics against expecting that Emu would fail to be achieved, as planned, by

1999 at the latest.
But he also made clear that many detailed problems had to be solved before Emu could function satisfactorily.

In particular, he warned that establishing Emu could involve possible conflict between the planned independent European Central Bank, which will be responsible for monetary policy, and governments if they revert to policies inconsistent

with price stability. Another issue was whether the planned European bank should practise monetary targeting. Also looming was a debate on whether to have minimum reserve require-ments for banks as part of the EC's monetary control mecha-

He also highlighted the daunting nature of the mechanics of transition to a single currency. The operation would be far more complex than the UK's decimalisation in the 1970s, which had taken four years to prepare and cost an estimated £600m to £900m at today's prices.

Editorial Comment, Page 12

WORLDWIDE WEATHER

### HE Jobs column couldn't help feeling a mite disappointed with the Royal Air Force on seeing the results of this year's British recruitmentadvertising awards. Given the RAF's traditions, I would not have expected it to choose such a soft target for the ad for trainee pilots and navigators which has just won

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it the topmost prize. The picture shows a small boy running about, arms outstretched, having a game of aeroplanes. The headline says: Can you honestly remember outgone playing chartered occurrants? The award-presenters comment: "This advertisement communicates a sentiment that all of us recognise."

True enough... but one would have thought that the RAF's ad agency, J Walter Thompson, could

True enough... but one would have thought that the RAFs ad agency, J Walter Thompson, could have recommended a more original but for the joke After all, I can't homestly remember several all can't honestly remember anyone playing corporate finance directors, or even journalists either.

in pro-tax mos At the same time, however, the announcement of the award and my jaded reaction to it have left me in an ambivalent position. For today I am at last able to deliver on a promise I made almost two years ago, on March 28 1990 to be precise. My topic that day was a study by two psychologists in Northern

# Time for advertisers to find a new joke In the two psychologists' words, the characteristic make-up shown

Timothy Barrett, of accountants' personalities. And while it shed instructive light on the popular image of its subjects, as exploited by the RAF, it had the defect of a limited scope. Besides being all men, the accountants covered by the study were solely of the Irish chartered sort, albeit coming from both north and south of the isle.

So knowing that the two shrinks were using the same psychological yardstick-the Eysenck Persocality Questionnaire - on men belonging to the chartered institutes of Scotland and of England and Wales, I promised a further report in due course. The findings arrived just the other day.

The only trouble with them, in the light of my reaction to the

the cany trouble with them, in the light of my reaction to the RAF's ad, is that they confirm the popular image aforesaid. As in Ireland, so in England, Wales and Scotland, the typical personality of the male chartered accountant is the chartered accountant is the property of the male chartered accountant is the chartered accountant is the property of the personal content of the personal one which most other brands of workers would see as matching the comedian John Cleese's description of the species as "irrepressibly

by their tests on 100 or so members of each of the three institutes is "the socially confirming, stable introvert". They then add

"Such an individual is typically calm, even-tempered, controlled and unworried. Quiet, introspec-tive, reserved, fond of books rather than people, he is someone who tends to plan ahead and who distrusts the impulse of the moment. He does not like excitement, takes matters of everyday life with proper seriousness and likes order in his life. He is reliable, somewhat pessimistic and he places great value on ethical standards."

Moreover, the shrinks say that such comparable evidence as exists on accountants in the United States

and Canada shows that there, too, the typical male member of the pro-Even so, what's wrong with that? OK, he may not be the life and soul of the party. But, given the value he places on ethical standards in particular, we'd surely all benefit from having a lot more

Now to the table below which is drawn from the Day Associates consultancy's latest three-monthly survey of pay and perks in City of London banking. The figures are based on data supplied by over 90

houses, and the full report covers 214 different jobs at various levels. Anyone wanting it should contact Day's Joe Clark at Suite 2.31, 75 Whitechapel Rd, London El 1DU;

telephone 071-375 1397, fax 071-375 1723. The VAT-inclusive price is £141 to concerns which take part in the survey, and £200 to others. best a loosely approximate guide to

Salaries, Bonuses							
Position	Lower quartile £	Median salary £	Upper quartile £	Average salary £	Avge bonus %	Cay car %	Avge price of car £
Corporate finance head	98,000	110,998	135,000	116,709	35.6	100	21,566
Bond sales head	97,000	110,000	135,000	116,000	31.3	100	19,187
Capital markets head	97,000	115,000	125,000	113,425	33.2	100	22,633
Equity sales head	71,500	97,750	125,000	101,420	17.9	100	19,560
Eurobond trading head	80,000	94,000	100,000	95,785	12.5	100	18,788
Equity trading head	72,700	95,000	127,000	92,919	14.3	87	17,950
Swaps head	70,000	90,000	113,500	89,991	52.7	100	17,500
Head of research	68,830	84,000	110,000	86,960	12.6	88	18,950
Fund management director	73,500	92,000	127,000	86,420	21.7	100	22,650
Chief fx dealer	64,000	70,000	85,010	80,313	25.9	96	17,217
Personnel director	67.884	79,750	89,500	79,121	13.2	100	20,462
Director of operations	64,380	72,972	86,000	77,317	5.2	100	20,589
Financial director	60,000	70,300	76,000	68,944	129	100	20,855
Legal services head	48,000	70.800	76,080	65,268	17.5	100	18,004
D-P director	50,000	64,750	72,000	62,534	16.5	100	17,839
Chief sterling dealer	46,500	50.075	60,000	52,982	15.3	94	14,832
Credit dept manager	37,500	42,691	49,000	43,629	5.9	95	14,142

to 17 fairly senior positions. First we have basic salaries — the lower quartile referring to the person a quarter way up from the bottom of a ranking of all in the same type of job, the median to the person midway, and the upper quartile to the one a quarter way down. Next comes the average salary followed by the percentage of it typically received as a bonus. The last two columns show the percentage of the job-holders whose perks include a car, and its average price.

FINALLY, a reminder about my last week's announcement of Bowater's initiative in sponsoring. an advertisement in our pages in Which unemployed executives may offer their services at £50 apiece. In the trial, due to run the week after next, the chance is limited to people with business-development skills, and there's room for only six self-ads of at most 60 words each,

including the person's real name.

Those to appear will be chosen at random from entries reaching me here by the deadline for copy, which is February 19. Even so, three impressive looking starters have already arrived at the gate.

Michael Dixon

# Monetary Authority

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### Advisor – Bank Supervision

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■ The ideal candidate aged 40 plus should have a proven track record in bank supervision in a similar organisation such as the Bank of England or US Federal Reserve and other regulatory bodies. Accounting qualifications such as ACA, CPA is desirable.

### Bank Supervisor

The Bank Supervisor will be responsible for managing all financial analyses activities including financial statements, portfolios and for developing performance standards for conducting investigations.

CPA), and/or a member of the institute of banking with extensive experience in banking and financial institutions. The individual should be aged 30-40 and possess excellent analytical financial and communication skills.

### Bank Inspector

■ The main duties of the Bank Inspector will be to carry out field inspection to ensure compliance with rules and regulations by the banks operating in the country.

The ideal candidate, aged 30-40, should have proven track record in bank inspection, Big 6 Bank audit experience and should be a qualified accountant, preferably ACA/CPA.

### Investment Analyst

■ The Investment Analyst will be responsible ior managing investment in treasury deposits, government securities, investment in blue chip shares and foreign exchange.

■ The ideal candidate should be aged 30-40 with at least five years' experience on managing investment in a similiar organisation, banking and financial institutions.

### Legal Advisor

 The Legal Advisor will be responsible for providing sound advice to the Board of Directors, Governor and Senior Management on all legal matters connected with the authority. You should have good knowledge of international banking and financial institutions and legislations...

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> ■ Interested candidates should forward their CV together with recent photo before end of February 1992 to Mr Sami Ali, Ernst & Young Executive Recruitment Division, P O Box 136, Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emîrates. Fax: 010 9712 342968.

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Interested Please apply in confidence to Helen Hardie, Personnel Executive, BWD Rensburg Limited, Woodsome House, Woodsome Park, Fenay Bridge, Huddersfield HD8 OFG.



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### SHARE SCHEME ADMIN MGR £25,000 (EPSOM) 30-45

Experienced person with previous regrant background & sound knowledge of financial mkts, resp. for developing systems and admin of empl. Share Scheme and client deadlines KAREN WHICHELLO NEWMAN PERSONNEL 071 489 0111

### TRADER/BROKER

Europe and Russia. This is a very entrepreneurial opportunity. Excellent potential. fax (071) 481 8748

# Major UK Merchant Bank Corporate Finance

### Newly Qualified ACAs/MBAs

Our client is a leading UK Merchant Bank with an impressive record of success in innovation and profitability. The corporate finance department is one of the largest and most active in the City, providing a broad range of services to its extensive and diverse client base. These include flotations, mergers and acquisitions, equity financing and defence work.

The department now seeks to recruit two additional executives to augment its transaction capability. They will contribute as an integral part of the team at every stage of the deal-making process, in a challenging and pressurised environment. Thus candidates will need to possess the right balance of intellectual and personal skills.

Executives

Applications, detailing outstanding academic backgrounds, are sought from:

Newly qualified ACAs from 'Big 6' firms. Strategic consultants/MBAs.

Graduates with at least 18 months experience within the corporate finance department of a major bank.

This is an outstanding opportunity for determined and ambitious young professionals to develop a career in corporate finance. For an initial confidential discussion, please contact Peter Fahy on 071 831 2000 or write to him at Michael Page City, Page House, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH.

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# **Derivatives**

Structured Equity Derivatives Sales

£ Competitive + Benefits & Bonus

On behalf of a well established Derivatives Team we seek salespeople with experience in the OTC Equity Derivatives Market. Candidates must be graduates with a minimum of 2 years experience within an Equity Derivatives sales and/or structuring team. Candidates will also require a high level of numerical ability, be computer literate and have a thorough knowledge of Equity Derivative pricing techniques, fluency in a second European language will be an advantage. This team has a reputation for innovation and is highly respected within its marketplace. The successful applicant will be asked to sell a full range of sophisticated Equity Derivative and Index Derivative products to customers throughout Europe and the UK. £30-£45,000 Interest Rate and Currency Derivatives Sales

**EXCHANGE** 

appointments

+ Benefits & Bonus

We have several clients, all high profile European and International Banks, who seek technically competent Satespeople to join teams which are increasing their concentration on marketing Derivative Products. In all cases the banks have established and profitable Treasury sates teams, and in line with market developments are building up specialist sales coverage of Interest Rate and Currency Derivative Products. They wish to recruit numerate graduates who have a minimum of 2 years experience selling IR Swaps, Caps. Floars, Collars, IR Options or Exotic Currency Options to Corporates in the UK or Continental Europe. It is essential that candidates have strong interpersonal and presentation skills.

Swaps Trader

+ Profit Related Bonus We have been asked by a highly respected US Bank, who are an active participant in both the Treasury and Capital Markets, to locate an Interest Rate Swaps Trader who is seeking the opportunity to become involved in an operation which is active in the whole range of Currencies and Crosses. The main function of the individual will be to run an active Swaps Book using the full Interest Rate product range (Swaptions, Caps, Collars and Floors). The candidate will be involved in pricting, quoting and trading these products on both the Interbank Market and on behalf of customers. The position will involve working closely with, and continually contributing to, the unit responsible for marketing these products and also to provide Interest Rate expertise to other areas of the Bank. A more than competitive basic salary is offered together with the incentive of a profit-related borus scheme directly proportional to the individual's production.

+ Benefits & Bonus

£ Totally Negotiable

Our client is a prestigious European Bank with an excellent reputation. Its Lendon trading room is continuing to grow, consolidating its place as a leading market participant in the whole spectrum of frinancial freducts. The existing Derivatives Team is strong both in trading and marketing, and a current requirement exists due to expansion for a candidate with Currency Options trading expertise. Candidates must be educated to degree level, have a minimum of 2-3 years experience and be currently trading profitably within an active bank. This institution tends to prefer candidates who have traded a range of Currencies and Crosses together with experience of spread trading, volatility trading, margining and positioning. Fluency in Pricing Techniques is a pre-requisite.

Please contact Anthony Marshall or Veronica McPake on 071-929 2383 for further information.

Fourth Floor, No. 1 Royal Exchange Avenue, London EC3V 3LT Fax: 071-929 2805.

PHYSICAL COMMODITIES ▲ COMMODITY FUTURES ▲ FINANCIAL FUTURES ▲ FOREIGN EXCHANGE ▲ OPTIONS ▲ SWAPS

# EQUITY RESEARCH ANALYSTS

### City

## to £33,000 + Banking Benefits

One of the worlds largest Financial Institutions is seeking to increase its coverage of UK and European markets by recruiting dynamic individuals to strengthen its research team.

Positions have arisen in the expanding Investment Strategy Department for analysts who will work primarily with the company's thriving UK and European equity sales team, and also with the corporate finance and M & A departments.

The successful applicants will be numerate executives who have at least two years experience of research and analysis in one of

the following sectors: brewing and distilling: food manufacturing; food retailing and stores.

Candidates are likely to have worked within the financial sector and will certainly possess the necessary interpersonal and communication skills necessary for them to make a meaningful contribution to the continued growth and success of the group.

If you feel that you have the drive and determination to succeed in this stimulating environment please contact **Jonathan Cohen,** on 081-954 8166 or fax 081-954 1755, or write to him enclosing a detailed CV at the address below.

4 Whitchurch Parade. Whitchurch Lane, Edgware, Middlesex HA8 6LR.



Tel: 081-954 8166 Fax: 081-954 1755

to £45,000 A well regarded European bank currently seeks a sentor corporate dealer to resuspe their customer deale. The appointed good 30-35, will play a prominent role in

enior Spot Dealer to £70,000 n major international bank currently has an opening on its spot deak for a senior spot deake. Applications are invited non individuals with a minimum of five years experience with at least two years having been spent mading either not Deutschmark or cable at an active name. A major international benk or

FRA Dealer x 2 PARA LIPCRICE X A

On behalf of two well regarded and expanding European
banks we currently seek to recruit FRA/Futures dealers.
Ideal candidates aged 25-30 will possess at least two years
experience trading either U.S. Dollar or Sterling FRA/
Futures together with a stable and consistent trading

As a result of expansion this major European bank currently has an opening on their swaps sales desk. Ideally a gradualte, the appointive will be responsible for marketing interest rate swaps to a Northern European (Scandinavia. currency has an opening on oracl swaps amount and manifesting a graduale, the appointee will be responsible for marketing (oterest rate swaps to a Northern European (Scandinavia, Germany etc.) clientele. Suitable candidates will possess a minimum of two years in a similar type role.

rency Options Dealer c£75,000 ational bank currently seeks a suitably all to manage their currency options to The incumbent aged 27-32 will possess

Senior Manager, Credit

Manager, Private Banking to £35.000

Due to planned expension a first cless and highly rated European, benk seeks an individual with a proven, professional background emphasising private banking experience. The role requires fluency in French in addition in account measurement, marketing and

A high profile role within the established London branch of a respected European bank. In addition to fluent French suitable candidates aged 32-45 will be well qualified and possess analysis, risk assessment and technical stells plus marketing ability and an effective leadership and

A top rated European bank seeks an experienced individual, including credit skills, to undertake a senior role covering all aspects of broad correspondent banking relationships primarily domicifed in London. The role requires self motivation, management skills and the ability to Ilaise and communicate effectively

The UK operation of a major financial institution currently seeks to strengthen the credit and reporting standards of the bank by recruiting a highly skilled and competent Credit Commercial Banker. The duties

statutates and competent Credit Commercial Statutes. The same-will involve preparing credit reports, managing work flow, monitoring facilities and generally maintaining/ developing the department's activities.

Project Finance Assistant c£25,000

A major international bank, long established and currently expanding in London have identified a new

ager, Corporate Banking c670,000

c£40,000

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Central Banks	to £90K + Bens
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Derivative Sales	
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For further information please call 071-377 6488 or send/fax your cv to us.

**CAMBRIDGE APPOINTMENTS** 232 Shoreditch High Street, London E1 6PJ. Fax No. 071-377 0887

# INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES

nited Friendly Group, a quoted life company with over £2 billion under management, is looking to strengthen its investment team with two new appointments.

UK Equity Portfolio Manager

Reporting directly to the UK Investment Manager, this senior appointment will be expected to make a major contribution to the management of UK equity funds of around £900 million. You should have at least six years' experience in UK equities and be a team player. An analytical background would be very useful.

UK Equity Investment Analyst

The main focus of this role will be to carry out detailed analysis and to provide reports on companies and sectors. A graduate with one or two years' commercial experience gained preferably within a financial institution, you must have excellent analytical skills and the ability to present concise reports.

In return the successful candidates can look forward to a competitive salary backed by a comprehensive range of financial sector benefits, which will reflect status and experience.

Please send full career details including current salary to Ms Barbara Agyeman, Personnel Officer, United Friendly Insurance plc, 42 Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HE. Closing date for applications: Friday 21st February 1992.

# **Business Development Manager**

£37k package + car

Competitive

+ financial

salaries

Sector

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**London W1** 

The Pensions Trust is a centralised occupational pension scheme and is the market leader in providing pensions to the charity and voluntary sector. Our asset base is in excess of £380m. We now wish to recruit an experienced professional to head our Business Development Team and to deal effectively with our client base of over 1500 organisations whose contributions exceed £30m. You will need to demonstrate a considerable depth of knowledge of occupational pensions which has been acquired after qualification to APMI.

The Business Development Department is dedicated to ensuring that our recently published Service Commitment is delivered to our client base. You will manage a team of five strongly committed and experienced staff that operate in a non-commission environment. Your strengths should be in the development of existing and new business, in effective project management, and in your commitment to Total Quality Management in an equal opportunities anvironment.

This is a senior appointment and the successful applicant will ferm part of the Trust's Management Team. It is unlikely that anyone under the age of 35 with less than five years' staff management experience will have the qualities required to succeed in this demanding

Please send/tax CV including management experience and salary progression to:

Charlie Hockey Human Resources Manager The Pensions Trust 15 Rathböne Street

London WTP 2AJ Fax: 071-436 4057

THE **PENSIONS** 

# FUND MANAGER

City

Our client is an international investment management group with worldwide assets exceeding \$40 billion. The need has arisen for a key individual to join the company's London office and be responsible initially for its high profile \$400 million European bond fund.

Reporting to the Managing Director, you will manage a small diligent team and be instrumental in maintaining the Fund's good performance. Key tasks include market selection, liaising at senior level with the International Head Office, efficient execution of transactions and recommendations regarding strategy and new-product development.

THE SOCIETY OF INVESTMENT ANALYSTS

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The Career Development Foundation of Oman is a newly formed

organisation providing IT, management, business and banking skills training to both the Government and private sectors. During the next

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local trainers with locally developed course material in addition to

The responsibilities of this challenging role will inside the marketing

Quality is paramount to the success and growth of the C.D.F.O. and

the holder of this post must be able to demonstrate a consistent

The successful candidate should have a background in Resail,

Corporate or Investment Banking and at least two years experience of

This is a unique opportunity to join and manage with an organisation embacking on the initial phase of their development, in a stable and

The candidate must have the ability to handle high level contact and

The additional bonus of this position is the opportunity to enjoy a very different lifestyle with many outdoor activities and a tax free

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c £45,000 + Full Banking Benefits

The ideal applicant will be a graduate probably with an economics or accounting background and around 5 years' relevant experience gained within an investment management group. First class knowledge of the bond and currency markets coupled with excellent interpersonal and communication skills are prerequisites for success in this highly challenging and stimulating role.

For more information about this unique opportunity please contact Jonathan Cohen, on 081-954 8166 or fax 081-954 1755, or write to him enclosing a detailed CV at the address below.

> Tel: 081-954 8166 Fax: 081-954 1755

# ILLIQUID/SYNTHETIC **BOND TRADER**

Our client, the London based subsidiary of a major international bank, is an established player in the derivative and synthetic asset markets.

With an AA rating, and debt and equity derivative capabilities in most currencies and indices, it is able to deliver the majority of asset structures. As part of a continuing expansion in this business it is seeking to hire an

The successful candidate will work with the Head of Illiquids Trading, taking responsibility for the pricing and positioning of assets for redistribution in synthetic form or as anomaly trades.

The ideal applicant will have a minimum of 2 years' experience in trading illiquid bonds, MTNs and/or synthetic assets. Experience of swap and option pricing techniques and software is desirable given the high technology environment in which our client operates. Alternatively, individuals with the relevant bond trading experience who can demonstrate an apritude and willingness to acquire these additional skills will also be considered.

The position carries a competitive performance related package with the usual range of banking benefits. To apply, in strictest confidence, please telephone or write to Neil Salt, quoting reference NAS2109. .. of The Court of the Court of the

Tel: 071-491 3920. Fax: 071-491 9709. 🦹

International Search and Selection Princes House, 36 Jermyn Street, London SW1Y 6DT.

### **PORTUGUESE EQUITIES** ANALYST/SALES

Salary £30 - £40,000 + Bonus, Car + Benefits

直头 🧖 🛦 Our client is a highly respected UK merchant/investment bank with an established Portuguese equities research and sales unit covering the top Portuguese quoted companies for major UK institutional investors.

This most progressive London-based team seeks a senior analyst/salesperson with minimum 3 years experience of covering the Portuguese equities market, possibly as part of a wider institutional equity background. You will have the opportunity to develop and expand current institutional relationships, plus the ability to expand the existing team. You will have strong relationships with Portuguese quoted companies, or alternatively, experience of relevant industry sectors (e.g. paper and construction) on a global basis. It is absolutely essential that you are a skilled analyst and speak both Portuguese (or possibly Spanish) and English fluently. The successful person will be required to visit Portugal from London approximately twice monthly. Every assistance will be given regarding re-location (inc expenses

Please contact Ron Bradley, Senior Consultant at:

Jonathan Wren & Co. Limited, Financial Recruitment Consultants No. 1 New Street, London EC2M 4TP Telephone 071-623 1266 Facsimile 071-626 5259

JONATHAN WREN EXECUTIVE SHO



### DAVIS INTERNATIONAL BANKING CONSULTANTS

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DIBC is a strategic research-based management consultancy which specialises exclusively in the financial services industry. We are expanding rapidly and need to recruit two people for the following positions:-

- A characted accountant or equivalent with management consultancy experience having financial sector exposure in one or more of the following greas: banking, insurance, securities, asset management. This individual should have a good reputation in the market, excellent report writing skills, a grounding in modelling/statistical analysis, and will probably be in his/her mid thirties. Also, this person will be required to assist in developing new business initiatives.
- A financial analyst/statistician, possibly working in an accountancy or similar department, with at least two years financial sector background, good report writing skills and capable of working with financial models. Aside from providing support for consultancy assignments, this person should be willing to assist with internal management information and administrative systems.

Financial packages are highly competitive and will not be an issue for the right people. Please reply by sending your C.V. to:-

> DIBC (UK) LTD Suite 6, 9 North Audley Street London W1Y 1WF

Attention: Brenda L Jenner / Simon R Thomas Telephone: 071-495 2288

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# **European Equity Strategist**

# **European Equity Analysts**

Frankfurt and London

### **DEUTSCHE BANK RESEARCH**

Deutsche Bank having concentrated its financial research activities into a new subsidiary DB Research in Frankfurt is seeking to expand its activities by making a number of key appointments in the Equity area. DB Research's initial requirements will be to appoint a European Equity Strategist as well as Sector Equity Analysts.

### STRATEGIST

The European Equity Strategist will be based in Frankfurt and will be responsible for formulating DB Research's equity strategy. You will ideally be occupying a similar position in another financial institution and will have had at least four years' relevant experience.

### **ANALYSTS**

There are vacancies for European Equity Analysts in Frankfurt and London. You should have a minimum of two years' experience and have a clear understanding of your sector. Also you will have a strong track record acquired through working in your specialised industry or through experience gained with a strategy consultant, venture capital group or financial institution.

For all these appointments a knowledge of German will be a distinct advantage and candidates should have worked with PCs and their associated standard software packages. Mobility between Frankfurt and London will be important for career

Highly competitive packages will be offered to candidates with relevant experience. Applications, including full cv in strict confidence should be sent to the: Director Personnel, Deutsche Bank AG, 6 Bishopsgate, London EC2P 2AT.

# Deutsche Bank Research

A wholly owned subsidiary of Deutsche Bank, AG



### SENIOR FINANCIAL FUTURES SALES £50,000+ Bonus+ Benefits

On behalf of a major international bank we are looking for a senior salesperson to cover UK and European institutional clients. The ideal candidate should have a strong track record in selling exchange traded products (LIFFE, DTB, MATIF, CME, CBOT, PHLX), and a comprehensive understanding of sophisticated option strategies.

A good academic background plus fluency in at least one European language is preferred. Please contact...

> Tim Sheffield or Jonathan Hawes on 071-623 1266. Jonathan Wren & Co. Limited, Financial Recruitment Cos No. 1 New Street, London ECIM 4TP Telephone 871-623 1266 Facsimile 871-626 5239

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# Fund Managers

- European & US Equities -

Our client is a highly respected Edinburgh-based independent Fund Manager which provides a full range of investment management services to pension funds.

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These are seen as excellent entry points within a leading house for ambitious young Investment Managers and candidates in the first instance should write with C.V. to:

Willie Finlayson, Director, Executive Search & Selection Edinburgh EH2 2JG.



# **Swaps Trader**

### London based

### Competitive package

Our Treasury & Trading Division is seeking to recruit an additional sterling interest rate swaps & options book runner/trader. Working in a team of 8 and reporting directly to the team head you are likely

- to fit the following profile: • 23-28 year old graduate, preferably with a science or maths
  - 2-4 years experience trading swaps or FRAs.

The total compensation package includes a competitive salary, performancerelated bonus, mortgage subsidy and other attractive benefits.

Applications, including a full cv with current remuneration, should be sent to: Vanessa Hill, Personnel Manager, Schroders plc, 120 Cheapside,





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For an application form and job

description, please contact:

FINANCIAL SERVICES DIRECTOR SEVENOAKS UP TO £40,000 + CAR

A reorganisation of our financial functions has created this key post, for which we require an experienced and Housing Association providing rented and enthusiastic person capable of helping us meet our shared ownership homes across the South corporate objectives. Prime areas of responsibility are: East. The Society has clear growth plans and intends to provide 500 homes a year to meet

- financial risk assessment of new development housing needs, and will spend £50 million over the next two years using private and negotiating and securing funding, treasury

major contribution to business planning, forecasting and analysis

membership of Management Team

The successful candidate will be a graduate, preferably with a professional qualification gained in commerce, banking or accountancy; and will be commercially assute, an effective communicator and committed to the objectives of the Society.

Moint Housing Society is aiming to be so Equal Opportunities compleyer

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Allied Irish Banks, p.l.c. is Ireland's leading banking and financial services group and is planning to Involce Discounting establish an subsidiary in Dublin.

HEAD OF INVOICE DISCOUNTING

The Bank is seeking applications from candidates to head up and develop this new business unit from a start-up situation.

Applications should have a proven track record in the specialist field of the receivables finance industry and should already hold a similar senior management position.

Remuneration will include a competitive salary and the normal banking benefits relative to a servior banking position.

Candidates seeking a unique opportunity

to join a new venture with outstanding growth potential and significant challenges should so detailed C.V. in confidence to: Mr J. D. McCrohan

Chief Manage AIB Bank Dublin 4

Closing date for receipt of applications is February



### PRIVATE BANKERS LONDON - MIDDLE EAST

We are representing two major client banks for positions to be located in the City and the Middle East. In each case the successful candidate will have a proven track record in their respective markets ie. Europe and the Middle East. Strong business development and advisory skills are essential. Please

> Norma Given or Brian Jarvis on 071-623 1266

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### **Derivatives Sales and Marketing**

# DERIVATIVES MARKETING & Excellent + Bonus

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**Appointments** 

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THE FINANCIAL Reporting Review Panel, the new watchdog of accounting standards, is taking stock after three weeks of publicly rapping corporate knuckles.

After months of backroom work way from public attention, the panel leapt into the spotlight at the end of January. In the space of a few days, it announced settlements reached with four companies whose accounting practices it had questioned.

Now it anticipates issuing no new

reprimands for several weeks. Its ໆ caseload has temporarily subsided, and it must in any case, turn its attention to the task of selecting a new chairman. Mr Simon Tuckey, QC, the present incumbent, has just been appointed a judge and will not be able to continue his work with the panel.

"I'mquite pleased with how things have gone," says Mr Tuckey, weighing his thoughts carefully before speaking. "We have set out to make

our presence known and we have dealt with a number of cases satisfactorily. I have the impression that we have succeeded in making it clear we

The panel was established in February last year as one of three arms of the new Financial Reporting Council. While the other two bodies, the Accounting Standards Board and the Urgent Issues Task Force, set new accounting standards and guidelines,

the panel polices the existing ones.
Until now that has primarily meant scrutinising deviations from the Statements of Standard Accounting Practice (SSAPs) drawn up by the Accounting Standards Board's predecessor, the Accounting Standards cessor, the Accounting Standards

In the case of Williams Holdings, the industrial conglomerate and one of the first two companies draw the panel's attention, there was a contravention of SSAP 3, on earnings per share, over its treatment of disposals and reorganisation costs. For Illirasnare, over its treatment of disposais and reorganisation costs. For Ultramar, the oil and gas group since taken over by Lasmo, it was SSAP 8 and the interpretation of advance corporation tax. Shield Group, a property developer and estate agent, transgressed SSAP 6, concerning prior year adjustments on the value of its properties.

ments on the value of its properties. Finally, Forte, the hotels group, was scrutinised for its refusal to depreciate freehold and long-leasehold property. The panel decided that the company had not, in fact, broken SSAP 12, the depreciation standard, but Forte nevertheless agreed to provide more detailed information on its policies in detailed information on its policies in

future accounts. The companies themselves argue that their divergence from the stan-dard was justified, giving a truer view of the accounts in light of the busi-nesses concerned — and did not

always boost earnings.

Mr Tuckey replies: "Our approach is that if you depart from the standard you need to justify it. If you think some other treatment is preferred you should state it in a note but use the official figure in the accounts. It's a matter of emphasis." More seriously, some critics suggest

that the four chosen were easy tar-gets, or that the punishment they received was too light. Others question the disappointing total number of settlements which have been reached

There was an inevitable delay last year as the panel found its footing,

identified cases to examine, and con-ducted its investigations. Neverthe-less, its remit was to examine company accounts with financial years beginning in December 1989, all but a handful of which should now have been received. It seems surprising that it has only so far made four pub-

lic pronouncements. The criticism leaves Mr Tuckey undeterred. "We have dealt with every case that has come our way," he says. "The volume is rather larger

He stresses that the panel has writ-

Some critics suggest that the four chosen companies were easy targets, while others question the disappointing number of

settlements reached so far

ten to a further 240 companies that have failed to comply with a statutory requirement introduced by the 1989 Companies Act. They have not broken accounting standards, but have simply neglected to include a note stating that their accounts were prepared in accountance with applicable accounts. accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The action may have helped to raise the profile of the panel, but it is a technicality which has probably done little directly to raise the standard of financial reporting.

In addition, the panel has held discussions with a small number of other companies over the last year, but cided they have no case to answer. In these cases, the policy is to make

no public announcement. But the number of companies in this category is believed to be less than 10.

Partly the panel is restricted by its remit it does not have the resources to probe accounts at random, and is reliant on referrals. Some have come from the Department of Trade and Industry and other government bod-ies; and others from individuals, including Mr Austin Mitchell, Labour MP for Great Grimsby.

Three of the four companies critic-ised had qualified auditors' reports to highlight their divergence from accounting standards. The fourth drew attention to its unusual treat-ment on the profit and loss account – rather than hiding it in an obscure note – and stated the alternative fig-

The reactive nature of the panel helps explain why those chosen appear to be relatively soft targets: they were easy for outsiders to spot. If there is a demand for greater and more aggressive policing of sloppy accounting, the panel's powers or the mechanisms feeding it information will need to be strengthened.

One thing as unclear to the members of the panel as to outsider observers is what effect it is having on financial reporting. The ultimate sanction is that the directors are forced in court to re-state their company's accounts at their own expense. That remains to be tested. Its main weapon is negative publicity.

So far that has had some clear

effect: Williams Holdings' share price dropped 20p after the announcement and closed down 11p on the day. "I heaved a sigh of relief when the Williams share price dropped," said one

member of the panel. "All our work would be as nothing if the market ignored it."

The danger is that media interest in the panel's edicts will wane as the novelty wears off, as they become more commonplace, or the issues being criticised appear too esoteric.

"For those of us who are out with the control of the control

our clients, it is obviously a talking point at the moment," says Mr Roger Davis, head of audit at Coopers & Lybrand Deloitte. "There is a realisation that they may have to justify their accounts

"I think the existence of the panel "I think the existence of the panel could have a salutary effect on a number of companies. But my sense is that most are pretty supportive. The majority are initiated by the few getting away with things," he adds.

Another partner in a leading accountancy firm says: "Auditors can now take a tougher line by using the panel as a threat. To say an auditor was impotent in the past would not be true. But in a very competitive

true. But in a very competitive marketplace, it was quite hard to stand up for what you believed in. You yielded till any deviation from the standards was flagrant."

One other significant imponderable remains. So far the panel has reached amicable settlements with the companies it has investigated. But the ulti-mate appeal is to the courts, which might be called for the first time to test the Companies Act requirement that accounts present a "true and fair" view.

"That is uncharted territory," says Mr Tuckey. But we have made it clear we're prepared to go all the way if we have to. Directors will have to

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Our client is the UK Divisional Group with a turnover of £80m providing contracting services to the construction sector and is part of a major multinational group specialising in engineering and construction.

■ Resulting from an internal promotion, there is now a need to appoint a Group Financial Controller who will implement new accounting policies and undertake the management and statutory consolidation work of this division on a multi-functional basis.

■ This role is seen as a good introduction to the group prior to moving into a line position in two to three years as opportunities arise.

■ Candidates, probably ACA's with around two years' PQE, should be experienced in producing

consolidated accounts either within industry or the profession, and skilled in the implementation of PC packages. As well as producing timely and accurate information, essential requirements are the ability to interpret the results commercially, and to have the credibility to interact effectively with the line finance managers.

■ Please send your curriculum vitae including current remuneration and quoting reference CA380 to Carrie Andrews at Ernst & Young Corporate Resources, Becket House, 1 Lambeth Palace Road, London SE1 7EU.

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Please send full personal and career details, including current remuneration level and daytime telephone number, in confidence to David Owens, Coopers & Lybrand Deloitte Executive Resourcing 11d., 43 Temple Row, Birmingham 82 5.17 quoting ref D414 on both envelope and lefter.

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# Group Treasury Department - Risk Manager

THORN EMI's strategy is to focus on a limited number of businesses which are competitive in the international marketplace. The Group's principal businesses are Rental and Music and we also have operations in Retail, Lighting, Security and Electronics. Together they generate a turnover of over £3.6 billion from activities in well over 100 markets. We have operations in 38 countries and employ over 51,000 people around the world.

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This is a key role in a centralised treasury function and you should possess strong interpersonal skills to enable you to communicate at all levels throughout the Group and with Banks. The successful candidate is likely to be a graduate with an additional financial qualification although this should not deter an applicant with the necessary experience.

You are invited to apply by sending a detailed CV to Linda Cass, Corporate Personnel Manager, THORN EMI ptc, Westmount Centre, Uxbridge Road, Hayes, Middlesex UB4 0HB.

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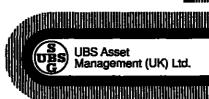
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If you wish to attend this free breakfast please write to Rachelle Nelson at Robert Half, Freepost, Walter House. 418 The Strand London WC2R OBR. (Telephone: 071-836 3545)



FINANCIAL TIMES

# QUESTIONNAIRES

The Facts and the Fiction

Tuesday 10th March 1992 The London Marriott Hotel, Grosvenor Square, WI 815am - 930am

The talk will be given by Professor Clive Fletcher of the University of London, Goldsmith's College, and will

- Description and rationale of the main personality questionnaires
- Why and how personality questionnaires are used by organisations
- The recent 'debate' about the value of such personality
- Evaluating the claims of rival personality questionnaires
- The advantages and limitations of personality questionnaires
- Likely future developments in this field, both in the UK and the

Professor Clive Fletcher was for several years a consultant psychologist in the Civil Service before moving to Goldsmith's College, University of London, where he is currently Professor of Psychology. Professor Fletcher has been involved in research and teaching in the field of managerial assessment and appraisal for twenty years. Among many publications on the subject, he is co-author of books entitled Performance Appraisal and Career Development' and Psychological Testing - the latter being the IPM's standard book on the subject. He is a Chartered Occupational Psychologist and acts as a consultant on psychological assessment to many private and public sector organisations.

Places at the breakfast are strictly limited.

Asea Brown Boveri

# Treasury Manager **Corporate Dealing**

THE PERSON

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Asea Brown Boverl Ltd (ABB) is one of the world's largest manufacturing and electrical engineering companies. The financial services segment of the business operates as an 'in-house bank', supplying services to Group companies in the areas of financing, leasing, treasury, insurance, trading and investment

### THE UK TREASURY CENTRE

This is one of the 12 Centres operating in countries where ABB has a major presence. Servicing 45 companies in the UK, the team's primary areas of focus comprise cash management, foreign exchange, asset/liability management, consulting and risk position taking.

### THE ROLE

A Manager is now sought to head up the treasury operations trading side. Key areas of responsibility will

- management of trading activities within agreed limits establishment and operation of short-term funding
- facilities and development of forecasting systems development and management of strategies for interest and currency exposure hedging.

### London

The appointee will be able to operate as part of a small, flexible team, be eager to achieve and have good commercial and negotiating skills. He or she will be aged 26 to 32 and have an ACT, accountancy or MBA qualification. Additional experience must include:

- a minimum 3 years' treasury experience with a major multi-national business or Bank
- a successful track record in dealing, cash management and FX operations
- m extensive knowledge of UK and international banking and money markets
- familiarity with netting, pooling, treasury operations control and management systems.
- As well as an attractive base salary and benefits, ABB offers excellent career prospects.

Please reply in writing with a full CV and remuneration details to Jane Kirsopp, K/F Associates, Pepys House, 12 Buckingham Street, London WC2N 6DF.

K/F ASSOCIATES Search & Selection

# Exceptional young financial manager

Dynamic international business £50,000-£60,000 + comprehensive benefits package

EFFEMEX - a profitable and expanding Mars company - specialises in the interpational marketing of its sister companies' well-known confectionery, petfood and other umer brands to over 100 countries worldwide.

We are now looking for an outstanding young financial professional to take on the effective running of the business's financial control function, which involves a complex mix of currencies, languages and markets. As well as providing management information.

accounting and financial services for the business, this challenging role will be responsible for compiling operating and strategic plans, and monitoring their performance against target. Securing the commitment of the senior management team, franchise and market managers to ambitious business plans will be an important priority in halping the company to achieve its longer-term business goals.

This strongly proactive role calls for a rare combination of intellectual horsenower, technical expertise and personal drive. You will therefore need an impressive academic record, a professional accounting

qualification and between three and seven years' postqualification experience. You will ideally have trained with one of the leading international accountancy practices before moving to establish an impressive record of achievement in a blue-chip commercial environment. Any additional language skills would be a distinct advantage.

As well as excellent opportunities to fain multifunctional career development within Effemex, the post offers a range of development options within other international Mars units. The salary - which underlines the quality of candidate sought - is backed by a full package of non-contributory banefits.

Please send your detailed cv to the consultant advising on this appointment: Marina Shepherd. PERSONA, 22 Chiswick High Road, London W4 ITE.



An International Division of the Mars group. -

# **Finance Director**

**Engineered Products Manufacturing** 

to £35,000 + bonus + car

North West

Part of a large and successful UK engineering group, our client is a long established, well known £6m+ turnover manufacturing company supplying the construction services industry. ongoing plans including factory relocation, will this year further strengthen the platform for future profitable growth.

Reporting to the Managing Director and with a staff of around 12, you will provide practical financial leadership to the Board across a wide spectrum of business activities. These range from financial and management planning and control to strict deadlines, manufacturing appropriate. costing and contract pricing and tendering through to systems development and new product and business development.

Aged 35-50 and CIMA or ACA qualified, you will have relevant management experience in

manufacturing industry, preferably of contracting, and be familiar with providing and leading the use of pro-active business data in support of profitable financial growth. We seek Whilst affected by current market conditions, a tough, precise, good communicator who will operate well within a strong and effective team and play a significant role in the company's

> The package includes a salary negotiable to £35,000 plus significant bonus potential, discretionary share options, fully expensed executive car and other excellent benefits, including relocation assistance where

Please write with full career and salary details - in confidence - to David Mather, reference 31140, MSL Group Limited, Sovereign House, 12-18 Queen Street, Manchester M2 5HS.



CONSULTANTS IN SEARCH AND SELECTION

# CHARTERHOUSE

Corporate Finance Executives ACAs/ MBAs/LAWYERS £32,000 + Bonus +Banking Benefits

Charterhouse is a leading merchant banking and investment group with a strong presence in corporate finance, capital markets, corporate banking, stockbroking and development capital. Despite the recent fall in the overall level of UK merger and acquisition activity, Charterhouse Bank has increased significantly its corporate finance market share over the last two years and continues to generate a

As a result, the corporate finance department now needs to appoint three additional executives. Working within a structured environment and liaising to director level, the appointees will be responsible for the provision of corporate finance services to clients throughout the UK and Continental Europe. Specifically, the successful individuals will be exposed to acquisitions and disposals, rights issues, private placements, contested take-overs, joint ventures and corporate restructuring.

This opportunity will appeal to a commercially orientated ACA, aged 24-27 years, with a 2-1 degree or better, and first time passes in the professional examinations. (Candidates awaiting the results of Pall will be considered). Additionally, applications are invited from young lawyers and MBAs with similar profiles and academic backgrounds. One or more Emopean languages and some previous experience in corporate finance, management consultancy or investigations is advantageous though not essential. The benefits include an attractive remuneration package, performance related bonus, mortgage subsidy and the opportunity to develop

an outstanding career based entirely on merit. For further information in strict confidence contact, David Craig or Robert Walker on 071-287 6285 (evenings and wee 2386). Alternatively, forward a brief resume to our London Office quoting reference DC 1103.

### WALKER HAMILL Financial Recruitment Consultants

29-30 Kingly Street London W1R 5LB

Tel: 071-287 6285 Fax: 071-287 6270

# Cantonese Speaking **Audit Managers**

# Hong Kong

Price Waterhouse in Hong Kong is one of the largest in the international network of PW offices.

Now, as a result of business growth, we are offering excellent career development opportunities to a number of additional audit managers. Your assignments will cover a wide range of multinational organisations and locally listed companies, including clients in banking, textiles, shipping, electronics and general trading.

You should be a Chartered Accountant with at least two years experience as an audit manager, preferably within a 'Big 6' firm and with some experience of auditing

financial institutions. In addition you should be fluent in both Cantonese and English.

Initial contracts are for two years, during which our dynamic business environment will offer an excellent opportunity to develop your managerial skills. If you are ambitious and talented, there are good prospects for

If you are interested in this exciting opportunity please contact: John Thompson, Price Waterhouse, No. 1 London Bridge, London SE1 9QL. Tel: 071-939 5864.

# Price Waterhouse



## Financially Orientated...

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\*Autonomous subsidiary within an established group

\*Operating in a young industry with potential for both

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Telephone: 071 873 3456

First class opportunity for a finance professional to assume control of a company in an emerging hi-tech industry. THE REQUIREMENT

\*Qualified accountant, possibly an MBA, between 30 and 40 years of age;

 Commercial awareness with an ability for contract negotiation:

 Understanding of computer systems and their applications:

\*A proven track record of man management and the ability to gain the respect of a small but enthusiastic and dedicated team.

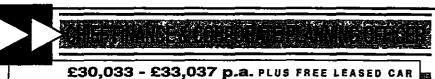
Interested applicants should forward their curriculum vitae under reference 5/2817 to:

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RELOCATION PACKAGE IN EXCESS OF £6,000 + REMOVAL COSTS

Lianelli Borough Council is committed to a new style of management in order to achieve its considerable ambitions in improved service delivery and environmental change. To help fulfil our goals, we are seeking a qualified Accountant with experience, or an interest, in

Accountable to, and working closely with, the Chief Executive, you will, as the statutory Chief Finance Officer, ensure that the Authority's financial systems are appropriate and effective. More significantly, you will ensure that our future intentions are reflected in clear but simple plans, supplemented by financial strategies which maximise external grants and other income. To meet our requirements you will require flair and energy, plus the determination to succeed in

a post which will be an obvious step on a career path to being a Chief Executive. Llanelli, and its surroundings offer a relatively low cost but quality litestyle, combining an attractive coastal location, with easy access to the M4.

For further details, please write to, or telephone the Personnel Section, at the Town Hall, Llanelli, SA15 3AH, Tel. 0554 741100 ext. 408. For a preliminary discussion, you are welcome to contact the Chief Executive, Bryn Parry-Jones (ext. 400) or the Personnel Manager, Peter Harris (Ext. 411).

Closing Date for applications is Monday, 24th February



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STEPHANIE COX-FREEMAN 071 873 4027

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A Challenging and Prestigious Career Position Gulf Based Excellent remuneration package

 Our client is a monetary authority in the Gulf with overall responsibility for directing the monetary and banking policy and the supervision over its implementation in accordance with the State's general policy and in such ways to help support the national economy and stability of the currency.

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The Financial Accountant will be responsible for providing advice on all accounting matters, ensuring compliance with Covernment Rules and Regulations and generally accepted accounting principles. The successful candidate will be expected to contribute to the development of accounting policies and procedures and implementation of computerised accounting

 The ideal applicant for this position will be a qualified accountant (ACA, CPA) with extensive experience in accounting, auditing and computers. You should have at least three years practical management experience in a computerised accounting environment. You must be a mature individual aged 35-45 and possess excellent management and communication skills combined with European and/or North American education and experience,

 Attractive tax free salaries will be paid plus free accommodation, annual return airfare on leave and other associated expatriate benefits.

Interested candidates should forward their CV together with recent photo before end of February 1992 to Mr Sami Ali, Ernst & Young Executive Recruitment Division, PO Box 136, Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates. Fax: 810 9712 342968.

**II ERNST & YOUNG** 



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# Financial Systems **Consultancy**

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Ernst & Young are rapidly moving to the forefront of financial systems consulting, by incorporating innovative business process redesign concepts and leading development technologies. Our practice is aimed at improving the level of service provided by the finance function of clients in private and public sectors, with a significant proportion of work being overseas.

Key to our continued success is the recruitment of high calibre individuals, whose commitment to quality matches our own. Such candidates will be accountants or MBAs, with a proven track record in financial management and highly developed business skills. They will have indepth experience of managing projects and implementing a range of leading mainframe and mid-range financial software. They will be keen to build on this expertise, playing a major role in facilitating change to clients' working practices and organisation.

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**II ERNST & YOUNG** 

# FINANCE DIRECTOR

FCMA or FCCA

c £40k + car + benefits =

elcon Blocks Limited, the country's foremost manufacturers of aerated concrete blocks, are seeking a replacement for their Finance Director who is nearing retirement. This is a first class coreer opportunity in a company poised to exploit the upturn in trade ofter coming through the recession in excellent condition.

The successful applicant will be aged 35-45 and must be commercially aware, practical in outlook, possess technical accounting skills and be capable of a hands-on approach when necessary. Experience in preparing statutory accounts and of developing computerised operational and management information systems is essential. Previous experience of financial management at board level would also be an advantage.

The post carries responsibility for the company's general administration, data processing and human resources as well as financial control - reporting to the Managing Director but with functional responsibility to the Group Finance Director.

The appointment is at Head Office in London but involves frequent visits to the five UK regional factories.

Celcon Blocks Ltd is a founding member of the Kingsway Group, which has a turnover of £100m in the building materials sector, and which has interests both in the UK and mainland Europe.

Applications, including comprehensive CV, should be sent for the attention of the Managing Director, Celcon Blocks Ltd, Celcon House, 239-293 High Holborn, London WC1V 7HU.

A Lingsway Group Company



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# FINANCIAL CONTROLLER **BIFFA WASTE SERVICES**

Competitive Salary + Benefits Package + Company Car HIGH WYCOMBE

Biffa Waste Services Limited, part of Severn Trent Plc, is one of the UK's leading waste management companies, and the fastest growing in the field.

.A vacancy has arisen for a Financial Controller who will be responsible for the day to day running of a large accounts department, maintaining tight financial controls, servicing a multi location operation covering approximately eighty sites. Helshe will also be responsible for financial and management reporting, and following a recent multi-million pound investment in Information Technology, will have substantial involvement in the development and implementation of further new systems.

The successful applicant, who will be a qualified accountant, will be required to demonstrate experience in financial accounting, systems development and taxation matters, and will have gained man management skills by running a large accounts department. It is expected that the applicant will be in his/her mid thirties.

The position carries a competitive salary, a company car and the usual range of benefits associated with a large and successful company. Applications should be made in writing, enclosing a current CV and quoting current

salary to:-Caroline Neal, Director of Personnel, Biffa Waste Services Limited

Coronation Road, Cressex Industrial Estate, High Wycombe, Bucks, HP12 3TZ. 

### confidential

# $Q_{ m uantative}\,A_{ m nalyst}$

A leading global investment bank, our client is in the process of expanding an already successful International Equity Strategy Group. The aim is to add one highly qualified individual who will function as a Global Quantarive Analyst. The individual would also have responsibility for Equity Strategy for several countries

You should hold an advanced business or mathematics degree and have extensive knowledge of Quantative Techniques as applied to Equity Markets.

With a requirement for professionals of the highest calibre, our client is willing to negotiate an appropriate remuneration package.

In the first instance, please send a full C.V. (together with a separate list of companies to whom you would not wish your application to be forwarded) to Richard Lewis, Riley Advertising (London) Ltd., Confidential Reply Service, 159 Hammersmith Road, London Wó 8BS.

Please quote ref FT/507.

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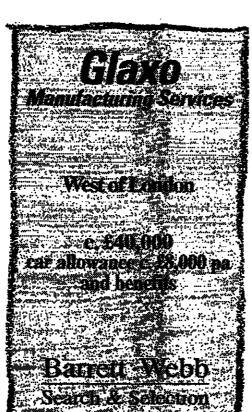
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G laxo's position as Europe's top performing company is underlined by the 1991 results: profits grew to £1.2 billion on sales of £3.4 billion. In terms of market capitalisation the Group is now the UK's largest company and is a world leader in ethical pharmaceuticals.

Glaxo Manufacturing Services is the Group's principal manufacturer of pharmaceuticals for global markets. GMS has some of the most advanced manufacturing facilities in the world and is facing an unprecedented period of new product introductions,

As a result of expansion and internal promotions we require two finance managers for high profile roles

### Financial Planning Manager

To develop an integrated approach to financial planning incorporating rolling and scenario planning. This requires an outward looking and pragmatic approach to evaluate major issues, opportunities and threats facing the business and to develop flexible planning processes to aid business direction and the achievement of strategic aims.

Candidates should be graduate qualified accountants (CIMA/ACA/CACA) or MBAs. Probably aged 28-34, you should have strong interpersonal skills and broad experience within a large multinational company, preferably to include

### Finance Manager, Accounting Development

To evaluate and implement development priorites: in financial accounting to support company business and statutory needs. This will include planning and implementing the likely migration from proprietary to open systems, streamlining accounting systems and driving the financial perspective in strategic company-wide IT initiatives. Candidates will be graduate qualified accountants. (probably ACAs), aged 28-32, with experience in a large firm, management consultancy or blue chip group. This should include strong. interpersonal skills and the ability to interface across functions. Technical systems experienceis not required.

Glaxo values commercially minded, astute finance managers very highly and requires individuals who are able to progress within and beyond these immediate roles. The competitive package includes a salary of around £40,000, a car allowance of circa £8,000 pa, a non contributory pension, life assurance and other benefits. Relocation assistance to the company's prestigious new Head Office in Stockley Park, West of London, is offered where appropriate.

To learn more, please write enclosing your curriculum vitae, to Sue Rossiter, Director, Barrett Webb Limited, Ashbrittle House, Lower Dagnall Street, St. Albans, Herts. AL3 4PA. Telephone (0727) 57755; fax (0727) 812885.

# **FINANCIAL EDITOR**

London

Prestigious investment banking house seeks editor to edit strategy, economics and equity research reports. Financial background, strong logic, keen eye for detail, proof-reading skills and an ability to work quickly and efficiently under pressure required. Some knowledge of graphics, layout and word processing helpful.

Send resumé in confidence to: TG West, Managing Director, Ref. 449, Associates in Advertising, 5 St John's Lane, London EC1M 4BH. Please state any company to which your application should not be sent. ··· · · · · ·



Our client, a major force in international and Merchant banking, is currently recruiting for 2 senior positions within their global markets and corporate finance divisions.

PRODUCT ACCOUNTANT c.£30,000 + Benefits Working within a highly successful equity derivatives division, this role offers excellent exposure to derivative products, FX and treasury products and analysis of traders positions as well as prospects to join the senior finance team on an executive level. The successful applicant will be a young qualified accountant with a strong maths background, and post qualified experience in banking, preferably with exposure to product accounting.

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Applications in writing or by phone to the Manager of our Head Office: 36-44 Moorgate, London EC2R 6EL. Telephone 071 638 3955.

Accountancy Personnel

# ACCOUNTS MANAGER

TOP DECK TRAVEL, require a Qualified Accountant to manage its Group Accounting Department, reporting to the Managing Director. Duties will include:

Production of monthly management accounts, budgets, cashflows etc; preparation for andir, monthly payroll, annual P.60's, P11D's etc. for 50-70 staff; licence applications and returns for C.A.A., ABTA, IATA, etc. The successful applicant is likely to be aged 28+, flexible with excellent communication skills and conversant with spreadsheets.

Salary will be in line with experience and benefits as would be expected in

the travel industry. Please reply with corrent C.V. including current salary and daytime

Mr. G.M. Mack, Top Deck Travel Group Lindied, 131-135 Earls Count Road, London SW5 9RH (No Agencies)

### Finance Director

Our client is a medium steed pic with a turnover in the region of \$12-15 million per annum in the engineering sector. A Finance Director is required to assist with both the existing business and to diversity into new areas. Candidates must be qualified accountants and able to show a mature and experienced background - not necessarily in engineering. An above average remuneration package will be negotiated.

Applications should be sent in confidence to Box No.A1690 Rinancial Times, 1 Southwork Bridge, London SET 9HL

# APPOINTMENTS WANTED

### BRUSSELS

FINANCIAL MANAGER

seeks new assignment Chartered Accountant (FCA), 42, Oxford graduate, British, finent

French and Dutch, based Brussels. Experienced and versatile Finance Director/Financial Controller, with commercial approach and sound skills in business developmen acquisitions, corporate budgets, group reporting, treasury.

> Piesse telephone: (32) 2 731 1644 fax: (32) 236 3106

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This world renowned £billion British group, offers a rare and challenging opportunity to a young Chartered Accountant seeking a first move from the profession. Age up to 28 years currently with a medium/ large firm, you will want to apply your skills in a competitive and dynamic

The brief will include periodic accounts preparation, financial appraisals, cost/benefit analysis and major project reviews. However your flexibility of approach, laterar thinking and commercial instincts will contribute not only to

environment.

### C. London

the business, but your career development within the group.

This challenge will allow you to fulfil your management potential. The salary will not be a limiting factor and is supported by an excellent benefits package.

> Write with full CV and taytime telephone number to Patrick Donnelly, quoting ref: FT/094. PD Consultants, 314/316 Vauxhall Bridge Road, London SW1V 1AA. Tel: 071-828 2273.

## **FINANCE** DIRECTOR DESIGNATE

MANUFACTURERS AND **DISTRIBUTORS** 

WEST LANCS/PRESTON

c£30,000 +

Car, Benefits

show a successful financial management record. In return, we offer an opportunity to

contribute to a major programme of change, a constant challenge to your abilities and a genuine opportunity to make your presence felt throughout all aspects of our business.

We are Manufacturers and Distributors and

Market Leaders in our particular field. We

who will report to the Managing Director.

development of the business and is able to

lead and motivate senior staff to maintain and

improve computerised information systems.

The Appointee must have proven experience

of forecasting and budgetary control, and

The person we are seeking will be 30-45

years, CIMA qualified, who will play a

significant part in the commercial

are looking for a Finance Director Designate

Interested applicants should send a detailed C.V. to:-

HALLIS HUDSON GROUP LIMITED BUSHELL STREET PRESTON

LANCASHIRE PRI 2SP

# **Company Accountant**

Dunstable, Beds Package c.£28,000 including Car

Our client is the UK arm of the leading educational publishers and printers in Iteland. The UK operation established in 1986, has grown very rapidly and is currently employing 30 staff. Reporting to the UK MD, this newly created position will be responsible for financial reporting and control as well as general management of the administration function. There are twelve staff to manage including those in sales order processing and distribution areas and the company is fully computerised. The Company Accountant will also be involved in the wider aspects of business.

Applicants are likely to be qualified accountants with experience either within the profession or within commerce. It will be necessary to demonstrate commercial awareness, decision making and analytical skills, and computer literacy. The ideal candidate will possess the maturity to manage staff and a diverse range of functions as required.

Interested applicants should send a comprehensive curriculum vitae, with salary details, quoting

Pannell Kerr Forster Associates
New Garden House, 78 Hatton Garden
Associates

Jonathan Williamson Pannell Kerr

# SENIOR PRICING ANALYST - LONDON

Our global financial services ellent has asked us to services group in London.

This high energy individual must possess the ability to manage both process and content. He/she must understand the maths and tax structures behind complex cross-border transactions. He/she must be able to invent new tax-based or accounting based structures and support a Pan-European group of 15 transactors. This person should enjoy managing people and have excellent communication skills.

Experience required for this job includes identify an individual for their tax-based advisory 5-10 years work with a large financial institution and at least 4 years of experience in the pricing/ structuring of tax-based cross-border transactions. This person must have a university degree in maths or economics and advanced course work in operational research.

> Please contact Robert M. Wax, President Kingsbury Wax, Ref SPA21 at 25 Bedford Street. London WC2E 9HP or phone Mr Wax in his USA Office 010 1617 868 6166.

# Finance Director

# **Process Manufacturing**

To £50,000 + Benefits

South East

First class opportunity for a commercial and robust Finance Manager to play a key role in the development of the principal operating subsidiary of successful and growing plc.

- Major manufacturing operation with £50m rumover and 300 employees based on one site.
- Part of quoted UK-owned group with respected senior
- Well resourced with strong balance sheet and poised for

### THE POSITION

- Full board responsibility for financial and management accounting and control.
- Hands-on role evaluating and upgrading management and financial information and systems. Control substantial capital expenditure programme.
- Drive corporate business plan. Lead and develop accounts team of fifteen. **QUALIFICATIONS**
- Qualified Accountant, aged 35-45, with sound financial management, costing and investment appraisal skills, from manufacturing sector.
- Energetic and results orientated manager with experience at board level in a pressurised environment. Tough but diplomatic leader with the vision and ability to motivate a young team.

Please write, enclosing full cv, Ref 1.0530 54 Jermyn Street, London, SWIY 6LX

# Group Audit Manager, Fraud & Security

To £50,000 + Car + Benefits

London

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use sales in

Vital role in a major public corporation. Commercially driven with a number of subsidiaries, it has sophisticated systems and many cash transactions.

## THE POSITION

- Responsible for reviewing all group activities to identify areas of vulnerability to fraud.
- Direct a small team of investigators and liaise closely at board level with operating subsidiaries. Report to Group Audit Director.
- Research and develop new systems and procedures to minimise future opportunities for fraud.
- Plan and implement security and anti-fraud programmes, ensuring highest standards are applied to control of cash

### **OUALIFICATIONS**

- ◆ Graduate Chartered Accountant aged 35-45 with detailed knowledge of computer audit techniques and fraud investigations. Forensic accounting experience advantageous. Background either in professional firm advising and consulting
- on fraud with possible exposure to SROs, or in-house with internal audit role biased towards fraud and investigations. Sharp, enquiring mind, able to identify areas of
- weakness and provide imaginative solutions. Mature with authority, total integrity and credible at all

levels. Results orientated with ability to progress.

Please write, enclosing full cv, Ref L0534 54 Jermyn Street, London, SWIY GLX

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# cost control and operational development in a £30 million service contract business

Based in London

### financial controller c £ 34k + car + benefits

senior management

accountant c £ 28k + car + benefits

In the business of urban and rural waste collection, street deansing, landfill and recycling operations. Onyx is one of the biggest names in Europe. A subsidiary of the French CGEA Group, we're now growing rapidly in the UK with contracts

Our rapid expansion means the operation must be controlled, monitored and continually relined if profitability and service

least, your ideal credentials would be a mix of accountancy and

Providing the support in terms of figures and forecasts will be a SENIOR MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTANT - a proactive professional with experience of cost and budgetary control and performance analysis in a contracting industry. Good communication skills Hanagers are essential. These qualities, plus your credibility at senior level, are more important than specific qualifications, and

Environmental control is a rapidly growing industry and Onyx is a major force to be reckoned with throughout Europe and beyond. High quality career prospects are assured.

Please write with a detailed cy to: John Kutner, Financial Director, Onyx UK Ltd, Onyx House, 401 Mile End Road, London E3 4PB, Tel: 081-983 1000.



# FINANCIAL MANAGERS & DUCTION MANAGER



## **Poland**

# Czechoslovakia

help to provide strong cash flow management for our

increasingly diverse operations. As well as possessing a

degree and/or a professional qualification, you will need

experience in treasury systems design and development.

manufacturing environment is desirable. During that time

you will have dealt with exchange rate exposure, foreign

also be familiar with the preparation of pension scheme

accounts and have a basic grounding in payroll systems.

Allen Ltd., Blackhorse Lane, Walthamstow E17 50P.

exchange transactions, borrowings and deposits. You should

Applications in confidence to: Peter A Mani, Bush Boake

Bush Boake Allen Ltd.

A subsidiary of Union Camp Corporation U.S.A.

At least five years' treasury experience in a commercial

Oriflame International is a major marketing-led cosmetics Group operating worldwide, using direct sales marketing methods. Our Client, Oriflame Eastern Europe, is a venture recently established by the Oriflame Group to develop opportunities in this region. Operating already in Czechoslovakia, Poland and Hungary and with plans to expand in other markets, they are experiencing rapid growth and need good strong managers to control the business. They are offering outstanding opportunities to join a young ambitious company.

They are now seeking Financial Managers for Poland and Czechoslovakia and a Production Manager for Poland.

In Poland, they will rebuild and renovate an existing factory in the Warsaw area and run their sales and distribution for the country from this site. In Czechoslovakia, they will build their own sales and distribution offices during the coming year.

Successful candidates, aged 28-35, will be well qualified with good relevant experience. Knowledge and experience of MRP and standard costing will be an advantage for the Polish positions. In addition, candidates will be effective communicators as extensive training of local staff will be an important part of these jobs. Hence, good knowledge of the local language is essential.

These positions offer an excellent opportunity to join a young ambitious company at a key stage in their international development. Remuneration packages will reflect age and experience but will be attractive.

Please apply directly to Ingrid Flannery at Robert Half, Freepost, Walter House, 418 The Strand, London WC2R OBR. Telephone: 071-836 3545, or fax your details on 071-836 4942. Alternatively, contact John Archer at Robert Half. Brussels, Avenue Louise 382, 1050 Brussels, Belgium, Telephone (010322) 647 6350, Fax. (010322) 646 3038.



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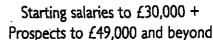
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incurred last year by Ford, the world's second largest vehicle maker, derived mainly from the US and the UK.

The long recession in the US has sapped the big three US carmakers, General Motors, Ford and Chrysler, but only Ford has seen its main European profit source, the UK, turn sour at the

same time.
Traditionally, Ford of Britain
has been the mainstay of Ford's
profits in Europe and helped out
its US parent company during

periodic crises.

Ford is the dominant market leader in the UK with 24.2 percent of the new car market and a

share approaching 50 per cent in some segments of the UK light commercial vehicle market. Now

it is the parent company that is having to shell out additional capital to rescue its British sub-

Ford's traditional operations collapsed into loss in the UK last

year and its woes were compounded by the performance of Jaguar, the UK luxury carmaker,

which it took over for £1.6bn (\$2.84bn) at the end of 1989. Jag-

tar made a pre-tax loss last year of £226m compared with a £66.2m loss in 1990, reflecting a severe reduction in sales volume coupled with large restructuring

Worldwide Jaguar retail sales fell to 25,661 last year from 42,753

a year earlier, under the impact of recession in its two main mar-

kets, the UK and the US. It was

also burdened last year with the heavy costs of cutting its work-force by around a third to only

Ford claimed vesterday that it

had made money last year in its

other main European markets – Germany, France, Italy and Spain – but the huge deficit in the UK

forced the overall European

Ford of Europe's automotive

operations, including Jaguar, slumped to a net loss last year of \$1.079bn from a net profit of

\$145m in 1990 and a profit of

Ford's worldwide automotive

operations lost \$3.2bn in 1991

compared with earnings of \$99m in 1990. Automotive losses were

operations into loss.

\$1.19bn in 1989.

sidiary.

US carmaker hit by falls in two leading markets, writes Kevin Done

Ford pulled into \$2.3bn

loss as UK turns sour

Harold Poling, chairman, holds out little hope for early improvement this year

US and UK, namely lower vehicle production, much higher market-ing costs in the form of discounts

and other financial incentives to

push sales, and heavy costs for the development of products.

Marketing costs last year jumped in the US to 16 per cent

of its revenues from 12 per cent

in 1990 and only 6 per cent in the

In the UK, Ford's total costs for

"liquidating" the stocks that it allowed to mount up escalated to

24 per cent of revenues from 14

per cent in 1990. Mr Ian McAllister, chairman

and managing director of Ford of

Britain, insisted yesterday that the UK operations were now in better balance, but refused to

indicate when the company

might emerge into the black. "We have a better balance in our busi-

Colgate

Mennen

for \$670m

COLGATE-PALMOLIVE, the

large US household products company, is to buy Mennen, a privately-owned personal care products manufacturer, for around \$670m.

News of the purchase came as Colgate unveiled after-tax profits

of \$124.9m for the year. This compares with \$321m in 1990,

but the total was struck after a \$243m restructuring charge

salam restructuring charge taken in the third quarter. Mennen is based in New Jersey and has 16 per cent of the US deodorant and anti-perspirant market, according to Colgate. It

also makes baby products and mens' toiletries.

that made it an attractive pur-

chase. Of Mennen's total \$550m plus sales, around \$275m is derived from the US. No profits

Colgate maintains that Men-nen's lines should complete its

personal care products, which

range from toothpaste to soaps. Colgate will meet around 80 per

cent of the purchase price in

In the final quarter of 1991

Colgate sales rose from \$1.480n to \$1.57bn, with after-tax earnings advancing from \$73.5m to \$86.9m. For the year overall,

sales rose from \$5.69bn to

\$6.06bn, with annual volume

stock and the rest in cash.

figures were disclosed.

Colgate said it was Mennen's exposure to less developed mar-kets, particularly Latin America,

By Nikki Talt in New York

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### **Crest Nicholson says** house sales increase



Crest Nicholson, the south-east of England-based housebuilder and property developer, incurred pre-tax losses of £59.4m (\$107m) during the year to October 31. against pre-tax profits of 28.06m last time. Mr John Callcutt (left), chief executive, also revealed that house sales had increased last month. He said it was too early to say if the rise would mark a recovery in the UK housing market.

Sun shines on NZ farmers

Things are looking up for New Zealand's dairy farmers, thanks to currency changes and firmer international demand. The change has come relatively quickly. Last season was disastrous for the Industry, with returns at historic lows. Most farmers, who receive no state assistance or subsidies, operated at a loss, and there was real concern that many would abandon their farms. Page 24

Drought hits the veldt



South Africa's farmers have been hit by one of the worst droughts in living memory. The government has said it will act to prevent farmers leaving the land, and is understood to be contempiating substantial drought aid. Page 24

Western Mining declines

Western Mining Corporation, the Melbourne-based nickel, gold and aluminium group, crashed into the red in the first half to December following a A\$20m (US\$15m) write-down of its mining assets. Page 18

Japan poised to lift barriers

Liberalisation of Japan's financial markets, currently being reviewed by the ministry of finance, will mean the gradual removal of legal barriers which have restricted introduction of new investment products. Page 19

Wall Street carries Europe along

European equity markets showed strong activity last month after the holiday shutdown, gen-erally being carried along by a buoyant Wall Street. With the exception of Spain volume was positive throughout the continent. Back Page

Italy simmers over SIM criticism

After years of foreign libes about "cowboy" financial markets, Italy's lawmakers have reacted angrily to demands from abroad for changes to securities market legislation which has only just taken effect. Foreign bankers claim the legislation, named after the Societa di Intermediazione Mobiliare (SIM), the novel type of securities trading house it creates, is anti-competitive and breaches the Treaty of

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# **Payouts** from BP just match inflation

By David Lascelles,

BRITISH Petroleum, one of the UK's top blue-chip companies, decided to hold its final dividend yesterday, leaving shareholders with a payout for the whole year which barely matched the rate of

blamed the move on RP's poor fourth-quarter result which saw profits plunge to £72m (\$130.8m) from 2456m on a replacement cost basis. He described the result as "extremely disappointing", and added to the gloom by predicting that the next six months would be no better than

Investors had been hoping that BP — which has not raised its quarterly dividend since the first marter - would boost its final quarter — would boost its imal payout to give them an increase in real terms in line with its recent policy. But yesterday's final dividend of 4.2p makes a full-year total of 16.8p. This is an increase of 4.7 per cent against inflation last year of 4.5 per cent.

The London stock market

marking BP shares down by 16p to 268p, though they later recov-ered to close at 274p.

BP took the opportunity to restate its dividend policy yester-day. This is to offer real growth "over a run of years" based on an operating strategy designed to enlarge the corporation in real terms. But BP also said: "You can't pretend that difficult years aren't difficult. Given that our quarterly declaration of diviling process, now seems an appropriate moment to pause for breath and take stock of the gen-

eral economic environment."

Mr Horton said he wanted to "knock firmly on the head" any suggestion that there was a pard split over the divide

decision. There was debate, he said, but not a division. While BP was clearly suffering from the effects of recession, it had taken firm steps to adjust to the weaker oil price, around \$18 for North Sea crude, down from \$24 last year. All RP's businesses

had been tested against \$18 oil, he said, and had proved robust. In a comment clearly aimed at the OPEC meeting in Geneva, he predicted a worldwide shortfall of 20m barrels a day by 1999 at current price levels.

Observer, Page 12 Lex, Page 14 Reaction, Page 16 Details, Page 22 Markets, Page 25

**OTHE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1992** 

Resources Editor, in London

UK inflation. Mr Robert Horion, chairman,

The London stock market reacted with disappointment,

ends is a very flexible signal-

BP's replacement cost profit for the whole year was £1.035km, down 14 per cent from £1.2km.

6 per cent fall in pre-tax profits in

Lord Hanson, chairman, blamed the recession in the UK and the US for the fall in taxable profits to £228m compared with £241m a year ago, its first-ever quarter-on-quarter fall. Sales rose to £20n against £1.90n, while diluted earnings per share were

unchanged at 3.9p because of the change in dividend which has resulted in a lower tax charge for

in 1990) and \$970m outside the US, compared with profits of

The profits made in continental

Europe last year and in some

other overseas markets were more than offset by losses of \$761m at Ford of Britain and

\$354m at Jaguar.
Mr Harold Poling, chairman of Ford, held out little hope for an

early improvement this year.

"Many of the problems that affected us in 1991 are continuing

into 1992 – soft economies, intense competition and excess industry capacity." He claimed

that Ford's operating results worldwide would show a "sub-stantial improvement" because of

the company's "relentless" cost-

cutting programme coupled with a gradual economic recovery dur-

\$116m in 1990.

further payments in October,

Last year shareholders received 3.15p in July and 7.85p in February enabling Mr Martin Taylor, vice chairman, to argue they would be better off since they would receive 75 per cent of

said: "Hanson will be affected by the dividend move since it is tan-

tamount to a cut in the dividend

on a tax-year basis." reflecting market unease at the change of dividend policy. Some institutional sharehold-

expenses down because of that."

Ford of Britain, excluding Jag-uar, used only about 70 per cent

of its plant capacity last year

with its Halewood, Merseyside, production plant suffering 110 "down days" with no output, and

the Southampton Transit van plant suffering 50 "down days".

In January, overall UK car and commercial vehicle sales slumped but Ford of Britain is

forecasting some modest recov-ery in the second half of the year.

year, the Southampton van plant has been working virtually half-time, however, with output

In the first two months of this

boost group earnings per share Hanson's shares yesterday fell and allow Lord Hanson to 2p to close at 197% in London, announce record earnings per share for the financial year.

Mr Taylor said the change was in response to growing interna-tional interest in Hanson and its US ADRs, Most US companies pay quarterly dividends.

Shareholders are likely to ask for a detailed explanation from Lord Hanson and Lord White in

# Unilever takes £60m charge for sale of business interests

By Guy de Jonquières, Consumer Industries Editor, in London

food and consumer products com-pany, has put up for sale most of pany, has put up for sale most on its agribusiness interests. The decision will result in an extraor-dinary charge of about £50m (\$106.4m) after tax against 1991

fourth quarter profits.

The disposal plans cover five business units with 4,000 employees and total annual sales of about £500m. Unilever said the planned dis-

posals were in line with its policy of focusing on core activities. It was in talks with prospective buyers for several of the businesses and was actively seeking other bidders. The businesses to be sold are:

• BOCM Silcock, the UK's leading animal feeds supplier, with about 18 per cent of the market. The business, which includes Paul & Vincent, an Irish animal

UNILEVER, the Anglo-Dutch food and consumer products company, has put up for sale most of £320m in 1990. Industry analysts estimate its operating profits at about £20m in 1990.

• Marine Harvest International,

Scotland's largest salmon producer, accounting for about a quarter of total production. The company also has fisheries in Chile and prawn farming operations. It had 1990 sales of £50m and is estimated to have lost about £15m that year because of falling Scottish as the company prices.

salmon prices.
Marine Harvest, which employs 600 people, said its per-formance in Scotland improved sharply last year, and it expected to benefit from better salmon prices this year. • Barenbrug, a geographically

diversified group of 10 grass-breeding companies. Unilever has tea and palm Lex, Page 14

a 60 per cent stake in the group, which it has offered to the other shareholder, Barbelle of the Netherlands. The group has annual sales of about £50m.

The other interests on sale are Maita Clayton, a Mexican animal feeds operation, with annual sales of £80m, and a 76 per cent stake in AMI, a small Italian corn hybrid breeder. The £50m charge, arising from

the write-off of goodwill and expected losses on some of the assets to be sold, will almost exactly offset a 263m extraordi-nary fourth quarter gain from Unilever's disposal of the 4P packaging group last year.
Unilever, which had agribusiness sales of £797m in 1990, plans to retain its Cambridge-based

plant breeding operation and its tea and palm plantations.

# FT study shows investor differences

By Peter Martin, Financial Editor, in London

A STUDY of how institutional rate information. Press reports London listing would make them invest in continental equities reveals marked differences

between the two centres. The survey was carried out late last year by Makinson Cowell, the investor relations consultancy, and the Financial Times. It covered 96 internationallyminded fund management firms, with an average portfolio size of around \$10bn, handling between them half of all investment by UK and US institutions in conti-

nantai Europe. To judge a company, UK fund managers rely more heavily on personal meetings with its senior managers, research by brokerage firms and contacts with brokers' analysts than do US fund managers. For US investors, personal meetings tie for first place with annual reports and other corpo-

investors in the UK and US are also important to US fund managers, unlike their UK col-

Active investment management styles are much more popular in both centres than passive ones: in all, 14 per cent of UK-and US-owned continental equities are passively managed or indexed, according to the survey.

Among those institutions that use passive management for continental equities, US firms are far more committed to the technique: 76 per cent of their portfolios are passively managed, on average, as opposed to 38 per cent in UK institutions.

Investing in a company's shares was twice as popular among US fund managers as buy-ing its American Depositary Receipts. Among UK fund managers, only 11 per cent said a

more likely to buy the shares. A continuous on-line price quote (as provided by the London Stock Exchange's Seaq Interna-tional system) would make 53 per cent of US investors more likely to buy the stock, but would have the same effect on only 28 per cent of UK investors.

One common theme was concern about information on corporate activities and potential barriers to ownership. Even in Germany, to which investors' attitude was otherwise uniformly positive, 72 per cent of US inves-tors and 50 per cent of UK inves-tors cited availability of informa-

tion as an obstacle. Anglo American Perspective, published by Makinson Cowell and the Financial Times, 2595. Available from Makinson Cowell 071-490-4977

growth reaching 5 per cent. The company acknowledged that some additional sales came from the Murphy Oil Soap acquisition, but said that US unit volumes were up 6 per cent before

stopped on 24 production days to the end of February.

At the same time, the Dagen-ham and Halewood plants are taking account of this. The company said that, with the third quarter restructuring becoming more dependent on export markets in Europe just as new car demand in Germany in charge omitted, profits showed a particular is set to slide from last year's record level. 15 per cent increase. Colgate shares rose \$% to \$48.

# ing the year. The same main factors hit Ford's automotive profits in the ness because we have got our production and stocks under control and have got our marketing Hanson changes to quarterly dividend

By Roland Rudd in London

HANSON, the Anglo-US conglomerate, yesterday amounced a new dividend policy to minim-ise its tax charge as it reported a the first quarter to the end of

the first quarter.

To minimise its advanced corporation tax liability for the year to September 30, 1992, Hanson will pay its dividend quarterly from July. There will be three further payments in October.

January and April.

The quarterly dividends will not be less than 2.75p totalling at least 11p by April – the same as last year's full dividend.

the dividend by January - earlier than last year. However, Mr Charles Pick, congiomerate analyst at Nomura,

payment for 1991-2 although it equates to a maintained dividend

ers yesterday put the move down to "financial wizardry" while others said the group was being "too clever by haif". Analysts estimated that the

move was worth up to £50m in tax benefit because Hanson

would only declare two dividends this financial year. This will

Lex, Page 14 Waiting in the wings, Page 13

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# Privatisation of Athens Paper Mill S.A.



As part of the Greek Government's privatisation programme, the Industrial Reconstruction Organisation (the "IRO"), a holding company controlled by the Greek State, is proposing to offer for sale a block of shares representing approximately 62.3% of the issued share capital (the "IRO Shareholding") of Athens Paper Mill S.A. ("APM").

APM is the largest producer of pulp and paper in Greece. Its principal business is within consumer tissue products (toilet, facial, kitchen, napkins, etc), in which it enjoys a significant market share under the Softex brand label. APM also manufactures communication paper and packaging/wrapping.

Parties who are interested in participating in the privatisation process and who believe that they have the requisite financial capacity and industrial expertise to acquire the IRO Shareholding, are invited to indicate their interest to Bankers Trust International PLC, advisor to the IRO, at the address below, no later than noon (London time) on February 21, 1992.

Those parties who are invited to participate in the privatisation process will be required to sign a confidentiality undertaking prior to receiving any information regarding APM, the IRO Shareholding and the privatisation procedures.

The IRO reserves the right in its sole discretion to conduct such enquiries as it or its advisor may consider appropriate regarding the ability of any party to acquire the IRO Shareholding and to disallow any party from participating in the privatisation process.

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**Bankers Trust International PLC** 

### INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

# Leading BP investors to question chairman's role

to question Mr Robert Horton. chairman and chief executive, over his dual role.

The shareholders said the company's poor fourth-quarter results, announced yesterday, and its forecast of tough trading conditions ahead, had forced them to look at corporate governance. They plan to question Mr Horton at meetings likely to begin next

Mr Horton and other senior BP board officials typically conduct a series of shareholder meetings in the weeks follow-ing release of year end figures. The Bank of England-backed

Petroleum's Institutional Shareholders Committee and the Association of British Insurers say the functions of chairman and chief executive should be filled

by different people.
"It's obvious that Horton is a strong, dogmatic personality and he might need a different chairman to counterbalance that," one shareholder said. While his dual role would have attracted little comment in better times, concern is mounting about BP's long-term strategy and its dividend policy, the shareholders said.

Yesterday, BP announced it would keep its fourth-quarter dividend unchanged at 4.2p.

increased modestly in line with inflation. Share prices closed 10p lower at 274p in unusually active trading, amid speculation that several large institutions had pared their holdings.

Mr Horton had earlier promised that dividends would maintain their value in real terms. A failure to increase it last quarter signals a change in policy. Shareholders had viewed the fourth-quarter's dividend as setting the trend

Mr Horton has already responded to shareholder unease by agreeing to appear at a breakfast meeting for oil

# Fermenta share trade halted

By Robert Taylor in Stockholm

TRADING in shares of financial balance. A further Infina, another Swedish Fermenta, the Swedish indus-statement will be made next finance company, in a Fermenta, the Swedish industrial group, and its finance company subsidiary, Independent, was halted yesterday on the Stockholm bourse Ferman menta said the suspension was due to the heavier-than-expected losses suffered by Independent in the last four months of 1991. The losses halved its share capital.

Independent said it was in talks with a Swedish bank consortium and its chief shareholders. These include Bilspe-dition, the Swedish transport group, and the holding company. Industrivarden.

The talks are aimed at how

Last September, share trading was suspended in Fermenta and Independent because of the financial deterioration of the companies. The chairman and chief executive of Fermenta subsequently resigned. A consortium of five banks agreed to extend a SKr4bn (\$688.5m) credit line to

For the first eight months of last year, Fermenta made a pre-tax loss SKr357m. It was just over two years ago that Fermenta announced plans to

The share price suspension represents another chapter in the crisis-strewn history of Fer-menta. In 1986, the company, founded by Mr Refaat El-Sayed, found itself at he centre of Sweden's largest financial scandal

• Mr Hans Dahlberg, the chief executive of Folksam, one of Sweden's largest insurance groups, resigned yesterday in the face of credit losses totalling SKr1bn last year.
• Forenings, the commercial bank, yesterday announced a financial loss of SKr935m due to credit losses of SKr2.8bn.

COMPAGNIE Bancaire yesterday highlighted the problems of the French financial services sector by announcing a 23 per cent fall in group net profit, to FFr1.15bn (\$210m) in 1991 compared with 1990.

The company, the largest part of the Paribas investment bank - with interests in leasing, consumer credit and direct mail insurance - attributed the fall to the difficult economic climate in France and a poor performance from its Sinvim business, which was hit by the sharp fall in the

caire's slide follows a warning from Paribas that it had made its first-ever loss in 1991. The two main US credit rating agencies, Moody's and Stan-dard & Poor, have since put Compagnie Bancaire said the value of credit distributed by its businesses last year fell by 6 per cent to FFr76bn. One reason was the economic slowdown in France, which sapped confidence and drained demand for loans. Another was a strategic shift into higher margin business. The recession in the UK, its main market outside France, was chiefly responsible for the 21 per cent fall - to FFr16.4bn - in credit distributed to other countries. By contrast, the company benefited from strong growth in life insurance and savings.

# **Fujisankei** may sell its 25% stake in Virgin Music

By Bronwen Maddox

FUJISANKEI unications, the Tokyo-based media group which holds 25 per cent of Mr Richard Bran-son's Virgin Music Group, is likely to sell its stake if talks to bring in a new majority shareholder for the business

are successful.

Discussions, which could be concluded by the end of the mouth, are continuing with Bertelsmann AG, the large German media group and Thorn EMI, the UK-based electrical and entertainment group. A third US-based company is understood to have entered the bidding circle in the last week.

the last week.

Mr Branson is attempting to negotiate a joint venture or phased reduction of his stake. He is keen to retain some investment for what one observer of the deal described as "sentimental reasons" — he created the division 20 years ago, and built his airline and retailing empire around it.

Fujisankei, which paid \$150m in 1989 for its 25 per cent stake, is not one of the bidders for the music division. Prices under discussion understood to be over \$1bn -

would represent a considerable profit over Fujisankei's initial investment.

Not only has the division's turnover risen in that period, to about £350m, (\$633m) but also valuations of cash-flow from libraries of convergits. also valuations of cash-now from libraries of copyrights have risen. The division is the world's largest remaining independent label, but it has lacked manufacturing or dis-tribution, which the interested

bidders could contribute. Fujisankei is prepared to sell its stake – at a profit. It is believed to be reluctant to remain a minority partner if a new company takes over majority control

Mr Branson vigorously denies that the need for cash in his other companies is the reason for the negotiations. His airline, Virgin Atlantic, which his executives describe as his real love in recent years, has a steady capital investment programme, but this would absorb only a frac-

tion of the proceeds.

My office. Page 9

### BELGIAN banks are beginning to look exciting again. On Tuesday, Banque Bruxelles Lambert (BBL), the country's second largest bank, confirmed it was being courted by three of its largest shareholders - all financial services companies with a view to linking their simpler personal insurance

products to BBL's extensive retail banking network. BBL has been at pains to sise that such commercial links will not necessarily mean shifts in its shareholder register, but analysts and investors are not so sure. You can come up with all sorts of

is very disparate and very unstable." The widespread ownership of BBL's shares dates back to the 1980s, when Groupe Brazelles Lambert (GBL), the sprawling Belgian holding company chaired by Mr Albert Frere, redistributed its 40 per cent stake in the bank among a number of institutional share-

scenarios." says one. "The shareholder structure of BBL

Many of those were insurance companies making portfo-lio investments. To preserve the stability of the structure, the largest investors, including GBL, agreed to notify each other about purchases and potential sales of their shares. That syndicate's shareholdings now represent more than half of the bank's capital.

However, the accelerating liberalisation of the EC finan-cial services sector means

# Shareholders return to court BBL'

Andrew Hill looks at changing roles for the Belgian bank's owners

**BBL'S MAIN SHAREHOLDERS** Groupe Bruxelles Lambert La Royale Belge/Urbaine UAP\*. tionale Nederlanden Groso\*\*. UAP controls 47 per cent of Royale Beige and 2.37 per cent of BBL. Royale Beige has a 9.35 per cent stake in BBL. "ING's shares are held a wholly-owned unit La Patriolique/De Vaderlandsche.

European insurers are no longer mere passive investors in

The trend is towards so-called "bancassurance" links between the two financial sectors. Germany is criss-crossed by national and regional alliances; French banks now write more than 50 per cent of their new life insurance business; and many Brit-ish building societies have linked with life assurance com-

A t the same time, Bel-glum's banking super-visors have recently agreed to relax rules which restrict the role of shareholders in banks. Now they can have a greater hand in shaping policy. Board changes announced at Tuesday's annual meeting of BBL reflected the new regime: two GBL executives — including Mr Gerald Frere, son of Albert - were elected to the board, as was a director of the Belgian unit of Winterthur, the Swiss

insurer which owns a 4.78 per cent stake.

Another large player Internationale Nederlanden Groep (ING) - is also agitating for more power in the group. The Dutch financial services company was formed last year through one of Europe's most spectacular bancassurance mergers, between the largest Dutch insurer, National Nederlanden, and NMB Postbank, its third largest bank.

ING, which owns 5.86 per cent of BBL's shares, was already a focus for speculation about the bank's future because of press reports last year indicating it wanted to bid for the group.
It never commented then,

but on Tuesday it said it cer-tainly wanted a seat on the board and confirmed that it was discussing various forms of banking and insurance co-operation with BBL.

ING is not a lone suitor, a fact which could create friction. BBL is much deeper into talks with the Belgian group, Royale Belge - most of which is controlled by Union des Assurances de Paris - and

discussion are sketchy. Mr Jacques Thierry, BBL's chairman said on Tuesday the position would be clearer by the time of the next board meeting in March. "There'll be no revolu-tion in the bank's shareholder structure," he added.

Keeping commercial and investment collaboration separate may be difficult, however. BBL already sells insurance products linked to savings or loans, and reinsures these through its insurer-shareholders, in line with the size of their holdings.

7 interthur suggested it would be logical to raise its stake - perhaps to the same level as Royale Belge's 9.35 per cent holding – as it increases its influence over management

of the company.

As one Brussels analyst pointed out yesterday, insurers spurned in any bancassurance deal might just decide to sell out, upsetting the balance of power within the share regis-

This is all potentially good news for simple investors in BBL, shares in which have risen nearly 14 per cent since speculation about an ING bid began. They may well be advised to hold on.
GBL said before Christmas

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the bank's main shareholders had no intention of selling their BBL shares to ING "in the current circumstances". Those circumstances are grad-ually changing.

# Compagnie Bancaire net tumbles 23%

By Alice Rawsthorn in Paris

Paris property market. The news of Compagnie Ban-

# Unitas profit slides to FM128m

By Robert Taylor

UNITAS, one of Finland's largest banking groups, yester-day announced a FM128m (\$29.3m) profit for 1991, compared with FM480m for the previous 12 months.

The deterioration was mainly due to a 44 per cent increase in credit write-offs, which rose from FM759m to FM1.09hn last year, to represent 0.77 per cent of total claims. Non-performing loans totalled FM5.72bn at the end of

The bank emphasised, however, that it had maintained its capital adequacy ratio at 10.3 per cent. It plans to pay a total dividend of FM94m. Group equity and reserves amounted to FM10.2bn at the

end of last year, and the balance sheet rose to FM151bn. Net income from financing operations was FM2.32bn, down FM252m on the 1990 fig-

Despite the weak earnings performance, Mr Ahti Hirvo-nen, chairman, said Unitas was "well poised to face the coming upturn", though he believed a recovery was unlikely before late autumn. "Credit write-offs will remain heavy this year and non-performing loans will continue to increase," he said. He emphasised that the group's credit write-offs/claims ratio remained "considerably lower than those of the major Swedish banks". Mr Hirvonen said the "major

problem facing Finnish banks is the excessively low interest margin. The group's broad interest margin was only 1.4 per cent last year. He said the bank faced "no serious international expo-sure and that its cost-cutting programme made FM40m savings last year. Staff had fallen by 1,500 to 8,807 over the

### Dyno hurt by weak demand

DYNO INDUSTRIER, the Norwegian chemical, explosives and plastics group, yes-terday reported a decline in 1991 net profits, to NKr52m (\$8.3m) from NKr247m in 1990,

The setback was attributed to week demand in core international markets, plus restructuring charges and write-downs. Dyno took a NKr118m restructuring charge; a NKr16m write-down on share portfolios; a NKr15m goodwill write-down; and a NKr17m write-down on equity shareholdings in other companies.
It is cutting its 1991 dividend to NKr2 a share from NKr3.50.

**NEW ISSUE** 

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.



# OKURA&CO.,LTD.

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# **GROUPE PRIMAGAZ**

has acquired controlling interest from

REPUBLIC OF TURKEY PRIME MINISTRY PUBLIC PARTICIPATION ADMINISTRATION in

• IPRAGAZ A.Ş.

under the Turkish Privatization Program for a total consideration of TL 350.000.000.000

CITIBANK N.A.,

has acted as the financial advisor and assisted

Groupe Primagaz in the negotiations and closing

of this transaction.

January 1992

**CITIBAN(©** 

### INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

# **Continental Air creditors** file suit against Lorenzo

By Nikki Tait in New York

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CREDITORS of Continental Airlines, the fifth largest US carrier and one in bankrupicy since late 1990, have filed a suit against Mr Frank Lorenzo, the airline's former chairman and chief executive. The suit, brought by the official credi-tors' committee, claims \$160m

in damages.
Mr Lorenzo, known as a pug-nacious union-buster and wily deal-maker, quit as Continen-tal's boss in August 1990, although he remained a director. At that stage, he also sold the privately-owned Jet Capital company — in which he and other Jet Capital directors had an 80 per cent state — to See an 80 per cent stake - to Scan-

cent of Continental's voting zo's and Mr Snedeker's duties

protection under Chapter 11 of the US Bankruptcy Code – a situation which still exists, although the airline has now filed a reorganisation scheme with the courts. Under this proposed plan, ordinary share-holders in the airline would get nothing — rendering SAS's

country stake worthless.

The creditors lawsuit alleges that Mr Lorenzo, Jet Capital and Mr Robert Snedeker, another Continental director, received \$41.6m as a result of the series of transactions with dinavien Airlines System.

Jet Capital, in turn, held a big stake in Continental, and SAS ended up with 18.4 per SAS in August 1990. It suggests that the payments were made when Continental was already insolvent, breaching Mr Loren-

rights.

However, before the end of also argues that Mr Lorenzo and Mr Snedeker benefited and Mr Snedeker benefited from a preferential transfer which preceded the SAS deal.

The creditors' committee stressed that SAS was not a defendant in the suit. Lawyers said the suit alleged a mixture of fraudulent conveyance, breaches of fiduciary duty and preferential transfer.

Mr Lorenzo's Houston-based investment company said the businessman believed the actions cited in the creditors' complaint were "perfectly appropriate and in the best interests of Continental". It added that Mr Lorenzo and Mr Specker has been advised by lawyers that the suit was "totally without merit".

# CBS incurs deficit of \$85.8m

By Karen Zagor In New York

CBS, the US media group, has posted a net loss of \$85.8m, or \$5.32 a share, for 1991 after an after-tax loss of \$195.5m from its baseball and football talevision coverage. In 1990, CBS had net earnings of \$110.8m, or \$4.30 a share, including an after tax loss of \$171.2m, or \$6.65, on its sports contracts.

Sales in the year fell 7 per cent to \$3.04bn from \$3.26bn. Earnings in 1991 were also depressed by what Mr Laurence Tisch, chairman and chief executive, called a "stubborn" recession, expanding cable competition and rising pro-

quarter, CBS had net income of value and no further write-offs \$9.4m, or 61 cents a share, on were expected. sales of \$387.4m, against a loss of \$156m, or \$6.06, on sales of \$919.7m.

Fourth-quarter operating earnings were \$9.4m against an operating loss of \$175.3m a year earlier. CBS's loss from continuing operations for all 1901 was \$98.7m against profits of \$91.5m.

CBS, which paid \$1.06bn for its four-year baseball contracts has had pre-tax losses of \$604m

gramming costs. For the fourth reduced to net realisation

Mr David Londoner, an analyst at Werthelm Schroder, said the results roughly met his expectations. "I'm happy the third-quarter charge is done with. CBS has good ratings now and 1992 is starting to look betten". Mr. Londoner look better." Mr Londoner expects CBS to earn \$9 a share

Mr Tisch expected to return to profitability in 1992 in spite of reduced advertiser demand

# Hungarian investment by Alcoa

By Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent

THE ALUMINUM Company of ucts and 30,000 tonnes of alulargest aluminium company, is to spend about \$50m to take a controlling interest in and upgrade facilities at Kofen, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the state-owned Hungarian Aluminium Industrial Corporation

(Hungalu).
Kofem, located at Szekesfehervar, 35 miles south-west of Budapest, employs 3,000 and produces 110,000 tonnes a year of flat-rolled aluminium prod-

America (Alcoa), the world's minium extrusions for the building, construction, food and agricultural markets in Hungary, central and western Europe.

The two companies have signed a memorandum of understanding which enables Alcoa to look more closely at what needs to be done to upgrade at Kofem.

Kofem now uses aluminium from Russian smelters and the

issue of future supplies will be

part of discussions before a final agreement is signed, prob-ably in the middle of this year. Alcoa said its investment would be used to upgrade qual-ity and safety at Kofem and that it would provide the menthat it would provide the man-agement, technology, and systems needed to make the venture a successful competi-tor throughout Europe.

However, it did not intend to expand capacity or to intro-duce can sheet production at

# Zenith edges into black in final period

By Barbara Durr in Chicago

ZENITH Electronics, the US consumer electronics group, yesterday unveiled improved fourth-quarter results. The company registered a small profit of \$500,000, or 2 cents a share, in the fourth quarter of 1991, a turnround from a loss a year ago of \$27.4m, or \$1.01, a share.

The quarter's results bene-fited from cost-reductions and the absence of \$7m of charges taken in the final quarter of

The improved performance pleased Mr Jerry Pearlman, Zenith chairman, but he warned that "continuing, deep recessionary conditions mean that more difficult times are

ahead".
For all 1991, the company posted a net loss of \$51.8m, or \$1.79, compared with losses of \$54.2m, or \$2.02, in 1990. Sales in 1991 were \$1.32bn, down from \$1.41bn. Consumer electronic sales fell slightly last year to \$1.21bn, from \$1.22bn in 1990.

\$1.21hn, from \$1.22bn in 1990, but components - mainly electronic assemblies and displays for the depressed automobile industry - sild to \$111m from \$181 in 1990.

Colour television sales were down 13 per cent in the first five weeks of 1992.

A weak television market

A weak television market and the start-up costs of its new "flat tension mask" colour displays were expected to contribute to a loss to Zenith during the the first half of 1992, Mr Pearlman said.

### Carolco sells rights

CAROLCO Pictures, the troubled independent Hollywood film company, will receive \$64m from Spelling Entertainment for some television rights to Carolco's Hbrary, writes Karen Zagor. Carolco, maker of Terminator 2 and Rambo

movies, said the deal was valued at \$64m, including some assumed obligations. The company, along with other independent film-makers, has been caught in a financial

# IBM plans computers based on MPP technology

However, massively parallel

machines are widely expected

reach 50 per cent of the total

supercomputer market by the

late 1990s.
The challenge that MPP

technology poses to traditional

supercomputing technology was demonstrated this week

when Mr Seymore Cray, the best-known designer of super-

develop Cray-3, a machine that would rival MPP perfor-

mance, after losing its lone

By Louise Kehoe in San Francisco

INTERNATIONAL Business according to industry esti-Machines (IBM) is developing powerful supercomputers based upon massively parallel processing (MPP) technology.
The company said yesterday
it had established a new laboratory dedicated to bringing rapidly the new technology to

Cray Research, the leading supercomputer manufacturer, also revealed this week that it was developing MPP computers, based upon a powerful new microprocessor chip designed by Digital Equip-

Unlike traditional supercomputers which are based upon one or a few custom-de-signed powerful processors, MPP computers share complex computing tasks among hun-dreds or even thousands of the same microprocessor chips that are used in computer

Until recently, this approach to achieving very high speed computing was largely experimental. Worldwide sales of MPP supercomputers totalled only about \$100m last year, less than one-tenth of the total supercomputers. supercomputers market,

### Jack Eckerd gives way on plan for Revco By Nikki Talt

A REORGANISATION plan put forward by Revco, the US drugstore retailer which has been in bankruptcy since 1988, looks set to go forward without opposition from Jack Eckerd, the rival chain that had

the rival chain that had wanted to acquire Revco.

The two companies announced yesterday that Eckerd has agreed to "postpone indefinitely" its own plan of reorganisation for Revco, which would essentially have involved Eckerd in taking over involved Eckerd in taking over the bankrupt chain.
As part of the deal, Revco is

paying Eckerd \$7.5m for its plan-related expenses. Mr Boake Sells, Revco's chairman, claimed the agreement should result in "an uncontested Revco plan" and allow it to emerge from bankruptcy "at an early date".

planned to build "scalable" paralled machines capable of performance in the range of hundreds of gigaflops (billions of floating point calculations per second).

to eventually achieve speeds of almost 1,000bn calculations per second, outpacing traditional Ultimately, IBM aims to "vector" supercomputers.
The endorsement of IBM and achieve teraflops (1,000bn of floating-point calculations per second) performance. Cray Research will bring MPP into the mainstream of com-puting. Some industry analysts predict that MPP sales could

"Our key customers have told us that they need "scal-able" systems that enable them to build up performance on an incremental basis - as their individual needs allow," said Mr Irving Wladawsky-Berger, assistant general manager for IBM's supercomputing, Enterprise Systems line of business.

"We plan to get these machines to market as quickly as possible."

Cray Research said that its

computers, announced that his company, Cray Computer (unrelated to Cray Research), must scale back plans to first MPP systems would be introduced next year and that they would be based upon Digital Equipment's "Alpha" microprocessor chip.
The device is twice as fast as

any other microprocessor in the world, Cray officials said. IBM will base its MMP systems upon the reduced instruction set computing Digital engineers are scheduled (Risc) microprocessors that it employs in desktop workstat-ions. The company said it to reveal details of the Alpha chip at a technical conference

# Royal Trustco returns to profitability for full year

Canada's two biggest trust companies, has reported a C\$8m (US\$6.8m) loss for the final quarter of 1991, equal to 17 cents a share.

But the company, which blamed the North American and UK recessions and heavy loan loss provisions for the setback, returned to profitability for the full year. RT took the unusual step

last December 24 of releasing preliminary results for the final quarter, indicating that Canadian and US loan losses would be stable, but a further C\$70m provision would be made in the UK. The actual loss reported yesterday was higher than most analysts had

expected.
For the whole of 1991, RT reported net income of C\$107m, or 25 cents, after a C\$224m loan

loss provision, against a loss of C\$65m in 1990 after a C\$220m provision.

Operating income before provisions and taxes was C\$346m, against C\$200m, helped by lower interest rates, higher fee income and a 2 per cent drop in operating expenses. The common share dividend is being maintained at 74 cents. RT said it had tightened

credit policies and was cutting costs across the board. Royal Trust Bank London is now solely in private banking, asset management and speci-alised corporate lending, but has a heavy burden of non-performing loans. The UK unit was badly hit by the drop in property values in 1990 and

RT's total assets at December 31 last were C\$37.6bn, against C\$40.9bn.

# Bergesen pessimistic after peak results

By Karen Fossii in Oslo

BERGESEN, Norway's leading shipowner, yesterday announced another year of record profits but warned that 1992 figures would be substan-tially reduced due to higher taxes and lower tanker rates.

Group net profits rose to NKr952m (\$151.6m) in 1991 from NKr925m, but the increase was helped by better performing shipping operations, in contrast with 1990 when profits were improved by a NKr424m gain

on the sale of securities.

The dividend is to be increased to NKr1 a share from Group operating revenue rose by NKr673m to NKr3.12bn,

while operating profit was 68 per cent higher at NKr657m. Net financial income dropped to NKr40m from NKr433. "Based on tanker develop-ments in the market so far in 1992, the operating profit for tankers will decline. Assuming dollar exchange rates stay where they are, we expect operating profit for LPG ves-sels – which are all chartered out for 1992 – and dry cargo vessels to improve slightly," Bergesen said.

# Pfizer slips on growth warning

By Karen Zagor In New York

SHARES in Pfizer, one of the biggest US drugs companies, fell yesterday after the com-pany outlined only moderate first-half profit growth at a meeting with analysts. At midsession, the company's stock was off \$1% at \$73% in fairly heavy trading.

The company expects fullyear earnings to meet analysts' expectations, but it warned that the cost of launching new drugs would probably cut into its first-half results.

Pfizer is scheduled to introduce its new Zoloft anti-depres-sant later this month, followed by the launch of its Zithromax antibiotic in early March. The company may launch three other new drugs by the end of

All these securities having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

New Issue (Asian Tranche) February, 1992

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Issue Price 100 per cent.

Asian Tranche of U.S.\$40,000,000

Yamaichi International( H.K.) Limited

**IBJ** Asia Limited

Wako International (Hong Kong) Limited

ABN AMRO Securities (Far East) Limited Bayerische Vereinsbank Aktiengesellschaft CS First Boston (Singapore) Limited BOT International (H.K.) Limited Deutsche Bank Capital Markets (Asia) Limited

Daishin Securities Co., Ltd. Mitsui Trust Finance (Hong Kong) Limited

Morgan Stanley Asia Ltd.

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New Issue

(European Tranche)

DOWA **DOWA MINING CO., LTD.** 

U.S.\$120,000,000

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unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by

The Industrial Bank of Japan, Limited

ISSUE PRICE 100 PER CENT.

European Tranche of U.S.\$80,000,000

Nikko Europe Plc

**IBJ** International Limited

Sanwa International plc

Kyowa Saitama Finance International Ltd. Baring Brothers & Co., Limited Goldman Sachs International Limited Merrill Lynch International Limited Norinchukin International plc Tokyo Securities Co. (Europe) Limited

New Japan Securities Europe Limited

Barclays de Zoete Wedd Limited Robert Fleming & Co. Limited The Kaisei Securities (Europe) Co., Ltd. Mito Europe Limited

Salomon Brothers International Limited S. G. Warburg Securities Notice to the Warrantholders of

TOKYU STORE CHAIN CO., LTD. (the "Company")

U.S. \$90,000,000

4%% Guaranteed Bonds due 1993 with Warrants (the "Warrants A")

U.S. \$100,000,000

4½% Guaranteed Bonds due 1995 with Warrants (the "Warrants B")

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to Clauses 3 and 4 of the respective Instruments dated 17th February, 1989 and 22nd February, 1991 (collectively the "Instruments") relating to the Warrants A and B. as follows

(1) The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on 12th February, 1992, resolved that on 15th April, 1992, Japan time, the Company will split the shares owned by the shareholders of the Company registered on its register of shareholders as of 29th February, 1992, Japan time (the "record date"), at the ratio of 1.1 shares for each one share held.

(2) As a result of such Stock Split, the subscription price at which shares are issued upon exarcise of the Warrants A. which is currently Yen 1,220.9 per share, will be reduced to Yen 1,109.9 of the Company's common stock, and the subscription price at which shares are issued upon exercise of the Warrants B, which is currently Yan 1,128.2 per share, will be reduced to Yen 1,025.6 of the Company's common stock, in accordance with Clause 3 of the respective Instruments. The new subscription prices will become effective on 1st March, 1992, Japan time, which is the day immediately after the record date.

Tokyu Store Chain Co., Ltd. By: The Sumitomo Trust and Banking Company, Limited as Principal Paying Agent

Dated: 14th February, 1992

To the Holders of Warrants to subscribe for shares of common stock of

C. ITOH FUEL CO., LTD. (the "Company")

Issued in conjunction with the issue by the Company of each of

U.S.\$50,000,000 3 1/2 per cent. Guaranteed Notes due 1992

U.S.\$70,000,000 4 1/4 per cent. Guaranteed Notes due 1993

NOTICE OF ADJUSTMENT OF SUBSCRIPTION PRICES uent to Clause 4 (A) and (B) of each of the Instruments dated 21st October Pursuant to Clause 4 (A) and (B) of each of the Instruments dated 21st October, 1987 and 4th August, 1988 under which the above described Warrants were issued, respectively, notice is hereby given that as a result of the issuance of U.S.\$100,000,000 31/sper cent. Notes due 1996 with Warrants of the Company on 13th February, 1992 with an initial subscription price per share of F931, being less than the applicable current market price per share, the Subscription Prices of the above described Warrants have been adjusted, respectively, in secondance with Clause 3 of the Instruments with effect from 13th February, 1992, as follows:

Subscription Price after Adjustment Subscription Price before Adjustment

¥1,033.30

attached to Guaranteed Notes due 1992 Warrants initially attached to Guaranteed

Notes due 1993

¥1,030.00

¥890.40 ¥893,20

C. ITOH FUEL CO., LTD. By: The Kyowa Saitama Bank, as Principal Paying Agent Dated: 14th February, 1992

WORLD NATURAL RESOURCES PORTFOLIO

Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable 2, boulevard Royal, Luxembourg R.C. Luxembourg B-27276

To our shareholders

We have the honour to invite you to attend the

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING iders of WORLD NATURAL RESOURCES PORTFOLIO, which will take place at the officer of Banque Internationals à Luxembourg, 69, route d'Esch, L - 1470 Luxembourg, on Merch 16, 1992 at 2.00 p.m. for the purpose of considering and voting upon the following agenda:

1. Submission of the reports of the Board of Directors and of the Auditors.

- 2. Approval of the Statement of Net Assets as of November 30, 1991 and the
- . Allocation of the net profit. Decisi respect of each class of shares.
- Discharge of the Directors.
- 5. Receipt of and action on nomination of the Directors.

Resolutions on the agenda of the Agenda General Meeting will require no

stan and will be taken at the simple majority of the votes expressed by the reholders present or represented at the meeting.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

KLEINWORT BENSON SELECT FUND Registered Office: 14, rue Aldringen L-1118 Laxembours

NOTICE is hereby given to the shareholders of Kleinwort Berson Select Fund (the "Company") of an extraordinary general meeting of shareholders to be held at the registered office of the Company on 3rd March, 1992 at 11 a.m.

The Agenda of the meeting shall be to conform the Articles of Incorporation of the

Company exclusively in Luxenbourg laws and, consequently to am 8, 10, 11, 13, 16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27 secondingly. on for this Mosting will be one half of all the sharer issued and ou

present or represented by proxy.

The resolutions may be approved by two thirds of the shares present or :

Banque Générale du Luxembourg, 14, rus Aldringen, L-1118 Luxen Duchy of Luxembourg.

Duchy of Linternbourg.

Further information may be obtained from the Company's registered office in
Lintenbourg (tdl: (182) 47 99 2073); from the Company's UK Promoter Eleinwert
Beason Inventment Mesagement Limited, 10 Fenchuch Street, London BCZM 3LB
(tdl: 4471 956 6600) or from the Company's Guernsey Share Distributor Eleinwert
Beason International Pend Minagers Limited, Westbourne, The Grange, St. Peter
Port, Guernsey, Charmel Islands (tdl.: (44481) 727 111). By Order of the Board of Directors

# U.S. \$500,000,000

National Westminster Bank (Incorporated in England with limited liability)

Primary Capital FRNs (Series "B")

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the six months interest period from February 14, 1992 to August 14, 1992 the Notes will carry an interest Flate of 4%% per annum. The Interest payable on the relevant Interest payment date, August 14, 1992 against Coupon No. 15 will be U.S. \$2,148.61 and U.S. \$214.86 respectively for Notes in denominations of U.S. \$100,000 and U.S. \$10,000.

By: The Chase Manhattan Benk, N.A. London, Agent Bank

February 14, 1992

### COMMERZBANK OVERSEAS FINANCE N.V. U.S.\$ 100,000,000 Floating Rate Notes Due 1993

in accordance with the provisions of the Notes notice is hereby given that for the three months period from February 13, 1992 to May 13, 1992 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 4.0625% per annum with a coupon amount of U.S.\$ 101.56 per U.S.\$ 10,000 Note and U.S.\$ 2,539.06 per U.S.\$ 250,000 Note payable on May 13,

Frankfurt/Main, February 1992

COMMERZBANK 🛳

## Prices for electricity determined for the perposes of the electricity pooling and settlethent 2xrszgements to England and Wales Provisional Prior for Family Priors for Trading Grading oil 14,00502 on 17,01 50

# INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

with the group's associates

contributing a A\$18.4m deficit against a A\$81.5m premium. This produced a 57.4 per cent fall to A\$95.2m in equity

accounted net earnings from

The equity decline largely reflected a fall in contribution

from the company's 48.08 per

cent-owned aluminium off-

shoot, Alcoa of Australia, to

Gold was Western Mining's

biggest profit earner in the

half, with a A\$40.8m contribution, followed by A\$31.2m from oil and gas and A\$19.5m from nickel. Canadian operations lost A\$8.7m.

Directors said that although

gold production fell 14.4 per

A\$77.8m from A\$177.7m.

A\$223,4m.

# Western Mining dives into the red

By Bruce Jacques in Sydney

WESTERN MINING Corpora-tion, the Melbourne-based nickel, gold and aluminium group, dived into the red in the first half to December follow-ing a A\$20m (US\$14.9m) write-down of its mining assets.

The company yesterday reported an interim turnround to a A\$60.5m net loss from a A\$141.9m net profit on a 15 per cent slide in revenue to A\$799.4m from A\$956.5m. The interim dividend has been cut to 6 cents a share from 13

In line with revised accounting standards, Western Mining directors have reviewed the value of all non-current assets. They represent the second leading Australian board to do so in as many weeks, following the A\$558m write-down by an equity-accounted basis,

**SA** leisure

By Philip Gawith

December.

NOTICE TO ROLDERS OF

NOTICE TO ROLDERS OF
SUZUTAN CO., LTD.
(the "Company")
Beser Warvants to subscribe for shows of
Common Stock of the Company
(the "Share") Issued with
U.S. \$20,000,000 2½ per cent. Guaranteed
Bootle 1992 and
U.S. \$100,000,000 4 per cent. Guaranteed
Bonds 1995 and
U.S. \$100,000,000 4 per cent. Guaranteed
Bonds 1995

ADJUSTMENTS OF SUBSCRIPTION

Notice is hereby given that the Company has resolved at the meeting of the Board of Directors held on 6th February, 1992 to split the shares (the Stock Split) rowned by the Shareholders impositing on the register of shareholders impositing on the register of shareholders impositing on the register of shareholders in the Company as at 3,00 p.m. on 29th February, 1992; tellictively, as at 3,00 p.m. on 29th February, 1992; tellictively, as at 3,00 p.m. on 29th February, 1992; tellictively, as at 3,00 p.m. on 29th February, 1992; tellictively, as at 3,00 p.m. on 29th February, 1992; tellictively, as at 3,00 p.m. on 29th February, 1992; tellictively, as at 3,00 p.m. on 29th February, 1992; tellictively, as at 3,00 p.m. on 29th February, 1992, tellictively, 1992, the one of the financial state of the share occurring upon stack Sock Split the Subscription prices for each of the captioned now Warranta shall be adjusted as followers:

1, Warranta shall be adjusted as followers:

1, Warranta shall be adjusted as followers:

toro Warranta shall be adjusted as follower:

Warranta isaned with U.S. \$20,000,000

2% per corn. Quantized Bonda 1992

(I) Subscription Price before adjustment:
Yan 1,577,50 per share

(I) Subscription Price after adjustment;
Yan 1,587,90 per share

2. Warranta issued with U.S.\$ 100,000,000

4 per corn. Quantized Bonda 1995

(I) Subscription Price before adjustment:
Yan 2,555,00 per share

(II) Subscription Price before adjustment:
Yan 2,212,50 per share

3. Efficience date of shore adjustments:

is notace, 1992 (topos Time)
Under the amendment to the commercial code
of Japan which not effect on ist April, 1991,
the term 'Stock Spir' means any kind of stock
apit on pelantics used such divided stock
free share distribution and such dividend to
share to the shareholders as are possesshed as
the instrument constituting the expiritude

Notice of Early Redempt

Girozentrale und Bank

der österreichischen

Japanese Yen 5,500,000,000 Si per cent, Variable Redemption Amount Hotes due 1995

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

to the Noteholders that, in accordance with Condition 5(c)(i) of the Terms and Condi-tions of the Notes, the Bank

will redeem all of the outstand-ing Notes at their Redemprion Amount, on 17th March, 1992.

when interest on the Notes will cease to accrue.
The Redemption Amount will be calculated in accordance with

the calculated in accordance with paragraph 5(d) of the Terms and Conditions of the Notes. Will be Payment of principal will be made against presentation and surrender of the Notes with all

unmatured Coupons attached or, as the case may be, of the

or, as the case may be, or the receipts issued pursuant to Condition S(c)(ii) of the Terms and Conditions of the Notes at the specified office of any of the Parising.

Paying Agents mentioned thereon. Coupon No. 3, due on 17th March, 1992, should be presented for payment in the usual manner on or after 17th March, 1992.

FLYSAS

STAYFREE

Fly SAS EuroClass to

Scandinavia/Finland and

your first night's stay in an

will be FREE...with up to

five subsequent nights

at only HALF-PRICE.

ECU 350,000,000

Kingdom of Belgium

Floating Rate Notes due 1999

Issued in two tranches of ECU 200,000,000 (lst tranche) ECU 150,000,000 (2nd tranche)

For the pariod from February 14, 1992 to May 14, 1992 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 10% per aroum with an interest rate of ECU 2,570.21 per ECU 100,609 Note.

Société Anonyme

Agest Bank: Banque Paribas Liszem

The relevant int be May 14, 1992.

14th February, 1992

rkanen Aktiengesellschaft

J. Effective date of above adjustm 1st March, 1992 (Japan Time)

SUZUTAN CO., LITO.

By: The Tokai Bank, Limited

CSR, the sugar and building

products group.
"Directors have adopted a conservative attitude in reducing the value of mining properties, primarily gold operations, by A\$180m pre-tax," the board said. "In addition, directors have decided to add A\$20m pretax to the existing provision for environmental rehabilita-

Even excluding the write-downs, which were treated as abnormal items, Western Mining's earnings were well down in the half. Operating earnings fell 34.3 per cent to A\$114.3m from A\$173.9m before a tax credit of A\$24.7m compared with a A\$29.6m payment previ-

# cent in the half, tonnage treated rose by 11.3 per cent,

group ahead By Lara Marlowe in Beirut

at midway in Johannesburg disposal of the Banque du Liban (BDL), Lebanon's central bank. BDL welcomed the move International Bophutatswana (Sunbop), the South African hotel and leisure and promised to reimburse group, overcame recessionary depositors as quickly as possieconomic conditions to record a 19 per cent rise in attribut

earnings to R106m (\$38.2m) in the six months to Turnover rose by 24 per cent to R483.4m and operating profit was 25 per cent higher at R140.5m. Interest received fell 1975-90 civil war. The Libano-Bresilienne and

ruptcy late last year.
Globe Bank and the BDL stressed the closure was by

recession.
Sunbop is spending R1.1bn in developing Carousel and Lost City, an extension of its Sun City resort. Carousel, a gambling resort, opened in November and the R750m Lost City project will open by

substantially due to internal funding of its Carousel and

Lost City projects.
The group, whose hotels are all situated in the bomeland of

Bophutatswana, recorded an

average occupancy of 78 per cent for the six months. This

was in line with its 1990 perfor-

mance, but well ahead of industry averages with most botels suffering badly from the

Sunbop has raised more than R300m for the funding of these projects through a R178m rights issue and by offering scrip dividends which were

heavily taken up. Mr Sol Kerzner, chairman, said the group's good perfor-mance through the recession was testimony to its policy of building quality resorts which were "exciting and unique". He said the group had adhered strictly to a value-for-money

expenditure programme, Mr Kerzner said that the changes in South Africa had led to a "very significant enhancement of its tourism potential". He expected "extraordinary growth" in local tourism.

The Lost City project will double the size of conference facilities at the Sun City resort, which are the largest in the region.

Correction Fujitsu

FUJITSU has forecast that consolidated pre-tax profits for the year to March 1992 will fall reported yesterday.

# Lebanese bank stops trading

autumn of 1990.

smaller banks.

GLOBE BANK, a small Lebanese privately-owned bank has closed for business and put all of its assets at the the Institut National de Garanthe des Depots.

Over the years, Lebanon's more than 80 banking establishments saw their capital base severely reduced by the fall in value of the Lebanese pound from L£2.5 to the dollar before the war to a low of L£1,300 to the dollar in the

Globe Bank is the third Lebanese bank this year to opt for "self-liquidation", a process encouraged by BDL to reduce the number of banks competing in a market reduced by the

Tohme banks closed last month. Four other small Leb-anese banks declared bank-

mutual agreement. A new Lebanese law enables banks to reimburse depositors through

**Sumitomo** 

mood, provoked by Lebanon's failure to attract substantial foreign reconstruction aid and

Sales for the year came to Y701.2bm, a decline of 2.2 per cent. Sales of speciality chemi-cals, including dyes, agricul-tural chemicals and advanced

materials, grew by 2.2 per cent

to Y210bn. Aluminium sales were hit hard by the decline in-ingot prices, with sales falling

20 per cent to Y63.7bn.

Basic chemicals sales were
off by 1 per cent to Y427.5bn.

The Lebanese pound has for the past eight months stabi-

of southern Lebanon, the unre-solved question of parliamentary elections and doubts about the consequences of a scheduled withdrawal of Syrian troops to eastern Lebanon next September. Cabinet members continue

remains uncertain due to

israel's continued occupation

A\$81.4m to A\$45.4m. Deprecia-

• TNT, the diversified Austra-

lian transport group, has exe-

cuted its previously-announced flotation of stock in its US arm,

TNT Freightways Corporation,

with a public offering on Nas-

daq, the over-the-counter mar-

The company is offering 12.5m shares in TNT Freigh-

tways at US\$19.50 each. Direc-

tors said the issue, with divi-dends payable, would raise about A\$400m and TNT would

to debate an austerity budget which would impose a 60 per cent calling on deficit spend-

lised at a rate of around L£880 to the dollar. But the stabilisa-The original 1992 budget of tion of the pound eliminated L£2,500bn (US\$2.84bn) is to be currency speculation, which cut by nearly one-third - at a time when Lebanese trade had become an important unions are demanding a 60 per cent increase in the L£75,000 monthly minimum wage. source of profit for some of the The bank closures have coincided with a dismal economic

Proposed measures include the cancellation of transportation allowances for governoreign reconstruction aid and ment and private sector employees and a higher tax on property sales and transfers.

the aluggishness of the Japanese economy, it was mable to expand sales to offset the increase in costs during the year. Non-operating financial income fell marginally to Y27.35n, while financial costs rose by Y4.65n to Y30.45n. Net income per share declined by 9.7 per cent to Y9.39. The dividend for the

Y9.39. The dividend for the

year came to Y6 per share, unchanged from 1990.

# Chemical falls 32%

By Steven Butler in Tokyo

SUMITOMO Chemical, the Japanese chemical company which belongs to the Sumitomo group, yesterday reported a 32.8 per cent decline in pre-tax profits last year to Y24.5bn (\$193m).

Sumitomo said the steep fall in profits resulted from high depreciation costs, increased distribution expenses, as well as a rise in net financial

Pioneer declines 5.8% in spite of small sales rise

PIONEER ELECTRONIC, the Japanese electronics company, yesterday reported a 5.8 per cent decline in consolidated pre-tax profits in the third quarter, which ended in December, as a modest rise in sales was offset by the higher

sales was offset by the nigner value of the yen.
Sales advanced by 6 per cent to Y185.3bn (\$1.5bn), while pre-tax profits declined 5.8 per cent to Y24.7bn. Net income after tax dropped by 5.5 per cent to Y22.5bn

cent to Y12.5bn.

Although audio product sales were strong in Japan, European sales were hit by the high value of the yen.

Video product sales were strong because of the success

of compact stereo systems which incorporate laser disc players. Sales of laser disc equipment, used for karaoke sing-along systems, rose

Car electronics products were lifted by sales of car navigation systems installed in new vehicles. Although sales of car stereo equipment were weak in

Japan, overseas sales were helped by a new anti-theft For the first three quarters of the fiscal year, pre-tax profits were down by 15.8 per cent to Y53.4bn, while sales

Y466.4bn.

rose by 2.4 per cent to

Coles Myer may float NZ retail subsidiary By Bruce Jacques

COLES MYER, Australia's biggest retailer, is considering publicly floating Progressive Enterprises, its New Zealand subsidiary. Mr Brian Quinn, chief execu-

tive, said yesterday the com-pany had retained C.S. First Boston as adviser for the sell-off, but Coles planned to remain the largest shareholder in Progressive. Coles acquired Progressive

in 1988, and foreshadowed a public flotation at that time. The New Zealand company operates 58 supermarkets and controls about 30 per cent of that market segment in New Zealand's north island.

### NEWS IN BRIEF Japanese banks plan while unit costs rose 5.9 per cent Nickel prices fell by 17 per cent while exploration to rescue expenditure was cut from

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OVERNMENT

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tion charges rose to A\$135.6m from A\$115.8m. SIX leading Japanese banks plan to work out a joint rescue of Nichiboshin, a financially-troubled non-bank financial institution, Kyodo reports from Tokyo.

**Nichiboshin** 

The banks are Dal-Ichi Kangyo Bank, Daiwa Bank, Hok-kaido Takushoku Bank, Sumi-tomo Trust and Banking, Mitsubishi Trust and Banking and Yasuda Trust and Banking. They are expected to inspect Nichiboshin's financial records this month.

retain a 20 per cent to 25 per cent interest in the offshoot on Nichiboshin has outstanding credits of Y20hn (\$158m) which it extended against a collateral of falsified deposit receipts of the Toyo Shinkin Bank in Osaka. Nichiboshin's debts total Y1,200bn, Y500hn of this is owed to the six banks.

Shares in Mr Kerry Packer's Australian Consolidated Press will be offered in New Zealand as well as Australia in its previously-announced flotation, according to Ord Minnett Securities, the stockbroker, Renter reports from Wellington.

The magazine publisher is

The magazine publisher is offering 95.15m shares at A\$5 each, comprising 55 per cent of its post-float issued capital. Full listing of the shares is being sought on both Austra-lian and NZ stock exchanges.

■ Nippon Paint, the leading Japanese paintmaker, is to set up a chemical joint venture with Société Nationale des Poudres et Explosifs (SNPE),

the French government-owned chemicals group, in Paris in September, Kyodo reports.

The size of the venture has yet to be decided, but will involve acqual investment by involve equal investment by the two companies, it will produce and sell methacryloyl isocyanate (MAI), a chemical which coagulates at low tem-

■ The Saudi Industrial Development (SIDC), a newly-created private company, plans to launch a SR250m (\$66.7m) share issue in April to help finance planned investments in Saudi chemicals and food processing projects, AP-DJ reports from Manama.

Mr Anzar Ahmad, vice-president of the Saudi Consulting Center for Finance & Investment which is co-ordinating the issue, said it will lift SIDC's paid-up capital to SR400m and begin on April 11.

Finance One, the Thai financial group, has acquired the Bangkok government's 94 per Finance & Securities for Bt391.8m (\$16.2m), according to Mr Pin Chakkapak, Finance One president, Bloomberg

reports from Bangkok. Thananant was one of a number of heavily-indebted savings and loans institutions taken over by the Finance Min-istry in the mid-1980s. Finance One will inject Btl.4bn in new capital into Thananant, with the government providing

■ Lucky-Goldstar, one of South Korea's largest conglomerates, is to buy the 50 per cent of Lucky Hoechst, owned by Hoechst, the German chemicals group, for Won3bn (\$3.9m), AP-DJ reports from Seoul.



State Bank of New South Wales Limited

US\$250,000,000

Extendible Floating Rate Notes due 1998 (Guaranteed by the Government of the State of New South Wales)

Notice is hereby given that the rate of interest for the period 14th February, 1992 to 14th August, 1992 has been fixed at 41/4%. Interest payable on 14th August, 1992 per US\$10,000 note will be US\$214.86 and per

US\$100,000 note will be US\$2,148.61. Agent: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company **JPMorgan** 

State Bank

Halifax Building Society

Floating Rate Loan Notes 1994 For the three month period from 13 February, 1992 to 13 May, 1992

payable on 13 May, 1992 Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limite Agent Bonir

COMPACNIE DE SAINT GOBAIN Issue of titrer participatific For the packet of manuscratter, myling on August 10, 1952, a TAOOR of 2.5 per cont. on SCO LIBOR of 10.375 per cont, or the case may be, will be used to calculate the

This coupon psychia as August 10, 1992, will not be less than BCU 53.73 for each time participate of ECU L000 inducing an annual sale of 19.75 per out for the packed. in defedire, on quan vill in langua, discribe Vilantique i discribe providente la come de 1991

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# MANUFACTURERS HANOVER

This edvertisement appears as a metter of record only. GOTA BANK DEM 100,000,000 Term Loan Facility Manufacturers Hanover Limited Co-Arranging Lead Managers Berliner Bank International Société Anonyme Luxembo Kredietbank N.V. Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company National Westminster Bank PLC Norddeutsche Landesbank Luxembourg S.A. Co-Lead Manager Vereins-und Westbank Aktiengesellschaft Banco Atlantico, S.A. IPPA Bank S.A. Inter Nordisk Bank A/S Manufacturers Hanover Limited

of 10.5375 per cent. per annum, The Coupon amounts will be £129.56 per £5,000 Note and £1,295.59 per £50,000 Note,

## INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

# Treasuries slide as hopes of interest rate cut recede

By Patrick Harverson in New York and Sara Webb in London

A LARGER than forecast rise in monthly retail sales and an unexpected fall in weekly job-less claims unsettled bond investors yesterday and sent US Treasury prices tumbling. By midday, the benchmark

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30-year government bond was down % at 101%, yielding 7.881 per cent. The two-year note was also sharply lower at mid-session, down % at 994, yield-ing 5 170 nor act.

ing 5.179 per cent.

The day's economic news was good for the economy but bad for the bond market. The US Commerce Department announced that retail sales had risen 0.6 per cent in January, a modest increase but still bigger than market forecasts. An upward revision in the December numbers to a 0.1 per cent gain, was also a surprise.

The sales data, allied to a 13,000 drop in weekly state unemployment insurance claims, poured more cold water on hopes for a cut in interest

### GOVERNMENT BONDS

m JAPANESE government bond prices surged yesterday after a leading politician in the ruling Liberal Democratic Party called for an immediate cut in the official discount

Mr Shin Kanemaru, vicepresident of the Liberal Demo-cratic Party, said interest rates should be cut by half a percentage point to 4.0 per cent in order to stimulate the economy. His comments immediately raised hopes that the Bank of Japan would lower the official discount rate, and

**BENCHMARK GOVERNMENT BONDS** | Red | Price | Change | Violat | ago | ago | 10.000 | 10/02 | 98.7545 | -0.787 | 10.19 | 10.22 | 9.78 BELGIUM 9.000 08/01 102.0000 -0.150 8.67 8.58 8.69 8.500 04/02 100.5500 -0.500 8.42 8.28 8.09 CANADA ' 9.000 11/00 102.6700 -0.100 8-55 8.57 8.53 7.87 7.89 7.85 12.000 02/02 96.4500 -0.020 12.26 12.30 0.00 No 119 4.800 08/88 94.8840 +0.343 5.79 5.74 5.58 No 129 6.400 03/00 105.3890 +0.323 5.45 5.40 5.34 8.250 02/02 99.8300 -0.010 8.28 8.35 8.25 11.300 05/02 102.7500 -0.100 10.82 10.87 10.98 10.000 11/96 102-06 -9.750 08/02 102-30 -1/32 9.000 10/08 98-30 -2/32 9.41 9.49 9.78 9.31 9.23 9.56 9.12 9.12 9.51 US TREASURY . 7.500 11/01 100-21 -28/32 7.40 7.14 6.96 8.000 11/21 101-05 -32/32 7.90 7.72 7.52

in short-term interest rates. The yield on the benchmark No 129 issue moved from its opening of 5.51 to close at 5.395 per cent on short-covering of itions by dealers.

Short-term money market rates eased as a result of a larger-than-expected funds injection by the Bank of Japan. The unsecured overnight call rate traded mainly at 511 per cent, down & a day earlier.

**M**UK government bond prices started on a firm note, helped by the release of unemployment and average earnings figures. However, weakness in the US Treasury bond market later pulled gilt prices down to close unchanged or slightly lower on the day.

Underlying average earnings rose 7.25 per cent in the year to December on a seasonally adjusted basis, after rising 7.5 per cent in November, and pro-vided good news on the inflation front for the gilt market. prompted a rally in government bond prices and a fall visional, seasonally adjusted

53,000 in January to 2.6m, or 9.2 per cent of the workforce, up from 9.0 per cent in Decem-

Yields: Local market standard Technical Data/ATLAS Price Sources

ber.
The rally in gilt prices enabled the Bank of England to sell more of its new gilt issue, the 9 per cent Treasury stock due 2012. Traders esti-mate about £750m of the new issue has been sold so far this week. However, the combination of new supply and the fall in the US market pulled prices

Trading volume in the Liffe gilt futures contract was higher than usual at over 83,000 contracts. The contract, which opened at 98.06, reached a high of 98.10 before falling hack to 97.30. The benchmark 11% per cent gilt due 2003/07 slipped from 116# to 116#.

■ WEAKNESS in the US Treasury bond market pulled German government bond prices slightly lower in a dull day. The Liffe bund futures contract opened at 88.17 and traded at around 88.13 by late afternoon.

# **Invesco MIM to manage Japanese fund**

UK asset management group, has been named by Nagasakiya, a leading Japanese retail company, to manage a portion of its pension funds, writes Emiko Terazono in Tokyo.

Invesco MIM will become the first foreign-based company to manage the pension funds of a single private Japanese com-pany. The move comes at a time when the Japanese pen-with 50 per cent for domestic sion fund market is expected to asset managers.

INVESCO MIM Asset Manage grow quickly because of the ment, the Japanese arm of the country's rapidly-ageing population.

Nagasakiya said it respected Invesco MIM's investment philosophy and management abil-ity. It added that the appoint-ment would diversify its investments internationally since foreign asset manage-ment companies were permitwith 50 per cent for domestic

Nagasakiya's move reflects the company's performanceconscious investment stance. Nagasakiya's pension assets, expected to total Y23.7bn by the end of this March, are cur-rently managed by three Japa-nese trust banks and two domestic life insurance

Nagasakiya said the returns on investments by the trust banks were unsatisfactory, and it had decided to alot Yibn of its fund to Invesco MIM.

FT/ISMA INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE GTHER STRAIGHTS

BAYERSCHE VERENS INT 7 94 LFT...
COPENHAGEN TEL 8 56 96 LFT...
WORLD BANK 8 96 LFT...
WORLD BANK 8 96 LFT...
ENERGEE REHEER 8 34 96 FT...
UNEL WER 900 FT.
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BELL CANADA 10 548 99 CS...
BELL CANADA 10 549 CS...
ELEC DE FRANCE 9 344 99 CS...
FORD CREDIT CANADA 10 94 CS...
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GUESEC GMAC9 1,8 96
GUINNESS FINANCE 8 94
IBM BITL FIN 7 34 94
IND BK JAPAN FIN 7 7/8 97
INTER AMER DEV 7 5,8 96... 4444 95.05 99.05 99.25 7.7% 7.7% 8.7% 7.7% 8.7% 7.7% 10.1% 4.5000 6.0375 5.9375 5.5000 4.8130 5.0000 5.6250 4.3625 4.2500 924 914 91 91 924 914 914 Carv. price 2.38 351.8 50.67 10554 2.5875 19.17 5.64 2.337 b 2.283 39.077 39.077 3606.9 99% 99% 104% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% DIT FONCER 5 1/494 Mark 7 95

# Investment

### innovations THE GREGOS on horizon

IBERALISATION of Japan's financial markets, currently being reviewed by the Ministry of Finance, will result in the gradual removal of legal barri-ers which have restricted the introduction of new invest-

in Japan

ment products.

Revision of the Securities and Exchange Law, expected to be submitted to parliament next month, would pave the way for further deregulated interest rates, easing of barri-ers between the securities and banking industries, and widen-ing of the definition of

Rul. changes are expected to be completed next year. While new vehicles are expected to be introduced gradually, it will mean more liquid secondary markets and more attractive instruments, increasing fee-generating activities for finan-

cial institutions. Liberalisation will also activate Japan's dwindling asset-backed securities market, allowing banks and corporations to minimise balance sheets.

New instruments expected to be introduced in the near Asset-backed securities:
 Growth of Japan's asset-backed securities market has been

Emiko Terazono looks at the new products to be introduced after Tokyo's markets are liberalised

stunted by Article 65 of the Securities and Exchange Act, the Japanese version of the US Glass Steagall Act, which defines negotiable securities as equity shares, or public and corporate bond certificates.

Since asset-backed securities were not categorised as a security, institutional investors have been reluctant to actively invest in the products, and the market has remained at the Y1,000bn level, compared with the \$1,000bn market in the US.

The new definition of what constitutes a security is expec-ted to be similar to that in the US, including promissory notes, loan trust certificates and monetary claims. Disclofocus on informing investors of the risks of the underlying

Brokerage officials believe that with legislative changes and new disclosure rules, institutional investors should feel more comfortable with investments in products such as corporate loans and housing loans.

Securitisation of credit card loans and car loans are also viewed as potential new prod-

ucts for the individual. However, legal restructuring will involve other ministries, such as the Construction Ministry in the case of housing loans and the Ministry of International Trade and Industry in the case of corporate loan securitisation, and a battle over legislative turf may ham-per new developments.

• Money market funds: As an alternative to bank deposits, the securities industry plans to

introduce a Japanese version of the US money market fund for individual investors. As with the chukoku fund, the currently-available medi-

um-term government bond fund, the new product will be invested in medium-term Treasury bills, certificates of deposit and commercial paper. However, dividends will be closer to market rates, and the penalty fee for early with-drawal is expected to be reduced.

Along with full-fledged dere-gulation in the future, a signifi-cant portion of the money mar-ket fund is expected to be invested into money market instruments, increasing prod-net liquidity. uct liquidity.

New money trusts: Trust

banks are expected to launch a new money trust product with dividend payments directly reflecting investment performance. Loan trusts, currently offered by trust banks, reflect the long-term prime rate. How-ever, the investment trust industry is strongly opposed to the launch, as the funds will be invested in securities, includ-

ing equity stocks.

Bank deposits: Interest rate deregulation of large-lot time deposits over Y10m was completed in 1989, and deposits with a minimum balance of over Y500,000 now reflect mar-ket interest rates. Banks are now considering the creation of shorter term products, such as one-week deposits, in order to compete with the securities industry's money market fund. Interest-rate deregulation will force banks to raise rates on demand deposits, which account for a third of total deposits at Japanese banks. In order to cope with rising costs, the banks expect to introduce maintenance fees or minimum

balance requirements for

# FT LAW REPORTS

# Ship's last voyage is illegitimate

Queen's Bench Division (Commercial Court): Mr Justice

THE ILLEGITIMACY of a last voyage ordered by time char-terers is established at or before the time for compliance, and not when the order is given, in that the breach of charter lies in the failure to give a lawful order; and accordingly, shipowners are entitled to treat the charterparty as repudiated if, before compliance is due, the order, though reasonable when given, is rendered unreason-able by unforeseen circumstances and is not replaced by a further order for a legitimate

Mr Justice Evans so held when dismissing an appeal by Arni Torvald Klaveness A/S Mari-time Corporation, time charterers of the Gregos, from an arbi-tration award by Mr Mark Hamsher that they were liable to the owners, Arni Maritime Corporation, for breach of charter arising out of overrun of the charter period.

HIS LORDSHIP said that a time charter on the New York Produce Exchange form dated December 30 1987, provided for delivery off Antwerp, and for the vessel to be employed as charterers should direct for about 50 to maximum 70"

Redelivery was to take place at a port in the Gibraltar/Hamburg range. The vessel was delivered on

January 8 1988. The arbitrator held that redelivery became due at expiry of 70 days, on March 18, with no further tolerance or margin. Both parties accepted that finding. After proceeding to South

America in ballast, the vessel performed two vovages from Trombetas in Brazil, carrying bauxite cargoes to Matansaz on the River Orinoco in Venezuela. She completed discharge of the second voyage on Febru-

ary 25.
The charterers had instructed the master to pro-ceed from Matansaz to Palua, another port on the Orinoco nearer the river mouth, and to load a cargo of iron ore for delivery at Fos in Italy. On February 9 when the

instructions were given they were reasonable. They allowed for discharge at Fos and redelivery off Gibraltar on or

But by February 25 when the vessel completed discharge at Matansaz, the timetable had become unworkable, because another vessel had grounded in the river and was obstructing the navigable channel between

Palua and the river mouth. The vessel proceeded to Palua and gave notice of readiness to load there on February 25. But the owners were unwilling to proceed with the laden voyage to Fos.

The charterers insisted that the orders were legitimate. The owners said that unless legitimate orders were given they would treat the charterers as being in repudiatory breach of charter and withdraw the ves-

A without-prejudice agree-ment was made on February 29. The vessel then performed the voyage under reserve of rights and was redelivered eight days late on March 26. On the present appeal, the first issue was as to the date on which the legitimacy of the voyage had to be established. The charterers contended it was the date when the order was given. The owners contended, and the arbitrator awarded, that it was the date

when the order became effec-tive and the vessel was required to comply with it. The owners' alternative sub-mission was that if a voyage which was legitimate when the order was given became illegit-imate due to change of circumstances before the time for compliance arrived, then the

charterers were under a sec-ondary obligation to replace it with a further order for legitimate voyage which the owner was bound to perform. The arbitrator held that the Court of Appeal decision in The Democritos [1976] 2 Lloyd's Rep 149 was binding authority that the time for evaluation of the charterers' orders was

commence her last full voyage, that being the time when she became free of her previous commitments.
In The Democritos, the principal issue was whether a charter for the period of a trip should be treated as a time or

when the vessel was about to

voyage charter. Mr Justice Kerr held it was subject to the same redelivery rules as a time charter, and as to whether the charterers were in breach, he said it was clear that when sending or ordering the vessel on her last voyage

"there could be no expecta-

livered in time. In the Court of Appeal, with

regard to application of the "legitimate voyage" test, Lord Denning doubted that it was correct to look to see whether the charterer had been planning the ship's voyages reasonably, instead of at the last voy-

He said "the right way . . . is to look at the last full voyage and see whether it is a legiti-mate last voyage or not.

Mr Young submitted that that comment was obiter and the case did not involve a decision whether the date of the order or of the last voyage was the correct time for applying

the legitimacy test.
That submission was technically correct. But the judg-ments of both Mr Justice Kerr and the Court of Appeal car-ried much weight in their own right. Moreover, the clearest statement of the law in any of the authorities came from the case where the issue most nearly arose for decision.

The charterers' contention must be rejected. It would mean, if correct, that a char-terer could choose a time well in advance of the last voyage and the instructions, if reasonremain binding on the vessel regardless of subsequent events, unless he chose to issue further instructions at any time until shortly before the last voyage began. The weight of authority and

the balance of practical considerations supported that conclu-

Mr Young's submission that a reasonable estimate could not be made until the time for the last voyage was close seemed fallacious. A reasonable estimate could often be made a very long time in advance. Its firmness would depend on the circumstances and tend to increase as the time approached, but no way of measuring firmness was suggested.

Nor was the court persuaded that the owners' primary submission was correct, namely that the lawfulness of the order could never be determined until, or shortly before, the time for performance

The charterers' obligation was to give a lawful order before the last voyage began. Whenever the order was given its lawfulness could be tested, and then the shipowner might accept it in circum-

stances where he could not subsequently refuse to perform it when the time for perfor-

mance came. Subject to such advance acceptance the owner's obligation was to perform whatever orders the charterers gave or had given, when the time for performance arrived.

That view of the law was closer to the owners' alternative submission than to their

It also meant that charterers' obligation to give voyage instructions was similar to their obligation to order the vessel only to safe ports. If a port, safe when ordered, became unsafe, then a secondary obligation to change the order arose. There was no distinction in principle between the two cases, save that the charterer remained at risk of a port becoming unsafe after the

vessel had proceeded to it.
The second issue was whether the charterers committed a repudiatory breach.

Mr Young submitted they did not, because the arbitrator found that the estimated overrun was not repudiatory in

nature from a commercial The charterers contended that their obligation to give legitimate orders must be dis-tinguished from their obligation to redeliver at the end of the charter period; and that the owners might refuse to obey an illegitimate order, but could only refuse further performance if there was an antic ipatory and therefore repudia-tory breach.

The court accepted that there were two separate obliga-tions. But the charterers' breach, when an illegitimate voyage was ordered and insisted on, was in failing to give a lawful order with which the vessel could comply.

The legitimate voyage test did not permit of any overrun once the last date for redelivery had been determined, and if the charterer persisted in ordering a non-contractual last voyage, then the owner was entitled to accept that as a

repudiatory breach. The owners succeeded on both issues. The appeal was

For the charterers: Timothy Young (Sinclair Roche & Temperley).

For the shipowners: Peter Gross (Ince & Co). Rachel Davies

Barrister

February, 1992

All these securities having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

New Issue



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Sumitomo Trust International plc

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# Bank of Ireland boosts core capital

BANK of Ireland yesterday raised a total of £110m core capital, boosting its capacity to lend through simultaneous preference share issues in London and Dublin.

The irredeemable preference shares, denominated in both sterling and Irish punts, were placed with institutional investors in the UK

The £50m UK tranche was the first issue of sterling preference shares by an overseas bank. The paper carries a coupon of 12% per cent and was priced to yield 350 basis points more than UK government long-dated bonds.

The 1555 tranche carries a coupon of 12 per cent and was priced to yield 325 basis points over long maturity Irish government bonds.

The transaction, lead-managed by Salomon Brothers, boosts Bank of Ireland's core capital allowing it to increase lending activity. The bank's ratio of core capital to assets rises from 5.6 per cent to 7.2 per cent, against a 4 per cent ratio demanded by the Basle accord on international bank capital adequacy.

As an overseas institution, however, dividend payments from Bank of Ireland's sterling preference shares do not count as franked inve income under UK law. Instead, tax is payable on

gross income received from the shares. In this respect, the shares are comparable to permanent interest bearing shares (Pibs), the undated, deeply subordinated capital instru-

# 3i shrugs off uncertainty with £125m paper issue

Despite continuing uncertainty over its future ownership, 3i, the venture capital group controlled by the UK clearing banks, yesterday launched a £125m five-year floating-rate note issue in the international bond market.

The group plans to float on the stock exchange, with the current owners, including the Bank of England which holds a 14.67 per cent stake, relinquishing control.

This could affect the amount

of capital which banks, the main buyers of floating rate note issues, have to set aside against holdings of 31 bonds. The group is currently recognised under UK banking law, which means that its bonds carry a low 20 per cent risk weighting. Banks must set aside only one-fifth the amount of capital required against holdings of bonds issued by companies, which carry a full

**US DOLLARS** 

### INTERNATIONAL **BONDS**

100 per cent risk weighting. If the change in ownership also entailed a loss of banking status, 3i's bonds will be more expensive for banks to hold. The company argued that the change in ownership will not affect its status as a bank.

but the residual uncertainty was reflected in the pricing of Yesterday's deal pays a margin of 37.5 basis points over the three-month London interbank offered rate but was launched at a discount to par for an effective margin of 47 basis

points. Having been re-offered to investors at a fixed price 99.61, the paper traded up to 99.70 bid by the close. When 8i made its last floating-rate note issue four years ago, the margin was little more than 12.5 basis points. Elsewhere, Crédit Foncier

priced its Ecu750m 12-year deal launched on Wednesday at a fixed reoffered price of 98.70, for a yield 7 basis points more than French government Ecu

Most syndicate officials were satisfied with the progress of the deal, although market conditions remain poor. The deal closed at 98.55 bid, with the yield spread steady.

Caisse Central Desjardins du Quebec, the Canadian co-opera-tive bank, launched a well-received C\$100m offering of fiveyear bonds. The paper carries a coupon of 8% per cent and was priced to yield 76 basis points more than Canadian government bonds - a more gener-ous spread than other Canadian dollar bond issues this

### **NEW INTERNATIONAL BOND ISSUES** Credit Foncier d'France(b) 100.35 2004 2/1.85 Paribas Capital Mids 95,772 (d) 98.61 20/10bp SG Warburg Secs CANADIAN DOLLARS 834 101,275 1997 13/1.525 Wood Gundy Deutsche Bk Finance(a) 1112 17/14 Boa.d'America e d'Italia 101\_20 YEN Onoda Coment Co.(a)† 101.60 1%/14 Delwa Europe

overtible. With equity warrants. #Floating rate note. #Final terms. a) Non-callable. b) Members of nt aroup have option to increase the

# Battle looms over Italy's new securities law

Haig Simonian looks at the controversy surrounding the so-called SIM requirement

fter years of foreign fibes about their "cowboy" financial markets, Italy's lawmakers have reacted angrily to demands from abroad for urgent changes to securities legislation which has just taken effect.

Named after the Societa di Intermediazione Mobiliare (SIM) - the novel type of securities trading house it creates the legislation has been vilifled by foreign bankers who claim it is anti-competitive and breaches the Treaty of Rome. The problem lies in a section of the law obliging foreign securities houses operating in Italy to set up a SIM. The requirement covers both equity trading on the domestic mar-

ket and even the sales of secu-rities, of any type, to Italian investors other than SIMs and Foreign criticisms have been

raken up by the European Commission. Following a meeting of senior EC officials in Brussels last Friday, the dispute could lead to a fight in the European Court if a solution is not found soon. A letter to the Commission this week from Mr Gianni De Michelis, the Italian foreign minister, hinted at some possibility of relaxing the rules for companies providing financial services from abroad, but that may not be enough for the Commission.

The outcry has been led by big City of London-based UK and US investment banks. Rather than covering the continent with separate trading operations, many have centralised their securities trading activities in London. For Mr Neil Matthewson, a

director of the British Merchant Banking and Securities Houses Association, the Italian requirement to set up a SIM intringes the Treaty of Rome. The point has been raised by are mainly major investment

banks and securities houses doing cross-border business. and they are concerned about the costs involved in being obliged to set up new Italian operations," he said.

Similar misgivings are voiced by the International Securities Market Association (formerly called the Association of International Bond Dealers) as well as individual banks. A lawyer at one London-based house says the SIMs law puts foreigners at a huge disadvantage. So far, it hasn't been enforced by the Italian authorities. Nor has a counterparty said it won't trade with us because we're not a SIM. But it could happen soon". Even more of a nightmare

for the banks is the possibility that counter-parties might try to use the law to repudiate long-term transaction such as

ast September the UK government complained formally to the European Commission. Mr John Redwood, the minister of state for corporate affairs, said the incorporation requirement of the SIMs law was an "unacceptable" barrier to the freedom of establishment and the free provision of services under the Treaty of Rome. "I hope the Commission will take the necessary action to encourage the Italian govern-

ment to take steps to repeal this bad law," he added. Last December, the Commission issued a formal warning. It argued that the law's provision requiring companies to incorporate in Italy appeared to violate Articles 52 and 59 of the Treaty of Rome, and the relevant sections should be suspended. The SIMs law took effect unchanged in January. With deadlines for an Italian response slipping past, the SIMs law was one of the top

Attilio Ventura: criticism is sign of London's weakness

lar Commission meeting last Friday to examine possible infringements of EC rules. However, the matter was postponed for a month. Offiils in Brussels stress the stay of execution implies no soften-ing in their position. Mr De Michelis's letter is now being examined. But if no real prog-ress is made, the Commission will issue a "reasoned opinion", setting out why it believes EC rules had been breached. Failing remedial action, a referral to the European Court could follow.

The response in Italian financial circles has been chilly so far. After spending years reforming their securi-ties markets, the calls for change have not gone down well. With competition from London a growing threat domestically, many brokers have preferred to attack the UK market rather defend the new Italian rules.

Mr Attilio Ventura, the

chairman of the stockbrokers' committee at the Milan bourse, above all the internal weakness of the UK market, which no longer feels dominant and takes increasing note instead of competition from other financial centres.

Reactions at Consob.
Italy's companies and stock market watchdog. have been more measured According to a top official, no foreign governments objected to the SIMs law during its three-year gestation period. "The UK authorities knew about the draft rules from the start. The article they object to was in from the outset and was never changed."

The rush to the law's

defence is understandable. The legislation is the central part of a series of long-awaited measures to reform of Italy's secuning insider trading and

protection for minorities in takeover bids. The SIMs law is designed to create transparency and order," says Consob. That could only be done by requiring securities trading to be concentrated through a SIM. "Until the Community's Investment Services Directive
- which allows for national supervision of all financial intermediaries by the AUTHOrites in their home country - comes into effect; we have no choice but to demand trading be carried out through a SIM," Consob con-

Some foreigners reject the transparency argument as a cover for protectionism. The Italians know London is Europe's securities trading centre and that Italian banks are still minnows there. This way, they hope to win back some securities business and gain time until a few domestic institutions grow strong-enough to take a bigger role in international markets," claims one London-based dealer

Consob disagrees. "We didn't even know there were so many operators selling to Italians from abroad," says the official, somewhat disingenuously.

somewhat disingentiously.

"Our priority was greater transparency better supervision, not protectionism".

Italians' bitterness that they are being singled out is backed by claims that incorporation rules in France and Spain are tougher than the SIMs law.

However, the Commission believes the SIMs law is more believes the SIMs law is more

restrictive than others. Neither side looks ready to back down. With general elec-tions due in April, the Italians would find it difficult to change the law quickly, even if ... they wanted to. Mr De Michelis's letter may represent a step forward. But failing a compromise, the battle looks set to intensity.

# Simex offers option contract on Nikkei futures Toronto exchange to automate

items on the agenda at a regu-

THE SINGAPORE International Monetary Exchange (Simex) said yesterday it would unch an option contract on Nikkei stock index futures on March 19. Reuter reports from

would be based on the Simer Nikkel 225 futures contract

Singapore

launched in 1986.
"The sheer size of the underlying Nikkei futures clearly ts the market has a good appetite for an options contract written on futures," said Mr Pierre Essig, chief executive officer of Fimat Futures Asia. Simex statistics show that

over the past two months the

Simex Nikkei futures contract traded an average daily volume of 6,000 contracts, or an underlying average value of Y66bn of Japanese stocks. The Simex Nikkei options contract will be US-style options and may be exercised by the buyer on any day when the options are traded.

MEMBERS of the Toronto Stock Exchange voted to end floor trading in equifice in the first quarter of 1993 and to switch entirely to automated trading, Ranter, reports from oronto. Mr Pearce Bunting, the stock

would redesign and fully test its equity trading network and

substantially increase its capacity.

There will continue to be registered traders but they will operate from members' offices. Floor trading will be retained for derivative instru-

### **LONDON MARKET STATISTICS**

### FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES in conjunction with the institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries Year ago approx) **EQUITY GROUPS** Thursday February 13 1992 & SUB-SECTIONS Est. Gross Earnings Div. Yield% Yield% (Act at (25%) Est. P/E Ratio (Net) index No. index No. index No, index No. index No, stocks per section 1 CAPITAL GOODS (178) -0.2 +0.2 +0.3 -0.4 -0.7 8.73 7.30 9.04 10.12 0.61 777.04 781.41 782.77 786.83 0.44 944.30 940.86 940.46 1081.30 0.00 877.94 884.18 878.82 1189.72 945.80 880.74 2440.59 15.95 12.43 12.23 7.16 0.00 87.94 884.18 878.62 1187.72 1.47 245.12 255.89 2624.17 2148.39 1.26 1764.71 1781.99 1787.71 1714.07 0.77 316.62 321.17 330.55 409.15 1.21 482.10 484.46 485.12 389.13 0.00 328.99 328.12 328.63 439.89 0.00 33.27 333.65 333.70 314.02 | Electricals (7). Electronics (26) ..... Engineering-Aerospace (8) 10.12 10.36 16.98 9.80 2.13 8.39 7.69 6.99 7.81 Engineering General (43) 482.39 12.59 328.07 302.98 1564.34 -0.3 -0.1 -0.9 +0.2 Metals and Metal Forming (10).. 0.00 | 328.79 | 328.12 | 328.63 | 437.87 | 0.00 | 303.77 | 303.55 | 303.70 | 314.02 | 0.69 | 1578.09 | 1593.55 | 1594.42 | 1391.67 | 2.27 | 1648.98 | 1655.11 | 1653.78 | 1313.73 | 7.92 | 2059.31 | 2062.43 | 2045.79 | 1668.71 | 2.11 | 1256.53 | 1258.24 | 1258.25 | 1110.23 | 0.39 | 2539.23 | 2541.50 | 2528.19 | 2473.91 | 0.88 | 4416.88 | 4455.93 | 4492.63 | 2822.59 | 1.02 | 1283.18 | 1277.64 | 1274.88 | 1232.42 | 1.22 | 1488.65 | 1492.50 | 1483.31 | 1277.88 | 0.22 | 753.74 | 754.66 | 757.79 | 578.55 | 1.29 | 1032.28 | 1033.61 | 1033.65 | 837.75 | 0.53 | 623.65 | 623.14 | 619.24 | 453.65 | 6.34 | 1210.88 | 1213.61 | 1215.24 | 1096.00 | 0.07 | 1366.51 | 1376.23 | 1366.22 | 984.58 | 0.44 | 1493.58 | 1487.20 | 1478.20 | 1172.98 | 3.11 | 1260.22 | 1263.48 | 1276.88 | 1425.43 | 2.46 | 2390.58 | 2395.74 | 2375.36 | 1965.67 | 17.21 | 1203.25 | 1205.44 | 1204.50 | 136.43 | 15.96 | 1396.79 | 1397.12 | 1404.65 | 1234.59 | 0.00 | 2404.52 | 2400.40 | 2391.62 | 2469.08 | 0.95 | 1807.69 | 1834.92 | 1254.62 | 1119.30 | 15.85 Motors (14).. 10 Other Industrial Materials (19) 15.47 17.61 15.43 14.99 14.99 12.41 17.04 19.21 17.05 17.22 12.66 17.37 10.48 24.80 8.56 11.73 6.23 22) Brewers and Distillers (23) . -0.1 -0.2 +0.5 8.59 8.72 5.12 7.31 6.55 7.11 7.41 9.96 7.32 6.75 11.61 5.33 1440.04 1283.90 Hotels and Leisure (23) . +0.4 -1.2 +0.3 -0.6 30 Media (24). 31 Packaging, Paper & Printing (17). 34 Stores (32). 1495.25 744.73 1035.49 35 Textiles (10) 40 OTHER GROUPS (116) 41 Business Services (16)... 42 Chemicals (21).... 43 Conglomerates (11).... 44 Transport (14).... 11370.18 1486.75 1249.23 2383.71 1193.02 45 Electricity (16) 46 Telephone Networks(4) 47 Water(10) 1409.95 2411.01 48 Miscellaneous (24) 49 (NOUSTRIAL GROUP (482) 1290.14 8.21 4.49 15.24 3.17 1289.59 1294.23 1294.62 1119.30 51 (0)) & Gas (18)... 2093.70 -1.0 12.22 6.70 10.83 8.11 2115.87 2133.19 2130.07 2241.37 3.56 1365.08 1370.68 1370.82 1213.77 59 500 SHARE INDEX (500). 1364.05 -0.1 8.64 4.73 14.60 0.71 711.14 717.95 7718.50 786.22 125.77 718.15 7718.50 786.22 877.90 873.71 833.65 0.00 1391.36 1398.85 1402.53 1358.74 0.00 474.31 476.45 491.46 669.59 1.80 968.47 971.09 976.40 1042.07 0.00 474.43 474.32 471.37 382.53 0.44 765.66 776.57 769.55 1016.33 0.00 245.16 245.47 157.58 201.23 26.18 20.00 245.16 245.47 157.58 201.23 26.18 201.23 201. 4.41 1402.29 477.16 963.94 478.01 763.57 69 Property (33). 18.17 Other Financial (14). 71 investment Trusts (68) 99 ALL-SHARE INDEX (654) 2.90 1209.82 1215.47 1215.54 1103.60 Day's Day's Day's Feb Feb Feb Feb Feb Change High (a) Low (b) 12 11 10 7 -1.1 2532.2 2513.8 2523.7 2537.1 2538.4 2517.2 2534.3 2294.4

	FIXED INTEREST							AVERAGE GROSS REDEMPTION YIELDS	Thu Feb 13	Wed Feb 12	Year ago (approx.)
	PRICE INDICES	Thu Feb 13	Day's change %		Accrued Interest			British Gerenment Low 5 years Coupons 15 years	8.57 9.12 9.12	8.61 9.12 9.12	9,34 9,48 9,58
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6 7 8	Index-Lished Up to 5 years (2) Over 5 years (9) All stocks (11) Dobs & Launs (62)	168.89 150.10 151.56	+0.18 -0.11 -0.06	168.59 150.26	-0.01 0.70 0.60	1.37 0.63 0.72	11 12 13 14	Index-Linked Inflation rate 5% Up to 5yrs. Inflation rate 10% Up to 5yrs. Inflation rate 10% Up to 5 yrs. Inflation rate 10% Over 5 yrs.  Seks 4 5 years Leads 15 years 25 years	3.78 4,28 3,17 4,11 10,84 10,61 10,45	3.82 4.27 3.20 4.10 10.77 10.59 10.45	3.78 4.12 2.47 3.95 12.03 11.74 11.48

#Opening Index 2526.1; 9 am 2522.8; 10 am 2527.5; 11 am 2531.1; Noon 2531.8; 1 pm 2531.5; 2 pm 2526.3; 2.30 pm 2525.6; 3 pm 2525.4; 4.10 pm 2520.6; (a) 11.19am (b) 3.43pm † Flat yield. Highs and lows record, base dates, values and constituent changes are published in Saturday Issues. A list of constituents is available from the Publishes, 1m Financial Times, Number One, Southwark Bridge, London SEL 9HL. The FF-ACTUARIES SHARE IN DICES SERVICE covers a range of electronic and paper-based products relating to these indices. These are available by subscription from FINSTAT, 2nd Floor, 126 Jermyn Street, London SW1Y 4UJ. Tel: 971–925 2323.

# RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY 246 100 27 0 LONDON RECENT ISSUES **EQUITIES** Anvint Latest Paid Remond up Date 0.8 FIXED INTEREST STOCKS Amogai Pald IIP Clesing Price £ 1991/92 Rengia Date High 109 1077 1054 1069 110 1278 1054 1054 1054 F.P. F.P. F.P. 150<sub>0</sub> F.P.

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# The new Golf. Car of the Year 1992.

What a great start into the new year! In awarding the coveted title "Car of the Year 1992" the international 60-man specialist jury identified one clear winner: the new Golf.

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This high award only goes to prove that the concept of the new Golf is the correct one.

New standards in terms of safety.

New standards in terms of environmental protection. New standards in terms of quality. New standards in terms of driving fun.

That it was precisely these points which both the jury and the first road reports rated very highly is shown by the new Golf winning the "Goldenes Lenkrad" (Golden Steering Wheel) award

and now even the "Car of the Year 1992" title.

All of which, dear motorists, is certainly not going to make your decision what car to buy next more difficult. But a lot easier.



The new Golf.
The original se The original setting new standards.

### **UK COMPANY NEWS**

Final quarter sees 'extremely disappointing' fall of £384m to £72m

# BP down 14% to £1.04bn in year

BRITISH PETROLEUM saw a sharp fall in profits in the final quarter of last year as the recession took its toll on many parts of the business.

On a replacement cost basis, the group made £72m, down sharply from the £456m earned in the previous year's final quarter. This brought total profits for the year to £1.04bn, down 14 per cent from £1.2bn

The lower result prompted BP to hold its final dividend at 4.2p, the level of the previous three quarterly pay-outs. The resulting full-year dividend of 16.8p represents an increase of 4.7 per cent on 1990.

The profit figure was much in line with market expecta-

tions. Investors, however, had been hoping for a small boost to the final dividend, and BP's shares lost ground as a result, closing 10p lower at 274p. BP described the fourth quarter result as "extremely disappointing". Mr Steve Ahearne, chief financial offi-cer, stressed that the main cause was recession rather than a weaker oil market. "The overall picture is not of a company bleeding because of the low oil price," he said, "but of a company hit by recession in its key markets."



to the strong result from exploration and production which produced an operating profit on a replacement cost basis for the year of £1.8bn (£1.69bn), including £149m of divestment profits. Although the average oil price was down about \$3 a barrel, production levels were maintained and cost structures

The refining and marketing

side made a full-year operating most of £945m, up from £853m.
Margins started high but
declined as the year progressed, reflecting weak product
demand especially in the US.

BP's chemicals business, suffering from the deep exclicel fering from the deep cyclical downturn, incurred an operating loss of £7m against a profit of £129m in 1990. The loss was

business, recently re-designated a "non-core" activity, was £37m. down from £48m. Adding to the company's difficulties was a high effective tax rate of 68 per cent on the historical cost result because stock holding losses are not recognised for tax in countries like the US. In the final quarter RP's tax rate was 114 per cent because of asset write-downs which were not tax-relievable.

quarter as prices weakened against a background of steady costs. Profit from the nutrition

which were not tax-relievable.

Mr Robert Horton, chairman, said that the present low level of world oil prices was unsustainable in the long run because it gave producers no incentive to invest in new production. He forecast a 20m barrel a day supply-demand gap by the end of this decade. Nonetheless, he stressed that Nonetheless, he stressed that BP had tested all its businesses on the basis of an oil price of \$18 per barrel and had found

In the short term, the out-look was not encouraging, with conditions in the first half of this year expected to be "broadly similar to those in the previous six months". Every part of the group "is pursuing a demanding cost and profit-ability improvement pro-gramme", BP said.

# Babcock issue to fund £21m Swedish buy

BABCOCK INTERNATIONAL, the UK engineering contractor, yesterday announced an expansion of its European operations with the acquisition of the

materials handling division of Consilium, a privately-owned Swedish company. It is paying £21.4m for Consilium CMH, the world's biggest producer of enclosed continuous ship loading and unloading systems, and the Consilium Bulk group of companies, which make bulk handling systems for the wood processing, energy, minerals and grain

The deal will turn Babcock into a significant force in the world bulk materials handling market, with sales of £150m and 1,100 employees in a planned new materi-als handling division.

Babcock shares rose 2%p to 58p following the deal, which is to be funded by the issue of 42.8m shares. A further 28.5m shares, raising £9.5m, will be issued to

fund the development of the new division and further strengthen the group's capital

The 66.3m new shares will be offered first to Babcock shareholders on the basis of one new share for every 7.10713 held. Shares not taken up are being placed by NM Rothschild with clients of Pannure Gordon, but it is believed that the offer

has already been heavily oversubscribed.

Mr Oliver Whitehead, chief executive, said the creation of the materials handling division would give the company more nfluence in a big market with long-term growth potential — even if some customer sectors such as the pulp and paper indus-try were currently hit badly by the reces-

The division will comprise the new com-panies, the Claudius Peters materials handling interests in Germany and the smaller Babcock Materials Handling in the UK. The companies will not be merged,

but Babcock will seek to remove overlaps in sales and marketing and encourage the companies to help each other win more

Mr Whitehead said Consilium's mechanically-based handling equipment complemented Claudius Peters' existing range of pneumatic ship-loaders and unloaders. Consequently, the combination would allow the new division to offer customers

hined turnover last year of £42.8m, down-from £52.3m in 1990 and £59.5m in 1989. Pre-tax profits slumped to £532,000 in 1990 before recovering last year to £3.6m. Mr Whitehead said the exit multiple for the acquisitions was 9.5, based on a normal tax charge, and there would be no dilution in earnings. Over the next 12 months the deal would be broadly neutral

# more complete systems. The businesses being acquired bad com-

for profits, but would lead to a "definite

# Study shows tolerance of dividend cuts

MOST INSTITUTIONAL inv- automatic grounds for selling a estors will tolerate cuts in corporate dividends in instances where the entire sector is under pressure, although such cuts could jeopardise their long-term relationship with

Warwick Corporate, an investor relations firm, has surveyed 12 of the UK's largest fund managers — with a total of £250bn under management — about their views towards corporate dividends.

Of the 12 surveyed, 10 said that cutting a dividend was not

company's shares. However, when the company returned to the market to seek cash from its shareholders, the surveyed said it would take them a long

The maintenance of dividend payments in the face of the current recession has proved a contentious issue for institu-

Last year, Mr Paddy Linaker.

M&G Group's chief executive, provoked a storm by writing to the heads of some of the UK's largest companies urging them

time to forget that it had haptrading conditions was a sign

to maintain dividends despite the recession. Mr Robin Leigh-Pemberton, the governor of the Bank of England, responded that cutting dividends under adverse

Warwick's survey showed that while further dividend cuts are expected in 1992, they are likely to occur among smaller companies so that the overall effect on yields will be

Most fund managers surveyed believe that dividend cuts are already factored into

share prices and that most fund managers have sufficient cash flow to ride out any

reductions in dividends.

Overall, institutions expect the dividend cuts to be concentrated in the contracting and ance, engineering, building materials and metals indus-

Those regarded as least likely to cut dividends are com-panies in the health and household sectors, utilities, food retailers and manufacturers, and telecommunications indus-

# **BOC** beats expectations with 13%

rise to £80m By Richard Gourlay

BOC GROUP, the UK industrial gases and healthcare concern, yesterday reported a 13 per cent increase in pre-tax profits for the three months to December 31, thereby beating market expec-

The group nevertheless cau-tioned that it had "seen no

improvement in any of the key economies in which it oper-ates" and that the Far East, where it has been investing, was now experiencing a down-turn in economic growth. Pre-tax profits rose from £70.8m to £80.1m on sales up 9 per cent at £711.4m. However, after removing the favourable after removing the favourable impact of currency movements, the underlying improvement in taxable profits was 9 per cent. Earnings per share rose by 15 per cent to 10.5p.

Volumes in the gases divisional learning that the learning tent in the gases divisions in the gases div

Volumes in the gases divi-sion had levelled off but prices and margins remained stable. Operating profits rose from £67.7m to £73.4m.

£57.7m to £73.4m. In the healthcare division, which was encountering difficulties after expansion in the US, medical equipment continued to experience difficult trading conditions and profits fell. The pharmaceuticals division performed well and the home healthcare business, which was alimmed down in the quarter, was profitable. the quarter, was profitable. Profits in this division as a

whole rose from £18.3m to £23.3m. By geographical region, operating profits in the Ameri-cas almost doubled to £20.2m £10.5m); in Europe they fell to £23.4m (£33.7m); Africa showed a £1m advance to £11.7m and Asia/Pacific profits increased to £18.8m (£15.9m).

### CE Heath to set up Dallas subsidiary

By Richard Lapper

troker, is establishing a new US subsidiary in Dellas. The company will be based around a three-man team which Heath has recruited from rival brokers and will broke wholesale surplus times — working wife. surplus lines - working with retail brokers to channel busi-

Mr Thomas Bloom, previously president of Willis Faber Holdings, and a past president of the National Association of

# Write-downs force sharp fall to £59.4m loss at Crest Nicholson

By Andrew Taylor, Construction Correspondent

CREST NICHOLSON, the south-east of England-based housebuilder and property developer which ran into trou-ble last year following the col-lapse in the housing market, incurred pre-tax losses of 259.4m during the year to Octo-

This compares with pre-tax profits of £8.06m in the previ-

The losses were struck after exceptional provisions of \$39.8m due to the write-down of the group's residential and commercial land and developments to take account of fallnegroup rices.

Resulting losses per share were 55.67p, against earnings of 3.88p. The group announced a nominal dividend of 0.01p to

reserve its share status under the Trustee Investments Act 1961. Last time the final dividend was 4.65p for a total of 7.65p.
The figures, however, were

in line with expectations and the stock market was encourfurther reduction in group bor-rowings from £117.6m in May equivalent to 51 per cent of shareholders' funds. Crest's shares yesterday rose by 6p to

Mr John Callcutt, chief executive, also revealed that house sales had increased last month. Net reservations by house buyers were currently averaging 33 a week, compared with 15 a week in December.

Mr Callcutt said the improvement was encouraging but that it was too early to say whether the rise would mark the beginning of a recovery in the UK housing market. Last year the group made an operating loss of £6.9m on house sales before write-downs

of £28m. There was a further £11 Im write-down in the comfillm write-down in the commercial property division which made a pre-tax loss of fillown. The group's contracting business however turned in a small profit.

The big improvement, said Mr Callcutt, had been a big reduction in group borrowings as a result of commercial proposes.

as a result of commercial prop-erty sales and a decision to reduce house prices and

increase sales to generate more During the year Crest sold a

record 1,435 homes. Average prices however fell from £90,000 to £78,000. The group's aim was to halve last year's interest charge of £12.6m (£6.58m).

The market was right to be pleased with the news of a fur-ther reduction in Crest's borrowings. The company has survived a difficult 12 months intact. Bank facilities of £167m are more than adequate to meet foreseeable requirements, say the directors. Pre-tax profits, given the severity of the write-downs should also recover this year. Some market forecasts suggest that 25m might even be achievable. A more cautious view is that profits will be between £2m and 53m. The share price does not yet fully take account of the improvement Crest has made, but the upside remains limited. There are better quality housing recovery steality housing recovery stocks

# Harland shares take a tumble as company issues profits warning

SHARES IN Harland Simon, the control systems specialist, yesterday lost more than half their value after the company issued a profits warning and released details of exposure to the late Mr Robert Maxwell. the late Mr Robert Maxwell.

The shares slumped to 253p, their lowest since 1988, after opening at 585p. The company said pre-tax profits for the year to end-March would show "a significant fall" from last time's £10.5m. Hoare Govett, the company's broker, cut its forecast from £18m to £4m.

The company said contracts expected to be placed by the Maxwell group had fallen through following the publisher's death and this would reduce profits by £2m. It has also made provisions of

CE Heath, the insurance ness mainly to insurers in the London market.

offices, will head up the new operation as president.

operation as president.

The other officers include
Mr Ronald Travis, executive
vice-president, who joins from
ENCON Underwriting Agency,
and Mr Eugene J Eisenmann,
senior vice-president, was was
previously president of Stewart Smith (Southwest).

£750,000 to cover disputed debts due from the Maxwell

Mr John Redshaw, group Mr John Redshaw, group managing director, said he was "very saddened" by the announcement. "Its a short-term problem which has hit us at the end of the year. But we are stronger than before because we have taken out our dependence on newspaper. out our dependence on newspa-pers and optical storage equip-ment," he said. Newspapers are expected to account for about

expected to account for about 20 per cent of turnover in 1992, down from 85 per cent in 1987.

Profits will also be affected by delays at Perfect Information, the on-line library service. The delays and start-up problems, will reduce profits due to the company by Emi

## Chrysalis chairman ends talks to buy 47% balance By Andrew Bolger

talks on his plan to buy the 47 per cent of the equity which he does not already own and take

He said he was disappointed that one sizeable shareholder had refused to accept his offer of 95p a share, since it had won the support of the remaining shareholders, his bankers and financial advisers. Chrysalis shares were unchanged at 72p. Mr Wright, who founded Chrysalis, announced his

Sir Patrick said yesterday he

was confident that these con-trols would be dropped. He

president Fernando Collor and the economy minister he had been assured of forthcom-

low prices.

MR CHRIS Wright, chairman intention to take the group pri-of Chrysalis Group, the records, communications and media company, has ended the Chrysalis Records joint the group's 50 per cent stake in the Chrysalis Records joint venture to its partner, Thorn EMI, the music and rentals group, for \$30m (£16.9m). Chrysalis incurred a los

£7.85m in the year to August, but £5m of that was attributable to the record divi-The group has net cash of £16m and Mr Wright intends to develop a records business again some time after December of this year, when he will no longer be tied by

Thorn.

Chrysalis has been investing recently in televising horse racing for betting shops and its juke box and fruit machines division, which has been hit by

But directors said they would recommend an unchanged final dividend of 5.5p and turnover is ex-pected to be higher than last

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The company has spent \$1m trying to lift overseas sales and has incurred costs of £1m on rationalisation. Staff numbers have been reduced by about 15 per cent and further redundan-cies are likely. Cost cutting will reduce overheads by £5.5m

from next year.
It said all established divisions were profitable except for NEF, a Swedish subsidiary; and Pro Aqua, involved in water control. These two comannounce losses of £700,000 for the year.

Andersen disposes of Maxwell's stake in Hungarian paper

Mr Robert Maxwell's 40 per cent stake in the Hungarian evening newspaper Esti Hirlan-has been bought by the state-

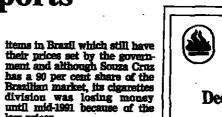
Company.

The state-owned publishing house exercised pre-emption rights to buy the stake, taking remaining 20 per cent is owned by the staff.

A few hours after the deal was concluded, Mr Denes Maros, the paper's editor-in-

chief, resigned.
Arthur Andersen, the administrators of the late Mr Maxwell's web of 400 private companies, declined to disclose the price received. Arthur Andersen is also

negotiating to sell Mr Max-well's 50.01 per cent stake in the morning newspaper Mag-yar Hirlap, and Mr Maxwell's Hungarian printing interests.



LIBERTY LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AFRICA LIMITED (Registration Number 57/02788/06) (Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)

### Declaration of Final Dividend No. 50 in respect of the year ended **31 December 1991**

Notice is hereby given that final ordinary dividend No. 50 of 65 cents (1990: 54 cents) per share has been declared in respect of the year ended 31 December 1991 payable to shareholders registered in the books of the Company at the close of business on Priday, 28 February 1992. The interim and final dividends declared in respect of the year ended 31 December 1991 amounted in aggregate to 108 cents (1990: 86 cents) per ordinary share, an increase of 25.6% over the orevious year. The above mentioned dividend has been declared in the currency of

the Republic of South Africa and cheques in payment thereof will be posted from the offices of the South African and United Kingdom transfer secretaries on or about 10 April 1992. Cheques in respect of dividends issued by the United Kingdom transfer secretaries will be drawn in United States Dollar equivalent on 3 April 1992, Nonresident shareholders' tax at the rate of 15% will be deducted from dividends where applicable.

The full preliminary results for the 1991 financial year will be published on 12 March 1992. On behalf of the board

D GORDON

Johannesburg 13 February 1992



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Singapore, 23 & 24 February 1992 Arranged in association with the International Air Transport Association, the conference is firmed to immediately precede the Asian Aerospace '92 Exhibition. A panel of

international speakers will consider the issues of concern to the region — multilateralism in international air transport, the problems of congestion in the air and on the ground, and the emergence of trade blocs. Speakers include:

Dr Cheong Choong Kong Henoging Director Singapon Africae Limited Dr Günter O Eser Director General International Air Terreport Association (IATA)

Mr Vladimir D Zubkov

Mir Vol K H Eggers Chalman, Project Board Buropean Air Traffic Control Hormonisation and

Mr Guniis Berzins M. Emmanuel Vasseur Mr Milisuo Ando M. Bernard Attali

Mr Richard R Albrecht

Director of Plan Mr John Ward

Contos Almons Limited Mr Erik Jan Nederkoom Chairman of the Board & Chief Executive Officer Folder NV

126 Jennya Street, London SWIY 4U, UK Tel: 071–925 2323 Fee: 071–925 2125 Th:: 27347 FTCONF G

**AIR TRANSPORT** Asia-Pacific Region

A FINANCIAL TIMES INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE

# BAT investment expected to boost Souza Cruz exports

By Christina Lamb in Brasilia

BRITISH American Tobacco is to more than triple its annual investment in Brazil this year because of increased confilence in the Brazilian economy. As a result it expected Souza

Cruz, its Brazilian subsidiary, to raise its 1992 tobacco and cigarette exports by more than \$100m (£56m). Sir Patrick Sheehy, chairman of BAT, said he decided to step up investment from \$30m to \$110m because he had been encouraged by "the govern-ment's resoluteness in dealing with inflation and more mar-ket criented milicise"

ket-oriented policies The money would be used to modernise the company's plants and increase tobacco purchases, giving work to 16,000 extra farmers. Sir Patrick, who is currently visiting Brazil, expected the

investment to produce a \$70m increase in leaf exports on last year's \$270m and for cigarette exports to reach \$50m from \$10m just five years ago.

The company recently started exporting cigarettes to eastern Europe and was currently negotiating with Russia. It had stepped up exports to other Latin American countries and hoped to Mercosul, the tariff-free com-mon market between Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay and Para-

added: "In the last six months the government has adopted a much more liberal pricing policy".

He pointed out that in meetings earlier this week with president Fernando Collor and the accommunication has Brazil has been starved of direct investment in recent years and BAT's decision will be seen as a welcome vote of confidence, coming shortly after a \$2.1bn loan secured ing measures to help export-"We're very encouraged by this and will be spending far more money than we have for the last 12 years". from the International Mone-tary Fund last month, Cigarettes are one of the few

# NORTH OXFORDSHIRE and THE M40

The FT proposes to publish this survey on

March 2 1992.

from its print centres in Tokyo, New York, Frankfurt, Paris and London. It will be read by senior businessmen and government officials in 160 countries worldwide. It will be of particular interest to 130,000 directors and managers in the U.K. who read the weekday FT. If you want to reach this important audience with your services, expertise or products whilst maintaining a high profile in connection with North Oxfordshire.

call Anthony G. Hayes or fax 021 455 0869 George House, George Road, Edgbaston. Birmingham B15 1PG

FT SURVEYS

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Test strated . [1#1]

District Chapter!

Carried In State of the

and Mr Terry Venables, chief

various takeover proposals and work undertaken

Mr Sugar said Tottenham was "strenuously objecting" to

12.8% at Yeoman

### **UK COMPANY NEWS**

# In the firing line for brickbats whatever is decided

Andrew Taylor on Peter Lilley's dilemma over referring Tarmac, Steetley and Redland to the MMC

R PETER Lilley, Britain's trade and industry secretary. ture and employment within a Marine for Benjamin Priest; UK brick industry still suffer Williams Holdings for Racal ing massive over-capacity won a small historic victory on despite previous job cuts and plant closures. Both Redland Wednesday when he persuaded the European Commission to and Tarmac/Steetley have said give up its right to consider the they would are significant proposed merger of the UK brick, clay tile and concrete product businesses of Tarmac capacity if their plans are allowed to go ahead. and Steetley.

An argument against a full scale MMC investigation is It is the first time the EC has given up its rights to investigate a proposed large merger since new competition rules came into force in 1990. that it might delay plans for a rationalisation of the companies brick plants. On the hand it might be

politically embarrassing if Mr Lilley were simply to clear both bids' after having gone to the trouble of persuading Brus-sels to give up its right to con-sider the Turnac/Startley joint sider the Tarmac/Steetley joint

It is thought unlikely that Mr Lilley would want to treat the rival proposals differently on the grounds that it might be unfair to leave the field clear for one side to pursue merger plans while the other was bog-ged down by an MMC investigation.

An alternative would be for the trade secretary to seek undertakings which would require the merged companies to dispose of selected businesses in markets where it was deemed they had a dominant market position.

market position.

The option to seek an undertaking on disposals, rather than trigger a full-scale MMC inquiry lasting several months, was included in the 1989 Companies Act. The option has been exercised five times since August 1990 on bids involving Rank for Mecca; Hillsdown for Strong & Fisher, International

Williams Holdings for Racal and Trafalgar House for Davey. Over the same period the trade secretary has launched fall MMC inquiries into another 16 takeover offers. A

bid automatically lapses when an inquiry takes place. Mr Lilley in his approach to the EC regulatory authorities identified both brick and clay roof tiles as markets where UK competition problems could arise as a result of merger

A takeover of Steetley by Redland would leave the combined companies controlling about 46 per cent of the clay tile market, a Tarmac/Steetley joint venture would have a 39

per cent share.

Both ventures may be able to offer undertakings on clay tiles which would circumvent a monopolies probe. Bricks, however, may provide a more diffi-cult problem. Any undertak-ings must involve disposals rather than closures. Potential purchaser of unwanted brick plants are few and far between

On the basis of national mar-ket shares it is difficult to see why bricks should be included way omas should be included in any monopoly consider-ations. Tarmac and Steetley between them control about 17 per cent of the UK brick mar-ket. Redland and Steetley would have about 16 per cent would have about 16 per cent. Mr Lilley, however, has indi-cated that he will be looking at production capacity in regional markets — despite protests by Redland, Steetley and Tarmac that they sell into a single



Collapse of the construction industry has resulted in a brick mountain

national market determined by price and not where bricks were made. Low haulage costs in Britain mean that bricks can be easily transported, and manufacturers say that sales are a better measure of regional market share than local production capacity.
Sir Leon Brittan, EC competition commissioner, nonethe-

less noted this week that a Tar-mac/Steetley joint venture would control a high percentage of production capacity in north-east and south-west England. He said that there was danger that "the merger would create a dominant posi-

brick sales of Redland and tion" in those markets. On current figures Tarmac and Steetley control almost 80 Steetley in the south-east, therefore, will be much higher than local production capacity per cent of local capacity in the would indicate.
Nonetheless, Redland might north-east and approaching 50 per cent in the south-west.

find it easier to give undertak-ings on brick and clay tile dis-Redland argues that a monopolies probe on the basis of brick manufacturing capacposals than Tarmac and Steet ity would not be justified in its case, even on regional grounds. A merger with Steetley it says would leave it with only 23 per ley. The success of the Tarmac Steetley joint venture is wholly dependent upon their ability to rationalise these UK busicent of brick capacity in south-east England, its biggest mar-ket. Steetley has few plants in nesses. Redland wants Steet ley's French aggregates business and its UK building south-east England but 'exports' a large number of bricks to the region. Combined materials.

Who gets what could depend

WORLD NATURAL RESOURCES PORTFOLIO Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable Registered Office: 2, Boulevard Royal L-2953 Luxembourg R.C. Luxembourg B 27276

> The shareholders are hereby convened to attend an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

To be held on 16th March, 1992 at 3 p.m. at the offices of the Transfer Agent. BANQUE INTERNATIONALE A LUXEMBOURG 3.A., 69 routs of Each in

Luxumbourg, with the following agenda:

- To approve the merger of WORLD NATURAL RESCURCES PORTFOLIO (the - 10 separove the integer of WORLD NATURAL RESCURCES PORTFOLIO (the "Company") with MERRILL LYNCH MULTINATIONAL INVESTMENT PORTFOLIOS - EQUITY/CONVERTIBLE SERIES, a La combourg Société d'investissement à capital variable with its mejistered o'fice at 2. Boulevard Royal, L-2553 Luxent Beogrees Portfolio"; and "Natural Resources Portfolio"; and

(1) the report of the Directors of the Company in relation to the morgan proposal (the "Margor Proposal") published in the Mémorial, Retwell Spécial des Sociétes et Associations in Luvernbourg and deposited with the Chancery of the District

(2) the audit reports prescribed by Article 266 of the Luxembourg law on

commercial compenies,
(i) to approve and ratify the Merger Proposal;

(ii) to accept the issue without charge of shares without per value of the same class A or class B corresponding to the Natural Resources Portfolio (the "New Shares") in exchange for the commitment of all sasets and liabilities of the Company, at an issue price corresponding to the audited set asset value per stars of the company, at an issue price corresponding to the audited set asset value per stars of the same class of the Company as of the last Valuation Date thereof proceding the Effective Date, as defined in the Merger Proposal;

(iii) to accept the allocation of one New Share against one former share of the same class of the Company, in registered form to the shareholders of the Company (including same fractional estitlements);

(iv) to decide that, as a result of the marger, the Company shall be wound up and all its former shares in issue be cancelled, on the basis that all assets and habilities of the Company shall be deemed to be transferred to the Fund, all as of the

ons on the agenda above will require a granten of one half of the share issued and outstanding and a majority of 2/3 of the shares present or rep

The following documents shall be at the disposal of the shareholders of the Company for inspection and copies thereof may be obtained, free of charge, from the Transfer Agent at 69, route d'Esch, L-1470 Luxembourg:

(i) the test of the Merger proposal: (ii) the prospectus of the Fund;

the audited annual accounts of the Fund at November 30, 1989, 1990 and

the sociated annual accounts of the Fund at 31st May, 1989, 1990 and 1991

and its semi-annual accounts at November 30, 1991; the report of the Directors of the Company;

(vi) the reports of the special suditors of the Company and of the Fund on the

Proxics should be sent to the Trender Agent at its address above or by fax to Limembourg (352) 4590-3331 no later than 3 days prior to the meeting date.

# Cheltenham & Gloucester advances by 27% to £184m

By David Barchard

CHELTENHAM & Gloucester, the sixth largest building society, yesterday confirmed its reputation as the industry's star performer by reporting a 27 per cent increase, from £144.7m to £183.8m, in pre-tax

Mr Lilley - having won the argument that British regulatory authorities should deal

with what is a domestic merger with no continental European impact - must now determine how he will exercise

bis new won authority.

Crucially he must decide whether to refer for investiga-

whether to refer for investiga-tion to the Monopolies and Merger Commission (MMC) two rival proposals affecting the ownership of Steetley, a large British brick and clay tile

manufacturer and France's big-

gest aggregates producer. The UK Office of Fair Trad-

ing is already considering whether to recommend an

MMC investigation of a rival hostile £600m bid for the whole of Steetley by Redland, another large British building materi-

als group.
The Tarmac deal, by compar

ison, would leave Steetley retaining its UK and French

aggregate and ready-mix con-crete businesses.

The outcome of the Redland

and Tarmac proposals will affect future ownership, struc-

by profits for 1991.

It was the fifth year in succession that C&G's profits have grown by more than 25 per cent. However, the balance sheet was dented by provisions of £108.4m against bad debts, up from £20.5m in 1990.

More than half of the provi-

sions were made against lending by Portsmouth, the troubled small society which

TESCO, the supermarket chain, is seeking about 100 job cuts among its head office and distribution staff by means of

voluntary redundancy and

early retirement.

The company is also plan-

ning to reduce staff numbers in some of its 394 stores by means

of voluntary redundancies and

a reduction of working hours. The precise number of staff

affected is not yet known.

The company has also launched a restructuring of its

retail management operations in consultation with Usdaw,

in consultation with Usuaw, the shopworkers' union. In spite of the possible job losses associated with these programmes, Tesco will still be a net recruiter of staff this

By the end of the month, the company will have opened five new stores in February, includ-

that its bad debts had turned out to be much worse than expected. Other small societies which C&G absorbed in 1990 accounted for 17 per cent of the provisions

Total assets rose by 28 per cent to £14.8bn, while mortgage lending was up by 22 per cent

The return on assets was
1.39 per cent, well above the
industry average.
C&G, already the lowest-cost
producer in the mortgage
industry, reduced its cost-income ratio from 27.6 per cent to 25.9 per cent. Mr Longhurst said that the

C&G took over in January last year.

Mr Andrew Longhurst, chief executive, admitted yesterday performance showed resilience in a very difficult market.

He issued a veiled warning to the government that unless

hunt, Hertfordshire.

134.7p to 152p per capital share over the 1991 year - an advance of 12.8 per cent. Net revenue of this split-cap-ital trust amounted to 23.17m

(£3.22m) for earnings of 12.87p

The recommended final divi-

dend is again 1.5p for a maintained total of 13.6p.

Usinor Sacilor, the large

French steel group.

The new company will trade under the name of Galvanisa-

Whitbread poised to

Whithread, the brewer and retailer, has put its JPM gam-

ing and amusement machine

manufacturing offshoot up for

sell machine arm

tion de L'Artois.

(13.06p) per income share.

£1.7m French buy

for Ash & Lacy

Tesco plans job cuts but

it changes the legal limits on the amount of their funding which building societies can raise on the wholesale money markets, he may follow Abbey National and convert C&G into a company. At present societies have an

absolute cailing of 40 per cent on their wholesale funding. The Building Societies Com-mission, the industry regulator, opposes raising the limit since if most of their funding came from the money markets rather than their members, building societies would effec-

tively cease being mutual organisations. view that mutuality is the only way forward for our industry,"

# **Holmes Protection \$35.5m in** the red and seeking new funds

By Richard Gourlay

HOLMES PROTECTION, the US security group that is restructuring under new man-agement following a shareholders' revolt last year, yesterday reported a \$35.5m (£19.8m) pretax loss for 1991 after exceptional costs.

Last December, new manage

ment under the chairmanship of Sir Ian MacGregor, former chairman of British Steel and the National Coal Board, secured a restructuring of group debt that would write-off half the \$69m figure.

Holmes said yesterday that its ability to continue as a going concern was dependent on it raising sufficient funds in a proposed new share issue to pay the lenders \$33m within the "next few months".

Budgens recently reported

pre-tax profits of 22.2m for the six months to November 28, compared with a restated loss of £33.000 for the same period

Mr von Spreckelsen described the results as a "sig-

nificant first step on the road

to recovery", and said his three-year plan to revitalise

the group was on course. He last night declined to dis-

cuss Mr Clarke's position, say-

ing any changes in senior management would be amounced in an official state-ment. Mr Clarke was not avail-

able for comment.

The loss for 1991 compared with previous profits of \$5.29m. Exceptional provisions of \$30.7m mostly related to the write-down of acquired subscriber contracts. Interest charges rose from \$7.29m to

Operating profits fell from \$6.6m to \$3.4m on sales down 7 per cent at \$59m from an operational base reduced by the previous board's sale of activities to repay debt.
Losses per share totalled 52

cents (earnings of 7 cents) After consultation with Arthur Andersen, its new anditors, Holmes has adopted more

contracts has been reviewed, leading to the \$21m write down, and fixed assets have also been reduced by \$3.6m, also taken as an exceptional charge. Holmes said its strategy was

to increase the recurring revenue base in order to cover the high proportion of fixed costs of running its moni-toring and servicing installa-

The group would pursue a vigorous sales effort and seek to acquire subscriber contracts

from third parties.

Orders for new installations in January had already surdards.

The useful life and carrying value of acquired subscriber

Table 19 passed the previous year's level by 20 per cent and there had been a substantial drop in cancellation rates.

# **Burton institutes new**

management structure

BURTON GROUP, the UK fashiou company which this week sacked Mr Laurence Cooklin as chief executive, has swiftly moved to create a management board consisting of the directors of its various chains to develop a more cohe-

sive group-wide strategy.

"The company is trying to develop a more collegiate structure than has recently been normal at Burton," the

company said.
Mr John Hoerner, who succeeded Mr Cooklin as chief executive, will chair the man-agement board which will meet

"I am a great believer in syndicating responsibility so that managers run with the ideas that they help shape," Mr Hoerner said after assuming the post.
While chief executive at

Burton also announced yes-terday that Mr Terry Green, formarly womenswear buying director at Debenhams, would succeed Mr Hoerner as chief executive of the department

store group.
Two Debenhams directors. Mr Keith Cameron, personnel director, and Mr Steven Sharp, marketing director, will now broaden their areas of respon-sibility on a group-wide basis.

PE Kemp suspended

PE Kemp has asked the Stock Exchange to suspend dealings pending announcement of a substantial acquisition.

# Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable 14, rue Aldringen Luxembourg Notice to Shareholders

**KLEINWORT BENSON SELECT FUND** 

Notice is hereby given, to the holders of shares of the Kleinwort Benson Select Fund-Sterling Bond Fund, that from 13th March 1992, the Sterling Bond Fund will widen its investment policy, change its currency of denomination from Sterling to ECU and change its name to European Bond European

Bond Fund will write its investment of the form of the European Bond Fund.

Holders of Bearer Certificates are requested to return these to the Company's registered address at 14, rue Aldringen, L-1118 Linxembourg, for these to be duly stamped. It should be noted that one month after the date of this announcement, Pageor Certificates which have not been duly stamped, will not any longer

It should be noted that one month after the date of this announcement, Bearer Certificates which have not been duly stamped, will not any longer be valid for settlement at the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. Further information may be obtained from Kleinwort Benson Select Fund's registered office in Luxembourg (tel: 352-4799 2073); from the UK Promoter, Kleinwort Benson Investment Management Limited, 10 Fenchurch Street, London EC3M 3LB, (tel: 44-71-956 6600) or from the Guerusey Share Distributor, Kleinwort Benson International Fund Managers Limited, Westbourne, The Grange, St. Peter Port, (tel: 44-481-727111).

By order of the Board

Luxembourg, February 14 1992

### KLEINWORT BENSON SELECT FUND Registered Office: 14, rue Aldringen L-1118 Luxembourg, Grand-Duchy of Luxembourg

Notice is hereby given, to the holders of shares of the KLEINWORT BENSON SELECT FUND, British Fund, Emerging Asia Fund, European Fund, International Fund, Japanese Fund, North American Fund and Pacific Fund (the "Equity Funds") that from 13th March 1992, the existing income distribution policy in respect of each Equity Fund will be discontinued and that a dividend accumulation policy, whereby the income arising in each Equity Fund will be accumulated within the relevant Equity Fund, will be adopted.

Further information may be obtained from the Kleinwort Benson Select Fund's registered office in Luxembourg (tel:352)-4799-2073): fax (352)-4799-6500); from the UK Promoter, Kleinwort Benson Investment Management Limited, 10 Fenchurch Street, London EC3M 3LB, (tel: (44) (071) 956-6600; fax: (44) (071) 623-5519) or from the Guernsey Share Distributor, Kleinwort Benson International Fund Managers Limited, Westbourne, The Grange, St. Peter Port, (tel: (44) (481) 727111; fax: (44) (481) 728317).

By order of the Board

# NOTICE TO THE UNITHOLDERS/SHAREHOLDERS OF

FRANCE INTERNATIONAL INTERNATIONAL

(RC B-15 756), 39 Alide Scheller, L-2520 Luxembo (RC B-25 388), 39 Allife Scheller, L-2520 Lucembour

DIVERSOND GARTIMORE PANTHEON FUND (RC B-25 397), 39 Alide Scheder, L-2520 Lupsymb Following the marger of the Funds mentioned above into the new mutual fund GARTMORE INDOSUEZ FINDS (RC B-22 747), 39 Alle Scheller, L-2520 Luxembourg the bearer certificates of the 5 old funds will be exchanged starting February 15th 1992 at Banque Indoorse: Luxerrisourg S.A., 39 Alike Scheller, L-2520 Luxerrisourg. As of March 15th 1992, only the new certificates will be of good delivery at the Luxerrisourg Stock Exchange.

BANQUE INDOSUEZ

LUXISMBOURG

# Spurs to challenge £0.4m writ

TOTTENHAM Hotspur, the company which owns the north London football club and which earlier this week announced a pre-tax profit for the first time in two years, has been served with a writ by Brown Shipley, the merchant bank, claiming some \$408,000.

The dispute stems from last year's battle to take over the year's battle to take over the club, eventually won by Mr Alan Sugar, head of Amstrad and chairman of Tottenham,

executive.

Brown Shipley advised the old Tottenham board on the is demanding payment for

payment because the bank's fees were "exorbitant". He added that Tottenham had already made provisions to cover the dispute

Net asset value up

sale. Mr Peter Jarvis, group chief executive, said the disposal was in line with the group's Yeoman Investment Trust strategy of concentrating on markets "where we are

### continues store openings expected at Budgens ing its 200th superstore at Mal-

Over the next year, a further 28 stores will open providing 8,500 jobs. About 5,000 of these will represent new job opportu-

tional shareholders last year installed new management.

Mr Clarke, a former trading and marketing director at Asaa Stores, was brought into Budgens in 1990 by Mr John Fletcher, who became chairman and chief executive of the group in 1985 after three years as managing director of Asda.

Last April institutions nities; the remaining positions will be filled through a redeployment of existing staff. In total, the company employs more than 80,000 full and part-time staff including 2,000 at its head office in Ches-• Co-operative Retail Services, which runs 118 Leo's supermarkets, will launch a promotion on Monday "guaran-teeing" the lowest price shop-ping basket on a range of

about 20 basic shopping items.
The company promises that if
the basket can be bought
cheaper elsewhere it will give
the shopper twice the difference in price back in cash.

# MR KEITH Clarke is expected to step down as managing director at Budgens, the small food retailer whose institutional sbareholders last year turning round Kafu Wasmund, the Budgens after turning round Kafu Wasmund, the Budgens after turning round Kafu Wasmund. the Bremen-based supermar-

**Further board change** 

Last April institutions forced the resignation of Mr Fistcher as chairman, injected £21.7m into the loss-making group and appointed Mr John von Spreckelsen as chief executive.

Last month Mr Derek Pretty resigned as finance director, to be replaced by Mr Graham Righy, one of the management troiks brought in by the insti-

NEWS DIGEST

a brighter future with a parent company more committed to the coin operated machine market he added. JPM, based in Cardiff, has a workforce of 250. Some 30 per cent of turnover is exported to European Community coun-

### Triton Europe turns in £2.61m halfway

Ash & Lacy is paying FFr16.7m (£1.7m) to acquire a third galvanising company in France.

The company, based in northern France, has been partly formed from a distingu Triton Europe, the independent oil and gas exploration and production group, reported after-tax profits of £2.61m for newly formed from a division of Nordgalva, part of GPRI the six months to November which is ultimately held by

The outcome compared with profits of £28m in the corresponding period of 1990 although this figure reflected the benefit of higher oil prices

already, or believe we can become, leaders.

"We consider JPM will have resulting from the Gulf war and exceptional profits from the sale of the group's North the sale of the group's North Sea assets and an exchange gain on the subsequent reduc-tion in bank debt.

Net production over the interim period amounted to 949,700 barrels - an average of 5.200 barrels per day - which represented a decline of 6 per cent. Some 88 per cent of the output stemmed from the Villeperdue field in France where another four horizontal wells are scheduled later this year. Directors said they were undertaking a re-evaluation of the group's current licence interests and exploration com-

mitments. Several licences would be farmed out or relin-quished and some applications for new exploration acreage would be withdrawn. Earnings per share emerged at 3.17p (33.96p). No interim dividend is declared (1p).

Corres - Total Total

### **DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED**

	Current payment	Date of payment	ponding dividend	for year	last year
BPfin		May 7	4.2	16.8	16.05
Crest Nicholsonfin		Apr 21	4.65	0.01	7.65
Triton Europeint	ni!	-	7	-	7 <b>ž</b>
Tat of Propertyfin	1.432	Apr 8	1.364	1.432	1.364
Yeoman Inv Trustfin	1.5	Apr 3	1,5	13.8	13.6
Dividends shown pence	per shar	e net exce	pt where	otherwis	state

### Caldwell raising £395,000 via rights

Caldwell Investments, the USM-quoted textile company, has announced a 1-for-4 rights issue of 1.69m new ordinary shares at 27p each to raise about £395,000 net of expenses. Mr Stanley Wootliff, chairman, said the company had taken the decision to finance its proposed expansion by way of a rights issue to intain prudent levels of bor-

rowing.
The issue is being underwritten by Harris Allday Lea & Brooks and it is expected that dealings in the new shares, nil paid, will commence on March

Caldwell directors intend to subscribe for their full entitle-

### Modest fall at Trust of Property Shares

The net asset value of the Trust of Property Shares showed a modest decline from 79.75p to 78.43p per share - over the 12 months to December 31.

Net revenue declined from £102,328 to £95,265 for earnings of 1.443p (1:55p) per 5p share. The proposed dis-tribution is raised to 1.432p

### ASSOCIATES CORPORATION OF NORTH AMERICA

9'4% Senior Notes Series A due 1996

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to the provisions of the Fiscal Agency Agreement (the "Agreement") dated as of March 12, 1986 between Associates Corporation of North America (the "Company") and The Chase Manhatian Bank, N.A., as Fiscal Agent, the Company has elected to redeem all of its outstanding 97.% Senior Notice Senies A due 1996 (the "Noties") on March 12, 1992 (the "Redemption Date") at a redemption price equal to 101% of the principal amount thereof (the "Redemption Price") plus interest accrued thereon to the Redemption Date.

On the Redemption Date, the Redemption Price will become due and payable upon each Note to be redeemed and on and after said date the sole right of a holder of a Note shall be to receive the Redemption Price plus accrued interest to the Redemption Date
Payment of the Redemption Price in the case of Bearer Notes will be made on and after the Redemption Date upon presentation and surrender of the Notes to be redeemed, together with all appurtenant coupons maturing subsequent to the Redemption Date, at the offices of any of the following Paying Agonts.

The Chase Manhaltan Bank, N.A. . London Branch Woolgate House, Coleman Street London EC2P 2HD, England Banque Bruxelles Lambert Averue Mamix, 24 1050 Brussels Belgium

Chase Manhatian Bank Luxembourg S.A. 5 Rue Plaets L-2338, Luxembourg-Grund Chase Manhattan Bank (Switzerland)

Coupons maturing on March 12, 1992 should be detached and surrendered for payment in the usual Payment of Registered Notes to be redeemed will be made only upon presentation and surrender thereof

By Mail
The Chase Manhattan Bank, N A
Box 2020
One New York Plaza - 14th Fl
New York, New York 10081
Alln: Corporate Bond Redemptions

By Hand
The Chase Manhattan Bank, N A
Institutional Trust Group Window
I Chase Manhattan Plaza - Floor 18
New York, New York 10081
Alth Corporate Bond Redemptions

interest on Registered Notes will be paid in the usual manner.

By THE CHASE MANHATTAN BANK, N.A. Dated February 7, 1992

ASSOCIATES CORPORATION OF NORTH AMERICA

# Saudis resist pressure for deep cuts at Opec talks

MINISTERS FROM the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries were in intense talks last night as Saudi Arabia resisted pressure for deep production cuts. The kingdom was being pressed to accept a production level of 7.7m to 7.8m barrels a day as part of an overall ceiling of between 22.5m and 22.8m b/d.

Mr Jibril Aminu, Nigeria's oil minister and current Opec president, said ministers remained 300,000 b/d apart in on the ceiling. And they are still uncertain as to how the cut will be shared. Mr Hisham Nazer, Saudi Arabia's oil minister is reluctant to trim output

Saudi Arabia has been coming under mounting pressure from its more impoverished colleagues inside the producers' club to agree to a cut in overall production that would give a boost to world oil prices. But the kingdom wants to shave little more than 1.2m b/d from output, leaving an overall ceiling of 23m b/d. Mr Nazer kept a low profile

at yesterday's talks and was often absent from meetings of the fractious organisation. But he was quietly insisting on a ceiling higher than most other ministers would like. Saudi Arabia is confident that a ceiling of 23m b/d will be low enough to underpin world prices. But the market is looking for more decisive action to put a floor under the price for the traditionally weak second quarter.
One delegate stressed that

the Saudi's more optimistic view of demand was close to other international forecasts and was not far from the esti-mate, by the Opec secretariat, that the call on Opec oil would be 22.77m b/d by April.
"Saudi Arabia will agree to share out production cuts if we

all decide on 23m b/d as a celling," one Gulf source said, "but below that we have no propos-

The brunt of the production cuts would be shared by Saudi Arabia, Iran, United Arab Emirates, Venezuela, Nigeria and Libya, which have all raised output to compensate for the absence of Iraqi and Kuwaiti oil from the market. Ministers from 12 countries appear to be united behind a cut of at least 1.5m b/d, but Saudi Arabia is holding out. The kingdom is still pushing for production levels to be dis-tributed according to capacity.

But ministers have debated long and hard over their capacity levels. In the run-up to fix-ing individual production lev-els, there is a tendency by some artificially to inflate their figures in order eventually to gain a higher share of the over-

all ceiling.
One delegate said that if all of these claims were added up, they come to an overall output of 25.3m b/d, at least 1m b/d higher than outside estimates for Opec capacity. It is way above the secretariat's estimate of December production, 24.4m b/d, which was when producers were believed to be pumping flat out. "These numbers are all purely fictitious,"
the delegate said. "nevertheless, we've been debating them

all morning."

At the same time, the agreement must make some allowance for Iraq and Kuwait. Mr Aminu said that any final deal would include a clause calling on members to institute immediate cuts if Iraq returned to the market, although Baghdad is unlikely to start exporting oil before Opec's next meeting in May. Kuwait will be allowed to produce freely and the emirate has said it could be pump-

# Chile angers its fruit exporters

FRUIT EXPORTERS in Chile are up in arms over govern-ment plans to allow Argentine rivals to ship their produce through Chilean ports. As the world's leading sup-

pliers of fresh fruit during the northern hemisphere's winter months, Chilean producers fear they will lose hard-won markets in Japan and elsewhere in Asia if Argentina gains access to a Pacific outlet for its fruit exports. They also fear that the transit of fresh Argentine pro-duce through Chile might bring pests such as the Mediterranean fruit fly, despite promises of stringent sanitary

"We cannot understand why the government is willing to put our exports at risk," Mr

BOOKER TATE, a subsidiary

of Booker, the UK food group,

is to take over the manage-ment of the troubled Barbados

sugar industry for six months.

The island's heavily indebted

industry is to be placed in

receivership at the end of this

By Canute James in Kingston, Jamaica

federation, said this week. "We are strongly urging the authorities to reconsider this deci-

The opening of nine Chilean ports to Argentine trade by 1993 forms part of an economic integration accord signed between both nations in 1990. Mr Ivan Nazif, the deputy minister of agriculture, said yesterday that there were economic benefits for Chile in the accord, benefits for Chile in the accord, including charges for port services. He said Argentine fruit would have to be pest-free before crossing the Andes.

But fruit producers are not convinced by the official guarantees. They are particularly arranged about the transit of

worried about the transit of Argentine fruit through the northern Copiapo valley, an Ricardo Ariztia, president of oasis of orchards reclaimed fredefruta, the fruit producers from the Atacama desert.

Tate's temporary management

follows increasing financial problems which saw a shut-

down of the Barbados sugar

industry late last year. It has been restarted with the assis-

The sugar industry owes a

bank.

The contract for Booker local bank the equivalent of

Copiapo produces the first grapes of the season, which fetch the best prices in the US and Japan. Chilean producers do not want competition from northern Argentina, which harvests in the same months.

The proposed measures could not come at a worse time for the Chilean fruit trade. The US recession has depressed demand and prices. The Americans are complaining about the quality of Chilean fruit this year, which was ham-pered by frosts and heavy rains in October. A revaluation of

the Chilean peso last month is also squeezing profit margins.
Fresh fruit exports earned \$948m last year, a 35 per cent increase over 1990. But the exponential growth of the past

European Community and the

US, and satisfying domestic

new regulations would cut its income. "We understand that Norilsk will ask the govern-Booker to manage Barbadian sugar ment to make some exceptions to the rules so that it can pay for the project," he added. The LME's three-month US\$87m, and has been troubled by falling production in recent years. The 1991 harvest yielded nickel price jumped by \$55 a tonne to \$7,892.50 yesterday after the market absorbed this 65,774 tonnes, the lowest in 60 years, and the industry has news. Aluminium, which rose been restarted with the assistance of a loan from a British its quota commitments to the

# Russian supply fears lift metal prices

By Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent

NERVOUSNESS ABOUT the impact of new Russian export regulations on aluminium and nickel supplies caused prices to rise sharply on the London Metal Exchange yesterday. Management at Krasnoyarsk, the world's second-largest aluminium smelter, have warned the Russian government that it will start to shut

down the export sector of the plant — which accounts for about one third of the 800,000 tonnes annual output — from February 25 unless the regula-tions are revised. "We are on the brink of bankruptey," Mr Vladimir Krutko told Reuter. He said the new regulations had added 3m roubles in export duties to the 1.4m rouble cost of transportation. In addition, half the hard currency earned had to be converted into roubles.

Analysis suggested the

Analysts suggested the Krasnoyarsk management was putting political pressure on the Russian government but was unlikely to make produc-tion cuts. "I would be very surprised to see this followed through. This is one of the few ways Russia can earn foreign

through. This is one of the few ways Rusaia can earn foreign currency," said Mr William Adams, analyst at the Rudolf Wolff commodities group.

Mr Robin Bhar, analyst at Carr Kiteat & Aitken, part of the Banque Indosues group, said: "This is posturing to get the export tax reduced. The Russian civil servants are new in the job and need educating to the job and need educating about what is reasonable in a market environment. They

will back off."
Norilsk, the world's biggest
nickel producer, is also complaining that its ability to finance essential technical improvements is being handiimprovements is being manufcapped by the new regulations which involve Russian companies having to convert 50 per cent of any foreign exchange earnings into roubles.

At risk is the US\$600m plan

submitted by Outokumpu, the state-owned Finnish group, to renovate Norilsk's Pechenganikel smelter on the Kola Peninsels. Mr Pekka Hynynen, project director, told Reuter Norilak hoped to pay by sell-ing aluminium abroad but the strongly on Wednesday because of rumours about the Krasnoyarsk problems, closed up another \$20.25 yesterday at \$1,293.75 a tonne.

WORLD COMMODITIES PRICES

# South African farmers pray for rain By Patti Waldmelr, recently in the Transvasi

"Only God can belp us through this crisis," said the Afrikaner preacher called to provide spiritual guidance to South Africa's farmers, who have been hit by one of the worst droughts in living memory.

Indeed, in the eastern Transvaal town of Bethal, where
Dominee Nel was delivering his sermon at a farmers' meet-

ing earlier this week, elderly residents say this drought is the worst since 1933. Mr J.G. Wilson of the local agricultural co-operative says maize farmers in the area - one of the largest maize producing regions – have already lost 80 to 100 per cent of their crops. Agricultural economists point out that drought years are more the norm in South Africa than the exception. But Mr Koos du Tott, chief economist of the South African Agricultural Union, says it is the worst drought he has ever seen, and the most widespread. Farmers who produce malze, South Africa's staple food, will be the hardest hit, with stock farmers also at risk. Mr du Toit endorses comparisons with 1933, a highly emotive year for Afrikaners because of the num-

Maize production Million tonnes - (White farms only) 1981/2 86/7 87/8 90/1

The Maize Board, the state marketing board, expects a crop of 4m tonnes, though Mr du Toit believes it could be closer to 3m or 3.5m, which would make it the worst harvest in 50 years. The board expects to import 2m to 3m tonnes of maize for local con-sumption, at a cost of R1.5bn.

could hit 3.5m.

Mr du Toit believes imports

said that it will act to prevent farmers leaving the land this time – although it has little room for manoeuvre, given the fragility of the country's political transition, the depressed economy and the demands of blacks for a fairer share of gov-

ernment spending.
None the less, Pretoria is understood to be contemplating substantial drought aid for farmers: several hundred million rands, or perhaps as much as Ribn (£200m) over two to three years. Without such aid, the Malze Board estimates that some 2,000 to 3,000 of the 17,000 some zone to 3,000 of the 11,000 maize farmers could be forced off the land this year, victims of high interest rates, high input costs, and excessive debt, with drought just administering the costs of accessive description the costs of accessive descriptions.

ing the coup de grace. Given the ruling National Party's current unpopularity among whites — especially farmers, who are traditionally ultra-conservative — this could prove a serious political blow to the reform process.

But the alternative numerous bankruptcies

could have a serious knock-on effect in several areas. Farm labourers, most of them black, could lose their jobs; with

have also been to New Zea-

and's advantage, as they have raised the price of European exports, leading to a strength-ening of international prices.

This was helped by a drop in supplies coming on the market, because of a fall of about 2 per

cent in European production.

The flood of supplies from the former communist states in

eastern Europe, which had

belped disrupt the market last season, also ebbed.

Mr. Spring said New Zealand had also benefitted from con-

overall, this could be a severe problem. Businesses in rural towns are already suffering and more could fold because of

drought.
Millions of black subsistence farmers will also be victims of drought, with the charity Operation Hunger warning that hunger could turn to starva-tion soon in many rural areas.

Farmers say abnormally low rainfall and unusually high daytime temperatures have just compounded the already precarious financial situation of many. They complain of deteriorating terms of trade, noting that an imported tractor which cost the equivalent of 191 tonnes of maize in 1985, had risen to cost the equiva-lent of 347 tonnes by 1989-90.

Farm debt is another serious problem, with farmers struggling to repay debts of nearly R16bn at interest rates of over 20 per cent. Low agricultural output will depress overall eco-nomic activity, slowing South Africa's recovery from a three-year recession. Real gross domestic product has been forecast to rise by 1.5 per cent this year, though that figure could prove much too optimis-tic if the worst drought predictions are borne out.

# Cocoa touches 6-month lows

By David Blackwell

COCOA PRICES touched six-month lows in both London and New York yesterday. The London May contract closed at 2694 a tonne, down 28 on the day and £14 on the week. The market's continuing decline (last week May fell £48) has taken traders by surprise. Prices had been expected to advance on forecasts of the first production deficit for eight years. However, arrivals at ports in the Ivory Coast, the higgest producer, have contin-ued to be higher than expected. In addition, market talk suggests that manufacturers are selling nearby positions to

force prices down ahead of West African price fixing for the 1992-93 season. Under an IMF agreement the Ivory Coast has to sell two-thirds of next year's crop before summer.

Mr Lawrence Eagles, analyst with GNI, the London futures broker, said large numbers of speculative and fund "longs" who were anticipating a price rise had been forced out of the

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The decision day Tal street

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at one these meetings now is to fix the date of the next meet-

ing," said one observer.

# Price rise brightens outlook for New Zealand dairy farmers

the New Zealand Dairy Board, which is a national co-opera-

tive, are likely to make addi-

tional payments from their own profits. This has averaged

55 cents a kilogram and a similar figure is predicted for this season, suggesting that the average farmer will receive a total payout of about NZ\$5.60 a

Even at this level, returns

will not have regained the levels of the late 1980s. In 1989 the

payout was NZ\$5.80 a kilo-gram, falling to NZ\$3.70 in 1990 and \$8.50 last season.

The new season began on a somewhat happier note in July, and the board said in October that it hoped to raise

its payout to about NZ\$3.90. In

mber it announced a pay-

kilogram.

By Terry Hall in Wellington

bers forced off the land by

THINGS ARE looking up for New Zealand's dairy farmers, thanks to currency changes and firmer international

Yesterday the New Zealand Dairy Board announced they are to receive an unexpected 60 are to receive an unexpected 60 NZcents (18p) a kilogram for milk fat equivalent in their latest seasonal quarterly adjustment. This brings the pay out so far this season to NZ\$4.70 a kilogram. Mr Dryden Spring, the board chairman, said that the probable final price for the season was be between NZ\$5.10 and NZ\$5.20 a kilogram. and NZ\$5.20 a kilogram.

The extra payment repre-sents an NZ\$8,000 boost to the average dairy farmer when the money is paid out on February 20, on top of an average NZ\$10,000 monthly payment for the 10 month season, out of which they have to pay farm costs, tax and interest charges. The change has come relatively quickly. Last season was disastrous for the industry, with returns at historic lows. Most farmers, who receive no state assistance or subsidies, operated at a loss, and there was real concern that many would abandon their farms. The total board payout was NZ\$3.50 a kilogram and the board was compelled to inject NZ\$50m of its reserves to bring the payout to NZ\$3.70.

. The 15 companies who form

out of NZ\$4.10 for that quarter, and said that if present trends continued the end of season payment might reach NZ\$4.25. The change means that the dairy industry will earn New Zealand more than NZ\$3bn this season, compared with NZ\$24n last year.
The devaluation of the New Zealand dollar, of about four

per cent since the end of November, made a significant contribution to the improvement in returns.

Exchange movements of the US dollar, in which the international trade is conducted, against European currencles

thusing growth in consumption in the developing Asian mar-kets, and Latin America. Grow-ing wealth is seeing a steady rise in consumer, interest in dairy products in these regions.
These favourable factors allowed the board to reduce its

stocks during the season. They had been high when the season began. The board does not amounce its stock levels for commercial reasons, but Mr Spring said he was "comfortwith the present situa-

Board staff say, however, that the improving situation will be monitored closely. The more milk than it needs, mostly because of subsidies, and the potential this has to disrupt the market remains a matter for concern.

market, further increasing the downward pressure.

This week's meeting of the International Cocoa Organisation's working party on a new agreement finishes today but little progress is expected. The ICCO Council meets next week, but the market is likely largely to ignore the proceedings. "The most important decision taken

# **MARKET REPORT**

Copper prices on the LME continued to derive support from technical factors following Wednesday's chart advance. But stiff resistance was seen around \$2,230 a tonne for three-month metal. Fresh consumer interest is needed to maintain the recent rally, dealers said, otherwise prices may drift back below \$2,220. On Comex prices were also ahead at midday. "The rally seems more technical in nature than fundamental but there is a continued and growing optimism the market will see some strong Chinese demand. The key in near term is for March to hold above Meanwhile, Codelco said its

### London Markete

London Mai	'kets	
SPOT MARKETS		
Crude oil (per barrol FQB)		+ QT -
Outbal Brent Blend (dated) Brent Blend (Apr) W.T.1. († pm est)	\$15 55-6.60w \$18.45-8.55w \$18 25-8.35 \$19 50-9.60w	+.225 +.175
Oli products (NWE prompt delivery per to	onne CIF)	+ or
Premium Gasoline Gas Oli Heavy Fuel Oil	\$207-209 \$173-174 \$65-66	-1 +1
Naphtha Petroleum Argus Estimetes	\$186-189	+3
Other		+ ar -
Gold (per troy oz) Silver (per troy oz) Piednum (per troy oz) Palledium (per troy oz)	\$358.40 423.0c \$369.25 \$86.25	-0,7 +3 +1
Copper (US Producer) Lend (US Producer) Tin (Kusia Lumpur market)		+2.70 -0.03
Tin (New York) Zinc (US Prime Western)	261.50 62.0	<b>-4 50</b>
Cattle (live weight)! Sheep (live weight)! Pige (live weight)!	107,10p 101,55p 95,95p	-1,43 -2,20 +0.12
London daily sugar (raw) London daily sugar (white) Tate and Lyle export price		-3.10 -0.4 +2
Barley (English feed) Maize (US No. 3 yellow) Wheat (US Dark Northern)	Unq £147.0 Unq.	-0.5
Rubber (Mar)♥ Rubber (Apr)♥ Rubber (KL RSS No 1 Feb)	50.25p 50.50p 213.5m	+0.25 +0.25 -0.5
Coconut oil (Philippines)§ Palm Oil (Malaysian)§ Copra (Philippines)§	5725y 5385.0q \$487.5y	+ 10 -2.5 + 7.5
Soyabeans (US) Cotton "A" Index Woottops (54s Super)	£146.5z 56.25c 452o	+2 +0.35 +30

Chuquicamata mine produced less fine copper than it was expected to in January because It had to process harder ore rocks lowering its milling capacity. Lead matched the general trend in LME base metals and edged higher as the technical picture started to look constructive. Tin lost further ground on profit taking prompted by recent six-month highs. But tightness around April and a shortage of quality metal continues to support underlying sentiment. Weak New York arabica coffee futures out pressure on London, where plentiful supplies of robustas were already keeping a lid on the market.

	mbitea	from Re	uters
SUGAR	t – Lond	on FOX	(\$ per to
Raw	Close	Previous	High/Low
Mer	177.40	176.00	177.60 175.60
May	178.00	176.60 183.20	177,80 175,40
Aug	186.60		184.80 183.40
White	Close	Previous	High/Low
Mar	265.0 262.0	255.7 262.7	255.5 250,9 264,5 261,4
May Auc	267.B	267.7	269.0 267.0
Oct	258.5	257.7	259.7 257.9
Mar	251.0	280.4	260.7 259,8
White 3	846 (3656) White (FFr	)	a of 50 toutes. ): Mar 1431.44,
CRUDE	OIL - U	·K	\$/be
	Later	t Previo	us High/Low
Mar	18,52		18.50 18.31
Apr	18.34		18.53 16.20
May Jun	18.30 18.20		18.45 18.20 18.35 18.16
iui	18.15		18.30 18.10
PE Inde		18.50	
umove	r 23500 (4	13652)	_
AAS OI	L – IPE		3/10
	Close	Previous	High/Low
vier	169.75	169.50	171.50 189.25
<b>L</b> pr	167.75	167.00	169.50 167,00
Any	188,00	185.50	167.25 165.50
lun	166.75	106.50	167.25 166.00
kun Kul	166.75 189.00	166.50 168.60	167.25 166,00 169.00 167.50
lun	166.75	106.50	167.25 166.00
kun kul Lug	166.75 169.60 171.00	166.50 168.60 170.25	167.25 166,00 169.00 167.50 171.00 170,00
kun kul kug Sep Oct	166.75 169.60 171.00 173.00 175.00	166.50 168.60 170.25 172.50 174,75	167.25 166,00 169.00 167.50 171.00 170.00 173.00 172.09
un ul ung esp ect ect extension exte	166.75 169.60 171.00 173.00 175.00	16 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	16.50 16.50 10.25 12.50 14.75 10.10 14.75 10.10 14.00 14.50

Egyptian new potatoes at 20-30p a lb. Supplies of tometoes are plentiful and are priced at 45-75p a lb. Celery at 50-80p a hoed and spring ordens at 45-55p a bu

cocc	A - Los		£/tonne
Mad	Close 865	Previous	
Mar May	894	675 702	674 655 704 685
Jul Sep	722 744	727 761	781 715 754 787
Dec	780	786	788 773
Mar May	813 831	816 835	816 805 629 827
Jul	860	854	848 845
Turno	ver: 8565	(4459) lots	of 10 tonnes
price	ingicator for Feb.11	Prices (30 839.85 (30	Ra per tonne). Delly 3.90) 10 day average
for Fe	b.12 871.J	3 (878.27)	-
COFF	ing – Los	eden PQX	\$/tonne
	Close	Previous	High/Low
Mar May	861	878 200	884 862
ألتال	891 914	908 931	914 890 935 912
Sep Nov	936 968	957 975	962 937 964 964
Jain	890		985
Turno	ver:2387 (	3966) lote o	6 tonnes
Feb. 1	1: Comp.	daily 57.37	onts per pound) for (56.83) 15 day aver-
<b>age</b> 57	r.50 (57.90	) March £490	
	-	London FO	
-JIA	Close	Previous	
Apr	120.0	119.7	120.2 119,8
May	136.0	135.3	139.8 139.0
APT	128.0	125.0	127,0 127,0
lumg	MET 169 (44	0) lots of 20	i 10fines.
SOYA	MEAL -	Lenden FO	X £/tonne
	Close	Previous	High/Low
Jun Aug	121.00 121.50		121,00 122,06 121,50
		) lots of 20	
77.24	HT - Los	ndou POX	\$10/Index point
	Close	Previous	High/Low
Feb Mar	1303 1375	1327 1386	1311 1305 1396 1370
Apr lei	1385	1396	1400 1386
Oct	1200 1339	1213 1356	1200 1190 1350 1330
BFI	1323	1330	
Turnov	er 403 (53	7)	
GRAIN	8 - Les	ion PCX	£/tonne
Wheet	Close	Previous	High/Low
Mar	125,00	125.05	124.95 124.80
May	128,60	125.70	128.55 128.40
Jun Nov	130,50 114,60	130.45	130.25 130,10 114.75 114.50
Jen	118,65		718.10
Berley	Close	Previous	High/Low
Mar	117,15	118.90	116.85 116.75
May	120.10		120.00 119.60
	er; Wheet	495 (118). I	Barley 44 (21).
Turnov			<u>.                                    </u>
Turnov			
Turnov Turnov PROS -		FOX (C	sah Settlement) p/kg
TURNOW		POX (Co	sah Settlement) p/kg High/Low
TURNOW	London		High/Low 120.5
PICS -	Close 120.8 118.0	Previous 121.0 118.9	High/Low 120.5 118.5 T18.0
PIGS - PIGS - Mar Agr May Jun	Close 120.8 118.0 118.5 116.0	Previous 121.0	High/Low 120.5
PICS -  Mer  Apr  May  Jun  Jul	Close 120.8 118.0 118.5 116.0 110.0	Previous 121.0 118.9 117.8 116.0	High/Low 120.5 118.5 118.0 118.5 116.0 118.0 117.5 116.0 115.5 110.0 109.9
PIGS - PIGS - Mar Agr May Jun	Close 120.8 118.0 118.5 116.0	Previous 121.0 118.9 117.8	High/Low 120.5 118.5 118.0 138.0 117.5 118.0 115.5

LONDON METAL EXCHANGE						(Prk	es supplied	by Amaig	permetted J	Vetal Trading)
	Cicse		Prev		High/Li	DW _	AM Officia	l Kerb (	cices (	Open Interest
Alexandra	, 99.7%	ban pil	(S per	tonne)				Total de	dly turnos	rer 40,402 lots
Cash 3 months	1289.5- 1293.5-		1248 1273	.8-9.5 -74	1294/12	290	1265-86 1280-8.5	1292-0	8 1	44,857 lots
Copper, Gr	- A (	2 per t	onne)					Total da	lly turnos	rer 20,440 lots
Cash	1255-80	-	1253	-34	1234		1234-85			
3 months	1278-8.	5	1256	-67	1279/12	<b>251</b>	1256.5-57	1274-7	4.51	21,450 lots
Leed (£ per	r tonne)							Total d	ally turno	wer 2,032 lots
Cash	284.75			0.08-0	267 7282		262-2.5			
3 months	296-62		291.2	\$-1. <b>5</b> 0	299/292	<u>.                                    </u>	293-3.5	298.54	7 1	8,274 lots
Michael (\$ pe	er tonne	<u> </u>						Total d	ally turno	wer 3,486 lots
Cash	7845-66		7775				7765-66			
3 months	7890-96		7835	40	7890-77	80	7820-25	7845-6		8,273 lota
Tin (\$ per t								Total d	egy price	ver 1,711 lota
Cesh 3 months	5665-66 6885-90		5705 5730		5675 5720/58	_	5570-75 5595-98	-		
Zinc, Speci				_	0/20/40		3000-90	5965-70		,607 lots
Cash	1129-31				4 4 5 5 4 4 4	<del></del> -	440	10001 6	aty zumo	ver 9,002 lots
3 months	1140-41		1128- 1139-		1135/11 1150/11		1134-35 1145.5-6.0	1139-40		4,163 lots
LIKE Clock	e E/S n	-								4.00 14-5
SPOT: 1,770	15		3 mon	tha: 1.7	447		months; 1,	7178	9 n	nonths: 1.6965
LONDON 1	ULLIO	H MAI	KET	_		N	ew Y	ork		
(Prices sup	plied by	N M	Rother	child)						
Gold (fine o	z) S onk	_	_	equiv	alent	60	LD 100 troy	oz.; \$/troy	OZ	
Close		0-356.0		042.7			Class	Previous	High/L	<del></del>
Opening	357.4	0-857.				Feb	355.9	355.1	357.5	355.5
Morning fix				96.802		Ma		358.7	0	8
Atternoon fi		0 0-358.(		200.676		Apr Jun		359.6 361.5	359.2 351.2	358.3
Day's low		0-356.				Aug		363.7	0	358.5 0
Loco Ldn M					4 1985	Oct	363.5	365.7	364.9	364.6
1 month		34	6 mor		3.23	Dec Feb		367,6 370,1	367.1 368.5	365.2 367,9
2 months		29	12 mg		323	Apr	357.3	389.0	359.2	358.5
\$ months	3.	27				91.4	TINUM 50 :	rov oor She	~ 42	
Silver Ex	p/fine	OZ.		Kê das e	gulv		Ciosa	Previous		
Soot	235.0	3	-	21.00		===				
3 months	240.8		4	24.80		Feb Apr	366.0 366.0	386.0 369.5	0 371.5	0 367.5
6 months 12 months	248,71 258,30			29.10 38.75		Jul	368.6	369.2	371.0	368.0
-		•		900		Oct	372.3	<b>371.3</b>	373.5	372.0
OOLD COD						Jan	372.0	370.8	373.0	372,0
(Prices supp		Engel	hard k	fotals)		SIL	PER 5,000 to	oy oz; cent	PLILON CCT	
	\$ ps	rice		viupe 3	alent		Close	Previous	High/Lo	W
Kregemand		25-357		200.50		Feb	419,7	420,7	0	-
Maple leaf		00-368		206.50-4		Mar	420.8	421.3	426.5	418.0
New Sovere	ign 87.5	0-88.5	0 .	49.25-4	1.75	Apr	421.7	422.7	0	0
=:						May Jul	423.4 428.5	424.4 427.3	429.0 432.5	421,0
TRADED O		<u> </u>				Sep	429,9	430.5	496.0	424.0 428.0
Aluminium (			فالد		uts	Dec	435.1	435.6	440.0	434.0
Strike price	\$ lonne	Mar	Jun	Mar	jan	Jan Mar	436.7 440.9	487.2 441.3	0 444.0	0
1200		का	117	3	17	May	445.3	445.6	441.0	440.0
1300. 1400		16	5Š.	37	<b>\$4</b>				<del>-</del> -	
		<u> </u>	_21	121	118	100	GRADE C			
Copper (Gra	de A)	G		F	uts	_	Close	Previous	High/Lo	W
2150		82	105	3	27	Feb	101.70	101.30	101.70	101.10
2250 2360		16	50	36	70	Mar	101.90	101.65	102.25	101.10
2500		1	- 19	120	138	Apr May	101.25 100.55	101.10 100.50	101.20 100.90	101.10
Collee		Mar		Mer		- Just	100.10	100.20	100.30	90.90 100.30
<del></del>	<u> </u>	_		<u>~€7</u>		Jul	92,70	99.80	100.20	99.50
450 600		39				Aug	99.55	98.65	99,80	99.80
550		3		14 61		Sep Oct	99,46 99,30	99.50 99.40	99,90 	99.80
						Nov	99,20	99.35	99,50 89,50	99.60 98.50
Cocce		Mer	May	Mar	May					
675	_	49	61		4	<b>8U</b> 0	AR WORLD			
700 725		25 6	60 42	2 10	8		Close	Previous	High/Lo	*
_		9		N	15	Маг	8.02	7.94	8.05	7.98
Breat Grade		Apr	May	Apr	May	May	8.15	8.10	8.18	8.12
1800		82	94	38	<u> </u>	Jul Oct	8.25 8.40	8.20 8.35	8.33	8.27
1850		<u>.</u>	67	68	<b></b>	Mar	8.64	8.57	8.41 8.54	8.36 ·
1900		5 <u>4</u> 35	45		110	May	8.75	8.09	8.70	8.70
			-							-

					- 01					
	Letest		OUS galls !			nicaç	30			
Mar					SOY/	ABEAMS 5	,000 bu min;	cents/60lb	bushel	_
Apr	19,48 19,64	19 <i>.27</i> 19.43	19.65 19.82	19.35 19.50		Close	Previous			_
May	19.71	19,49	19.85	19.56	Mer	670/2	570/0	571/8	556/0	_
الاراد اللارا	19.54 19.50	19.48 19.44	19,82 19.73	19.66	May	57776	578/4	578/4	573/4	
AUG	19.51	19,40	19.68	19,56 19,51	انبال	587/0	585/0	688/O	591/0	1
Seo	19.50	19.36	19.63	19.48	Aug Sep	590/4 593/0	588/4 591/0	590/4	596/0	
Nov	19.46	19.31	19.55	19,44	Nov	603/2	599/4	694/G 604/6	591/0 596/4	
Dec	19,47	19.31	19.56	19.46	Jen	612/0	608/4	812/0	608/0	
HEX	TING OIL	42,000 US	galis, cent	L/US galls	Mer	521/4	618/0	621/4	618/0	)
	Latest	Previou	s High/Lo	NY .	— May	627/0	625/4	827/0	825/0	_
Mer	5520	5537	5800	5480	<u> 301/</u>		L 60,000 lbs;		<u>·</u>	_
Apr May	5470 5405	5486 5408	<i>9</i> 540 54 <b>8</b> 0	5430 5380		Close	Previous	High/Lov		_
Jun	5340	6325	<i>5</i> 390	5330	Mar May	18,97 19.27	19.01	19.15	18.98	
Jul Aug	5340 5390	5320 5360	5365	5320	Jul	19.58	19.61	19 <i>.44</i> 19.75	19.23 19.55	
APP	2380	9300	5450	5375	Αυσ	19.77	19.78	19.92	10.74	
===					Sep	19.68	19.86	19.97	19.88	
000	3A 10 ton:	HER TOTAL	<b>.</b>		Oct Dec	19.95 20.32	19.95 20.35	20.05	19.95	
	Close	Previous	High/Los	,	Jan	20.40	20.42	20.48 20.45	20.31 20.40	
Mar	1075	1091	1083	1057	— Маг	20.60	20.60	o	0	
May	1112	1125	1118	1094	May	20,80		0	0	
Jul Sep	1160 1186	1162 1195	1157	1131	SOYA	BEAN ME	AL 100 tons:	S/Jon		-
Dec	1236	1241	1192 1239	1169 1221		Close	Previous	High/Low		_
Mer	1270	1275	1273	1257	Mar	172.8	172.7	173.3	172.0	-
May Jul	1296 1320	1301 1325	1295	1289	May	174.2	175.0	175.4	174.0	
Sep	1351	1356	0	0	Jul	178.2	177.3	178.3	176.0	
Dec	1386	1391	ā	Š	Aug Sep	17 <b>9,</b> 2 180,3	178.5 179.5	179.3	177.5	
COFF	EE "C" 37	,500tbs; ce	nts/ths	<del></del>	- Öct	195.0	193.2	180.3 195.0	178.7 198.0	
_	Close	Previous	High/Lou		Dec	196.5	194.7	196.5	194.3	
Mar	69.15	70.55			Mar	198.0	196.2	0	_ 0	_
May	71.85	73.60	71.20 74,20	68,50 71,50	MAIZ	E 5,000 bu	min; cents/	6lb bushel		
Jui	74.70	78.50	77.00	74.25	_	Close	Previous	High/Low		-
Sep Dec	77.35 81,10	79.00 82.70	79.75	77.30	Mar	263/0	264/2	254/4	262/0	-
Mar	84.90	<b>86.</b> 10	83.25 87,00	81.00	May	270/6	271/4	272/2	280/4	
May	88.90	90.25	0	85.00 0	Jut Sep	278/4	276/2	277/4	275/0	
العال	91.25	<i>9</i> 1.75	Ō	ŏ	Dec	273/2 271/2	272/2 289/4	274/0	27214	
					Mar	277/2	275/6	271/4 - 277/2	269/0 275/0	
~	NH 50 000	cents/lbs			_ May	280/6	278/6	200/6	279/0	
	Close	Previous			WHEA	7 5,000 ba	min; cents/	801b-bushel	<del></del> -	•
Mar	53.37		High/Low			Close	Previous	High/Low		•
May	55.16	54.60 56.82	54,43 56,12	53.35 54.95	Mar	422/2	42414	428/0	420/0	-
Jul	58,28	57.82	57.22	56.81	May	417/4	<b>417/0</b>	421/4	413/4	
Oct	58.80	\$9.60	59,60	58.76	Jui Sed	326/0	395/0	400/0	391/0	
Dec Mer	59.50 60.85	60.57	60.22	50,40	Dec	399/2 408/2	298/4 408/6	403/4	393/0	
May	61,63	61.85 62.48	0 62.15	0 62.15	Mar	411/0	408/0	418/4 413/4	403/4 404/0	
4tt	62.13	63.13	0	0	LIVE	ATTLE 40	,000 lbs; cen			•
ORAN	GE TAICE	15,000 lbs;	Cents/fbs			Close	Previous		<del></del> -	-
-	Close	Previous	High/Low		Feb	78,925		High/Low		
Mar	148.06	143.30	147.00	1000	- Apr	77,325	78,700 77,600	78,780	78.550	
May .	144.60	142.25	144,75	143.86 142.25	Jun	72.775	72.760	77. <b>775</b> 73.125	77.175 72.560	
<b>Jul</b>	143.25	141.00	143.25	141.15	Aug	68.950	60.125	89,300	68.900	
Sep .	137,50	136.00	138.00	196,50	Oct Dec	09,425	<b>69.900</b> .	69,500	69.325	
Nov '	131.00 131.00	130.05 130.00	132,00	130.50	Feb	69,900 69,250	70.300	70.250	60,000	
Mar	131.00	129.95	131,00	130.50			09.800	70.000	60.250	
May	131.00	129.95	O .	131,00 0	- TAE W		00 fb; cents/l	ber .		
Jul	131.00	139.96	0	Ð		Close	Previous	High/Low		•
		•			Feb	41.550	41.775	42,900	41,400	
		··		•	Apr Jun	41.350 45.750	41.975	42,300	41,250	
pere	CES				Jui	45.825	46,050 46,425	48,275	45.500	
		er Sersons	W 15 1001	_ 400-	Aug	44,425	44.900	48,650 45,150	46.750	1
1		_	xer 18 1931		Oct	41.450	41.800	41,900	44,375 41,275	
ـــا		Feb.12	unth ago		Dec Feb	43,850	44,175	44.275	43.85C	
<u>``</u>	1586.3	1565.6	1609.1	1664.8		44.825	46.D6Q	44 800	44.825	
DOW	JONES (E	lese: Dec.	31 1974 =	100)	PURK	HELLES 4	10,000 lbs; ca	mtavilb .		
I	Feb. 12	Feb.11	annin ago	yr ago		Close	Previous	High/Low		
Spot	119.24	116,75	172.44	122.37	Feb	36,000	36.275			
	es 122.51	121.90	121,48	127.99	May May	36,200	36.600	36,600 36,900	35,700 35,850	
					- FEY	37.45n	97 D3E			

37.875

38,100

## LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

# Market stands up well to bad news

By Terry Byland, UK Stock Market Editor

A SERIES of hammer blows from leading UK companies failed to depress London equi-ties yesterday, and an erratic performance left share prices little changed across the broad range of the market. Share trading remained very selective, although trading volume was boosted by heavy turnover in BP and Hanson after their respective quarterly results.

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A STATE OF THE STA

(2.4) (1.4) (2.4)

177

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Constant

Equities opened in good form, with the new record on the Dow Average overnight helping offset continuing ner-vousness over the valuation of the US equity markets. The FT-SE Index gained 8.5 points in spite of news of a sharp rise in UK unemployment last month, a development seen as likely to hinder the re-election chances of Mr Major's Conservative government.

**Dividend** 

hurts BP

DISAPPOINTMENT with the fourth-quarter dividend, and

results below the most pessi-mistic forecasts, triggered a fresh slide in BP shares, which

fell to their lowest closing level since April 1989. The stock

ended its busiest trading session since mid-1990 a net 10 lower at 274p, after touching

268p. Turnover topped 40m

Oil sector specialists said the

market had taken the dividend news very badly. The payment was held at 4.2p and most ana-

lysts had expected it to be increased to 4.3p.

ing earnings downgrades after the figures. Mr John Toalster,

at Strauss Turnbull, adopted

an extremely bearish stance:

"It is no longer a question of whether BP will cut the divi-

dend, simply a question of when and by how much; we think they will hold the pay-

ment for the first two quarters

and then cut the payment to 28p in the third. The shares

Dismay over BP's numbers triggered a predictable flurry

of switching into Shell, which

rose 4 to 478p on heavy turn-

Hanson active

First-quarter results from Hanson vesterday prompted

volatile and heavy two-way

trading. The shares closed 2 off

at 197% p after being more that

5 up at one stage. The recorded turnover was 24m shares. Han-

son was also the most active

stock option in the Traded

yield and the earnings per

share. There was also support

from a 45-page strategy review published by securities house

Hoare Govett. However, a deci-

sion to change the dividend policy led to wide confusion and there was concern over the

lower than expected tax

Airtours placing

sides of the Atlantic.

The profits were in the mid-

are going down to 220p."

over of 6.8m.

Options market.

news

shares.

Account	t Dealing	Dates
First Deallage: Jan 27	Feb 10	Feb 24
Option Declaration	mer. Feb 20	Mar 5
Last Dealings: Feb 7	Feb 21	Mar 6
Account Days: Feb 17	Mar 2	Mar 16

However, the market was abruptly turned back by BP's announcement of a heavy fall in income and an unchanged dividend for the fourth quarter. Market analysts had taken divided views on BP, and the trading statement from the global oil company brought some turmoil on the dealing screens. No sooner had the market settled down again than Lord Hanson disclosed his group's first recorded fall in

The shares consisted of 1.3m

ordinary, and 3.8m in warrants on behalf of the directors

which are due for exercising on February 28. The stock was bought at 250p and placed, or

conditionally placed in the

case of the warrants, at 252p.

Owners Ahrnad lost 24 to 109n

in sympathy with Airtours.

The two classes of shares in

Securicor and those of its 51

per cent owned subsidiary Security Services gave another

outstanding performance yes-

terday, responding to increasing hopes that the two companies may be on the verge of selling their minority interests in Cellnet to BT. Cellnet is one

of the UK's two cellular radio

per cent stake in Cellnet, and Security Services a further 27

per cent. Analysts said the Securicor/Security Services holdings in Cellnet are among the cheapest cellular stocks in

the world. BT holds the rest of

Telecoms specialists said BT

would be willing buyers of the Securicor/Security Services

holdings and that Oftel, the

telecoms regulator, would

allow such a move. It was also

pointed out that a sale would

before the general election.

be most likely to take place

US institutions were said to

chasing Securicor stock yes-

terday after good results from McCaw, the US cellular group.

Smith Barney, the US broker-age, has been a keen supporter of cellular issues recently.

Securicor ordinary shares added 15 at 765p and the "A"

Securicor has a direct 13.3

networks.

Cellnet.

Securicor busy

quarterly profits, adding that he saw "no signs of recovery in the market." The Footsie was soon down

by nearly ten points, although the activity was largely focused around Hanson and BP. Some other leading internationals, including ICI, replaced gains with losses, but trading died down as Wall Street opened the new session 13 Dow points off.
The absence of selling pres-

sure across the full range of equities enabled share prices to rally successfully, and the final quotation on the FT-SE Index of 2,522.6 showed a net fall of only 1.1 points; this fall reflected little more than the setback in both Hanson and BP, leaving the rest of the UK stock market effectively firmer on the day.

rose 25 more to 605p. Security

Services jumped 21 to 486p. BT came in for strong sup-

at 123% p. Harland Simon plunged 332p

to 253p after the group warned on big write-offs and the effect

of the failure of the late Mr

Robert Maxwell's businesses. Worries that London Elec-

worries that lodged a complaint with Offer, the electricity regu-lator, regarding supplies from National Power left the latter

5½ down at 214p. PowerGen declined 7 to 220p. A Daiwa

buy recommendation boosted

Babcock International put

on 2½ to 58p as the market assessed the news that it is buying CNH & Bulk, of Swe-

den, for £21.4m. Babcock also announced two share placings

involving 66.3m shares at 50p each to cover the purchase and

raise £9.5m for bonding requirements. The placings, arranged by Babcock's broker Pannure Gordon, were heavily

Dark clouds continued

around British Aerospace.

sending the shares to a new

low of 263p. This time, the wor-ries centre on the balance

sheet and on problems over

aircraft leasing. However, bar-gain hunters lifted the shares

and they closed only 2 down at

downgrades which prompted the shares to fall 14 to 413p. Smith New Court cut its prof-

Severn Trent Water 5 to 249p.

calm reception of yesterday's flow of bad news, as well as the persistent worries over the outlook for equities both in Tokyo and New York. The London market appears to have set into a pre-election mode, and traders do not expect much significant devel-opment on the UK side. Signs this week of renewed

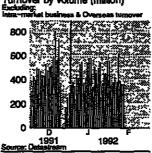
Market turnover was also political scandals in Tokyo are distorted by heavy trade in the Ordinary Share 9 now casting shadows in the UK two blue chip stocks, which market, and the successive between them were responsible peak performances on Wall Street have not removed for nearly 12 per cent of the day's Seaq volume total of deep-seated worries among some UK analysts that the US 527.2m shares; on Wednesday, 448.1m shares through the market may be seriously over-Seaq network were worth only £811.9m in terms of genuine valued in terms of underlying corporate earnings prospects. However, London remains Traders pointed to the low under the spell of the daily pervolume figure as the reason formances of the Dow and Nikbehind the market's apparently kei indices. This uncertain backcloth has

caused UK investors to remain highly selective and often willing to respond to somewhat long-whiskered takeover stories. Both Fisons and Cadbury Schweppes were active on such tales yesterday, although nei-ther stock attracted any convincing level of genuine invest-

# FT~A All~Share Index 1,300 1,250 1,200 1,150 1,100 port, still responding to a series of broker buy notes, with the "old" 4½ higher at 335p and the "new" 2½ better

retail business in equities.

**Equity Shares Traded** Turnover by volume (million)



its forecast for the sugar producer to £242m from £249m, while James Capel reduced its estimate by £5m to £240m. Financial constraints are likely to lead to a dividend cut and a sharp fall in the share price of stores group Burton, according to Credit Lyonnais Laing. It was suggested that the market is looking for a dividend in the range of 1.5p to 2.7p for the current financial

288p on turnover of 3m.
Currency risk for
Tate & Lyle, combined with
trading difficulties in the US,
led to widespread forecast year and 2p to 2.7p for the year to August 1993. Laing's profits forecast is £5m for 1992 and £15m for 1993 and it believes the dividend for both years may be cut to 1p from 2.7p for reasons of financial prudence. The broker thinks this could lead to a

> Bid speculation pushed Fisons ahead 15 to 388p. Some analysts said the shares were firmer on rumours that both ICI (off 2 at 1287p) and Hanson were possible bidders. The talk was that each was holding a 3 per cent stake in Fisons. Other names mentioned recently include Medeva, Merck and

Astra. Reuters Holdings gained 11 to 1115p as Hoare Govett, the company's broker, strength-ened its stance on the stock from "undervalued" to "buy". Hoare was said to be poised to

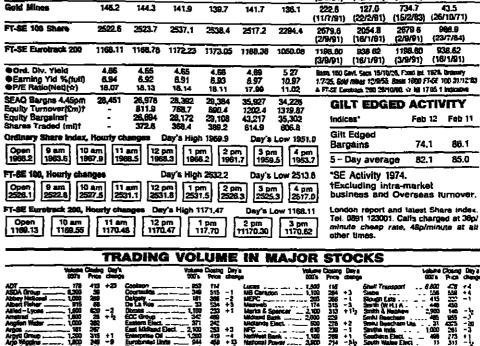
drug AZT, or Retrovir, does not help Alis virus sufferers to live longer. However, the shares rallied later, with mar-ketmakers pointing to "bear closing", and finished a net 14 up at 1117p. SmithKline Beecham eased 2

Granada Group gained on optimism over BSkyB, in which it is a shareholder, fol-

lowing positive results from News Corp, BSkyB's main stakeholder. A series of recent meetings, held by Granada chief executive Mr Gerry Robinson for analysts, have also helped sentiment. The shares added 7 at 232p.

MARKET REPORTERS: Christopher Price, Peter John, Colin Millham. Joel Kibazo, Steve Thompson.

Other market statistics, including the FT-Actuaries Share Indi-ces and London Traded Options,



FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

1991/92 High Low

88,41 82,17 127,40 49,16 (13/2/92) (2/1/91) (9/1/35) (3/1/75)

101.17 90.59 105.40 50.53 (12/2/92) (2/1/91) (28/11/47) (3/1/75)

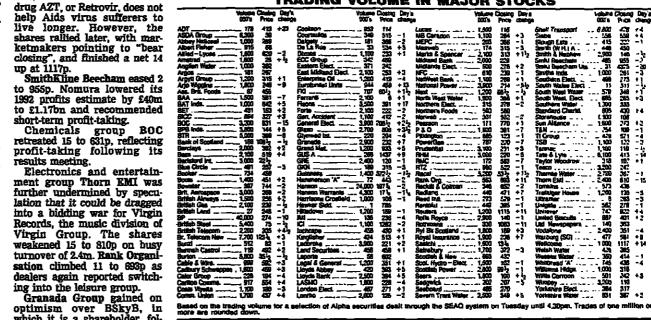
2108.3 1606.3 2106.3 49 4 (2/9/91) (16/1/91) (2/9/91) (26/6/40)

Feb Feb Feb Feb Feb Year 13 12 11 10 7 Ago

88.41 88.37 88.29 88.25 88.17 85.74

101.17 101.17 100.93 100.96 100.99 93.92

1957.4 1963.3 1964.2 1958.9 1945.1 1817.5



### **EQUITY FUTURES AND OPTIONS TRADING**

continued to drive futures lower in spite of a squeeze seen early in the session, writes Joel Kibazo.

Having opened at 2,538, the March contract's rise was strengthened as independent traders, taking their one from the good overnight performance on Wall Street, moved to fill short positions. That advance only lasted

until mid-morning, when a

after-hours' trading as the WORRIES over the economy more downbeat mood returned. The release of worse than anticipated UK jobless figures caused further weak-ness, as did the Wall Street

early decline. March closed at 2,535, down 4 on the previous session and around 5 points above its esti-mated fair value premium to cash of about 10. Turnover, at 4,880 contracts, was again poor. The dealers reported increased activity in March in

underlying cash market recovered from earlier lows. Traded options business was dull, with turnover of 21,207 contracts enlivened by two features. There was good two-way

business in Hanson, which announced reduced first-quarter profits. It traded 4,168 contracts, with the May 200 calls and May 200 puts particularly busy. BP, which also reported poor figures, traded 1,061 lots.

# NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1991/92

NEW HIGHS (182).

BRITISH RUBINS (30) Tr. 2pc II. 1982,
Flunding 6pc 1993, Ex. 9½ pc 1998, Tr. 6½ pc
1995-88. Ex. 12pc 1998, Tr. 8½ pc 1998, Ex.
12½ pc 1998, Tr. 10½ pc 1998, Conv. 10½ pc
1998, Conv. 9½ pc 2000, Tr. 13pc 2001, Tr.
10pc 2001, Tr. 9½ pc 2002, Dv. 7c. 17 10pc
2003, Tr. 11½ pc 2001-04, Conv. 9½ pc 2004,
Dv. 7c. (Conv. 9½ pc 2005, Tr. 12½ pc
2005-05, Tr. 8pc 2002-08, Tr. 9½ pc 2007,
Tr. 13½ pc 2004-08, Tr. 9pc 2012, Tr. 5½ pc
2005-12, Tr. 3pc 1998 Art., Consols 2½ pc,
Tr. 2½ pc, Tr. 2pc 11, 3pc 1992, Tr. 5½ pc
2005-12, Tr. 3pc 1998 Art., Consols 2½ pc,
Tr. 2½ pc, Tr. 2pc 11, 1994, Tr. 2pc 11, 1996,
OTHER PIXED BITEMEST (3) Asian Dav.
10½ pc 2003. Hydro Queboen 15pc 2011,
Inter-Amer. Dev. 9½ pc 2015, AMERICANS
(4) Honeyaell, Ingernal-Rand, Love's,
Whiripool, BANESS (1) Standard Chartered,
BREWERS 3 OBSTH LERS (3) Foster's
Brewing, Young A, Do. Non-Nag. BUILDING
MATERIALS (3) Espendent Index, Hoog
Robinson, Sherowood Computer, Chimicals
(2) Fosterer's Personson (1) BOC. 21 ECTTROMES (3) Hosterios-Swalin,
Indoxrola, ELECTTROMES (3) Hosterios-Swalin,
III. Instruments, BROMEELINES (3) Espenden, Pacific
(3) Patricer's Power (1) Conductor (1) Post, HEALTH & HOUSENDLD (2)
Patricer's Power (1) Conductor (1) Post, HEALTH & HOUSENDLD (2)
Patricer's Power (1) Conductor (1) Post, HEALTH & HOUSENDLD (2)
Patricer's Power (1) Conductor (1) Post, HEALTH & HOUSENDLD (2)
Patricer's Power (1) Conductor (1) Post, HEALTH & HOUSENDLD (2)
Patricer's Power (1) Conductor (1) Power (1) dle of the range of forecasts and many investors liked the A successful placing of new and existing shares in Airtours left the holiday group off 15 at 245p. US buyers were again in evidence as Hoare Govett, the broker, placed the 5.1m package with institutions from both

ceed van Wachem as president of Royal Dutch Petroleum, and will also become vice-chairman

of the committee of group managing directors, making him Sir Peter's heir apparent. On his retirement, van

Wachem will become chairman

of the supervisory board of Royal Dutch Petroleum. The

British and Dutch arms of Royal Dutch/Shell each provide

three group managing direc-tors and van Wachem will be

replaced on the joint commit-

tee by Martin van den Bergh,

50, who also becomes a managing director of Royal Dutch

Petroleum from July 1 1992.

An economics graduate, van den Bergh joined Shell Interna-tional Petroleum in London in

1968 as a finance trainee and

Scotish TV, Trinity, MRSCELLAMEDES (1)
Allumaso, Fil. Planigmum, MOTORS (1)
KWIG-FI, OM. & ASA (1) Evergreen Res.,
OTHER FRIANCIAL (3) Baring Puma, S &
U Stores, Seque Tet., PACKAGRIM, PAPER
à PRINTENG (2) Bournore, CMB Price,
PROPERTY (1) CAMY, STORES (1) Betteressee
Cons. Prods., TELEPHORE METHORIS:
S) Sequeritor, Do. A NV., Security Srvs.,
TEXTILES (1) Campart, TRANSPORT (2)
Brit. Airwaye, TVT. MRNES (3) Foresyth,
Gwalla Cons., MIM.
MEW LOWE (49).
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lost ½ to 35½p yesterday.

raise its 1992 profits forecast by at least £15m from its current £365m. Also, US investment house, Goldman Sachs raised its profit estimate ahead of a presentation by Reuters to US analysts yesterday afternoon. Tightly-traded Wellcome opened weaker in reaction to a US medical press article that said early treatment with its

LONDON SHARE SERVICE | Second | Prince | P BRITISH FUNDS | Five to Filtness Years | True 13 to pc 1997#. | True 14 to Filtness Years | True 13 to pc 1997#. | True 14 to Filtness Years | True 15 to pc 1997 | 1845 to 14 to 15 to 16 to 16 to 1897 | True 3 to 16 to 16 to 1897 | True 3 to 16 to 16 to 1897 | True 3 to 16 to 16 to 1897 | True 3 to 16 to 16 to 1897 | True 3 to 16 to 16 to 1897 | True 3 to 16 to 16 to 1897 | True 3 to 16 to 16

BRITISH FUNDS - Cont.

### APPOINTMENTS

# Shell follows tradition

Sir Peter Holmes, chairman of Shell Transport and Trading, is to succeed Lo van Wachem as chairman of the committee of managing directors of Royal Dutch/Shell, the world's second biggest oil group. Sir Peter has been vice-chair-

man of the committee since 1985, and his appointment to the most senior executive position follows the group's tradition of picking its senior executive alternately from its Dutch and British companies. However, since Sir Peter will

be 6' later this year, his tenure at the top will be much shorter that in the case of van Wachem who will have been chairman for seven years when he steps down on June 30.Cor-nelius Herkströter, 55, will suc-

Supply and

warned of severe shortages

government's decision last

month to allow gas imports could alleviate that problem.

by 1994, although the

demand

# Severnside's superstores

South Western Electricity (SWEB), which is spanning the Andrew Bogle has joined British Gas as head of supply river Severn in a new retailing venture with South Wales Elecand demand management, from Cookson, the industrial tricity, has assembled the team to head SWEB Retail from materials group, where he was strategic planning manager. Bogle's role of monitoring April. All four are from South Western, reflecting its 80 per short-term gas supply and planning for the longer term

cent share in the operation. Managing director is 53 year old Welshman Randoll Meadis even more pressing in today's climate of tight gas supplies. British Gas recently ows who, as trading director, has already been in charge of retailing at SWEB. Richard Quinton, 43, formerly finance director of Gateway Foodmar-kets, who joined SWEB late last year as financial controller

of the trading division, is the new finance director. Promoted to marketing director is John Herzberg, 38, who had been director of marketing planning with Comet.

before moving just over a year

between 1969 and 1979 worked

in Japan, Venezuela and Indon-

esia. Since 1989 he has been

based in London as regional

co-ordinator Western Remi-sphere and Africa and a direc-tor of Shell International. He

will be the youngest group

managing director on the joint committee. Mark Moody-

Stuart, the most recent British

addition to the committee, is

ago to SWEB. Malcolm Jarvis, 52, the new sales operations director, has been on the retailing side of SWEB for the past ten years and was closely involved in establishing the first superstore of a regional electricity company; one of SWEB Retail's priorities will be to increase its network of ten superstores.

■ Guy Walker, chairman of Van den Berghs & Jurgens, is also appointed chairman of MATTESSONS WALL'S; he succeeds Jeff Fraser, who becomes chairman of UNILEVER Australasia.

THAMES WATER has appointed George Wall contracts director of PWT Projects. ■ McVITIE'S has appointed

Hartwig Conzelmann md for southern and central Europe based in Frankfurt.

■ John Newman is promoted

to group commercial director of SHANKS & McEWAN; David Wheeler succeeds him as md of Shanks & McEwan (Waste Services). Michael Averill, business development director for Rechem, is promoted to succeed Wheeler as Rechem md. Les Baker, Rechem's technical director, is appointed director, government and legislative affairs for the group. Paul Kaye, finance director of Rechem, is appointed finance director of Shanks & McEwan (Waste Services) and Gavin Gracie takes his place. Andrew Ryan is appointed director of business development of Waste Services' southern division.

David Bell has been appointed advertisement and marketing director of the FINANCIAL TIMES. Barry Collins is appointed commercial director UK of the

power transmission and distribution division of GEC

■ Robert Rider is appointed

md of MASTERDRIVE, part

ALSTHOM.

Much the same as you, no doubt.

David Spanier recalls the amazing life and violent death of the man who broke the bank at . . . not Monte Carlo; but he tried almost everywhere else - and succeeded.

John Authers advises you how to spot the next Peter Clowes and avoid his attempts to siphon your savings into luxury yachts and high living.

Is the Queen really a "tourist in her own country"? Weekend FT readers give their ripostes to Professor David

# What is the FT getting up to this Weekend?

Cannadine's provocative front page article last week.

Christopher Price watches the property bargain-hunters snap up houses that are being auctioned because of bad debts and repossession orders. This is the place, he finds, where amateurs can beat the professionals.

Rabbi Lionel Blue tells his personal story of heaven and hell. And so it goes on...

Weekend **FT** Saturday February 15

## **RUSSIA**

The FT proposes to publish this survey on March 26 1992. The survey will be included in the FT of that day and will be printed in London, Frankfurt, Roubaix, New Jersey and Tokyo. It will be distributed in 160 countries world-wide. For further information about advertising in the

survey please contact Patricia Surridge in London,

Tel. 071 873 3426 Fax. 071 873 3079

in Moscow Tel. (095) 243 19 57 (095) 251 24 57 Fax. (095) 243 00 77 (095) 251 24 57

Nina Golovyatenko

FT SURVEYS

# Advertisement of creditors' meeting under Section 48(2) of the insolvency Act 1985

ACT 1980
COMPANY No.
719240 GL JAMES LIMITED
2002718 APEX STRUCTURAL LIMITED
2471816 PROJECT JOINERY LIMITED
1101943 MERLIM PLANT LIMITED All registered in England and Water

All registered in England and Water
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to
Section 48(2) of the Insolvency Act 1986,
that a meeting of the unsecured creditors
of the above-named companies will be
field at: The Calverty Hotel, Crescent
Road, Tunbridge Wells, on 27 February
1982 at 11.00em for the purpose of having
ald before 8 a copy of the report propried
by the Administrative Receiver under
Section 48 of the said Act, The meeting
may, 8' thinks fit, establish a committee

to district the influence by or under the Act.
Creditors are only created to vote it:

(a) they have delivered to me at the address shown below, no bist than noon on 28 February 1922, written details of the debts they claim to be due to them from the company and the claim has been duly admitted under the provisions of Rule 3.11 of the Insolvency Rules 1988; and (b) thore has been lodged with me any proxy which the creditor inlends to be used on his or her behall.

Please note that the original proxy agned by or on behall of the creditors must be lodged at the address mentioned: photocopies (including faxed opposy) are not acceptable. Signed: N J Yooght Joint Administrative Receiver. Dated: 12.2.92. Cark Gully, 42 Disgwall Road. Croydon, Surrey, CRO 28E.

LEGAL NOTICES

COMMERCIAL

PROPERTY Appears every Friday in the Financial Times. For del 1992 advertising rates and future surveys, please contact:-

PETER SHIELD

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Calls charged at 36p per minute chea and 48p per minute at all other itmes.

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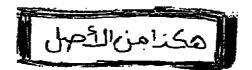
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# Dollar jumps on US sales data

THE DOLLAR steamed ahead on the foreign exchanges yes-terday, using the excuse of bet-ter-than-expected retail sales figures for its 1% premnig gain on the D-Mark, writes Peggy

Hollinger.
The US unit closed near its high for the day of DM1.6270 at DM1.6230. Economists said the dollar was now approaching a new psychological barrier of DML6350, the level which it hit in its first rally earlier this

Strong underlying demand fuelled the dollar's rise, as well as retail figures which showed sales up 0.6 per cent in January, compared with a forecast 0.2 per cent.

In the short-term, economists expected the dollar to continue its upward path. "It would be a brave man to stand in the way of the dollar at the moment," said Dr Mark Aus-

tin, an economist with Hong-Kong Bank.

However, he warned that the retail figures should be treated with caution. "Nothing fundamental has changed," he said.
The foreign exchanges appeared to have forgotten the threat of a rate cut in the US. The dollar's strength was most notable against the D-Mark and the Swiss franc. The Swiss unit continued to suffer from rumours earlier in

the week that the central bank **C IN NEW YORK** Feb.13 Latest

.7695-1.7705 0.92-0.90pm 2.70-2.67pm 9.12-9.02pm STERLING INDEX

**CURRENCY MOVEMENTS** 90.7 63.6 100.9 111.7 109.1 118.5 107.4 114.6 103.2 98.9 143.0 

**CURRENCY RATES** 0,779455 1,39655 1,65058 15,7629 46,0268 8,66769 2.5741 2.51477 7.61818 1682.77 177.292 8.76764 140,655 8.12513 2.00285 257.158 0.833056 2,04315 2,27965 6,75959 1535,65 162,203 8,01117 128,585 7,42084 1,83291 236,234 0,765735

Bank rate refers to central bank discount rates.
These are not toucked by the UK, Spain and Ireland,
 European Commission Calculations.
 All SDR rates are for Feb.12

OTHER CURRENCIES  would not halt a drop in the franc. Although that specula-tion was refuted by the Swiss National Bank, the denial had not been "as vehement" as usual, said Dr Austin.

The Swiss currency closed weaker at SFrl.4575, compared with SF11.4385. Mr Nigel Newman, senior economist at Barclays, suggested the Swiss cen-tral bank could "be staging a managed depreciation".

Against the yen, the US unit was still hampered by fears of central bank intervention. However, the dollar strengthened from Y127.55 to Y127.70. The D-Mark's weakness was noticeable against most Euro-pean currencies. Traders said, however, that the problem lay with a strong dollar rather than an inherently weak

The German unit fell against the pesets, from Pta 62.96 per D-Mark to Pta 62.92. Contrary to some expectations, the Bank

of Spain did not cut rates upon publication of figures showing core inflation for January up 1.5 per cent.
The Spanish currency's

strength put extra pressure on sterling which remained firmly at the bottom of the exchange rate mechanism grid.

Sterling remained fairly resilient against the D-Mark, despite disappointing jobless figures. These showed unemployment up 53,000 to 9.2 per cent of the workforce in Janu-ary - the highest level since October 1987. Forecasts had been pitched at a 30,000 rise. The pound closed steady at

Traders suggested that the pound's performance in recent days could offer the government a window of opportunity to cut interest rates. However, sterling would have to strengthen further against the D-Mark, to allow a buffer in the ERM grid.

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES

POUND SPOT - FORWARD AGAINST THE POUND

Three mostles DOLLAR SPOT - FORWARD AGAINST THE DOLLAR Three morths Fab 13

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Feb 13 104 - 104 104 - 104 17 - 97 17 - 97 17 - 97 10 - 97 Long term Eurodollars: two years 5½-5½ per cost; three years 6½-6½ per cost; flow years 6½-6½ per cost; flow years 7½-7 per cost, southeal, Short term rates are call for US Dollars and Japanese Year, others, two days' costice.

**EXCHANGE CROSS RATES** Feb.13 £ \$ CM Yes F Fr. S Fr. M FL. Lirz CS B Fr. Ecu 1,771 2,873 226.0 9,788 2,580 3,233 2159, 2,099 59,20 1,407 \$ 0.565 1 1.622 127.6 5.527 1.457 1.826 1219 1.185 33.43 0.794 DM 0.348 0.616 1 78.66 3.407 0.898 1.125 751.5 0.731 20.61 0.490 YEN 4.425 7.836 12.71 1000. 43.31 11.42 14.31 9553 9.288 261.9 6.226 FFr. 1.022 1.809 2.935 230.9 10. 2636 3.303 2206 2.144 60.48 1.437 SFr. 0.388 0.686 1.114 87.60 3.794 1 1.253 836.8 0.814 22.95 0.545 NFL 0.309 0.548 0.889 69.90 3.028 0.798 1 667.8 0.649 18.31 0.435 Lira 0.463 0.820 1.331 104.7 4.534 1.195 1.497 1000 0.972 27.42 0.652 C5 0.476 0.844 1.369 107.7 4.663 1.229 1.540 1029 1 28.20 0.670 BFr. 1.689 2.992 4.853 381.8 16.53 4.358 5.461 3647 3.546 100. 2.577 Em 0.711 1.259 2.042 160.6 6.957 1.834 2.298 1534 1.492 42.08 1

Yen ger 1,000: French Fr. per 10: Lira per 1,000: Belgian Fr. per 100.

Q1.60 a.m. Feb.130 3 months US dollars

FINANCIAL FUTURES AND OPTIONS

LIFFE LONG COLT PUTURES OPTH SSI,000 64ths of 100% 0-02 0-06 0-25 1-09 2-06 3-04 LIFFE EURONARK OPTION BACI'm paints of 180% LIFFE ITALIALI GRYT. SAND (1977) FUTURES OPTINIS Lika 200m 1800m of 1807 

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12% INSTRUMAL TRALLAN GRAFT, BORRS DRITPS LTDR, 200m 1000m of 100%. Close Rhot Low Mar 98.43 98.51 98.41, Jun 98.53 98.62 98.52

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**PARIS** 

רערואם מאלון ולפ

Adam & Coussin Alfied Trust Bank

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Close High Low Pres. 1144.0 1148.0 1148.0 1142.0 el volume 5 (0) | (27's open lat, 142 (142) \* Contracts traded on APT. Closing prices shows.

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6 moeths US Pollars

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MONEY MARKET FUNDS

**Money Market** Trust Funds Money Market

LIFFE MAID FATURES OFTEN: 00250,000 points of 100%

1.64 1.14 0.67 0.29 0.00 0.01

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BASE LENDING RATES

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Cyprus Popelar Bit
Dunbar Bank PLC
Duncan Lawrie
Equatorial Bank plc
Enter Bank Limited
Financial & Gen. Bank
First National Bank Plc.
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3.30 Mith 8.37 Mith 8.77 Mith 9.22 Mith 9.43 Mith 9.65 Mith 9.67 Mith

Roses are red, violets are blue, Green and black is my Pelikan true,

From his golden beak flow my words of love, leed my Pelikan, be my turtle dove! Selikan 🕲

JOTTER PAD

CROSSWORD

No.7,773 Set by VIXEN

**ACROSS** 

ACROSS

1 Not in favour of bait being used – show scorn for it (8)

5 Getting through can be tedious (6)

9 Paid ransom for certain military personnel held (8)

10 Argue about a boy's appearance (6)

11 Found press unyielding (4-4)
12 Seeing that one's in agreement in Italy — in Umbria

14 Making over in a not over-way-out fashion (10) 18 High-rise homes for social

workers (10)

There's point in spring retirement — point for review boards (6)

Beast causing a group of conservationists to run off

(8)
24 Sound — it can't split (6)
25 Opinion held about people being given a flat (8)
26 A writer of unsophisticated

26 A writer of unsopinisticated English (6)
27 Set at odds when some pest rang early (8)

DOWN
1 Copper getting blue in a clergyman's office (6)
2 Badly done, so lumpy (6)
3 Only half of them returned call, which is really sickening (6)

ing (6).
4 Taking new men on, help a development that's sensa-tional (10)

6 There's nothing like absorbing poetry when abroad (8).
7 Encourage the serving of the currently popular drink.

8 Gets in an odd order for flowers (8)
18 Still without a subject for

discussion? (10)
15 On the move, quietly every cise back in some disconing fut (8)
16 Animal circumventing

16 Animal circumventing, and smare in the dark (8)

17 The bother William wanted May too (5-3)

19 "Shone like a stream! "ing to the wind" (Mitton) (6) "100. being up-to-date (6) "100

Solution to Puzzle No.7,772

12,

UCKSHOT APPEAR

A H I W U X E

A H I W U X E

HALFOAKED HOTES

A H Y I E

HALFOAKED HOTES

A H Y I E

HALFOAKED HOTES

COMBUTERIO STOULS

A E C O L

HOTES

COMBUTERIO STOULS

A H O T I MARKED

COMBUTERIO STOULS

A H O T I MARKED

# **MONEY MARKETS**

# Rate cut hope fades

IT WAS an expensive day in the UK money markets yester-day, as dealers became increasingly pessimistic about an imminent cut in interest rates. However, the betting is still on for a cut before the forth-

coming general election.
Furthermore, the relatively small size of the Bank's recent repurchase agreements — which have been running until the beginning of March — has been fanning the market's hopes of a rate cut in the near

There was a certain amount of speculation that the Bank of England could cut rates by less than the traditional % point.

UK clearing bank base lending rate 18.5 per cent from September 4, 1991

The March short sterling contract firmed just one basis point to 89.80, implying an interest rate of 10.2 per cent by the middle of March.

The short end of the money market was tight, as the Bank offered assistance in small tranches until the afternoon. Overnight rates jumped as

high as 12 per cent during the day, although they fell back to close at 10% in per cent. One week money held steady at

1011 per cent.
The key three-month interbank rate was a touch

below current 10% per cent below current 10% per cent interest rates at 10% per cent. The Bank of England forecast a shortage of £1.8hn, with bills falling due accounting for £921m. Treasury paper and maturing assistance accounted for a further £713m of the shortfall, while exchequer transactions fed £610m back into the market. Bankers' balances below target

and note circulation drained The Bank gave early indications that it expected no changes in UK interest rates, with a mere £171m in assistance at a cost of 10% per cent, in the morning. The rate hovered around that mark for the rest of the day, with a further \$578m in assistance at 10% and 10% per cent. The injections included bills for resale on March 3,4 and 5, and band one bank and treasury

paper. Late assistance totalled 2505m, leaving the market only £46m short. Call money was unchanged in Germany at 9.50/60 per cent, still benefiting from the generous Bundesbank injection on Wednesday. However, the rate could rise in the next few days, said dealers, as a

Federal Reserve signalled no change in the funds rate with a matched sale purchase agreement at 3H per cent. The presumed Fed target is four per cent.

DM1.22bn four-year note falls

MONEY RATES **NEW YORK** Treasury Bills and Bonds Lunchtime تلغا 9.50-9.60 10-104 63-63 9.50-9.56 53-53 114-124 9.54-9.68 103-103 9<u>5</u>0-9.60 9.50.9.60 913-10-1 9.52-9.60 125-121 92-481 102-102 9,45-9.55 97-10 9.50-9.60 9.75 9.60 91-101 9-1-7-1-4 120-121 101-101 101-1012 LONDON MONEY RATES 7 days notice One Year Feb 13 interbank Offer
Interbank Bid
Starting CDs
Local Anthority Dept.
Local Anthority Bonds.
Discount Mit Deps
Company Deposits
Flazane Heure Deposits
Tressary Bills (Bay)
Bank Bills (Bay)
Bollar CDs.
SDR Linked Dep. Offer
SDR Linked Dep. Bid
EDI Linked Dep. Bid 102 103 104 1012 102 102 10 ½ 10 ½ 4.05 6.4 10.4 10.4 4.10 6½ 10¼ 10¾ 4 03 6 6 10 4 10 4 Treasury Bills (sell); one-month 10½ per cent; three months 963 per cent; six months 9½ per cent. Bank Bills (sell); one-month 10½ per cent; three months 965 per cent; Treasury Bills; Average tender rate of discount 9.8569 p.c., ECEO Flued Rate Sterling Export Fluence. Make up day January 31, 1992, Arqued rates for period Feb.26, 1992 to March 24, 1992. Scheme 1: 11.75 p.c., Scheme 1: 11.75 p.c., Ecent 10, 11.75 p.c., Local Authority and Fluence Houses seven days notice, others seven days faced. Fluence Houses Base Rate 11 from February 1, 1992. Bank Deposit Rates for sums at seven days notice 4 per cent. Certificates of Tax Deposit Certes 6; Deposit 6:100,000 and over held onder one month 7 per cent; one-three months 9½ per cent; three-celx stoaths 9 per cent; sk-alne anosths 9 per cent; nine-timely months 9 per cent; Under £100,000 7 per cent from Sept 5,1991. Deposits withdrawn for each 5 per cent.

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING

# CK MARKETS

1 :			W	ORLD STO
ANSTALA Patriary 13 Sch + sy -	FRANCE (continued)	GERMANY (continued)	NETHERLANDS	SWEDEN (continued)
Jackstyn Akrijines 2,745 +10 Continental Pf 497 +5 CA General 3,515 +60 EVN 849 Junghguzinner 10,010 +10 Delida 10,010 +	Bongrain 2,921 +48	February 23 Bm. + er - DLW	February 1.3 FTs. + er = A 8 N Ames Heiding 46.40 =0.30 ACF Hid Dep Res 34.20 =0.50	February 18 · Kroner, + or - incentive B Free 158 -2 Mo 0th Born B Free 235 -10
EVN	C M B Pathaging 193 +4.10	Decket (Fr)	AEGON 126.10 +0.90	Ma Do Bam B Fire 235 —10 Nobel Free
	Carretour 278.40 =0.60 Carretour 2,416 +35 Casino 758.60 -3.40	Deutsche Bank 701 50 +2 Didler-Werke 155 -1 Douglas Hidg 665 +8,50	AMEY Dep Ress 54.70 -0.50 Bets Leze Dep Ress 47.40 +0.10 Bersentj # C. Opers 66.70 +2	Skandia Free
Verbier Magnest 409 +10 Verbier (Br) A 520 +4 Wrenerberger 5,030 +75 Z-Laufderbank 1,200 +75	Chargeurs 1,165 +15 Club Mediterrasee 478 +2,80	Dragewerk	Ahold	Stora Koop B 268 -5 SCA B Free 106 -1 Syta Handi B Free . 84 50 -1.50
2-Lackderbank 1,200 +75	Cogiff	Gerrasbeimer	Dordische Petr 135 Eisevier Dep Recs 107.40 +0.50 Fokker Dep Recs 28.90 -0.10	Trelleborg B Free 111 Volvo B Free 380 +2
FERRY 13 Frs. + of -	Cr Fonc France 951 +25 Cred Lyon (CI) 570 +4 Credit Nationale 1.021 -4	Hapag Lloyd 545 45 Heidelb Zem 975 -4 Henkel Prf 583 40.50	Garoma 103 -0.40 Gis Broz Ben Ress 33.90 +0.10 Helpeket 129,90 -0.10	SWITZERLAND
### 100 -30 -30 ### 100 #### 100 ### 100 ### 100 ### 100 ### 100 ### 100 ### 100 ### 100 ### 100 ### 100 ### 100 ### 1	Damart	Herlitz	Helfad Beton 207.50 -0.80 Hasgones Des Ress 51.10 +0.40 Harrier Occoles 66 -1.30	February 13 Frs. + er -  Adda (act (Br) 418 +1  Adla Ptg Cts 75 +2
AEEC-Usien Min. 2,30030  AE GROUP	Ecco	Hoesch	int Neisin Drg Ress 50,90 -0.10 int. Mweller 59 59 1,10 KNP	Alusuisse Lonza 936 +8 Alusuisse Pta Cts 85 +0.75
Betzert	Els-Aquitales Certs . 247.90 +2.70 Essilor Int	industrie Werke 313.50 +2.50 Kall & Salz	STL   Myster   37	Brown Boweri (Br) 3,490 +20 Brown Boweri Prg 633 -5 (25 Hidas (Br) 2 010 +10
Coheral Priv 4,840 +3 Coheral Priv 165 +3 Coherac Fra Lion 8,680 +50	Eurocom	Karfinf	Milpern-Ten Cate . 101.80 -0.40 Her Ver Bel lip Res	Ciba Geigy (Br) 3,390 +30 Ciba Geigy (Reg) 3,380 +20 Ciba Geigy (Pt Cts) 3,280 +30
Cober AFV 1 4,840 Cocker   Priv   168 43 Colvet   Priv   168 43 Colvet   Priv   168 43 Colvet   Priv   168 43 Colvet   168 680 45 Colvet   168 680	1428 +8   1428 +8   1500   1600   1	Lahmeyer 815 -5 Leifheit 485 Linde 774	Oct V Grist 68.50  Quadrat Part by 15 43.70 -0.30  Pailigs 33.30 +0.60  Pailigs 41.40 +0.10  Robers 49 +0.50  Rodanics 54.40 -0.10	Elektrowatt 2 630 +20 Elektrowatt 2 630 +20 Elektrowatt 1,720 Fischer (Geo) 940 Fischer Ptg 168
681	Geoghysiane AGS 11	Lefthansa	Roteco	Holdertik (Br) 4,500 +70
GIB Group AFV	Hachette 152-90 -0.10 Haves 443 +2 Innest 275.10 -4.90 Imm de France 835 +15 Immobilique 690 -5	MAN Prof	Rodisco	Jeimoli 1310 -10 Jeimoli Pig Cis 275 Landis & Gyr 1120# 425 Landis & Prior Pig 85# 42.50
Green 1	Industrialis 140 TO -2,40	Mercades Hid 559.70 +0.70 Metallgeselischaft 399 -6.30 Maerch Rack (Reg 2,740 +10 PWA	Westers I/I Dep Recs 67.80 +0.50	Less Hold Ptg 303 -2 Mar Globes Ptg 720 +12
Par Hojaing Lex 15,200 Paradian	100   100	Philips Kommun 565 -5 Porsche 615	MORWAY February 13 Kraner + or -	Miltron (Reg) 330 +10 Motor-Columbus 1,150 +10 Nestle
Physics Selgs	Lynna Easts Dumez 480,20 48,20	Preussag	Aker A Free	Oer-Buertile (Br) 305 +2 Pargesa Hid 1.120 +10
Softes	Matra	Risein West El 389-50 +2.50 Riseis West El PM 318 +2-50 Rosenthal	Elizan Free	Richemont A (Br) 14,600 +100 Roche (Br) 4,380 -20 Roche (Genuss) 2,780 -20
Tractebel	Marigation Mixte . 1,185	Schmalhach Labora 533 49,50 Shemens 665,30 42,30 Springer Axel Rg 513 +8 Sud Chemie 565 -5		Sandoz Br
UCBAFV	Grass 230 -2 Parlbas 380 -110 Park Rescompte 247 +1 Pernod Ricard 1,462 -1 Pernde 1,569 +21 Peugent 689 +11		Orkta Free	Schindler (Pt Ctsl 740   Slica Reg A 700   Schwelliance (Br) 7 590 +30
DENMARK February 13 Kr + of	Pollet	Verta 312 +4.30 Veba 345.30 +2.80 VEW 215 +0.50 Vervin-West 346 -1 Viac 345.20 +1.76	Storil B	Swiss Bank (Br) 297 -2   Swiss Bank Ptg 270
Battica Holding Rog 705 Billiother	Radiotecha 544 -4 Redoute 5240 450	Volkswagen 338.80 +1.50 Volkswagen Prf 298 +3		Swiss Reles Ptg 560 +1 Swiss Volkstik 975 -15 Union Bank Br 3.800 -10
Den Denske Bank 324 -2 East Asiatic	Rhose Poslein: Cts 954	Weltz Pri	SPAIN    February 23   Pts. + ar -   Alba (Corp Fta) 4,420 +70	Union Bank Prg 151 -3 Winterthur 3,690 -10 Winterthur Prg 703 -3 Zerich ins 4,410 -40
FLS and 8	Saint Gonain 487,50 +6,40 Saint Louis 1,290 +3	ITALY February 15 Lins + at -	February 13   Pts. + ar -     Alija (Con Flot)             Alija (Con Flot)           Aragonesis             Aragonesis             Aragonesis             Aragonesis             Basco Silisso Vilz             Basco Silisso Vilz             Basco Cetral Hisp             Basco Popular               Banco Popular               Banco Saganater             Banco Saganater             Banco Saganater             Banco Saganater             CEPSA               CEPSA               Carberos Mjetal             Carberos Mjetal             Carberos Mjetal             Electra Viespo           Carberos Mjetal               Carberos Mjetal               Carberos Mjetal                 Carberos Mjetal                 Carberos Mjetal                   Carberos Mjetal	Zerich ins
tSS int i Serv B 864 +4 Jyske Bank Reg 338 +3 Lauritzen (J) B 1.820 +20	Schneider 640 +20 Seb 5A 1,900 +25 Serimeg 479.50 -1.50	Banca Comm 3,980 -50 Banca Naz Agric 5,600 -100 Banca Lariano 4,980 -20 Banca R B 5 142 -8.25	Banco Cetral Hisp 3,425 -25   Banco Exterior 3,420 -10   Banco Popular, 11,550 -150   Banco Sastander 4,570 -20	SOUTH AFRICA February 13 Rend + or -
NKTA/S	Skis Rossignol 858 -10 Scc Georgie de Fr 506 +6 Sommer-Allibert 1,330 +60	Benetics	Banesto	ABSA
Soperfos 5,200 TopDanmark 914 –21 Unidonmark A 214 –2	Spie Batignoiler 337,90 +0,40   Suez (Fia de) 316,90 +2,10   Taittinger 3,000   Thomson C S F 158 -0,50	Cattaro Spa	Oragados	Anglo Am Corp 130.25 -0.25 Anglo Am Gold 248 +6 Anglo Am Gold 80 Barlow Rand 56.25
FINLAND February 13 Mka + sr	Total B	Credito Italiano 2,115 -33 Danieli & C 7,140 -10 EniChem	Fects	CNA Galin 27 25
Amer	Skis Rossignol 85910 Soc Gesmeie fe Fr 506 +6 Sommer-Allibert 1330 +60 Spie Battignoiles 357,90 +0.40 Spie Battignoiles 357,90 +0.40 Spie Battignoiles 358,000 Taittinger 3,000 Thomston C S F 138 -0.50 Total B 258,10 +0.20 UAP 546 +11 UFB Locaball 253 +3 Unitpall 534 -3 Unitod immob Fr 465 -17 Valien 562 -1 Valianere 271,80 -5.70	Banca Nama Agric 3,500 -100 Banca Lariaso 3,500 -100 Banca Lariaso 3,900 -20 Banca Lariaso 3,900 -20 Bassosi-R B S 142 -8.25 Benetion 12,000 430 Bargo (Carliera) 8,450 -120 Ciff 1,800 -10 Carliaro Spa 699 -3 Cemenalr 2,675 -64 Cigathosis 1,874 -1 Corlide Fin 1,970 +20 Credito Italiano 2,2115 -33 Danieli & C 7,140 -10 Eridania 6,520 -5 Ferruzzi Fin 1,705 -15 Far Triv 3,100 -30 Fiat 1,985 -72 Fids 4,660 -90	Kolpe	De Beers/Centenary 94.10 Decitoraal Gold 7.35 +0.25 Driefontain 44.25 East Rand Gold 7 +0.45
Essq (f 19.80 +0.30 Hshlamaki i Free 110 KOP 17.30 +0.30 Kone B Free 440 +10	Vallourec	Flats	Metrovacesa 4,400 -10   Portland Vald 13,240 -150   Reosol 2,925 +10	Elandsrand Gold 26.75ml +1.25 First Nat Bank 60.50 +2 Free State Consolid 33.25 +1 Gencor
Metra B Free 68.30 +1,10 Notia Pref Free 61.50 +0,20	GERMANY February 13 Om. + er -	Glizdini   Asitar   30,035 - 425   Glizdini   -42	Saltria 030 -1	Gold Fleids SA 82.50ml +1.50 Hartebess 16.50 +0.50 Highweld Steel 13.10
Stockmant B 135 Tampsile Free 14	AGG	Halicope	Serijana Lie:   201 -3   -3   -3   -3   -3   -3   -3   -3	Gold Fields SA 82-504 1-30 Hartebess 16-50 +0-50 Highreid Steel 13-10 SCOR 1.75 Kinness Gold 44 +0-50 Kioof Gold 33-25 +0-50 Libaron Gold 2-95 +0-50 Liberty Life SA 41-50 +0-50 Maibrids 3-35
Unitas Bk C Free 15.50 +0.30	Alliane AG	Magneti Marell 746	Usion yel Festx 4,410 +60 Usalita	Unanon Goto
FRANCE February 13 Frs. + ar -	Altase Ind	Pigelii & Co		
AGF	Bayer-Hypo	Rinascerta (La) 6.245 -153 SASIB	SWEDEN February 15 Krouer. + ar - AGA 8 Free 308	Premier Gp
BIC 678 +3	Berliner Bank 264 Berliner Kraft 125 +2.40 BHF Beek 429 -0.20	Salpem	AGA B Free 308 4888 B Free 311 4818 A Free 604 -6 Astra B Free 590 -5	Sage Hids
8NP Cert Inv 349 -0.20 Repealer Cit. 505 +3	Sayer Verwinsba	Section   15,760   170	Astra B Free	SA Man Amoor 28.25 Tiger Oats 40.25 Tongzat Hulett 23.50 Vaul Reefs 230gt 41.50
Beghin-Say 585 Beghin-Say Cert inv 475 +6	Continental AG 239 +2.50	Valcem	Gambro B Free 2583	Yau   Reefs
February 13 Yes + pr - Alicomoto	February 13 Yen + ar - Japan Radio 2,600 -40 Japan Saet Works 532 -6	February 13 Yes + er - Nilgata Eog 667 -3 Nilcko Set 770 -11	February 13   Yes + et	February 13   April
All Migron Afreigs 1,220 -30 Alps Electric 1,250 -10 Arnada Co	Japan Storage Bett 979 45 Japan Syn Rumber 552 -8 Japan Wood 1.730 -30		Takara Shuzo , 768	Nat Agst Bank 7.48 +0.01     Neurrest Micles
Amano Corp	Jujo Paper	Nilcoa Corp	Tanabe Selyaku 1,050	Pacific Duniop 5.32 +0.01
Amitsu	Kajima 1,310 –40 Kajima 1,250 –10 Kandesko 3,030 +60	Nippon Fire	Januar Seryatu   1,000   15   15   15   15   15   15   15	Page   1.47 +0.01     Page   1.47 +0.01     Planer   1.47 +0.03     Placer   Pacific   2.74 +0.04     QCT   Resources   1.26
Asahi Gess	Kaneka	Mippon Mode	Toho	Resison Gold
Benyu Pharm	Kansai Pajat 563 Kao Corp 1,130 -10 Kansah News Int 494 -9	Nippon 011	Tokal Carpon	
C ttoh	Kawasaki Kisen 435 -3 Kawasaki Sisel 351 -3 Kelio Elec Espres 816 +4 Kelo Tetra El Ru 743 -7	Nippot 01	Tokici Carbon   0.11   -7   Tokici   -4   0.48   +7   Tokici   0.48   +7   Tokici   0.48   +7   Tokici   0.48   -3   1.5   0.48   -3   1.5   0	Telecom Corp KZ 1.70 Tyco intes 0.75
CSK 4,020 Calpis Food 1,046 -10 Calpis Food 1,046 -35 Canon 1,390 -20 Cason Sales 2,850 Casla Computer 1,260 Certical Finance 440 -4	Kitkoman	Nippon Solmyska 1,320 Nippon Soda	Tokyo El Par 3,170 -10 Tokyo Eletrop 2,320 -60 Tokyo Gas 517 -6 Tokyo Rose 678 +22	Western Mining 4,93 -0.02 Westfield Hdg 4.50 +0.05 Westfield Trust 2.16m
Pulsa Dank 177 -18	Kolto Mari	Nippon Sursan 636 —9 Vippon V Network 20,100 —700 NTT	Tokyo Steet	Westpac
Chirped Curp 1,980 490 Chirped Curp 1,980 490 Chyola Fize 4 M 780 Cheba E F Perer 2,750 -50 Chegale E Prever 2,310 -20 Chizpa Watch 600 -13	Kobe Steel	Nigoon Sufsun 63b -9 Nigoon Sufsun 63b -9 Nigoon TV Mishark 20 1.00 -700 NTT 720,000 +5,000 NIGOON 620 -17 Nigoon Yukin 620 -17 Nigoon Yukin 551 +5 Nigoon Zooo 526 -5 Niginustu Coastr 1,170 -20 Nissan Diesel 508 -12 Nissan Motor 643 -2 Nigoon 1,360 +20	Tokys Lorp	HONG KONG February 13 H.K.S + ar ~
	Kumagal-Gumi 793 -2	Nissan Diesei	Toray ind	Amoy Props 5.80 +0.15 Bank East Asia 25.70 +0.30 Cathay Pacific 11.70 +0.30
Daldo Steel	Kuraha (chemical 6/0 Kuraho ind	Mindia 011 079 44	Tophoku 1,120 -10 Tosph Corp 497 +1 Toto 1,690 -30 Topo Construct 671 +1	Cheung Kong
Dal ich Kaspo Bt 2,06010  Dal ich Phyrin 1,650 +40  Dal ich Inds 1,17020  Dallog Kanko 1,16620	Kurita Watis 2,930 +10 Kyodos Salryo 520 +20 Kyodo Salryo 550 -20 Kyotaru 1,550 -30 Kyowa Haikto 1,170 Kyowa Haikto 1,170 Kyowa Balana Bi 1,000 +4 Kyusha El Power 2,460 -120	Missilito Ind	Toyo lok	Dairy Faret Inti 10.40 -0.10 Everys
Gal Manon Print 1.450 ~40		Mitto Denko	Toyota Motor 1,450	China Light
Nai Aspent Toryo 1,420 -40 Nai Aspent Toryo 476 -10 Dai Naiyo Paner 2,450 -10 Dai Toryo F&M 813 -5 Oahya Bank 1,120 -40	Lion Corp	Odalow Electric Ray 890 -12	Touchist Orale May 712 Tsugarol	HK & Chien Gas 13.50 +0.20
Dahwa Bank	Mareda Corp	Chapyashi-Girai   723	UBE Inds	HK Alcraft 18.40 +0.10 HK Electric 16.60 +0.20 HK Land 10.40 +0.10 HK Resity & TrA 7.40 -0.05
	Marsi	Omeni Kashisama 1.570 –10	Waccasi	Hopewell Hidgs 3.83 +0.05
Ezald Gilco, 1,400	M'shita Koto 1,460 -10	Orient Corp	Yamaba Motor 835 Yamaba Secrities 734 49 Yamabachi 2,790 Yamaba Homewell .1,450 Yamaba Kogo 1,240 -10	Jardine Math 43.50 +0.50  Jardine Math 43.50 +0.50  Jardine Stratesic 20.60
Futin Construction 698 -10 Full Restric	Melij Milk 674 -/ Melj Sekta, 814 -17 Mercian Corp 1,040 -40	Pesta Ocean 939 +11 Ploneer Elec 3,330 -70 Prims Mest Pack 606 +1	Yamaté Transport 1,180 Yamataki Baking 1,970 +10	Jarune Stratege: 20.00   Kowloon Motor
Full Fire & Marine	Minotes	Renown 580 -10 Ricoh 551 +4 Royal Co 1,420 +20 Ryobi 591 +15	Vasuda Fire	SHK Props 25.60 Shaw Bros 5.40 40.40 Shell Elec Mitg 1.72 +0.01
Fujikara Pharm 740 -10 Fujikara Pharm 1,390 +10 Fujika Tourism 2,130 Fujika Tourism 768 -2	M*bishi Bk	Sandar 625 -1	Yokohama (Basic) . 1,200   Yokohama Rubber 679 -9   Yoshitanut Phursi 1,360 -20   Yoshitanut Phursi 1,180 -20   Yeshi Battery Co 861 -18	Starw Brist 5.40 +0.40 Shell Elec Mir 1.72 +0.00 Sime Darri y 7.50 -0.10 Sun Hump Kai Ca 2.22 +0.05 Swire Pacific A 26.60 +0.20 Swire Pacific B 4.40 +0.10
Fullica	M*bishi Cas Chess 525 +10 M*bishi Heavy Ind 630 -1 M*bishi Kasel 481 -3		Yeasa Battery Co Bbl18 Zessal Corp 564 -16	Tele Broadcast, 7.05
		Santra Bask	AUSTRALIA February 13 Amis + or -	Wing On Co
Hankylo Corp	M*BidM Petchem - 020 - 24 M*BidM Petchem - 025 - 24 M*BidM Resol - 1525 - 24 M*BidM Resol - 158 + 158 M*BidM Trabbit - 1,420 - 30 M*BidM Resolute - 1,360 - 30 M*BidM Resolute - 704 - 44 M*BidM Resolute - 704 - 44	Selpo Raliway 3,000 -40 Selpo Transport 1,800 -130 Selyo Food Sys 1,240 -20	AFP 0.16 -0.14 AWA 1.13 Abertonia 4.35-4 -0.01	MALAYSIA February 15 MYR + 9r -
Hattori Selko 1,440 Hazaroi-Gumi 712 +1 Stehue Real Est 811 -31	M*bishi Tr&Bk 1,420 -30 M*bishi Warshotte 1,360 -30 Milsoboshi Selting 704 -44 Misuli Co 678 -12	Secon	Ampelex	Roustead
Hirose Electric 3.740	mildel of miles	Seven Eleven 8,250 -30 Sharp	Ashroc	Malayer Utd Ind 2.58 -0.03 Multi Purpose 1.25 -0.04 Public Bank 1.43 Sime Darby 4.48 +0.04
Hitachi Cable 790 +8	Mitsui Osk Line 480 -1	Seven - 1-40 - 30 Shitoku Elect Per . 2,410 - 70 Shitoku Elect Per . 2,410 - 70 Shin-Essu Chem 1,630 - 440 Shinongi	8TR Hylex 254 -0.04 Borzi 3.36	Sime Darby 4.48 +0.04
ilitachi Marsell 1.530 –20 Hitachi Metals 912 4 Hitachi Sales 670	Missij Soko	Shockiku	Brambles inds 16.84 -0.06 Bridge Oil 0.42 +0.02	Feb. 22 - 66 - 4.03
Nitachi Zoste	Missii Petchant 679 +3 Missii Soto 790 -15 Missii Telye Kobe 1,510 +1 Missii Telye Kobe 1,510 +1 Missii Telye Kobe 1,510 +1 Missii Telse 1,530 +1 Missii Telse 1,130 +20 Missikoshi 1,120 +20 Missikoshi 1,120 -20 Missikoshi 1,1260 -10 Missikoshi 1,260 -10 Mocikia Pharm 2,130 Morinaga Milk 695 -20 Misrana Manufact 2,270	Shows Denko 352 -9 Shows Elec Wire 601 -5 Shows Samon 660 -15	Berns Philp 3.30 +0.04   CSR	DBS
Hutaria Zesta 615 -4 Heitziah Elett Per 2,200 -50 Holkaldo Tatush 695 -5 Hokarika El Per 2,490 -40 Ganda Motor 1,480 -30 Ganda Motor 1,480 -30 Ganda Motor 2,290 +10 Hoya Carp 2,290 +20	Mizuno Sporting 1.260 -10 Mochida Pharm 2.130 Mochinaga Milk 695 -28 Mari Selki 2,480 -20	Skylerk	Carex Aust	Naw Par
Hoya Carp 2,020 +20  IH 550 -5  Ihara Chemical 640 +3  Repand Tauthind 900 -30	Mera Seiki	Stanley Electric 700 Sumitoma Bakelite . 565 -6	Coal Allied Ind	0U8
Page Sheet Japan 2,920 -20	NGK Insulators 1,060 +10	Sensitomo Corp 1,000 -10	Dominion Mag 0.59 +0.04 Email 3.75 -0.03 Energy Res 1.30	Straits Trading, 2.74 -0.05 Tat Lee Bank 3.24 U08
5614 C6	NGK Corp	Sumitorno Elect 1,040 —20 Sumitorno Heavy , 586 — 4 Sunitorno Mariae 485 — -1 Sunitorno Mariae 486 — -28	FAI Insurances 0.70 -0.01 Fletcher Chiloge 2.47 -0.02 Fosters Brewing 2 Gen Prop Tot 2.28m -0.02	Price data supplied by Telekurs.
Sept. 4. Co	NOK Corp 510 -24 NOK Corp 591 -24 NOK 591 -24 NOK 1500 Bearing 552 -16 Nacht Fujikeshi 540 -4 Nagasakya 1380 -20 Nagasak 908 -6 Nagasa 661 -6	Sumitions Metal lad 346 Scallone Metal lad 1,010 Sumitions Realty 920 +1 Sumitions Tric.Br. 1,300 Sumitions Tric.Br. 1,300 Sumitions Wardness 723 15	Gen Prop Tst	NOTES - Prices on this page are as quoted on the individual exchanges and are last traded prices. (a) smarali-
1501   1960   -70   1501   1960   -70   1501   1960   -1   1960	Nachi Fujikoshi 240 -20 Ragasakiya 1380 -20 Ragasakiya 908 -8 Ragasa 60 -6 Ragasa 705 -6 Rajikoshi 1570 -10 Richit 705 -45 Richot 705 -10 Richit 705 -10 Richit 790 -10 Ric	Search Motor 723 Suzzaki Motor 649 -15	Jengings 0.95 -0.05 Kidston Gold 1.41 Lend Lense 16.20 -0.04	dividend, xC Ex scrip issue, xr Ex ribites, xz Ex all
**************************************	Nihon Cement 790 -10	TDK Corp 4,400 450 Taisel Corp 826 -1	MIM 2.544 -0.01	During to problems at Telekurs, some N. American stacks are temporarily

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SOTTERM

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ł	Sales Stock High Low Close Chay	Sales Stock High Low Class Chag	Sales Sieck High Low Ci	ese Ching	Sales Mod		or Close Cytel
ł	TORONTO	34700 Corel Sys \$23 227, 23 +1, 1980 CoscanDev \$81, 81, 81, 253600 CrownX A u100 80 100 +13	25700 Lineon Mar \$6 9 15300 Lobiaw \$171, 171, 1	9 —≟ 175s +³2	13600 Step 1000 Scot	516L W	30 135 7 20
1	3:00 pm prices February 13	253600 CrownX A u100 80 100 413	000000 140-1-1-1 405 -1		76400 Seage	## C1 21-0-3 134	15 1304 -
ı	Cuotations in cents unless marked 9	27000 Denison A 19 19 19 19 19 1900 Denison 685 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 8	25000 Macm BI \$191, 191, 1	75g 191 <sub>8</sub> –1 <sub>2</sub>	1500 Souts 18000 Shelf	4 2491. 4	95 +1- 1- 40 +1-
-	1800 Abipbol Pr u\$16½ 16½ 16½ 22100 Apripoea \$6 5½ 5½ –½	29900 Ootasco 31712 1714 1714 -16 8400 Domino Tai u\$234 65 85	15400 Mai Li Fee \$174 17	71. +1. 17 -1.	310600 SHL	net G #914 Syst \$1674 1	9 04 13 16 14 164
1	11200 Air Cde 574 475 74 +14 21000 Albria En 5113 113 113 115 +14	8400 Domino Tat u\$83; 61; 65; 21600 Domino Inc. \$63; 657; 6 -3; 8000 Du Pont A \$421; 42 42	26200 Mark Res 2512 e512	07 —), 61,	54800 SNG 112200 Sono	^a.GMa 17	16 17 16 17 14 195 +5
- 1	2100 AltaNiGas \$13 13 13 +1g	5800 DundeeBncA 300 285 285 -25		04 -4 1½ -4	15000 Star	Aero 5104 17	
_ 1	188600 Aloun Al \$24년 24월 24일 157400 Am Berr \$34년 35일 35일 - 첫	125700 Echo Bay M \$9 <sup>1</sup> 9 8 <sup>1</sup> 9 8 <sup>1</sup> 2 <sup>1</sup> 8 \$00 Emec Ltd \$7 7 7 <sup>1</sup> 8	10000 Minnova u\$17% 17% 1	77g 185 ~1	44500 Stelc		
-	13000 Ages Cl 1 \$121 121 121	\$500 Emen Ltd \$7 7 7 1 6100 Empire \$12 4 12 4 12 4 1724 1720 Euro Nev \$17 4 17 4 1734 +1		13 <b>1</b> 4 −12	175400 Teck 14900 Tele	plobe \$12½ 12	14   184   ~4  3   125  4   185   ~4
-	51900 St Marg' : \$43 2 042 4 42 7; -12	] ' ' ' '		5½ -4	58309 Thors 273400 Tor D	one Bar \$175- 17	L 171 -L
١	497106 Bt. Nove Sc 822 21 ½ 21 ½ - ½ 4800 SC Super A \$13 ½ 13 ½ 13 ½ - ½	2200 FP1 Ltd 87 % 7% 7% 55100 FbbpsdtVnr 511 % 11 11 =14	72300 Nat Ba Gan S12 114, 1	17		PNAm 511% 11	15 24 15 11 15 14
١	286800 BCE Inc \$477 47% 474 -%	3000 Finaling \$13 <sup>1</sup> 2 13 <sup>1</sup> 3 13 <sup>1</sup> 3 + 1 500 Fet Mara A \$12 <sup>1</sup> 6 12 <sup>1</sup> 5 12 <sup>1</sup> 6	32100 loss be l. : u565g 612	64 +4 64 +4	127000 Yrani 90000 Yrani	cas P \$17 k 17	4 174
-	21400 Belmoral 14 <sup>1</sup> 2 14 14 100 BGH A 87 <sup>2</sup> 8 7 <sup>2</sup> 9 7 <sup>2</sup> 4	300 Francis 313-3 13-3 13-3 13-3 13-3 13-3 13-3 13	27500 Noranda \$19 184 1	84 21 <sub>2</sub> - 1 <sub>2</sub>	37300 Trime 11300 Trize	EA 99%	2 92
1	184200 Bory Gard r \$16 185 165 -5 4800 Bory Valley 512 12 12	5400 FrancoNev \$26% 26% 26% +14	22400 Narphiliting : \$23 22 4 2	24 -C	100 UAP	A \$15'5 15	is 15is -is
1	71700 BP Canada u5124 125, 124 74000 Bramabaa \$512 51, 512 +12	800 Gendis A \$22 1 22 1 22 1	500 Northcate u66 85	85 +l <sub>2</sub>	6200 Unio	dCorp \$29 4	29 29 -1
1	69600 Briancian A \$18% 18% 18% -%	26700 Greenses 115 4106 118 -5	12500 MONSOD WSv 59% 09%	8% 9¼			15 15 J
1	836600 Breekwater u47 43 44 44 47300 BC Tel \$22 2 22 22 22 4	1400 GAN Lisco 514 13½ 13½ 13½ 13½ 13½ 13½ 13½ 13½ 13½ 13½	1300 Number Oil \$5% q512	512 -14	2000 Vicer 2000 W co	aia1 E 519 18	5 46 ~
ĺ	2100 Brunoor 16194 184 184 -4 100 Brunowick 574 75, 74	19800 GW UNG 1 5124 8114, 124		3% -6 5%	600 WiG	r Geo \$36 k B \$15 k 13 rights or realrich	30 30 L 1 134 -4
١		1500 HerrisSt A u\$7 6% 7 1100 HerrisSt S24 24 24 24 24 2	2700 Othern A. \$194, 191, 1	94 -4 64 +4	1 - ten scaling	tallian de Lander	an Anthe udues
Ì	32000 CAE Ind \$612 d614 614 +14 163500 Cambior \$9 514 875 -78	3000 Heat Intl \$16 t 16 t 16 t 246200 Hemio Cott \$10 t 10 t 10 t 5100 Hollinger \$13 t 13 t 13 t -t		495 24			
Į	8400 Cambridge \$19 <sup>3</sup> 2 d19 <sup>1</sup> 6 19 <sup>3</sup> 6 7000 Cameno \$18 16 <sup>7</sup> 2 15 <sup>7</sup> 3 - <sup>1</sup> 8	2500 Home Oil \$144, 145, 144, +4		814 +12 17 -1	2:00 -	MONTREA m prices fei	_
ı	13800 C'hej) Res u81 50 51 +1 520900 Category Cr 40 d37 39 ~1	135400 Horanam \$11\frac{1}{2} 11\frac{1}{2} 11\frac{1}{2} -\frac{1}{2} 47500 Hotelephiks u85\frac{1}{2} 8\frac{1}{2} 6\frac{1}{2} +\frac{1}{2} 7700 Hotelephiks u85\frac{1}{2} 30\frac{1}{2} 30\frac{1}{2} +\frac{1}{2}	146500 PlacerDome u\$124 125 1	21. 51.	3,00 p	in prices rei	Prumity 13
1	114000 Cuntenplik \$3212 3214 3214 -14 9100 Can Oceld \$28 2712 2712 -14	1	8800 Power Fin \$184 d18	414 +19 18 -12 9 +14	83200 Borne	SerB : \$16 15	15 15 h ~ h
1	185200 Can Pag. \$18 177 177 -19 500 Can Tire \$23 23 23	94000 imasco \$385; 371; 373; -13; 112800 imp Oil u\$43 411; 425; +11; 241600 inco \$371; 383; 361; +1;	11106 Provigo 59 87, 100 Chebecor A \$13 d15	9 +1 <u>2</u> 13	33100 Cemi	otor <b>59</b> } 8	
ł	75500 Centire A \$20% 20% 20% -4	( 146700 Int Corpora 554 6 5 =-6	153400 Ranger Oil L591, 57,	8% -4	2000 Canie	MICON 51712 17	1 174 -4 2 174 -4
١	200 COUTHUBY 22 250/2 4250/2 50/2 1	700 Interview 1 527 is 27 is 27 is -is 6700 Invest Cirp \$25 is 25 is 25 is +is 700 Invest A 390 530 330 -5	200 Rayrock \$512 \$12 200 Reed Sten \$25 25	874 14 575 25	•	_	
]	2500 Consinex u44 44 44 49 1400 Canior \$27 <sup>1</sup> 2 27 <sup>1</sup> 4 27 <sup>1</sup> 2 + <sup>1</sup> 8		500 Reitman S \$19 1812 1 206800 Regissance \$123 d125 1	8 <sup>1</sup> 2 -1 2 <sup>1</sup> 3 +3 <sub>2</sub>	5100 Persi		4. 45
1	5400 CePeforest \$25½ 25½ 25½ -½ 800 Cera Op \$5½ 65½ 6½ -½	13790 Jannock \$17% 17% 1g 200 KerrAdda u\$16% 16% 16%	500 Reitman S \$19 1812 1 206800 Regissance \$12 2 d12 1 20000 Repap Ent \$515 54 160400 Rip Algom \$173 1712 1	64 712 -4	4200 Mack	-	12 117
1	32300 Costandes US74 74 74 44 1100 Colombia 8464 464 464 47	17900 Labou \$27 to 27 to 27 to -to	80900 Hogerscome \$134 1312 T	31) -14 14 -34	134100 NatB 3900 Provi	go <b>50</b> 6	1 11 to 1 to 1
ı	162000 Cropt Cup 30 d27 27 -8 3800 Crieps Odn 350 325 325 -6	649300 Lac Mints 39 <sup>1</sup> 4 9 9 600 Latarge \$17 <sup>1</sup> 4 17 <sup>1</sup> 4 17 <sup>1</sup> 4 39700 Latarw A \$11 <sup>5</sup> 4 11 <sup>1</sup> 4 11 <sup>5</sup> 4	80200 Rvi Cair Mn 197 192	5½ ~½ 195 +6	5200 Quebe		
1	1500 Crist Fd A 486 485 475 5600 Cominco 821 201, 201, ~1	374000 Laketaw B \$11 2 11 4 114 -4	218200 Ply17ruseco \$9 64	83 +4	10800 Video	pobe \$12 <sup>1</sup> 2 12	
ŀ	1866300 Coputatog 75 80 66 -10	1900 Laurent Bk \$21 201, 21 +3; 28300 Laurent Gp \$81, d61, 61,	2900 StawnCm A \$1212 1212 1	213	Total Bales 1	3,930,000 shares	4 16% -4
١							
1		IND	ICES				
ı	NEW YORK		Feb	Feb F	eb Feb	19	02
	DOW JONES Feb Feb Feb F	ab 1902 Since compilation	AUSTRALIA 13	12	11 10	HIGH	LOW
ı	12 11 10 elnészriels 32/6.83 3251.57 3245.08 32	7 HIGH LOW HIGH LOW 25.40 3276.63 3172.41 3276.83 41.22	All Drokavies (1/1/80) 1522.9		615.5 1 <b>59</b> 4.9 642.7 <i>647.7</i>	1675 60 (15(1) 703.50 (20(1)	1590.90 (7/21 640.30 (2/1)
٠ ا	**************************************	02(2) 02(1) 02(2)93 02(1)32 9,67 99,81 98,77 99,81 54.99	AUSTRIA				
: 1		(נפוסגונט (ביוקט) (ביוט ליון ן	Graffi, Absten (30/12/84) 439.36 Traded Index (2/1/91) 1040.25		31.32 429.16 31.17 1024.15	439.36 (13/2) 1048.26 (13/2)	अगरम जात २४५३म छो।
1		(1 <u>6</u> (1) (2(1) (5(9) <del>89)</del> ( <b>8</b> (7)(32)	BELGIUM BELZO (1/1/91) 1166.03	1160.38 11	63 % 1164.56	1103 78 (201)	1097.23 (8/1)
١	UUSHUE 209.94 208.69 207.44 20	CHI CIES (2) 1,1400 (8)4(32)	DENMARK Capenlagen SE (3/1/83) 354.91	<i>3</i> 5461 3	57.24 357.95	345.29 (15/1)	354.37 (2/L)
١	STANDARD AND POOR'S	<b>♦Bay's High 329]_37 (3277.28) Low 3233.68 (3222.5</b> 0)	PENLAND HEX General (28/12/90) 895.9		295.0 <b>388.</b> 6	894.70 (12/2)	779.00 (2(1)
1	Composite: 417.15 413.76 413.77 41	1.09 420,77 408.78 420.77 4.40	FRANCE		03.95 501.24	508.41 (29/1)	475.53 (2/1)
1	ledestriak 496.52 492.03 492.51, 48	0.571) (31/1) (15/1,192) (1,6/32) 9.59 499.27 485.57 499.27 3.62	CAC General (31/12/82) 503.17 CAC 40 (31/12/87) 1876.47		M.06 1865.55	1895.65 (25/1)	1749.91 (2/1)
Į	Fluencial 34.62 34.21 34.26 3	05(1) (31/1) (35/1,92) (21/6/32) 4.13 35.14 33.53 35.24 8.64 (15/1) (31/1) (9/10/89) (1/10/74)	GERMANY FAZ ALLIGI CIL/12/580 687.24		88.72 186.53 48.30 1942.68	<b>689.15</b> 6470	643.26 48/1) 1813.80 48/1)
1	MYSE Composite 230.54 228.94 228.93 22	7.65 231.85 226.20 231.85 4.46	Commercial (1/12/53) 1943.80 DAX (30/12/87) 1681.39		48.30 1942.68 83.55 1682.13	1949.50 (\$(2) 1689.61 (\$(2)	1576.73 QVI
١	Ames Mist, Vision 418.99 415.46 415.14 41	05/1) (31/1) (05/1/92) (25/4/42) 5.41 418.99 395.51 418.99 29.31	HONG KONG Rang Seng Bank (31/7/64) 4763.50	4732.43 46	74.52 4733.56	AT63.50 (12)20	4091.78 Q/I)
١	HASDAQ Composite 644,92 633.57 634.13 65	(12/2) (2/1) (12/2/92) (9/12/72) 4.95 644.92 586.45 644.92 54.87	BRIELAND ISED Overall (4/1/68) 1447.12	1442.83 14	46.91 1441.92	1469-57 (1711)	1391.49 0(1)
Į		מצויסולדם מאלולים מלום פללים	FFALY Bases Com, Ital. (1972) 533.95		4L2L 54L95	551.59 (4/2)	507 43 Q/JJ
ŀ	_ <del></del>	Jan 31 Jan 24 year ago (approx.) 2.88 2.87 3.57	NIB General (2/1457) 1651.0		068.0	1086.00 G(2)	981.00 (2/1)
-		Jan 29 Jan 22 year ago (approx.)		21541.64	G 21819.52	2380) 110 (6/1)	20058.30 (21/1)
١	S & P ladastrial div. yield 2.56	2.59 2.53 3.20	Tetro SE (Tests) (4/1/68) 1586.08 2nd Section (4/1/68) 2418.04	1594.8 <u>1</u> 2428.72	65 1612.94 60 2447.12	1763.45 (6/1) 2459.25 (6/1)	1569.43 (21/1) 2263.71 (28/1)
1	S & P last, P/E ratio 25.43	25.10 25.60 16,58	MALAYERA KESE Composite (4/4/86) 594.63		04.45 643.35	604.45 (11/2)	546.63 (JA/1)
[	NEW YORK ACTIVE STOCKS	TRADING ACTIVITY	NETHERLANDS			——————————————————————————————————————	274,00 (9/1)
	Stocks Closing Change Wednesday traded price on day	† Volume Millors Feb 12 Feb 11 Feb 10	CBS Til. Bin. Gen. (End. 1983) 288.9 CBS Ali Sur (End. 1983) 202.9		288.4 287.5 292.5 201.9	203.00 (21/1) 203.00 (21/1)	192.49 (8/1)
1	Giano 4,085,300 29-1 - 1	Her York SE 230.230 200.110 184.390	NORWAY Culo SE (bul) (2/1/83) 699.52	697.86 7	102.39 699.99	748.03 (17)1)	676.99 (2/1)
1	Chrysler 3,015,760 15 - ½ 8ai Seni 2,875,300 104 + %	Amer 22.801 19.650 16.465 NASDAQ 253.452 214.328 191.595	PHILIPPINES Mails Cope C/L/85) 1219.32	1225.48 12	12.79 1234.53	1303.30 (17/1)	1172,78 (2/1)
١	Booling 2,843,900 46% - % Citicarp 2,781,000 16 - %	MASE	SNGAPORE				
1	linkys 2,300,300 912 + 10	Issues Triaded 2,184 2,196 2,203 Rises 1,085 950 1,063	SES All-Support (21475) 406.60 SOUTH APPRICA		12.62 412.71	47Y 33 CZTV)	401.19 (2/1)
-	Nat. Medical Est. 2,283,400 1512 - 5 Telefonos 2,173,900 543 + 11;	Falls 623 757 652 Uachanged 466 489 486	ISE GOL (28/9/78) 1325.04 JSE Indianala (28/9/78) 6512.04		288.0 1284.0 1491.0 4461.0	1327.00 (21/1) 4535.00 (15/1)	1119.00 (2/1) 4169.00 (2/1)
.	RJR Nablem 1,997,500 10% + % Philip Morris 1,988,800 75% + 1%	Hew Highs 139 115 102	SOUTH KOREA"		74.32 647,18	693_48 (\$/2)	601.63 (15/1)
۱		Ment Lovis 11 B 10	SPAIN				
Į			Madel St. (30/12/85) 258.75	259.5 <u>1</u> 2	59.04 256.14	259.51 (12/2)	238.93 (2/1)
ł			Affarsachies Ges. (1/2/37) 948.50	953.60 9	57.44 953.40	109.20 (20/2)	113.70 (2/1)
ļ			SWITZERLAND Sels Back Int. (31/12/50) 789.4		789.2 785.8 135.4 133.7	789.48 (13/2) 636.46 (11/2)	748.50 (8/1) 601.10 (8/1)
١	CANADA		SBC General (1/4/87) 635.2		636.4 632.7		
ļ	TORONTO Feb		Weighted Price (50)6/66) 5086-10 THARLAND		772.04 5204.55	5391.63 (38/1)	4642_17 (6/3)
ŀ	Metals & Minerals 3068,20 3091.08 5037	21 3005,25 3238,87 (16/1) 2935.22 (2/1)	Basgok SET (38/4/75) 803.25 WORLD	<b>801.44</b> 7	96 91. 780 26	803.26 (L3/2)	711_BL CHU
	Composite 3595.83 3597.85 3600		N. 2. Capital Intl. (1/1/70) (5) 519 0°		523.7 526.0	542.10 (7)1 923.01. (20/1)	519,50 (13/2) 670,51 (2/1)
	MONTREAL Portiolio 1884.08 1882.53 1890		Euro Top-100 (26/6/99) 913.54  Saturday February 8: Ta		15.87 914.59 d Price: 5217.63.	Koren Comp Ex. 6	)_48.
1	Toronto Composite and Metals - 1000. Toronto 83. † Excluding bonds. † Industrial mint little la	All Common — 50; Standard and Poor's — 10; and Indices based 1975 and Montreal Portfolio 4/1/ s, Financial and Transportation. (c) Closed. (u)	\$ Sebject to official recalculation.  Base values of all indices are 100 except: and DAX = 1,000, JSE Gold = 255.7, JS	_	40	desdated 35, 15 DD G	MT.
1	Ugavaliable.		and DAX = 1,000, JSE Gold = 255,7, JS Closed, (e) Usangliable.	E 26 ladustrial	5-264.3 and Aus	tralia Ali Ordinary a	nd Mining - 500; &
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		<del>-</del>	Active Stocks February 1992				

CANADA





### **EUROPEAN FINANCE AND INVESTMENT:** THE NORDIC COUNTRIES 20 MARCH 1992

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(358) 0 730 400 DATA SOURCE: CHIEF EXECUTIVES IN EUROPE 1990

34 3:00 pm prices February 13		NEW	VORK	STOCK	EXCH
1982 Yid. P/ Sta Ciosa Pr High Low Stock Div. % # 1906 High Lev Guets Div. 15 4 12 4 AAR Corp Q.48 3.2 16 505 16 bg 15 15 15	iv. 1997 se High Low Stock ( 4 224 193 Bearings : (	Yid. P/ Sis Nv. % E 100s High Lov 1,54 5.0 53 65 21 2 21 2	Ch'ge Close Prev. 1992 (Quote Close High Love 21% 1512 107	Yid, P/ Sig Stock Div, % E 160a ; Crystal Br 0.20 1.5 7 164	Close P High Low Quain Cl 13) <sub>5</sub> 13 13
7612 6614 AMR 251439 734, 72% 72% -1 24 14 ARX 2 149 24 24 24	48% 44 Bell Atlan 2	20 1.8 14 353 50 4 58 4 64 23 76 89 u28 4 26 4 52 66 433292 46 4 44 4	281 <sub>6</sub> -1 <sub>2</sub> 18 161 <sub>4</sub> 281 <sub>4</sub> +11 <sub>4</sub> 481 <sub>4</sub> 421 <sub>4</sub> 441 <sub>4</sub> -1 <sub>5</sub> 661 <sub>2</sub> 631 <sub>4</sub> 161 <sub>4</sub> -1 <sub>6</sub> 131 <sub>2</sub> 121 <sub>4</sub> 461 <sub>4</sub> -1 <sub>6</sub> 361 <sub>2</sub> 2	CUC Init	17% 17% 17% 17% 48 47 47 47 58% 13% 13% 13%
13 \( 12\frac{1}{4}\) Abilib Pr \( 0.60 \) 3.8 17 8 13 13 13 - 11 \( 11\frac{1}{4}\) 10 \( 0.60 \) ACM ON \( 0.80 \) 8.0 761 10 \( 0.4\) 1	1 36 2 30 % Belo AH A ( 1 46 % 39 2 Berns ( 1 53 51 % Bens 4 3P 4	92 1.4 67 360 38	384 -4 84 45 48 -4 75 55 525 20 185 135 644 -4 524 455	Curins Wr 1.00 3.3 7 22 CV Reit 0.75 14.0 2 8 Cycare Sys 62 84 Cyclops in 28 100 Cypress Se 185701 Cypres Min 0 80 4 2 11 1227	5½ 5½ 6½ 6½ 6½ 6½ 19½ 19½ 19½ 16½ 15½ 15% 48 47½ 47½
9 h 8% ACM Many x 0,95 10.4 55 8 h 9 9 9 h 12% 11% ACM Manager 1.08 92 401 11% c11% 11% - 10% 7 Assac Care x 0.48 42 18 12 8% 15% 15% 15% 15% 15% 15% 15% 15% 15% 15	12 4 Benguet B 13 8850 8575 Berlah Hery 14 2014 1814 Berlitz 0 1415 1014 Berry Petr 0 14 2514 1514 Best Buy	1 886 v } 3 29 5 8875 8885 156 2.8 35 93 195 195 180 4.5 17 23 155 134 25 389 25 234	76 -16 96660 -60 1954 +14 1334 751 -151 28 28 284	- D -	24 24 24
[65] 162 Admer Egyr 2.46 2.5 0 39 162 17 16 16 131 15 16 15 16 16 17 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	20 20% Beth St 2 x 2 51% 40% Bethin Ft x 5 17% 12% Bethin St 0 10% 8% Beverly En -1 21% 16 Storrati 0	.50 10.9 35 23 ½ 22 % .00 11.1 13 45 44 ½ .40 2 8 1 877 14 % 13 % 254725 9% 9↓ .10 0.5161 188 21 ½ 20 ½	23 +1 35 25 1 45 +1 35 25 1 14 15 12 1 95 +1 16 10 1	Dallas Sem 151069 Dana Corp 1.60 4.8101 606 Danaher Co 35 246 Dardel Ind 0.18 1.4648 48 Data Desig 0 140 Data Gen 61708	23 t 23 23 t 13 13 t 14 15 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
48% 38 Amina Li 2,75 8.0 93950 48% 45% 48% - 11% 8% Amin A 2.24 22,75 389 10% 10% 10% - 32% 28% Amar x 0.40 1.3 181210 31% 30% 30% - 18% 15% Amarron x 0.88 4.9 81884 18% 17% 17% 17% -	ij 24 i, 16 i, Black & D 0 i, 42 i, 38 i, Black H Pl, 1 i, 11 i, 10 i, Bilada kir x 0 i, 11 p i, Slackat in x 1	86 44 16 70 41 4 41 ½ 96 90 144 10 ½ 610 ½ 00 9.8 722 10 ½ 10 ¼	264 +13 34 7 414 +13 73 6 103 +19 694 66 104 -4 85 625	Datapt4 94	5½ 53 5½ 6½ 6½ 6½ 170½ 68½ 68½ 9½ 8 9
25½ 72½ Air Pr Chro. 0.80 1.018(544 81½ 80½ 81½ 4) 29½ 25½ Airhe Frix 0.30 1.020 832 29½ 29 29 29 20 25 22½ Airpas Inc. 27 182 25 24½ 24½ — 11½ 8½ Airpases 1.64 14.7 7 81 101½ 11½ 11½ 11½	le 144 ti7a Blockbustt 1. le 84 7호 Blue Chip 0. le 104 7호 BMC Ind	88 25 26297; 35½ 34¾ 16 8,3 245140 14½ 13¾ 76 9,5 131 8 7¾ 81147 010¾ 10½	1014 -11 34.5 814	Oytn 7.48 x 7.48 7.9 2100 De Soto 0.40 6.5 23 31 Dean Foots 9 0.58 2.0 15 433 Deanffly 5 x 6.78 8.4 3.0 Deane 2.00 3.81681261 DeilmysP&L 1.54 7.4 338 Deilm sP&L 1.54 7.4 4 338 Deilm c 7.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.7 1.0 Deilm c 7.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.7 1.0	UB412 B4 B42
195\2 95\2 AlePer PIA 2.46 0 50 5192\4 102\4 101\3 = 25\4 27\4 AlePer PIA 2.46 0 50 11\255\2 25\4 25\4 107\2 107\107\107\107\107\107\107\107\107\107\	24% 30% Bose Case t 0 2 84, 4% Borr B & N 0 20 134, Borrin Ch 2 21 144 Borrin Ch U 2		18 <sup>5</sup> 2   11 50	Deltong 0 10	13 14 15
10% 10½ Mar-hopPra 0.87 82 41 urt0% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 1	a 20½ 18½ Bostn Cett 2 a 18½ 17½ Bith FPC v 1. a 104101½ Bostn Ed 8 8 a 26 20¼ Bowster 1.	26 11.0 12 8 <u>420 %</u> 20 % 46 8.3 3 17 % d17 %	10312 +112 93 91 24 -3 964 93 18 -3 1074 104	DetrEd7.45 7.45 8.0 2100 DetrEd7.45 7.45 8.0 2100 DetrEd7.68 7.68 8.0 7 DetrEd9.32 9.32 8.8 2100	25 95 96 2401 2401 2401
44 35 4 Albertsons t 0.56 1.3 221549 43 1 42 4 43 1 4 2 4 43 1 4 2 4 43 1 4 2 4 43 1 4 2 4 4 3 1 4 2 4 4 3 1 4 2 4 4 3 1 4 2 4 4 3 1 4 2 4 4 2 4 4 2 4 4 2 4 4 2 4 4 2 4 4 2 4 4 2 4 4 2 4 4 4 2 4 4 4 2 4 4 2 4 4 4 2 4 4 4 2 4 4 4 2 4 4 4 2 4 4 4 2 4 4 4 4 2 4 4 4 4 2 4 4 4 4 2 4	4 50½ 41¼ Briggs & S 1. 40 34¼ Brinkerint 4 90¼ 79 Bristol M 2. 46¼ 39½ Brit Alrwy 7	40 7.6 15 158 31 ½ 31 50 3.2 18 286 49 ½ 49 40 525 u40 ½ 39 ½ 78 3.4 208370 61 ½ 79 ½	48½ -¾ 35½ 3½ 48½ +½ 22½ 20% 40½ +½ 44 36½ 80 -½ 50½ 45½ 45½ -½ 13% 11%	Det/Ed 1.88 5.8 82534 Dester Crp 0.88 4,1 21 393 Bag Prods v 0.32 0.8 25 182 Dial CpArz 1.40 2.8 18 808 Dial Reit 1.28 10,7 12 3	215 215 215 39 4 49 5 49 5 12 12 12
46 42 ja Alleija Pow 3 29 7.4 12 273 43 j.	4 86 h 80 h 8P ADR 4. 5 30 k 27 k 8P Prudhos 3 1 1 h 18 Wass 4 14 h 11 h 8rd Steel 1. 6 83 h 88 h 8rd Tel 2.	11 6.9 1621906 60 4 d57 <b>%</b>	59½ -3½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 30 +½ 59½ 45½ 17½ 13½ -¼ 60% 49½ 100½	Danes Cap 4 55 Disbold x 1.98 2 2 21 187 186 Disbold x 1.98 2 2 21 138 Digital Cm 16 80 Digital Eq 221418 Disard Up 0 24 0.2 23 548 Disc Sy NY 2 312 Discoy Cp 1 0.84 0.8 233258	u23 22 \ 22 \ u24 25 25 567 57 \ 667 217 215 215 u62 665 674 4 1314 1284 1285
12½ 11½ Alfride GI 53 12¾ 12½ 12¾1 19¾ 18¼ Aki Irish 3 19¾ 19¾ 19¾ 19¾ 19¾ 19¾ 19¾ 19¾ 19¾ 19¾	21 16 Broad Inc x 0. 33 311 BridaPid 2. 301 29 Brooklyn U 1. 90 791 BrownFormas 2. 281 251 Brown Grp 1.	20 1 1 11 737 184 18 47 75 3 324 324 94 66 12 360 294 629 94 28 16 127 884 87 80 62 18 560 264 254	291 <sub>4</sub> -1 <sub>6</sub> 40 33 671 <sub>2</sub> +1 <sub>2</sub> 381 <sub>2</sub> 351 <sub>4</sub>	Ditate Sv NY Ditate Cry 1 0.84 0.6 283258 Diversit In 1 11 Dote Food 0.40 1.4 16 290 Domition Res 3.56 9.8 17 938 Domition 7 0.25 4 9 1 109 Domition 1 0.25 4 9 1 109 Domition 1 0.56 1.2 19 280	381 371 371 - 371 384 384 -
10 9½ Abritánino x 0.86 8.8 119 9½ 69½ 9½ 9½ 9½ Abritánino x 0.77 7.7 81 8½ 69½ 8½ 8½ 3½ 40½ 38½ Abritánio x 1.48 3.8 17 560 38½ 38½ 53½ 53 70¼ 61 Alcon x 1.80 2.4 821438 85% 85½ 65½ -12 10½ 10½ AmGováno x 0.86 9.1 155 10½ 10½ 10½ 8½ 7½ Am Procis 0.20 2.5 25 8½ 8½ 6½	3 3 2 BRT 16% 13% Bronswick x 0. 15% 12% Brush Well 0.	56 1.0 81 <b>3386</b> 23%, 22%, 2 12 3 2%,	27 - 4 524 48 3 + 4 434 384 184 + 4 57 5 514 1512 - 4 324 242 274 - 4 144 1112	Donelley x 1.00 2.0 19 410 Down Crop x 0.84 2.1 18 436 Down Chem 2 80 4 6 154538 Down Jones 0 76 2.5 431077 Downey S&L 0.32 2.3 6 31	511 NO. 40% -
22 1 17 4 Amer x 0.80 4.0 671807 20 1 20 1 20 4 -1 12 2 1 1 Amer Cold 0.80 8.7 32 868 11 4 11 4 11 4 11 4 11 4 11 4 11 4	18 <sup>1</sup> g 18 <sup>3</sup> g Bunker Hil 1. 13 <sup>1</sup> g 11 <sup>3</sup> g Barger Ki s 1.1 21 17 Buri Coat 1 44 <sup>1</sup> g 39 <sup>5</sup> g Buri North x 1.3 37 <sup>5</sup> g 33 Buria Resc s 0.	58 10.5 0 40 u18½ 18 58 12.0 15 207 u13½ 13 11 68 20½ 20½ 20 2.9 234028 41½ 46% 70 1.9 241810 37 38½	16 -14 305 267 13 -1 305 267 20 4 -4 95 75 41 4 22 17 14 365 -7 48 305	DOS 15.38 2.0 20 DOS 15.2 5.3 11 202 Dravo Corp 0.62 8.4 14 209 Dravos Corp 0.62 8.2 201907 Dravos Cox 0.52 1.2 26 585 Dras Fd 8 2.71 7.3 318	28 1 28 1 28 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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FINANCIAL TIMES

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# Dow weakens as investors react to rising bond yields

outlook. Although Ford

announced a \$2.3bn loss for the full year 1991 (a hig deteriora-tion from the \$860m profit earned in 1990), the bad results

had been widely expected and investors chose instead to con-

centrate on the improvement

in fourth quarter results and

the company's emphasis on cost control. Consequently,

Ford rose \$1/2 to \$35% in turn-

Pfizer fell \$1% to \$73% in

heavy trading on the heels of a meeting between the company

and analysts at which Pfizer's chief financial officer said first-

half performance this year

would be affected by increased

costs associated with new drug

over of 1.1m shares.

### Wall Street

DESPITE some rare good economic news, share prices fell across the board yesterday morning as investors reacted to a sharp rise in bond yields. writes Patrick Haroerson in

By 1 pm the Dow Jones Industrial Average was down 15.65 at 3,261.18. The more broadly-based Standard & Poor's 500 was also lower at midsession, down 2.04 at 415.09 at 1 pm, while the Nasdaq composite of over-the-counter stocks retreated from its record levels, falling 2.98 to 641.94. Turnover on the NYSE was 136m shares by 1 pm.
The release of positive eco-

expected 0.6 per cent rise in January retail sales and a surprise 13,000 decline in weekly unemployment claims would normally have cheered

The key influence on equities yesterday, however, was bond prices. The fact that the positive economic data reduced the chances of another cut in interest rates depressed the bond market and sent yields on treasury securities sharply

Among individual stocks. the focus was again on corpoNYSE volume afflicted the rest of the sector, which ran into concerted selling pressure. The ADRs of UK group Glaxo fell \$% to \$29 in turnover of 1.6m shares, Merck gave up \$2 at \$151% and Sche-ring-Plough lost \$% at \$58%, all in heavy trading.

Computer stocks were in the news. After recording early gains, IBM slipped \$% to \$91% when it announced it would go ahead with plans to open a lab oratory to develop super-computers. In contrast, Digital Equipment jumped \$2 to \$61% on reports that it has developed a more powerful com-

puter chip.
The ADRs of British Petroleum fell \$3 to \$59% on news of disappointing fourth quarter

### Canada

TORONTO stocks bounced off mid-morning lows, turning mixed at midday. The TSE 300 composite index dropped 8.4 to 3,587.5. Advancing issues led declines by 235 to 215 on vol-ume of 18.8m shares valued at

Shares of cigarette manufac-turers were hit by a govern-ment clampdown aimed at stemming the smuggling of Canadian cigarettes back into Canada from the US. Imasco dropped C\$1% to C\$37%.

# Nikkei falls for third day on political scandal fears

### Tokyo

A CALL for a cut in the discount rate by a leading politi-cian briefly lifted share prices, but worries about a potential political scandal sent the NIkkei average lower for the third consecutive trading day, writes Emiko Terazono in Tokyo.

The index lost 150.62 at 21,391.02 after a day's low of 21,349.33 and high of 21,596.65. A call for a half-point reduction in the discount rate by Mr Shin Kanemaru, vice-president of the ruling Liberal Demo-cratic Party, boosted the index in the afternoon, but share prices later fell on profit-taking and index-related selling.

Volume rose slightly to 200m shares from 170m. Declines led advances by 606 to 300, with 196 issues unchanged. The Topix index of all first section stocks shed 8.73 to 1,586.08, but in London the ISE/Nikkel 50 index firmed 2.15 to 1,214.73.

News of a raid by prosecu-tors on Sagawa Kyubin, the parcel delivery company entan-gled in a new political corrup-tion scandal, depressed the market Miss Caroline Stone at Barciays de Zoete Wedd said: Market sentiment is already bad, and people are just looking for excuses not to

Meanwhile, the big four bro-kers - Nomura, Daiwa, Nikko and Yamsichi - presented pro-posals to revive the stock mar-ket to the Japan Securities Dealers Association. They included an increase in profit distribution to shareholders, reducing the minimum trading unit for stocks and reviewing the securities tax system.

The brokers also recommended that steps should be taken to ensure fairness and transparency in the stock market, including the relationship between cash stocks and the derivative markets. However, the proposals failed to have much effect on the market.

NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS

Australia (69

The lack of fresh news prompted some issues to be swayed by rumours. Daito Trust Construction fell Y570 to Y8,780 on a string of earnings and scandal-related rumours

foreign brokers. Tokio Marine Marine and Fire Y8 to Y840. new lows since the start of last year, including Fujitsu, down Y2 to Y768, and Minolta Cam-Y2 to Y768, and Minoita Camera, retreating Y11 to Y459.
Oji Paper dipped Y8 to Y854.
The issue gained ground on Wednesday after Mr Michio Watanabe, the foreign minister, suggested a possible redenging of the year.

volume of 80.4m shares. The index fell for the fourth consecutive day as construction, nharmacentical and power issues declined.

## Roundup

SENTIMENT stayed mixed in the region yesterday, with Hong Kong at yet another peak, Seoul still on a downanother turnover record.

higher in heavy trading, regis-tering its fourth record high in Seng index advanced 31.07 to 4,763.50 as turnover swelled to HK\$2.74bn (HK\$1.99bn). Dealers expect the local banks to reduce their key rate by half a point to 8 per cent at the weekly meeting today. Trading in HSBC Holdings,

parent company of Hongkong Bank, was heavy, with more than HK\$300m worth of shares traded as the stock rose 75 moved ahead 40 cents to HK\$14.30 in heavy trading,

WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 12 1992

Pound Starting Index

denied by the company.

Non-life insurance companies weakened on selling by and Fire Insurance declined Y30 to Y1,140 and Mitsui A total of 37 stocks fell to

omination of the yen.
In Osaka, the OSB average receded 113.97 to 23,103.18 in

trend and Bangkok setting

**HONG KONG closed sharply** 

cents to HK\$39.75 on speculation of good 1991 earnings. New World Development

amid rumours of an impending issue of covered warrants.
AUSTRALIA had a volatile day, climbing initially on News Corp's strength but falling back as better than expected unemployment data reduced hopes of an interest rate cut.

News Corp surged A\$1.50 to A\$17.20 after its well-received per cent increase in firsthalf profits on Wednesday.

BANGKOK chalked up the

The All Ordinaries index ended 5.7 up at 1,622.9 after a day's

high of 1,634.7, in turnover of

highest daily turnover in its history, Bt14.83bn against Bt11bn on Wednesday, as the SET index rose 1.76 to 808.20. Three top property issues advanced, offsetting declines in major banks and other stocks. Bangkok Land and Bangkok Bank topped the active stocks list in turnover of Bt2.15bn each, Land gaining Bt5 to Bt198 and the bank closing Bt8

lower at Bt600 SEOUL weakened for the fourth day in a row, the composite stock index finishing 7.74 lower at 656.49 as turnover rose from Won341.5bn to Won349.5bn. Rumours of a lack of cash at Hyundai Group

ampened sentiment.
NEW ZEALAND was mixed as a lack of support for blue chip issues was partly offset by modest buying interest in small export-related shares. The NZSE-40 index eased 6.71

to 1,470.93 in turnover of NZ\$14.4m (NZ\$23.5m). Telecom, due to report its fiscal third quarter results next Tuesday, slipped 3 cents to NZ\$2.36, while Fletcher Challenge, with fiscal first-half earnings expected on the same day, softened 2 cents to NZ\$3.44.

TAIWAN rebounded in thin trading, snapping a streak of five losing sessions. The weighted index recovered 26.50 to 5,088.10 as turnover contracted to T\$29.7bn, the lowest level in a month.

**TUESDAY FEBRUARY 11 1992** 

Pound Starting Index

European volume reflects Wall St's climb German turnover doubled last month as investors buried their fears, says John Pitt

uropean equity markets were active last month after the holiday shutdown, carried along generally by a buoyant Wall Street. With the exception of Spain, volume trends were positive throughout the Continent.

Germany, still nervous about

mounting wage demands, threatened industrial disputes and high interest rates, buried its fears and looked ahead. Vol-ume doubled, and the DAX index gained 7 per cent as it began to look as if wage settlements might be restrained. By the middle of the month, says Mr James Cornish, a strat-

egist at County NatWest, rumours that German interest rates would soon be cut also elped to stimulate demand. "Germany was really the mar-ket that pulled the others along," he says. However, esca-lation of the dispute in the steel industry depressed the market at the end of the

On the surface Milan performed well but, according to

Mr Enrico Ponzone, a director at Kleinwort Benson, the rise in volumes was mainly attributable to one-off factors: the introduction of continuous trading, now taking place in ten stocks, and the recording of orders. Previously much of the volume was taking place off-market.

The beginning of the year saw lialy's long awaited dere-gulation as the Società di Inter-mediazione Mobiliare (SIM) a new type of stockbroker, fund manager and corporate finance institution introduced.

This followed a debilitating year for the Milan bourse, with investor sentiment buffeted by a string of stockbroker bankruptcies and dismal performances from Fiat, Olivetti and Pirelli. The last mentioned was unsuccessful in its takeover bid for German rival Continen-tal and this has left it with a huge loss, and a commensura equity funding requirement.

The market is on the upward trend, says Mr Ponzone, although it has come back a little in February. Turnover is likely to show an increase in the months ahead as more companies come on to the continuous trading system.

reduce interest rates, held up well, says Mr Cornish, and the market remains cheap. Volume was seen to decline during the month but rose again respectably at the end. Similarly, the Netherlands peaked at the end

was seen to be continuing.

France, which needs

Belgium's turnover remained strong, largely due to high vol-ume in the banking and retail-ing sectors. A stronger bond market also helped to make equities more attractive and last year's rally in cyclicals Spain's was the only turnover figure to slip back in January, in spite of a 5 per cent rise on the general index. The previous month's figures,

however, had been boosted by vear-end window dressing as points," an analyst said. fund managers came into the Mr Cornish has also calcu-

EUROPEAN EQUITIES TURNOVER Monthly total in local currencles (bn)						
Bourse	Oct 1981	Nov 1991	Dec 1991	Jan 1992	US Son	
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Observers said most of last month's dealing was done in a narrow range, with little trading in industrials. Investors appear to be waiting for a real stimulus to the economy, and definite news of a reduction in interest rates. For there to be an upturn in investor confie, there needs to be a cut dence, there needs to be a cut of between one and two

lated the January volumes compared with a three-month average between Septem-ber/November. This calculation excludes December because of that month's exceptional year-end factors. On this basis Germany's turnover rose 55 per cent, Belgium's 56 per cent and the Netherlands' 46 per cent. The laggards were Spain and the UK, with 26 per cent and 17

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# Frankfurt preoccupied with Bayer's prospects as several large blocs were put through the market.

INDIVIDUAL situations took the lead on a number of bourses yesterday, writes Our Markets Staff. FRANKFURT heard talk that

Bayer might cut its DM13 dividend for 1991 and the shares dropped DM6.10, or 2 per cent, to DM294.20. Hoechst and BASF followed with falls of DM3 to DM248, and DM1.60 to

DM245 respectively.

Mr Edgar Bennischeck, head
of equity dealing at Bank
Julius Bär in Frankfurt, said that Bayer had been dealer-led this week, moving from hopes of a scrip issue on Monday, through Tuesday's shift from overweight to underweight by Deutsche Bank Research.

Julius Bar likes Bayer for its nharmacenticals content sees a rise in earnings per share this year, and has it on an estimated DVFA p/e of just over 10, compared with over 12 for BASF and over 11 for Hoechst. The DAX index closed 2.47 higher at 1,681.29 after a 3.15 se to 687.24 for the FAZ at midsession. Volume rose from DM5.8bn to DM6bn, Thyssen figuring among active stocks as it rose DM410 to DM22640 on Thyssen Stahl's first prod-uct price rise since April 1990.

Elsewhere Metallgesells-chaft's DM6.30 drop to DM399 left it DM27.80 down this week. On Tuesday, it reported an earnings drop from DM23.50 to DM10.30 a share, a shock in spite of progressively bearish indications over the past 12 months.

MILAN had a patchy day as traders completed their position squaring ahead of the close of the account today. Residual selling linked to the previous day's options expiry also had a depressing effect. The Comit index fell 4.38 to 533.95 in turnover estimated at around 1.110bn, unchanged from Thursday's higher-thanexpected level.
Banks fell 1.25 per cent as

ahead of the large \$1.5bn San Paolo share offering, details of which emerged yesterday. The offering of 125m ordinary shares in San Paolo, 20 per cent of its capital, is to take

### **SOUTH AFRICA**

JOHANNESBURG closed off the day's high as an early upswing lost momentum. The all-gold index ended up 11 at 1,325, off an early high of 1,331. The industrial index eased 2 to 4,512 after touching 4,526 earlier. The all-share

FT-SE Eurotrack 100 - Feb 13								
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place between March 16 and March 20, lead managed by Mediobanca, with SG Warburg and Hambros joint leads in the UK. The shares are expected to

be attractively priced between L12,000 and L14,000. Dealers expected the sector to weaken further. Among the larger stocks, Banca Commer-ciale Italiana lost L55 to L3,973 and Credito Italiano fell L33 to L2,115. Credito Varesino closed 1.420 or 7.6 per cent down at 1.5,080 following the previous day's news that it would be incorporated by its parent Banca Popolare di Bergamo. The insurance sector was

also weak, with the exception of Alleanza, which rose L10 to L13,000 in good volume in anticipation of good results for

1991. Elsewhere, the retailer Rinascente eased L153 to L6,245 as the recent upward revision of its investment plans made investors nervous.

PARIS ended near the top of its recent trading range, the CAC-40 index closing 14.87 up at 1,876.47 in spite of the early fall on Wall Street. Turnover was reasonable at FFT2.28m. L'Air Liquide was in demand on rumours of big buyers rang-ing from a UK broker to a Scottish institution wanting 1 per cent of the company. However, some dealers attributed the

share's FFr25 or 3.6 per cent rise to FFr724 to the covering of a large short position. The day's biggest gainer was Worms et Cie which gained FFr20 or 5.6 per cent to FFr378 ported by a stronger dollar although early gains were lost when Wall Street opened lower. The CBS Tendency index closed up 0.2 at 122.10.

AMSTERDAM was sup-

Unilever's decision to move out of animal feeds took the shares up by Fl 1.70 to Fl 187.20. Food companies showed year highs, although Wessanen's Fl 1.50 rise to F188.20 was partly attributable to the strong dollar. Hage-meyer, the trading group, rose F12.80 or 2 per cent, to F1141.00 on expectations of good full-

year results due next Thurs-

day. DSM, the chemicals group, declined F1250 or 23 per cent to FI 103.60. MADRID had already discounted January's CPI figure of 15 per cent when trading opened and there was little follow-through later in the day. The general index closed down 0.76 at 258.75. Volume was generally more active with a large put-through of 5m shares in Telefonics coming in the last minutes of trading it closed up

Pta5 at Pta1,240. Tabacalera

with foreign investors: it climbed Pta90 to Pta6,080. Utilities enjoyed generally strong volume, while selling of bank shares late in the day

epressed the sector.
STOCKHOLM continued its slide in thin trade, led by Ericsson and Astra. Ericsson B slipped another SKr3 to SKr111 following Tuesday's results from the telecommunications group, which pointed to a gloomy outlook for 1992. Astra B fell SKr5 to SKr590, following talk in London that it might, after all, be a potential bidder

for Fisons.

The Affärsvärlden General index fell 5.1 to 948.5. Aga B closed unchanged at SKr308, and Gullspang B by SKr4 to SKr80 on Wednesday's news of a merger between Gullspang, an electricity producer, and the Aga's power generation subsidiary, Uddeholm.

ISTANBUL rallied after the

vernment raised the witholding tax on treasury bills by 5 percentage points to 15 percent. The 75-share index closed up 127.03, or 3 per cent, to

# European Securitisation

	<u></u>		
£200,000,000	2150,000,000	£10,500,000	255,000,000
Collateralised Mortgage Collateralised Mortgage Securities (No 8) PLC Securities (No 11) PLC		Collateralised Mortgage Securities (No 11) PLC	Collateralised Mortgage Securities (No 12) PLC
Mortgage Becked Class A Mortgage Backed Plosting Rate Notes Due 2028 Floating Rate Notes Due 2028		Class B Mortgage Sacked Floating Rate Notes Due 2028	Class A Mortgage Backed Floating Rata Notes Due 2028
Lead Manager	Lead Manager	Lead Manager	Lead Manager
March 1991	June 1991	June 1991	August 1991
\$8,250,000	12,750,000,000 ptas	£75,000,000	\$13,000,000
Collateralised Mortgage Securities (No 12) PLC	Sociedad Española de Titulización I, S.A.	Secured Loan Finance No1 PLC	Secured Loan Finance No 1 PLC
Class B Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes Due 2028	Obligaciones Simples Garantizadas Con Prende Sobra Participaciones Hipotecarles Due March 15, 2005	Class A Morigage Backed Floating Reta Notes Due 2016	Mezzanine Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes Due 2018
Lead Manager	Financial Adviser to Banco Sentander	Load Manager	Lead Manager
August 1991	October 1991	November 1991	November 1991
\$230,000,000	220,000,000	£207,500,000	£18,500,000
Drive Securities Public Limited Company	Drive Securities Public Limited Company	Mortgage Funding Corporation No 5 PLC	Mortgage Funding Corporation No 5 PLC
Cleas A Plosting Rate Notes Due 1996	Neizzerine Floating Reta Notes Due 1996	Clees A Multi-Cless Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes Due November, 2035	Mezzenine Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes Due November, 2035
Lend Manager	Load Manager	Leed Manager	Lead Manager
November 1991	November 1991	Decomber 1991	[

# Market Leadership

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n d*	New Yo Montreal	ork Paris	Tokyo Singapore	Frankfurt Sydney	Hon Toronto	g Kong Zurich
O.	aba (-1			• •		

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Madrid Goldman Sachs International Limited, a member of SFA,

| 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | \*\* Index Ind +0.1 +1.0 +0.3 +0.1 -0.1 -1.1 -0.2 -0.1 +0.8 +0.8 +0.8 +0.8 +0.8 +0.8 -0.1 +0.5 -0.5 +0.8 Austria (20)... Belgium (46). Canada (115) Dennark (36) Finland (15)... France (108) vew Zealand (14). 99.90 180.74 149.38 3.93 148.15 121.98 2.17 183.44 150.97 1.19 127.91 105.27 2.38 186.72 137.21 3.18 127.41 104.85 3.62 155.35 127.85 2.40 138.37 113.88 2.30 144.28 118.74 2.58 146.98 120.96 3.27 160.83 132.36 169,76 138.69 135.33 139.56 168.76 171.66 125.95 149.36 148.15 121.93 118.80 122.51 122.89 151.52 125.50 146.93 183.44 150.97 147.09 151.69 149.83 200.81 155.55 185.55 185.57 105.77 103.84 145.92 117.86 142.10 136.30 112.17 109.28 112.70 112.17 147.66 121.29 144.44 186.72 137.21 133.70 137.88 185.24 169.69 125.91 148.70 127.41 104.85 102.18 105.38 107.13 129.80 103.56 126.27 155.35 127.85 124.59 128.47 139.10 155.66 111.40 130.09 138.37 113.88 110.96 114.42 114.37 148.16 122.32 145.03 144.28 118.74 115.70 119.32 129.23 150.58 120.06 141.93 146.38 120.96 147.87 121.55 130.72 153.05 122.92 145.08 160.33 135.35 128.97 133.01 148.74 161.90 128.69 146.02 -0.4 -0.3 -0.9 -0.7 +0.9 -0.3 +0.3 -0.6 +0.0 The World Index (2243)... 146.96 -0.4 121.82 118.49 122.79 131.18 +0.0 2.58 147.58 121.46 118.34 122.04 131.21 153.70 123.28 145.38 Copyright, The Financial Times Limited, Goldman, Sachs & Co. and County NatWest Securities Limited. 1997 Latest prices were unavailable for this edition.

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